TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

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APPEAL EDITOR SHOULD MIND OWN BUSINESS

The signing of the Carson Appeal, a democratic journal, started over the formation of the Tonopah Welfare League. Heretofore always alarmed at something that does not concern it, and if the world offered fewer own business the people of southern Nevada would be appreciative of his silence. This time the editor of the little Appeal was apparently had best guide their office last week spent time to opposition of labor generally, posted up to the name should be labor's friends.

On all the moves that are in progress up with no a time period this circle of the state which it pages the most. He knows as little of conditions here as Ty Cobb knows about southern Nevada or a cow knows of the changes in Saint Africa and he is simply talking nonsense by the ton. He has asserted the Bonanza will show that the Tonopah Welfare League is a put organized for the purpose of hamstringing and against the honest American upon such a laborers as will. It was organized for both after the upbuilding of southern Nevada in general and Tonopah in particular, and no unbiased man has been invited the year the association provided the eight per cent American. The Tonopah Welfare league was organized with the idea of ridding this community of bolshevik radicals and communists. If any there be. But it has left friends of the same time for the betterment of the town, the County and the southern part of the state and the whole state of Nevada.

Such a man as the editor of Carson, through his writings, only has a tendency to create strife and discord, and foment trouble. He would have the honest American believe that the Tonopah Welfare league was opposed to labor. On the other hand, this league was organized to bring about a better understanding between capital and labor, and already its activities have been fraught with good.

Again we say, let the erudite editor of the Appeal mind his own damn business. He has enough to do at home, blue penciling the erratic scribs of the mayor of Carson, if he will only do it, to keep him busy, and not be reaching out on the desert two hundred miles away in an endeavor to create ill-feeling among the happiest and most contented set of people to be found in the Sagebrush state. But then, gentle reader, the Carson Appeal is a democratic organ, supporting George Cole, state controller, and Governor Boyle's appointee.

NO REPUBLICAN FEARS TODAY'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Loyal republicanism will promptly repudiate any such alleged expediency as is suggested in the statement of Arthur Sears Henning, Washington correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, that "a prominent republican here stated his regret that Cox was not elected president, in order that the democratic party might have been compelled to work out the trying problems its own incompetency had saddled upon the country."

If a member of the republican party made any such remark to Mr. Henning, that man was a poor republican, and wholly out of harmony with the sentiment of his party.

Republicanism wanted to win in 1920 because of thorough knowledge of the dire need the country had for republican direction. There was no misunderstanding of the responsibilities involved in taking over administration from a party which had failed wretchedly in its every important undertaking, and which had balked at many obligations it was in honor bound to assume. The platform of the 1920 Chicago convention can be most searchingly perused without the discovery of a single utterance, or the suggestion of an opinion, that easy work lay ahead of republicanism in the necessitated pulling of the republic out of the slough of democratic mismanagement. On the contrary, that convention solemnly warned the nation of the dire straits into which government had been brought by Wilsonism, and of the certainty that recovery would be slow and as result of fast effort, even under the wisest direction.

And on that view of the situation two years ago, and the interpretation given it in the party platform, republicanism stands today.

There is no regret now that the party did not escape the responsibility of unscrambling the results of democratic inefficiency. There is no wish on the part of any real republican that the country had remained in the hands of the party which caused paralysis of business, destruction of official morale, and disorder and disturbance in industry and commerce. There is nowhere a thoughtful American citizen who does not know that the election of Cox would have increased a worse now upon us—would have multiplied them in every phase of their evil conditions, and nowhere is there an honest citizen who does not desire the nation's good above safety of party or comfort of that party's leaders.

The United States would be trembling on the verge of ruin were not Cox now. It would be its strength at home, its prestige abroad. It possesses both, also in unlimited degree, owing to the confidence of all the world in republican statesmanship as made of successful solution of every great problem with which republican democracy saddled it. The force today for hasty settlement and therefore improper settlement of this which began till then the nation immediately upon the accession of Woodrow Wilson to the presidency comes from those who, when those troubles were being fastened upon the people, declared the inefficient statesmanship that it was responsible for the course.

The kaiser and Lloyd George are to fight it out with the pen. Why don't they try it with the word?

The reason why France is bent on holding the Germans down is because she herself was badly sent by the latter.

Strikes costing at the rate of $15,000,000 a day! Can they be worth it?—New York Herald.

The silk stocking peddler is solidly opposed to the return of long skirts.

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ANNOUNCEMENT

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA:

Owing to circumstances over which I had no control, and because my duty to my clients will not permit, I find it impossible to canvass the entire state of Nevada in the interest of my candidacy for the nomination on the Republican ticket for Attorney General. I am therefore taking this means of bringing my candidacy to the attention of the people of the state of Nevada.

As many of the people of the state of Nevada know, I was born in this state and have lived here my entire life, save and except the few years spent by me in California obtaining my collegiate and law education.

I have lived in Churchill, Nye, Esmeralda, Washoe, Humboldt and White counties and I am known in all of those counties, having served several offices.

I have held the position of district attorney in Esmeralda county and in Washoe county and assistant district attorney in Elko county.

In 1914 I was elected judge of the Second Judicial District court of the state of Nevada, which at that time comprised Washoe and Churchill counties.

I was re-elected to that position in 1918 and voluntarily retired at the end of my term in January, 1921.

In 1916, at the urgent request of my friends and the friends of the University of Nevada, I permitted my name to go upon the ballot as a candidate for regent of the university.

At the election of 1916 I was elected a regent of the university and have served the people of the state of Nevada in that capacity without compensation for the last six years, and during the last two years have been chairman of the board of regents.

My practice of the law has been as wide almost as the confines of the state, and has dealt as varied as the business interests of the state. If I am to be said to have any specialty in the law it will be found to be in the water and mining laws of the state.

With reference to my services as a member of the board of regents, I desire to call to the attention of the people of the state of Nevada the following facts:

That there had not been an entry made in the great ledger of the university for a period of six months prior to my incumbency, and that it was practically impossible to audit the books of the university, but that within a short time after my incumbency, at the demand of the board of regents, the books of the university were brought up to date and have been so kept during all the time I served the university.

That during my entire incumbency as a member of the board of regents, the University of Nevada has lived within its budget, and has never gone to the legislature with a single deficit, save and except a deficit growing out of the construction of the building constructed to house the precious metals department of the government of the United States.

That immediately upon becoming a member of the board of regents, I insisted that the standard of scholarship in the university be so raised as to entitle it to be placed upon the approved list of the Association of American universities, and within two years after my incumbency the university was placed upon the approved list of the Association of American universities.

This means, among other things of vital importance, that the university has recognition throughout the entire educational world as an institution of first class educational advantages, and that any boy or girl attending the University of Nevada for any semester and receiving at the university credit for the work done, will receive the same credit in any one of the leading colleges of America, should he or she desire to transfer to such college or take therein a post graduate course.

That there has been inaugurated and adopted by the board of regents a policy by which the additional buildings hereafter to be constructed upon the campus will be built without a bond issue, thus ultimately saving to the taxpayers of the state of Nevada alone approximately 50 per cent of the initial cost of each building.

That there has been adopted by the board of regents a limitation policy, which policy does not limit in any way the right of attendance at the university of any bona fide resident of the state of Nevada, but which will and does prevent our sister states from flooding the university with an unreasonable number of students to be educated at the expense of the state of Nevada.

That the board of regents obtained the enactment of a law enabling them to compel those students, coming to the university from outside the state, to contribute toward the expenses of running the university.

That despite the fact that all supplies, material, equipment, fuel, etc., used by the university has increased in price since my incumbency as a member of the board from 50 per cent to 150 per cent, and despite the fact that the salaries of the professors and employees of the university have been materially increased to meet the high cost of living, and that there has been material additions to the teaching staff of the university to accommodate the enlarged registration, which registration has practically doubled since I went upon the board, the University of Nevada is now educating its students at a saving to the people of the state of Nevada of approximately $52 per student, per year, over any other period in the history of the university for the last fifteen or twenty years.

Considering that there are 726 students now attending the university that saving in dollars and cents to the taxpayers of the state of Nevada amounts to approximately $37,750 per year.

If nominated and elected attorney general of the state of Nevada, I promise the people of the state that no state money will be paid out with my consent or if I can prevent it for legal services furnished either to the officers of the state, or any appointee or department of the state other than what is paid to the attorney general's office.

That as a member of the board of examiners, I will scrutinize every claim that comes before that board and oppose both as a member of the board of examiners and in the courts, if necessary, any claim not founded in law and justice.

Upon my record as a citizen and public officer of the state of Nevada, I respectfully submit my candidacy.

B. F. CURLER.

J. H. MILLER
REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR
GOVERNOR

HARRY H. ATKINSON
REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR
ATTORNEY GENERAL
PRIMARIES SEPT. 5

ARTHUR S. PUTNEY
Announces his candidacy for the office of
COUNTY COMMISSIONER—SHORT TERM
Subject to the will of the Republican voters at the Primary election to be held on Tuesday, Sept. 5, 1922.

J. G. Scrugham
Announces his candidacy for the office of
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
Subject to the will of the Democratic voters at the Primary election to be held on Tuesday, September 5, 1922

JOSEPH T MURPHY, OF TONOPAH
Announces his candidacy for the office of
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR NYE COUNTY
Subject to the will of the Democratic voters at the Primary Election to be held on Tuesday, September 5, 1922

L. E. (LARRY) GLASS
(INCUMBENT)
DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR
CLERK AND TREASURER
NYE COUNTY

CHARLES A DeFLON
Announces his candidacy for the office of
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR NYE COUNTY
Subject to the will of the Republican voters at the Primary election to be held on Tuesday, September 5, 1922

W. F. (BILL) LOGAN
Announces his candidacy for the office of
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR OF NYE COUNTY
Subject to the will of the Democratic voters at the Primary election to be held on Tuesday, September 5, 1922

Political announcement
CHARLES S. CHANDLER
Announces his candidacy for the Republican nomination as UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM NEVADA
At the Primary Election,
September 5, 1922