## Political Announcements

**BEN D. LUCE**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION FOR
**STATE SENATOR**
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**W. B. (BILL) EVANS**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR
**SHERIFF AND ASSESSOR**
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**DR. C. J. RICHARDS**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR
**COUNTY COMMISSIONER**
(LONG TERM)
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**Wm. RYDER RAY**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR
**County Clerk and Treasurer**
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**W. J. (BILL) RYAN**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR
**JUSTICE OF THE PEACE**
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**ARTHUR S. PUTNEY**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR
**SHERIFF AND ASSESSOR**
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**CHARLES S. EVANS**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION
**FOR CONGRESS**
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**GEORGE. W. ALLEN**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR
**Justice of the Peace**
(of Tonopah Township)
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**FRANK BELL**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION FOR
**COUNTY COMMISSIONER**
(SHORT TERM)
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**SAMUEL S. ARENTZ**
Announces His Candidacy For the Republican Nomination
**FOR CONGRESS**
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election September 7, 1920.


# MUNICIPAL CARS FOR PARIS SOON

(Correspondence Associated Press)

PARIS, JULY 3.—Paris' slow and inadequate surface transportation is expected to be vastly improved beginning next year when the Department of the Seine, which is Paris and its suburbs, is to take over all systems.

Payment is to be made in 30 annual installments now fixed at nearly 40,000,000 francs each, but which the authorities hope may be driven a little lower by some more bargaining.

There are 117 street car and 44 auto bus lines operating 2540 cars and buses. The companies are capitalized at 420,500,000 francs.

The city and the department formerly operated the surface transportation systems but the franchises were given to corporations that have evolved a puzzling network of lines but few of which give transfers. The two subway companies are not involved in the deal.

**Preceded the Umbrella.**

Before the umbrella came there was what was known as the quitasol—a parasol of oiled muslin, whose material was imported from India via England. The quitasol was a feminine monopoly. The man wore a "roquelaure," or cape of oiled linen. The first umbrella was fashioned of this material and had ribs of rattan.

# NORTH POINT IS EXPLORERS' AIM

(Correspondence of Associated Press)

COPENHAGEN, July 2.—An attempt to reach North Point and thus complete the Danish exploration of North Greenland will be made by Lange Koch, the young Danish scientist and polar explorer, this summer. The aim of his expedition, which is expected to last about two years, aside from scientific purposes, is to secure Danish sovereignty of all Greenland.

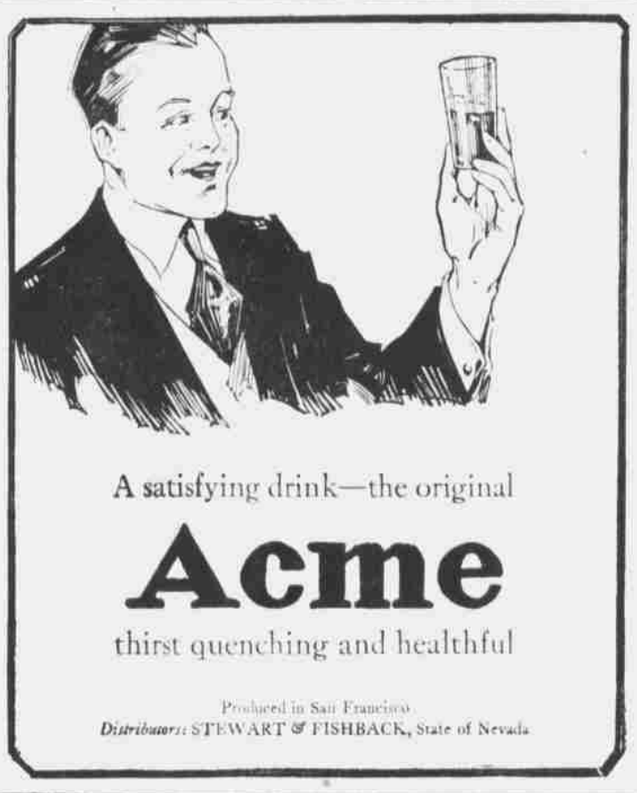
Koch, who in the capacity of geologist participated in Knud Rasmussen's last expedition, hopes to reach Inglefield Gulf by motorship and in August or September will endeavor to establish a depot 250 miles northeast of there. A mechanic will be the only white man to accompany him, the other members of the expedition being Eskimos.

Henry Ford has placed an ice-crawling tractor at Koch's disposal.

**CHINESE POLICY**

(Correspondence Associated Press)

BUTTE, Mont., July 19.—Butte Chinese have organized a police force to stamp out the drug traffic among their countrymen here. Federal officers say the Chinese police force here is the first of its kind ever organized in the United States.

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**Acme**
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Produced in San Francisco
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**W. A. ROGERS**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR
**CONSTABLE**
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**L. E. "LARRY" GLASS**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION FOR
**County Clerk and Treasurer**
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**FRANK T. DUNN**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION FOR
**District Attorney**
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**JOHN "JACK" BARRIER**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION FOR
**Sheriff and Assessor**
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.

**PETER J. SOMERS**
ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR
**Justice of the Peace**
(TONOPAH TOWNSHIP)
Subject to the will of the voters at the Primary Election, September 7, 1920.


# BOURGEOIS GETS JOB WITH REDS

## Head of Soviet Trade Commission Classed as "Moderate" by Bolsheviki

(Correspondence of Associated Press)

LONDON, July 2.—Leonid Borisovitch Krassin, who came into the public's attention when he came to London this summer as head of a commission to negotiate the reopening of trade relations between Soviet Russia and the outside world, has been one of the few "moderates" to be given a place of responsibility in the Soviet governmental machinery and has been characterized as a "bourgeois Bolshevist."

For engaging in a students' demonstration, Krassin was expelled from the Petrograd Technical Institute. Subsequently he engaged in a number of plots against the Czarist regime, but continued to advance in his profession, that of an electrical engineer.

**OFFERED MINISTRY JOB.**

Following the Bolshevist coup of October, 1917, Krassin was offered a seat in the ministry which he declined as he thought Lenine's adventure too risky and his theories too sweeping. But his relations with Lenine were cordial and he accompanied Lenine and Trotzky when they went to Brest-Litovsk to negotiate the treaty with Germany.

When it became apparent that the Bolshevist government would last, Krassin threw in his lot with it and became commissary of food in the Red army.

**UNSYMPATHETIC**

A "bourgeois Bolshevist," Krassin is said to have little or no belief in the theories and aims of the Soviet government. For the time at least, however, he was convinced that nothing was to be gained by resistance to the control of the workers. He came to an understanding with the workmen in his own factory, giving shape to the Soviet experiment.

During his tenure of four ministerial offices, he has worked imperceptibly for the restoration of the plain bourgeois methods of commerce. To him the nationalization of commerce was one of the most stupid of Lenine's blunders. As for the world revolution, he is an entire skeptic and is all for a bourgeois peace. He would lead Russian Sovietism into the normal ways of democracy. "Who believes in Socialism in Russia?" he is reported to have asked. "Not I, nor Lenine."

**Held Whiskers Sacred.**

If the beard has any standing in the world today, it is undoubtedly because of the Jews, who held their whiskers to be sacred, and swore by them. Later, the Turks did the same. The sultan's followers used to comb their whiskers after prayers, catch the hairs that came out, break them in two and bury them, on the theory that in some mysterious way the hairs helped to make soft walking to the gates of paradise. This the Turks firmly believed.

**BASEBALL GAME**

Sunday afternoon, 3 P. M., Tonopah Elks vs. Smoky Valley Indians. Admission 50c.

TONOPAH BALL PARK

J 21 13t

**NOTICE**

**OF SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER EXECUTION—REAL ESTATE AND IMPROVEMENTS.**

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF NYE.

N. F. HOWE, Plaintiff,
vs.
R. E. TURNER, Defendant.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Nye, wherein N. F. Howe, is plaintiff and R. E. Turner is defendant, upon a judgment rendered the fourth (4th) day of June A. D. 1920, for the sum of Seven hundred Twenty-seven and 50-100 $727.50 dollars, lawful money of the United States, damage, with interest thereon at the rate of seven (7) per cent (%) per annum till paid besides costs, I have this day levied upon all the right, title, claim and interest of said defendant, R. E. Turner, of, in and to the following described real estate and improvements, to-wit: Frame house appx. 18 feet by 20 feet at Shoshone, Round Mountain township; lots 5, 6, 15, and 16, Block 10, Round Mountain Township, together with that certain four-room frame dwelling, corral and slaughter house situate thereon; Lot No. 10, Block 26, Town of Round Mountain and improvements thereon; Lots on Lakewood street 1, 2, 3, 4, 17, 18 and 20, Block No. 10, Town of Round Mountain; Lot on Main Street, 1 in Block 37 together with what is known as the Baibly building situate thereon; Lot on Market Street, 18 in Block 3 Town of Round Mountain; lot on Main Street, 5 in Block 4 together with that certain two-room frame dwelling thereon, Town of Round Mountain; That certain five-room frame dwelling situate on lower Main Street and known as the "Emmedon" house, together with an undivided one-half (½) interest in and to the Rocky quartz lode mining claim, said lode being known also as the "Old Silver Point Mine" and is situated at a point approximately three miles south of Round Mountain.

Public notice is herewith given that I will on Saturday the 31st day of July A. D. 1920 at ten (10:00) o'clock a. m. of said day, in front of the Court House door at Tonopah in said County of Nye, sell at public auction for lawful money of the United States all the right, title claim and interest of the said defendant, R. E. Turner, of, in and to the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgment, with interest, costs and the costs that may accrue, to the highest and best bidder.

Dated July 9th, A. D. 1920.

JOHN BARRIER,
Sheriff of Nye County, Nevada.

July 16, 16-23-30.

# EXPLORER MAY CIRCLE WORLD

(By Associated Press)

SEATTLE, Wash., July 23.—First circumnavigation of the globe through the narrow waters between the Arctic ice pack and the northern edges of Europe and America can be claimed, it has been pointed out, by Roald Amundsen, Norwegian explorer, when he arrives at Nome, Alaska, this summer.

Amundsen cannot claim a continuous journey around this northern rim, however, for the first leg was completed in 1906 when he discovered the long-sought northwest passage around America from the Atlantic to the Pacific. On this journey he sailed westward from Norway and ended his trip at Nome.

The second leg of the journey is being completed this summer. In 1918 he again left Norway, but sailed east, around Europe and Asia. He is expected to arrive at Nome soon on this trip.

Amundsen is going to Nome to outfit for a dash to the North Pole, according to Captain George Tonnesson, one of the explorer's lieutenants, who arrived here recently after leaving Amundsen in the northern seas off the Siberian coast.

Amundsen is the discoverer of the South Pole. He hopes to reach the North Pole to refute or confirm the claims of the late Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary to the discovery of the northern tip of the world.

# FREE PRISONERS ASKS EXPLORER

(Correspondence of Associated Press)

LONDON, July 2.—Dr. Fridjof Nansen, explorer, who has just been here on a mission for the repatriation of the prisoners of war now in Russia, estimated that there are still some 200,000 prisoners of all nationalities in that country and Siberia. Although the lot of the prisoners in Siberia and Turkestan was terrible, he said, the Russians were not treating them badly.

"Considering the very bad conditions existing in Siberia and other parts," said Dr. Nansen, "the men are, practically speaking, very little worse off than the majority of the population."

Dr. Nansen said that the great difficulty in getting the prisoners home was transportation.

He hoped, through the League of Nations, to raise a loan among the nations, neutrals as well as belligerents, for the purpose of defraying the cost of bringing the men home.

"America has been helping splendidly in this humanitarian work," he said. "Only a short time ago I received a present of $5,000,000 for charitable work among the prisoners, and besides this the American Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. is providing workers and comforts for the men."

# BRITON DESIRES SCHOOL REFORM

(Correspondence Associated Press)

LONDON, July 3.—Caning of girl pupils in elementary schools by their male teachers, a practice which has been general in England for many years, recently has become the subject of much criticism and the Daily Mail has started an agitation for its abandonment. Many letters have been written the newspapers, the majority of the writers advocating infliction of corporal punishment when necessary by women teachers. They protest that a sensitive girl may never fully recover from the shame of being caned by a man.

The lord mayor of Bristol, who had 30 years' experience as headmaster of a school, said he knew the practice of men administering corporal punishment to girls was common, but he was opposed to it.

**APPLICATION NO. 6963**

**to Appropriate the Public Waters of the State of Nevada**

**Notice of Application for Permission**

Notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of April, 1920, in accordance with Section 58, Chapter 58 of the Statutes of 1913, one K. C. Palmer of Beatty, County of Nye and State of Nevada, made application to the State Engineer of Nevada for permission to appropriate the public waters of the State of Nevada, such appropriation to be by pipe from Springs Spring, at a point which bears N. 18 degrees 36 minutes E. 48.6 feet from spring to high cliff of rock, and S. 49 degrees 10 minutes E. 146.97 feet from spring to high cliff of rock, observed point, approximately T. 15 S., R. 47 E., M. D. B. & M., and Lat. North 37 degrees and Longitude 117 degrees. Nye County, Nevada, by means of pipes, and one twenty-fifth cubic foot per second is to be conveyed to a point 200 feet N. W. from spring, by means of pipes, tanks, and troughs, and there used for stock watering purposes, water not to be returned to stream.

Signed: J. H. SCRUGHAM,
State Engineer.

Date of first publication July 23, 1920.
Date of last publication Aug. 20, 1920.

# TURKEY FACING UTMOST CRISIS

## Leader of Young Turkish Political Organization In a Downheartened Mood

(Correspondence Associated Press)

MOSCOW, June 16.—Turkey has turned to Soviet Russia "as the sole nation which accepts in fact the principles asserted in theory at the close of the great war," said Djemal Pasha, member of the Young Turkish party, to the correspondent of The Associated Press. (Djemal, formerly Turkish minister of marine, is on the allies' extradition list.)

"We are facing a crisis which involves our national existence. It is a question of might against right, in which we have been forced to a momentous decision by the entente powers, as we were in 1914," Djemal said.

"After the conclusion of the armistice the Young Turkish party was discredited through British intrigues and forced to turn over the government to Izzet Pasha. Plans were begun for the dismemberment of Turkey.

"Our hopes of saving Turkey, with the exception of the loss of Arabia, vanished as plans of the British and French imperialists became clear and the Versailles treaty utterly repudiated the principles asserted in President Wilson's fourteen points. Anatolian Turks saw the inevitable outcome, and the consequence of the revolt led by Mustapha Kemal, ending in the establishment of the provisional government of Angora, supported by the Young Turkish party.

"The decisions of the San Remo conference and recent declarations of President Wilson that the question of the Dardanelles should be settled only when Russia is able to participate in the deliberations plainly show that the entente anticipates the eventual restoration of the Czarist party, and support the dismemberment policy.

"Realizing this last we have turned to Soviet Russia as the sole nation which accepts in fact the principles asserted in theory at the close of the great war.

"We are ruined by the war, our country is economically backward. Russia offers us reciprocal trade engagements affording possibilities of economic development without the danger of commercial exploitation such as we would inevitably suffer at the hands of the western capitalists."

# IRON SHUTTERS CAUSE TROUBLE

(Correspondence Associated Press)

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 28.—Iron shutters have probably caused more riots, massacres and pogroms in the Levant than political agitators. All shops in the Near East are provided with rolling iron shutters which work in iron grooves. When they are hanged down they make as much noisee as a machine gun. Every time there is rumor of any sort of trouble some timid merchant slams down his shutters to protect his plate glass. Without investigating the cause, other merchants follow instantly with such a clatter that the public become panicky and rushes about trying to discover the cause of the flurry.

At such moments, excited crowds will credit any rumor which is put into circulation. Pickpockets avail themselves of such opportunities. Soapbox orators, street fakirs and magicians gather crowds by this device. In any Turkish city the circulation of a rumor that a movement is to be started against Christians will cause all the Armenian and Greek shops to close within a few minutes, and frequently the noisy closing of the shops fans the religious hatred of the Moslems into action.

**Jiu-Jitsu Not Japanese.**

Jiu-jitsu is supposed to come from Japan, but an art of self-defense virtually identical with it was taught in Europe during the seventeenth century. Its principles are expounded in a book by one Nicholas Peters, published at Amsterdam in 1674, which bears the long explanatory title: "The Art of Wrestling, and how one can protect oneself in all kinds of quarrels that may occur; how one can with agility and rapidity repel all unfair attacks, and meet one's adversary with science."

**Avoid the Cynic.**

If you want to retain a wholesome view of life, if you want to hold your faith in mankind, if you want to have enduring peace of mind, keep away from cynics. Should any such be among your acquaintances, give them a wide berth. They may be bright, clever, entertaining people. Cynics often are. But they are poisonous people.—Chicago News.