

# TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

Published every evening Sunday excepted by the Tonopah Bonanza Printing Co. Incorporated

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Terms of Subscription for the Daily Bonanza: One Year \$12.00, Six Months \$7.00, Three Months \$4.00, Single Copies 10c

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Entered at the postoffice in Tonopah as second class matter Official Paper for the County of Nye and the Town of Tonopah

## GETTING READY FOR BUSINESS

There are times when most persons are engaged in the business of watching for trends to see which way the industrial-business winds are blowing. Assurances from many sources that business will be better soon may have their psychological effect, but the average person seeks evidence to back up this assurance.

Concrete backing for the optimism expressed in so many quarters seems to be provided by a record which is kept by the New York Tribune, which takes note of the buyers who visit the metropolis from all sections of the United States. These records are kept each month and comparisons are readily made with other records.

The records show that visiting buyers in January 1920, totaled 7271, which was 100 more than the total for both October and November last, when the business depression began to be felt in a large degree. One year ago the demand for goods was greater than the supply.

The records for January, 1921, which have been announced by the Tribune, show that 6710 buyers were registered in New York city, or within about 500 of the number who visited the market one year before, when the merchants were clamoring for goods to supply the demands. These buyers are in the market for business, not because they need the trip at the expense of the firms for which they work.

It is true that buyers must look some months or weeks ahead in order to be prepared for the seasonal trade, but the fact that they have confidence enough to enter into contracts should encourage the belief that "business as usual" will soon be the watchword, and that trade will again be on the upward way to industrial and commercial prosperity.

## A HARD LESSON TO LEARN

While several million men were serving in the military forces during the world war, hundreds of thousands of men and a large number of women were mobilized for work in the munitions plants and in other industries that contributed to the success of the war. One of the problems of reconstruction is found in the volunteer industrial workers.

Through the operations of the draft and the demand for labor in the industries of the nations, the farms were practically denuded of young men, notwithstanding that large numbers of them were able to obtain deferred classification on account of the importance of agriculture in the conduct of the war.

The fact that so many young men and many more youths were able during the war to earn more money than they had ever dreamed of realizing from their labor, created in them a disinclination to return to farm life. Large numbers of them will not be needed when peacetime industrial operations are resumed in full and farm life will have few attractions for many of them.

While many persons who left the farms for the cities will find it desirable to return to their former work, it is not likely that they will feel the satisfaction that should mark the work of men or women in any form of activity. There will be no easy money on the farms, and the life of city life will be lacking.

The world war, although fought 3000 miles away has transformed the lives of hundreds of thousands of Americans who probably were reasonably well satisfied with their work in the rural districts. Even under the stress of industrial depression, it is doubtful if they will return to the farms in large numbers. Agriculture has suffered a distinct loss, and the towns have gained many persons who may be seriously hampered in the development of normal lives.

## COUNTRY NEEDS DOCTORS

Attention is called to an increasingly important factor in rural life, the difficulty of obtaining medical service when needed, by a news item which announces that three villages close together in a prosperous farming section of Ohio are without a doctor, and inducements are offered to a physician who will locate so as to serve the three communities.

The life of the country doctor is hard. He must travel all kinds of roads in any sort of weather at any time he is called. It is probable that his remuneration is less than that of physicians more favorably situated. This makes young men just entering the practice of the profession seek locations which entail less strain on the physical powers and promise greater income. Yet people in remote localities fall ill or meet with accidents, and the people in more congested neighborhoods. A life often depends on the promptness of the physician in reaching the patient.

In New England the situation is so bad that it is proposed in some instances to appropriate public money to induce doctors to locate. If young doctors have ambition to exhibit the best in their profession they will go with true missionary spirit where their services are most needed. It may be too much to expect that many will submerge everything in service, but that phase should not be overlooked. The physician inclined with the best spirit of his profession considers the remuneration he receives but a small part of his reward. The satisfaction felt in having relieved suffering humanity is the best part of his compensation.

## OBSERVATIONS

There is no satisfaction in paying income taxes after the income has been spent.

A selfish man is one who gets all he can from his ancestors, but cares little for posterity.

Most persons discover that having their own way is hardly ever worth the trouble required to get it.

Many individuals can sympathize with the allies for owing so much money that it is uncomfortable.

If Germany should start another war, Bergdorf would probably hike for the Alps or some other safe retreat.

The person who is willing to take things at their face value these days is gambling with luck all right.

The trouble with some marriages is that when sentiment quits the job there is no common sense to take its place.

There is something wrong with a financial system that makes it necessary to issue bonds to pay current expenses.

Russia seems to be learning that national prosperity depends on something more than subscribing to a crazy political creed.

A lot of folks probably do not know whether Yap is an island or a new kind of tooth paste.

Few persons appear to have realized that deflation means hitting so many rocks on a flat tire.

## VETERAN ACTOR GOES TO NORTH

ANCHORAGE, Alaska, March 3.—Frank Kelly, veteran actor, who, in the gold stampede days of '38, was known in the Dawson and Koyukuk camps as "Bagtime" Kelly, has returned to the northland.

Friends of the comedian say that years ago he named the town of Coldfoot, located far above the Arctic circle. There had been a rush of prospectors to the camp, then the "farthest north" mining district, and a name for the place was wanted. Kelly, one of the prospectors, suggested "cold foot" because many who went to the spot got "cold feet" as he expressed it, and turned back.

Later Kelly prospected in the Koyukuk district, he recalled, and staked a claim on what he thought was Emma creek, where it was thought gold could be found. Soon Kelly found that his claim was not on Emma creek, but in a gulch far from the stream. To this day the gulch is known as "Kelly's Mistake."

## ENORMOUS SHIP WILL BE LAUNCHED

ROTTERDAM, March 4.—The masted ship Java, 13,000 tons deadweight measurement, has been launched at Naksoet. She was built for the East Asia company and is one of the largest ships to be fitted with internal combustion engines.

# 129 REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATORS WILL BE RETIRED

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4.—One hundred and twenty-nine members of the house and senate retired today to private life. Most of them went out in the backwash from the tidal wave which swept the Republican party into full control of all the functions of the government, but some few, Republicans as well as Democrats, elected not to run again for their seats.

One or two of the Republicans may become officials in the Harding administration, but the great majority will know public life no more for two years, at least, and many for a longer period, if ever.

Among the outgoing representatives and senators were some of the most picturesque characters in congress. The actual number of those members retiring was 113, but three of these—McKinley, of Illinois, Harold, of Oklahoma, Republicans, and Caraway, of Arkansas, Democrat—go to the other end of the capital as senators. McKinley's house record was 14 years.

The Republican landslide of November 2 gave the Republicans a much larger working majority in the house—too big, in the opinion of some leaders. The new extra session expected to be called soon will have 201 Republicans, 132 Democrats and

one Socialist. The lone Prohibitionist in the closing congress under which the country went dry was beaten. There is one man shy—from Pennsylvania—at-large. The Republican victory caused by the death of the member-elect will not be filled until fall.

The new senate, which convened today in special session to act on nominations by President Harding, contains 59 Republicans and 37 Democrats, giving the Republicans a majority of 22, as against only two majority during most of the last congress, when the line-up generally was 49 Republicans and 47 Democrats. The seating of two Republicans in January in place of Democrats gave the former a slightly larger working margin during the last few weeks.

For the second time in history the house will have a woman member, Miss Alice M. Robertson, of the Second Oklahoma district, who succeeds William W. Hastings. For the first time in the history of the house the territory east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio rivers will dominate legislation, Republicans from that area being in full control and strong enough to overcome all combinations of Republicans and Democrats from the south and west.

# PROBLEMS THAT FACE THE NEW ADMINISTRATION

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4.—Here are some of the more important of the problems, international and domestic, facing the Harding administration:

International. Peace with Germany. Final disposition of the treaties of Versailles and St. Germaine. Decision as to the entry of the United States into an Association of Nations.

International disarmament. The Japanese-California question. The Russian question, including trade with soviet Russia. Recognition of Mexico.

Negotiation of new treaties, diplomatic and commercial, with Germany and Austria and with the new nations, Poland, Hungary and Czechoslovakia.

Japanese occupation of Siberia. Treaty with Colombia. Disposition of the former German cables now held by the allies.

Recognition of the new Greek government and settlement of the status of the Greek loan. Loans to allied countries, including funding of the British and other debts to the United States.

The Anglo-French world oil agreement of San Remo. Cuban relations. Military occupation of Haiti and Dominican republic.

Irish question. Philippines independence. Self-government for Porto Rico. Settlement of claims against Germany grown out of the war. Settlement of claims against Mexico resulting from revolutions there.

Re-establishment of full diplomatic relations with Turkey. Disposition of the Anglo-French-American treaty for defense of France.

Domestic. Tax and tariff revision. Soldier bonus. Civil service reform. Strengthening of prohibition laws. Ant-trust law revision. Disposition of enemy property seized during the war.

General reconstruction legislation, housing, farmer credits, railroad law revision and coal and packer control.

Tonopah Electric & Tire Co. A. T. Lundlee

Main Street Tonopah, Nevada

# CADETS FIND LIFE IN IRELAND TOO STRENUOUS

(By Associated Press) DUBLIN, Ireland, March 3.—Many of the auxiliary cadets of the Royal Irish constabulary are finding life in Ireland altogether too strenuous and exciting, filled as their existence is with possibilities of ambush and sudden death.

"It is the hardest life I ever struck," the cadet wrote. "We would not be overpaid at five pounds a day." The writer went on to say that he had made his will and then told his mother of the compensation paid members of the auxiliary forces for death or injury. "A mere flesh wound is paid 250 pounds," he said, "and so on up to 7000 pounds to a man's widow."



Advertisement for Belmont Cafe, featuring the text 'on my way to the BELMONT CAFE for GOOD EATS' and 'Watch for Our Sunday Menu'.

# Bonanza Business Directory

BUSINESS PROFESSIONS TRADES

Advertisement for Charles A. De Flon, Attorney-at-Law, Tonopah, Nevada, Room 203 State Bank Bldg.

Advertisement for Wm. Forman & Wm. McKnight, Forman & McKnight Lawyers, 318-319 State Bank Building, Tonopah, Nevada.

Advertisement for Cook, French, Stoddard and Hatton, Lawyers, 405 State Bank and Trust Bldg., Tonopah, Nevada.

Advertisement for J. G. Thompson, I. G. Thompson, Attorneys at Law, 202-3 State Bank Building, Tonopah, Nevada.

Advertisement for W. R. Gibson, Lawyer, Room 414 State Bank Building, Tonopah, Nevada.

Advertisement for Hugh Henry Brown, Attorney at Law, Office 312-316 State Bank and Trust Co. Building, Tonopah, Nevada.

Advertisement for R. Fred Brown, Stock Broker, Member San Francisco Stock Exchange, 332-Tonopah, Nevada.

Advertisement for Smith & Amann, Brokers, Next Door Western Union Office, Members S. F. Stock Exchange, Tonopah, Nevada.

Advertisement for Harry C. Stimler & Co., Brokers, Represented on the Following Exchanges: New York Stock Exchange, New York Curb, Chicago Stock Exchange, San Francisco Stock Exchange.

Advertisement for Wittenberg Warehouse and Transfer Company, Distributors for Union Oil Company's Gasoline, Distillate and Lubricating Oils.

Advertisement for Wah Hing Co., Chinese Herbs a Specialty, Central Street, North of Greystone.

Advertisement for Hotel Antlers, 245 Powell St., near Geary, San Francisco, Popular prices and service are the demands of the day.

Advertisement for Through Merchandise Service, Cars arrive Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays, Four days from San Francisco, Three days from Sacramento, Two days from Reno.

Advertisement for Tonopah & Goldfield Railroad Company, Cars arrive Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays.

Advertisement for Tonopah Auto Supply Co., Largest and best equipped auto garage in Southern Nevada, Open day and night, Cars stored by day, week or month, Ford Distributors, Authorized Ford Service.

Advertisement for Nevada First National Bank of Tonopah, Capital \$100,000.

Advertisement for Miners' Club and Barber Shop, Cigars and soft drinks, Meet your friends here, Main Street, Tonopah, Nevada.

Advertisement for Tonopah Club, Headquarters for All Sporting Events, If he is in town you will find him here, Tonopah Club, Newton Grumley and H. M. Clifford, Proprietors.