

Democratic Enquirer

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING, BY J. W. BOWEN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF VINTON COUNTY

OFFICE—In Dodge's Building, over Sweetland's Store, corner Main and Locust Streets, East of the Court House.

[For Terms, See 4th Page.]

McARTHUR, OHIO:

Thursday, August 22, 1867

THE DEMOCRATIC ENQUIRER

Has the largest circulation of any paper in Vinton County. Advertisers and others will please make a note of this.

Democratic State Ticket.

Election—Tuesday, October 8, 1867.

For Governor, ALLEN G. THURMAN, of Franklin.

For Lieutenant Governor, DANIEL S. UHL, of Holmes.

For Treasurer, Dr. G. FULTON, of Crawford.

For Auditor, JOHN McELWEE, of Butler.

For Attorney General, FRANK H. BIRD, of Knox.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Judge THOMAS M. KEY, of Hamilton.

For Controller of Treasury, WILLIAM SHERIDAN, of Williams.

For Board of Public Works, ARTHUR HUGHES, of Cuyahoga.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Representatives, ANDREW J. SWAIN.

For Prosecuting Attorney, DAVID B. SHIVEL.

For Surveyor, S. C. STEINBROOK.

For Commissioner, A. SOULE.

On Constitutional Amendment, giving Negroes the Right to Vote and hold Office.

NO!

Democratic Meeting in Eagle Township.

There will be a Democratic meeting at Slagle's Grove, in Eagle Township, on Saturday, September 7, 1867.

Hon. ARON, MAYO and able speakers from abroad will be present and address the meeting.

Turn out, men of all parties! Let there be a grand meeting! Take your dinners with you! Take your wives and children!

Another Negro Suffragist in the Field.

A few Mongrels met in what they called a Convention, at Pomeroy, on the 15th inst., and after a little "wire-pulling," nominated H. C. JONES, of Vinton county, for State Senator. The District is composed of the counties of Vinton, Gallia, Meigs, and Lawrence. Of course he is in favor of the Proposed Amendment to the Constitution, giving Negroes the right to vote and hold office in this district, because he is on a ticket pledged to negro suffrage and white disfranchisement—in favor of enfranchising and negroes and disfranchising white men.

Vote against him!

The Opening of the Present Campaign.

HON. J. H. PUTNAM, the talented editor of the Chillicothe Advertiser, attended with Hon. A. G. THURMAN, our candidate for Governor, a number of the first meetings of the campaign, of which he speaks, in part, as follows, in that paper of last week:

"We had the pleasure of attending, with Judge Thurman, the meetings of last week, in the counties of Pike, Scioto, Jackson and Vinton. They were the first series of the campaign, and were in every respect remarkable successes. In our experience in Ohio politics, we have never seen conventions of the people, so early in the canvass, so full of that energy, enthusiasm, and confidence which presages victory. The meetings in Waverly, Jackson, and McArthur were the largest ever held in those counties, excepting in the memorable campaign of '63."

The opening meeting at Waverly on the 5th, was in every respect, a magnificent affair. The delegations were so large that they could not be deployed in the streets for want of room. Several townships were represented by their entire Democratic vote, and others, not only by the Democratic vote of last fall, but by accessions from the Radical ranks. Judge Thurman made his powerful argument against Negro suffrage.

At Jackson, the day was ushered in by the firing of cannon, and the people commenced pouring into the town by 7 o'clock in the morning, and by 12 o'clock, at least four thousand persons were present. The exercises were held in the beautiful Fair Grounds. Judge Thurman spoke nearly two hours almost exhausting the subject of Finance. He showed conclusively that the only safety for

the country is to put the brakes upon Radical extravagance, and to devote our resources to the payment of our debts instead of keeping large standing armies, loyal legions, and Freedmen's Bureaus to perpetuate party ascendancy.

The meeting at McArthur was a duplicate of the Jackson meeting, only much larger. Fully five thousand persons were in attendance. The Judge devoted most of his argument to the Finance, but dealt some powerful blows against the despotism of Congress.

The Vinton county Democracy are alive to the exigencies of the times, and may be relied upon to give a good account of themselves this fall.

At Jackson the Judge met members of the jury before which he made his first legal argument. At McArthur, he shook the hand of an old man by the name of Wilber, who paid him his first fee for professional services.

Everywhere he met friends of his boyhood and manhood, and such enthusiastic evidences of affectionate remembrance, we have seldom seen.

On every hand, we were informed of changes in our favor, and the people seemed to be impressed with a confidence in victory. A gentleman at McArthur, introduced us at one time to three men who promised us to vote the Democratic ticket this fall for the first time in their lives. The people are thinking, and that is all that is necessary to insure Democratic success. The empty and silly cry of "traitor" and "Copperhead" has lost its potency, and the people are considering whether a restored Union, a peaceful and prosperous country and the continued dominion of the white race are not preferable to anarchy and Mongrelism. The Amendment will be defeated by twenty thousand, and Judge Thurman will be the next Governor of Ohio. All that is required is organization and work.

WILL & Co., Zaleski, O., are just receiving a large stock of New Goods.

Look out for NEW GOODS at DAN. WILL & Bros., this week.

LATEST NEWS.

The corn and cotton crops in Alabama are better than they have been for many years.

It is said that a gang of Chinamen working near Kanaka Flat, California, found a chunk of gold weighing 45 pounds.

The majority for Governor Helm, in Kentucky, is 56,000 over Barnes, the Radical nominee.

Three cases of cholera were reported in New York on Monday.

The French and Austrian Emperors are feasting and diplomatizing at Salzburg.

Flour has advanced since last week in Cincinnati. It is selling from \$8.25 to \$10.50.—Wheat is selling at from \$2.10 to \$2.35.

Gold closed in New York on Monday at 141 1/2.

The Russian Emperor is said to manifest symptoms of insanity.

The Red Sulphur Springs in Virginia, have been sold for \$17,000.

At a picnic near Parkersburg, last Thursday, poison was put in the refreshments by some unknown person, of which five whites and three blacks died.—Six or eight others are not expected to recover.

The deaths in New York City last week were 640.

Springfield, Ill., is worth in real estate and personal property nearly \$700,000,000. A mile and a half north of the city veins of coal 6 feet in thickness have been discovered, 2 feet below the surface.

DEMOCRATIC ENQUIRER

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

THE DEMOCRATIC ENQUIRER should be read by every voter in Vinton county during the present campaign. As we believe that the most extended circulation of sound Democratic papers will greatly aid in the triumph of correct principles, at the coming election, we offer The Democratic Enquirer from this time (or for three months) until after the election, on the following low terms:

Single subscribers, 25 cents; clubs of 5, \$1.10; clubs of 10, \$2.—with an additional copy to each getter up of club. [One copy, one year, in clubs of not less than ten, \$1.] Payments to be made in advance.

We offer the paper at these unusually low rates with the view of bringing it within the reach of all during the campaign, and we hope the offer will be responded to generally all over the county. A very trifling effort on the part of some of our friends in each township or neighborhood would secure a large addition to our already large subscription list, and be the means of doing a great deal of good. The pending campaign is a most important one—the question of giving the negro the right to vote, hold office, sit on juries, and marry into white families is to be decided—and every Democrat should exert himself to secure the triumphant success of the Democracy. Let our able Democrats throughout the county make up a fund of from one to five dollars or more in each township, and distribute copies of the paper to voters who take no paper and who will read. By so doing, the people can be educated in regard to the REAL issues, and vote understandingly. See in the names at once.

J. W. BOWEN, Editor & Pub'g.

McArthur, July 13, '67.

For Fine Perfumery, go to Sisson's Drug Store.

SUBBATT TRIAL.—The jury failed to agree in the Subbatt trial—eight for acquittal and four for conviction.

Look out for the howls of the Radical press.

An heretofore active Republican told us the other day that he did not intend to vote this fall. His reason was that there was no ticket in the field that represented his views. He was opposed to negro suffrage and he would not vote for men who favored it. There is much more consistency in that man's conduct than there is in the action of those who are opposed to the amendment, and yet adhering blindly to their party, vote for men who support it.—Portsmouth Times.

There are men in Vinton county who do not intend to vote this fall because there is no ticket in the field representing their views.

Mrs. JEFFERSON DAVIS is in Richmond.

THE FIRST BOOK OF CHRONICLES ZALESKI.

WRITTEN BY SOME OF 'EM.

CHAPTER XIV. 1 ¶ And it came to pass that when the Lord began to reign in the city, He commanded his people to build a mighty house for Him to dwell in.

2 And the Lord called all His officers and all His people together, so they could reason among themselves about the building of a large mansion for the Lord.

3 And when they had gathered themselves together, they all agreed among themselves, that the mighty mansion for their Lord should be built of brick and upon the highest hill within the mighty city, and not low down in the sand like unto the place where the Chief Ruler and His mighty men did build the Railway Shops.

4 And the officers of the Lord reasoned among themselves, and sayeth one to another: The mighty hill where the mansion shall be built, shall henceforth and forever be called "The Heights."

5 And the Lord looked down upon his people and smiled upon them, and said, YEA, YEA.

6 And even unto this day the mighty hill is called "The Heights"; and the people from afar off look upon the mighty mansion with wonder and astonishment.

7 And more than three-score and ten layers of brick and hewers of wood goeth forth and buildeth the Great Mansion for the Lord. But the historians in gathering up the acts and doings of the Lord failed to understand whether the many laborers received all their hard-earned pieces of silver, as the Lord is very slow on the payment to His laborers of all pieces of silver round about the number of EIGHTY-FIVE.

8 And the Lord removeth unto His Great Mansion, where He could overlook all the city, and all the lands round about the city, even all the lands in the neighborhood.

9 And He made many very strange laws and orders for the government of the people, even setting at naught all the laws of the First Chief Ruler.

10 And it came to pass that a great many poor people came to dwell in the city, inasmuch as the Lord had promised them many things, even many pieces of silver and many leaves and fishes, if they would come and dwell with Him in the Province, for their labor on the mighty works in the city.

11 And when the Lord found that these poor people were within his mighty iron grasp, and that they were so poor that they could not go afar off to dwell, the Lord became more and more tyrannical, because there was about to be a famine among the poor and suffering people, as He refused to give them enough of pieces of silver, and leaves, and fishes, and many other small necessities of life.

12 And it came to pass that the Lord reasoneth with himself and said: I, the Lord, do find, upon overlooking the city from this, my mansion, that more than four-score and one hundred young lads of the city are around upon my lands stealing more than ten baskets full, and that all the hundreds and thousands of acres of land round about the city, over which I reign, is insufficient to support these poor, miserable, wicked "oreators," even "those Buckeyes," and "those Irish," whom I, the Lord, have in my power, and in such a reduced state of poverty that they can not go afar off to dwell in other lands;

13 And, I, therefore, warn all ye that dwell in the city, in the name of all law and commandment, in the name of all statutes and judgment, to trespass not against the Lord, as the wrath of the Lord shall come upon you, and upon your brethren, even for many generations to come;

14 And in order to make all things more plain during my reign in this my land, I, therefore, by virtue of the power and authority vested in me as Chief Ruler of the city, by the constitution and the laws of this Province, in such case made and provided by me, issue this law and order unto all the poor half-starved people now under my iron grasp, viz:

ZALESKI COMPANY'S OFFICE, } Zaleski, Vinton Co., Ohio, July 23, 1867. } Any person trespassing in this field, throwing down or burning the fence, or taking apples from the orchards of the Company will be prosecuted according to law, and if a tenant of a Company's house, will be immediately served with notice to quit.

15 And I command Ole Mister Pig Plumfull and my beloved Chief Pig Driver to go forth throughout all the city and all the lands round about the city and see that this law is fully executed. [To be Continued.]

"Old" John Brown tried silk-raising in Ohio some thirty years ago and failed.—Cincinnati Times. He subsequently tried "hemp raising" in Virginia and got along "bully," although he died because he wasn't able to "cut" it.—People's Defender.

For Ayer's Medicines, Call at Sisson's Drug Store.

READ Mr. John Towell's letter in to-day's paper.

WHAT THE RADICALS SAY OF THE "STOLID DUTCH, VERDANT SUCKERS AND BUCKEYES."

"Although it has taken a great deal of time and cost a vast amount of money, we have at last got the stolid of Pennsylvania and the verdant 'suckers' and 'Buckeyes' of the Western States educated up to the higher law standard. When a few years ago they spat upon us—the despised Abolitionists—we determined that the negro [as they called the colored man] should be made their equal or we would crush the Union. Colored suffrage is now a fixed fact. The foot of the negro is now on the neck of our ancient revilers, and those who are not in our toils must stand from under."—Salem [Mass.] Journal.

What do the "stolid Dutch" and verdant "suckers and Buckeyes" of the West think of that?

Are you willing to acknowledge the negro your equal?

Are you content that negro suffrage shall be taken as "a fixed fact" in Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania?

That the negro has his foot on the necks of the white men in Tennessee, there is no doubt; but are you, in Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania, ready to submit to having the "gizzard foot" placed on your necks?

If so, you will vote with the mongrel party at the October election, or will you arise in your manhood and rebuke the insolence of these Yankee scoundrels, and teach them that this is yet a White Man's Government?—[Marion Democrat.]

IT WILL BE THE DUTY OF THE SENATE TO WELCOME COLORFD SENATORS UPON THIS FLOOR IN A FEW MONTHS.—EXTRACT FROM SUMNER'S SPEECH.

No man can consistently vote against a measure and at the same time vote for men who are the advocates of that measure.

The voting population in Tennessee in 1860, was about 200,000. At the late election only about 60,000 were cast, and most of them negroes. Fully one hundred and fifty thousand white males were kept from the polls by being disfranchised by old Brownlow and his legislature.

We used to boast of the economy of our American system of Government. But that glory has departed from us. We have now, instead of the cheapest, the most expensive governmental system on earth. Last year the cost of running our Federal and State machinery of Government was eight hundred millions of dollars or about thirty dollars for each man, woman, and child in the country. We pay as much for the support of our Government as both England and France do for theirs, and yet monarchies and aristocracies are, in our view, very expensive luxuries.—Circleville Democrat.

It is amusing to see the Radicals coaxing anti-negro-suffrage Republicans to vote their ticket, after abusing them for not supporting the amendment.

THE OHIO BEAUTIES.—Stanton and Wetmore, two officials at Washington, and hailing from Ohio, are hard to be driven from the public teats they have been sucking for some years. Of course, they belong to the organization founded on "great moral ideas," and great sticklers for the "higher law," the principal item in which, according to their reading, is "take care of yourself."

READER, three years ago, when you charged the Republican party with being in favor of Negro suffrage, you were met with an indignant denial.—Two years ago, Governor Cox published a letter against it. This year you are to vote on it!

READ this paper and hand it to your neighbor.

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TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Washington, D. C., April 18, 1867.—Office of Internal Revenue.—Having received satisfactory evidence that the process of the enterprise conducted by the Washington Library Company will be devoted to charitable uses, permission is hereby granted to said company to conduct such enterprise except from all changes, whether from special tax or other duty. E. A. BROWN, Commissioner.

The Washington Library Company.

In order that the benefits of the act forth in this circular may be successfully accomplished, have issued a series of fine steel-plate Engravings, which are put on subscription at prices much below their retail value. Certificates of Stock in the Washington Library Company will be issued, stamped with the seal of the company, and signed by the secretary. (None others are genuine.)

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1 Double Residence, three-story brick, Camden N. J. 15,000

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25 Valuable building lots, Riverside, 3,000 each.

3 Elegant Turnout Family carriage, span of horses, Harness, &c., complete, 5,000

10 Valuable Building Lots, Riverside, 3,000 each

1 Beautiful silver-gray horse, 12 1/2 hands high, bred by the celebrated imported Arabian Horse, "Albino," also, a light Road Wagon, weight 1,000 pounds, with set of superior single harness, &c., making a first-class establishment, 5,000

20 Melodians, \$200 each. 10,000

5 Rosewood sewing machines, \$200 each. 1,000

10 Family sewing machines, \$100 each. 1,000

50 Fine gold watches, two hundred dollars each. 10,000

100 Oil Paintings, by leading artists—agreed gate value 10,000

3 Camel's Hair shawls, one thousand dollars each. 3,000

2 Camel's hair shawls, three thousand dollars each. 6,000

3 Handsome Lace shawls, \$250 each. 750

10 Cashmere shawls, fifty dollars each. 500

20 silk dress patterns, seventy-five dollars each. 1,500

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