OFFICIAL LIST

OF THE

Several Candidates and Constitutional Amendments to be Voted for at the

GENERAL ELECTION

TO BE HELD IN

Ormsby County, Nevada, on Tuesday, Nov. 6, 1894.

Carson City, Nevada, October 1, 1894

I hereby certify that the following named persons were duly nominated by convention and petition according to law as candidates for the respective offices as hereinafter designated, subject to the vote of the people cast at the election to be held on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1894, to wit:

For District Judge of first Judicial district
Charles E. Mack, Silver.
Richard Rising, Republican.

For State Senator.
Geo. T. Mills, Republican.
Hugh R. Logan, Silver.

For Members of Assembly.
Gilbert Briggs, Republican.
W. H. Crisler, "
C. F. Murphy, "
James A. Leete, Silver.
L. A. Herrick, "
F. G. Folsom, "

For Sheriff and ex-officio County Assessor
J. D. Kersey, Republican.
Wm. Kinney, Silver.

For County Clerk and ex-officio County Treasurer.
Geo. A. Tyrrell, Republican.
E. Aube, Silver.

For County Recorder, ex-officio Auditor, ex-officio Public Administrator and ex-officio Coroner.
W. R. Randall, Republican.
John G. Ellis, Silver.

For District Attorney and ex-officio Superintendent of Public Schools.
Geo. W. Keith, Republican.
A. J. McGowan, Silver.

For County Commissioner, (Long Term.)
J. W. Woodbury, Republican.
Charles J. Slingerland, Silver.

For County Commissioner, (Short Term)
C. E. Bray, Republican.
Henry Schreider, Silver.

For Justice of the Peace, (Carson Township)
W. A. Hawthorne, Republican.
W. H. Chedic, Silver.

For Constable, (Carson Township)
S. F. Patterson, Republican.
V. B. Cross, Silver.

For Justice of the Peace, (Empire Township)
J. W. Wiggins, Republican.
William Lang, Silver.
Chas. Henderson, Independent.

For Constable, (Empire Township)
W. G. Hill, Republican.
Michael W. Smith, Silver.

For Representative in Congress.
Bartine, Horace F., Republican.
Doughty, James C., People's Party.
Newlands, Francis G. Silver Party.
Riley, B. F., Democrat.

For Governor.
Cleveland, A. C. Republican.
Jones, John E. Silver Party.
Peckham, George E. People's Party.
Winters, Theodore, Democrat.

For Lieutenant Governor.
Randt, J. F. Republican.
Sadler, Reinhold, Silver Party.

For Justice of Supreme Court.
Bonnifield, M. S. Silver Party.
Murphy, M. A. Republican.

For Attorney General.
Beatty, R. M. Silver Party.
Grimes, W. C. Democrat.
Sawyer, Geo. S. People's Party.
Torreyson, J. D. Republican.

For Secretary of State.
Bridges, L. S. Democrat.
Howell, Eugene, Silver Party.
Vanderlieth, E. D. Republican.

For State Controller.
Grey, O. H. Republican.
Hall, D. H. Democrat.
Latrieve, C. A. Silver Party.
Steele, Charles H. People's Party.

For State Treasurer.
Rinhard, G. W. Republican.
Thompson, W. G. Democrat.
Westerfield, W. J. Silver Party.

For Surveyor General.
Fassett, G. N. Republican.
Peatt, A. C. Silver Party.

For Superintendent of State Printing.
Hickey, S. P. People's Party.
Eckley, J. E. Republican.
McCarthy, J. G. Silver Party.
Morris James, Democrat.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.
Cutting, H. C. Silver Party.
Epye, A. E. People's Party.
Ring, Orvis, Republican.
Sears, S. S. Democrat.

For Regent State University (Long Term)
Deal, W. E. F. Silver Party.
Helms, J. W. Republican.
Ryan, John W. Democrat.

For Regent State University (Short Term).
Patterson, W. H. Republican.
Scarrett, H. S. Silver Party.
Wiseman, A. H. Democrat.

For the election of United States Senators by the direct vote of the people. Yes.

For the election of United States Senators by the direct vote of the people. No.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 21 (of the fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 1 of Article II. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section one. Every male citizen of the United States (not laboring under the disabilities named in this Constitution) of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, who shall have been such citizen for at least six months, and who shall actively and not constructively resided in the State six months and in the district or county thirty days next preceding any election, shall be entitled to vote for all officers that now or hereafter may be elected by the people and upon all questions submitted to the electors at such election; provided no person, who has been or may be convicted of selling his vote or of purchasing the vote of another at any such election, and no person who has been or may be convicted of treason or felony in any State or Territory in the United States, unless restored to civil rights; and no person who, after arriving at the age of eighteen years, shall have voluntarily borne arms against the United States; and no idiot or insane person shall be entitled to the privilege of an elector.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 22 (of the fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows.

Amend section 6 of Article IV. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section six. Each house shall judge of the qualifications, elections, and returns of its own members, choose its own officers, determine the rules of its proceedings, and may punish its members for disorderly conduct, and with the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected, expel a member.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 24 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 33 of Article IV. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section thirty-three. The members of the Legislature shall receive for their services a compensation to be fixed by law and paid out of the public treasury, but no increase of such compensation shall take effect during the term for which the members of either house shall have been elected; provided, that an appropriation may be made for the payment of such actual expenses as members of the Legislature may incur for postage, express charges, newspapers and stationery, not exceeding the sum of twenty dollars for any general or special session to each member; and, furthermore provided, that the Speaker of the Assembly and President of the Senate shall each, during the time of their actual attendance as such presiding officers, receive an additional allowance of two dollars per diem.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 25 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 32 of Article IV. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section thirty-five. Every bill which may have passed the legislature shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor. If he approve it he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it with his objections to the house in which it originated, which house shall cause such objections to be entered upon its Journal and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration it again pass both houses by yeas and nays, by a vote of two-thirds of the members elected to each house, it shall become a law notwithstanding the Governor's objections. If any bill shall not be returned in five days after it shall have been presented to him (Sunday excepted), exclusive of the day on which it was received it, the same shall become a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Legislature, by its final adjournment, prevent such return, in which case it shall be a law unless the Governor within ten days next after the adjournment (Sundays excepted) shall file such bill, with his objections thereto, in the office of the Attorney General, ex-officio Secretary of State, who shall lay the same before the Legislature at its next session in like manner as if it had been returned by the Governor, and if the same shall receive the vote of two-thirds of the members elected to each branch of the Legislature, upon a vote taken by yeas and nays to be entered upon the journals of each house, it shall become a law.

Senate concurrent Resolution No. 26 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 1 of Article XV. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section four. The returns of every election for Governor and other State officers, cast for at the general election, shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of the government, directed by the Attorney General, ex-officio Secretary of State, who on the third Monday of December, succeeding such election, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and two of the District Judges, to be selected by the Chief Justice, or in case any thereof shall not attend, then by the Attorney General, as ex-officio Secretary of State, and open and canvass the election returns of Governor, and all other State officers, and forthwith declare the result and publish the names of the persons elected. The persons having the highest number of votes for the respective offices shall be declared elected, but in case two or more have an equal and the highest number of votes for the same office, the Legislature shall, by joint vote of both houses, elect one of said persons to fill said office.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 27 (of the fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada amended as follows:

Amend section 14 of Article V. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section fourteen. The Governor, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, Attorney General, or a major part of them, of whom the Governor shall be one, may, upon such conditions and with such limitations and restrictions as they may think proper, remit fines and forfeitures, commute punishments and grant pardons after conviction in all cases except treason and impeachments, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 28 (of the fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 16 of Article V. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section sixteen. All grants and commissions shall be in the name and by the authority of the State of Nevada, sealed with the Great Seal of the State, signed by the Governor, and countersigned by the Attorney General as ex-officio Secretary of State.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 29 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 17 of Article V. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada by entirely repealing and striking out the same. This amendment shall not shorten the term nor affect the tenure of office of the present incumbent of the office of Lieutenant Governor.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 30 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 18 of Article V. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section eighteen. In case of the impeachment of the Governor or his removal from office, death, inability to discharge the duties of said office, resignation, or absence from the State, the power, duties, and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon the President of the Senate for the residue of the term, or until the disability shall cease, and in case of the impeachment of the President of the Senate while acting as Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability to discharge the duties of said office, resignation, or absence from the State, the powers, duties, and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon the Speaker of the Assembly for the residue of the term, or until the disability shall cease; but when the Governor shall, with the consent of the Legislature, be out of the State in time of war, and at the head of any military force thereof, he shall continue Commander-in-Chief of the military forces of the State.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 31 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 19 of Article V. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section nineteen. An Attorney General, who shall be ex-officio Secretary of State, a Treasurer and a Controller, who shall be ex-officio Surveyor General and Land Register, shall be elected at the same time and places and in the same manner as the Governor. The term of office of each shall be the same as is prescribed for the Governor. Any elector shall be eligible to either of said offices.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 32 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 20 of Article V. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section twenty. The Attorney General as ex-officio Secretary of State, shall keep a true record of the official acts of the Legislative and Executive departments of the government, and shall, when required, lay the same, and all matters relative thereto, before either branch of the Legislature.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 33 (of the fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 21 of Article V. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section twenty-one. The Governor, Attorney General, and State Treasurer shall constitute a Board of State Prison Commissioners, which Board shall have such supervision of all matters connected with the State Prison as may be provided by law. They shall also constitute a Board of Examiners, with power to examine all claims against the state (except salaries or compensation of officers fixed by law) and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law; and no claim against the State (except salaries or compensation of officers fixed by law) shall be passed upon by the Legislature without being previously considered and acted upon by said Board of Examiners.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 34 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 22 of Article V. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section twenty-two. The Attorney General, State Treasurer, State Controller and Superintendent of Public Instruction shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 35 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 1 of Article X. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section one. The Assembly shall have the sole power of impeachment. The concurrence of a majority of all the members elected shall be necessary to an impeachment. All impeachments shall be tried by the Senate, and when sitting for that purpose the Senators shall be upon oath or affirmation to do justice according to law and evidence. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall preside over the Senate, while sitting to try the Governor or either of the Justices of the Supreme Court, or the President of the Senate or Speaker of the Assembly while acting as Governor upon impeachment. No person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators elected.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 36 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 3 of Article VII. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section three. For any reasonable cause to be entered on the Journals of each House, which may or may not be sufficient grounds for impeachment, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Judges of the District Court or Courts, shall be removed from the office on the vote of two-thirds of the members elected to each branch of the Legislature, and the Justice or Judge complained of shall be served with a copy of the complaint against him and shall have an opportunity of being heard in person or by counsel in his defense; provided, that no member of either branch of the Legislature shall be eligible to fill the vacancy occasioned by such removal.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 37 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, that the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 10 of Article VIII. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section ten. No county, city, town or other municipal corporation shall become a stockholder in any joint stock company, corporation or association whatever, or loan its credit in aid of any such company, corporation or association, except railroad corporations, companies or associations; provided, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the formation of water districts in this State and the issuance of bonds for such water districts in aid of water storage and irrigation of the arid lands of such districts; and provided further, that no such investment shall be made, nor credit loaned, nor bonds issued, unless authorized by a petition of a majority of the duly qualified electors representing more than two-thirds of the taxable property of the county or district to be affected.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 39 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, that the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 3 of Article XI. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section three. All lands including the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections, in every township donated for the purpose of public schools in the Act of the thirty-eighth Congress to enable the people of Nevada Territory to form a State government, the thirty thousand acres of public lands granted by an Act of Congress, approved July second, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-two, for each Senator and Representative in Congress, and all proceeds of lands that have been or may hereafter be granted or appropriated by the United States or this state, and also the five hundred thousand acres of land granted to the United States under the Act of Congress distributing the proceeds of the public lands among the several States of the Union, approved A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-one; provided, that Congress makes provision for and authorizes such disposition to be made of the proceeds as herein contained. All lands that may revert to the State, all of such portion as may be granted by Congress on the subject lands, all lands escheated under the penal laws of the State, all property given or bequeathed to the State for educational purposes, and all proceeds derived from any or all of said sources shall be and the same are hereby solemnly pledged for educational purposes; and shall not be transferred to any other fund for other purposes; and the interest thereon shall, from time to time, be apportioned among the several counties, as the Legislature may provide by law; and the Legislature may provide for the sale of floating land warrants to cover the aforesaid land-fund for the investment of all proceeds derived from any of the above mentioned sources in United States bonds, or bonds of this State, or the bonds of other States of the Union, or the bonds of counties or municipalities of this State, or the bonds of water districts of this State; provided, that the interest of the interest of the aforesaid proceeds shall be used for educational purposes, and any surplus interest shall be added to the principal sum; and provided, further, that such portions of said interest, as may be necessary, may be appropriated for the support of the State University. The Legislature shall never release the obligation of payment of any loan or investment authorized by this section.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 41 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 12 of Article XV. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada to read as follows:

Section twelve. The Governor, Attorney General, State Treasurer, State Controller and Superintendent of Public Instruction shall keep their respective offices at the seat of government.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 42 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, that the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Section two. The Supreme Court shall consist of a Chief Justice and the Judges of the District Court, or courts, as hereinafter provided. The Chief Justice and one District Judge shall constitute a quorum. At each term of court two or more District Judges, selected by the Chief Justice, shall sit with him during the trial of causes, but no District Judge shall sit at the trial of a cause tried by himself in the District Court. The concurrence of a majority of the members of the court, sitting in any cause, shall be necessary to render a decision. The decision of the court shall be in writing, and prepared by the Chief Justice, unless he disagree with the views of the majority of the members of the court sitting in the cause, in which case the majority of such Judges shall determine by lot which of their number shall prepare the decision, and all decisions shall be signed by the Judges bearing the cause and concurring therein. The Justices of the Supreme Court in office at that time of the ratification of this amendment by the people shall continue in office and have the same rights and privileges, and perform the same duties, as are now provided by the Constitution and laws, until the expiration of their respective terms, and when the term of office of any of the said Justices expires from any cause he shall be succeeded or filled by selection by the Chief Justice as now provided. The District Judges shall not act as Justices of the Supreme Court except as above provided, until the expiration from any cause of the respective terms of two of the Justices of the Supreme Court in office at the ratification of this amendment.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 43 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 3 of Article VI. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada to read as follows:

Section three. A Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall be elected at the general election in the year A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and the general election every six years thereafter, and shall hold office for the term of six years from the first Monday in January next succeeding his election. Prior to the year A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, the Senior Justice of the Supreme Court in commission shall be Chief Justice.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 46 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 11 of Article VI. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section eleven. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and the District Judges shall be ineligible to any office, other than a judicial office, during the term for which they shall have been elected, and all elections or appointments of any such Judges by the people, Legislature, or otherwise, during said period to any office other than judicial, shall be void.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 47 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 15 of Art VI of the Constitution of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section fifteen. The Chief Justic of the Supreme Court and the District Judges shall each receive quarterly, for their services a compensation to be fixed by law, and which shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which they shall have been elected, unless in case a vacancy occurs, in which case the successor of the former incumbent shall receive only such salary as may be provided by law at the time of his election or appointment; and provision shall be made by law for setting apart from each year's revenue a sufficient amount of money to pay such compensation; provided, that District Judges shall be paid out of the county treasuries of the counties composing their respective districts.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 37 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Constitution of the state of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend Article XVIII. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada by adding thereto a section, to be numbered when added, which shall read as follows:

Section—. The Legislature may provide by law that he who exercises the right of registering and voting shall be required to exhibit such a knowledge of the English language, written and spoken, as to enable him to read about the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 4 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending section 1 of Article X. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

Amend section 1 of Article X. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section one. The Legislature shall provide by law a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation, and shall prescribe such regulations as shall secure a just valuation for taxation of all property, real, personal and possessory, except unpatented mines and unpatented mining claims, the proceeds of which a one shall be taxed, and such exceptions as may be exempted by law for municipal, educational, literary, scientific, religious, or charitable purposes.

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 7 (of fifteenth session)—Relative to amending the Constitution of the State of Nevada.

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, That the Constitution of the State of Nevada be amended as follows:

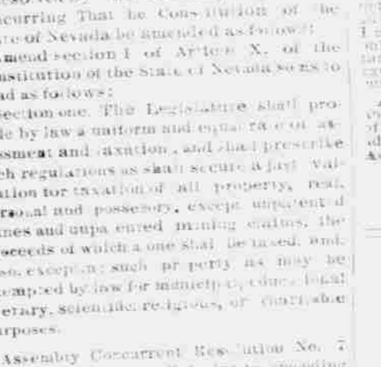
Amend section 7, Article II. of the Constitution of the State of Nevada so as to read as follows:

Section seven. The Legislature shall provide by law for the payment of a poll tax of not less than two nor exceeding four dollars from each male person resident in the State between the ages of twenty-one and sixty years (uncivilized American Indians excepted), one-half to be applied for county purposes, and one-half to be applied to the School Fund in the county where said poll tax is collected, and the Legislature may, in its discretion, make such payment a condition to the right of voting.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affix the Seal of Ormsby County, Nevada, this 8th day of October, A. D. 1894.

E. Aube,
County Clerk.

{SEAL}



[illegible] NO FBU[illegible]
—A—
[illegible] ING MACHINE
VE SEEN THE
"DOMESTIC!"
[illegible] McLoughlin [illegible] Agent
CARSON CITY NEVADA

The Original
Dr. Pierce's LITTLE Easy to Take LIVER Purgative Pellets PILLS.

PURELY VEGETABLE! PERFECTLY HARMLESS!

Unequaled as a LIVER PILL. Does not gripe. ONE PELLET A DOSE.

SMALLEST, CHEAPEST, EASIEST TO TAKE.

Beware of Imitations, containing Poisonous Minerals. Always ask for Dr. Pierce's Pellets, which are little Sugar-coated Pills, or Anti-Bilious Granules.

Being Purely Vegetable, Dr. Pierce's Pellets operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically sealed. Always fresh and reliable. They are a gentle **laxative,** or an active **purgative,** according to size of dose.

SICK HEADACHE

Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of **Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.** In explanation of the remedial powers of these Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative influence. Sold by druggists, for 25 cents a vial. Manufactured at the chemical laboratory of World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

$500 REWARD

is offered by the manufacturers of **Dr Sage's Catarrh Remedy,** for a case of Catarrh in the head which they cannot cure.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid at others, thick, tenacious mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the voice is weak and nasal; there is pain, tenderness, dullness, hawking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with some from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a "nasal twang"; the breath is offensive; smell and taste are impaired; there is some loss of hearing; there is dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. Only a few of the above named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually lead to consumption and death. In the early stages it is so easy to cure catarrh by the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, that it is the duty of every sufferer to try it at once. By its mild, soothing and healing properties, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases of Catarrh. "Cold in the Head," Coryza, and "Catarrhal Headache" are speedily cured. 50 cents. Druggists everywhere.

"Untold Agony from Catarrh."

Prof. W. Hanscom, the famous pyrotechnist, of [illegible] N. Y., writes: "For years I suffered untold agony from catarrh. My head was stopped up as with a plug, my throat was inflamed, and I had the worst cough imaginable. My case was desperate, and I expected every day, when I went to sleep, I would not awake in the morning. I could not breathe through the nostrils. I thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was induced to try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only safe remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and I one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure."

"Constantly Hawking and Spitting"

Thomas J. Restivo, Esq., 2902 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo., writes: "I was a great sufferer from catarrh for three years. At times I could hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking and spitting, and for the last eight months could not breathe through the nostrils. I thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was induced to try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only safe remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and I one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure."

A complete Treatise on Catarrh, giving valuable hints as to clothing, diet and other matters of importance, will be mailed, postpaid to any address, on receipt of a two-cent postage stamp. Address,

World's Dispensary Medical Association,
No. 663 Main Street, BUFFALO, N. Y.

PENSIONS!

Being located near the Government Departments we are able to give your claims better attention than attorneys located elsewhere. Special attention given to difficult and rejected claims. If your present attorney does not suit you, and is slow, write us. Soldiers who have lost their discharges can obtain new ones. Charges of desertion removed. No fee unless you get a pension. Advice FREE. Soldiers pensioned at less than twelve ($12) a month, and suffering from disability in addition to that named in their pension certificate may obtain more under the new law. It is a duty for you to have your claims attended to in order to get pensioned under the new law. Pensions for widows and children without regard to cause of soldier's death; mothers and fathers who are now dependent, whether they were dependent on soldier when he died or not. Pensions granted for service rendered in Mexican and Indian wars. Mexican pensions can now be increased to $12 a month. Suspended pensions restored.

PATENTS.

Caveats, Trade Marks, Designs, Copyrights and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees. Information and advice given to inventors without charge. Address,

The Norman Claim Agency,
Box 167. Washington, D. C
s11