

The Lafayette Advertiser.

VOL. XXVII.

LAFAYETTE, LA., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1891.

NUMBER 9.

For Sale.

A VERY desirable place only about two and a-half miles from the town of Lafayette, on the road to Breaux Bridge, known as the Campbell plantation; there is a very fine, commodious residence, kitchen, corn house, stables and other outhouses. There is a fine orchard and garden, besides a number of valuable peach trees. There are fifty acres of tillable land and twelve acres of woodland. Price \$3500.00; one-half cash; the balance on very reasonable terms.

Apply to
Mrs. J. M. MARTIN,
On Place.
Sept. 12, '91.

Notice.

The Taxpayers of the Corporation of the Town of Lafayette are hereby notified that the Taxes assessed for the year 1891 are set forth on the Tax rolls on file in my office. The same are now due and should be paid without delay.

Office hours at the City Hall from 9 to 12 o'clock m., and from 2 to 4 o'clock p. m., every day, except Sunday.
A. A. MICAUD,
Constable and Tax Collector.
Oct. 24, 1891.

S. LOCKE BREAUX,
REPRESENTING

CHAS. HERNANDEZ,
COTTON FACTOR

—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 199 GRAYEVILLE ST.,
—NEW ORLEANS, LA.—
Solicits consignments of Cotton and Rice. Liberal advances made.

Convent of Mt. Carmel.

LAFAYETTE, LA. ESTABLISHED, 1846
Location healthy and pleasant, only a few squares from the New Orleans & Texas R. R., affording great facility to parents wishing to send their children. The system of education includes the French and English languages. Graduating medals conferred on those who complete the prescribed course of studies.
For terms apply to the SUPERIOR.

Tulane University OF LOUISIANA.

Tulane University embraces College, High School, H. Sophie Newcomb Memorial College for Young Women, Law, and Medical Departments. The College has four parallel courses: Classical, Literary, Scientific, and Engineering. There is also a special course of Electrical Engineering. Next Annual Session of the Academic Department including the H. Sophie Newcomb College, begins October 1st. Law Department opens November 16th. Medical Department, October 19th.
For special or general catalogues, apply to the Secretary of the University, Tulane Hall.
WM. PRESTON JOHNSON,
President.
July 23, 1891.

J. P. BUHLER, SHOE STORE.

Corner Vermilion and Adam Streets, Lafayette, La.,
Has now on hand a large and select stock of Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Shoes, of all kinds and at all prices. He invites the public to call at his establishment and see his goods.
Sept. 28, 1891.

FOR SALE.

Property in Rayne, La., for rent or for sale, consisting of one dwelling house, one kitchen and three lots of ground, all in good condition, situated near the Rayne Rice Mills. Also, four other vacant lots in Block No. 7.
For terms apply to
MERRIN KAHN,
Rayne, La.
Sept. 26, '91.

LOST.

A NOTE of three hundred dollars (\$300) drawn by John Nickerson, dated 20th of February, 1891, payable Feb. 21, 1892, bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, and made payable to M. T. Mudd, wife of Dr. F. S. Mudd. All persons are warned not to negotiate for said note.
F. S. MUDD,
Sept. 5, 1891.

C. H. SOLOMON, COLLECTOR.

Will promptly attend to the collection of all accounts entrusted to him in the town of Lafayette.
Sept. 26, '91.

FRED. MOUTON, Carpenter and Contractor.

House Building a specialty. Will deliver houses complete when desired. P. O. Box 22, Lafayette, La.

For Sale

A FINE lot of choice milk cows for sale, by the undersigned at Montgomery's plantation.
RICHARD MONTGOMERY,
June 8, 1891.

The woman who cannot keep a secret manages to hold her age all right.—[Pittsburg Dispatch.]

Give It a Rest.

Use Croelle Female Tonic and give your weak and pain-racked body a rest. It cures every form of female ailment.

CHILD BIRTH... MADE EASY!

"MOTHERS' FRIEND" is a scientifically prepared Liferment, every ingredient of recognized value and in constant use by the medical profession. These ingredients are combined in a manner hitherto unknown.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

WILL DO all that is claimed for it AND MORE. It Shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to Life of Mother and Child. Book to "MOTHERS" mailed FREE, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

Sendy express on receipt of price \$1.50 per box
BRADFELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Public Sale.

Succession of Aloise Broussard, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of an order issued out of the Hon. the 25th Judicial District Court of the State of Louisiana, holding sessions in and for the parish of Lafayette, dated the 8th day of October, 1891. By virtue also out of a commission issued out of said Court, based upon said order and directed to me, the undersigned Sheriff, I will sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, Saturday, the 14th day of November, 1891, between legal sale hours, at the Court House in the town of Lafayette, the following described property, belonging to said succession, to-wit:

One certain tract of land in Iberia parish, at a place called Fausse Pointe, in the 4th Ward, containing (37 50/100) Thirty-seven and one-half arpents, more or less, and bounded north by Ed. Broussard, on the south by Henry Fillet, on the east by E. Landry and west by J. Jones.
One old house.
Taxes—Cash.

I. A. BROUSSARD,
Sheriff.
Oct. 10, 1891.

Public Sale.

Property of Antoine Greig, minor issue of the marriage of Melissa Moss, deceased, and Sidney Greig.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of an order issued out of the Hon. the 25th Judicial District Court of the State of Louisiana, holding sessions in and for the parish of Lafayette, dated the 7th day of October, 1891. By virtue also out of a commission issued out of said Court, based upon said order and directed to me, the undersigned Sheriff, I will sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 14th day of November, 1891, between legal sale hours, at the Court House in the town of Lafayette, the following described property, to-wit:

One certain tract of land situated on Gate Cote, in this parish, containing fifty acres, being the southern portion of the east third of the north half of section five in township eleven, South of Range five East, and bounded north by Sidney Greig or assigns, east by P. B. Roy and Edmond Comeau, south by A. Mouchet and west by Harry Greig or assigns.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS:
One-third of the price of adjudication cash on the day of sale, and the balance in one and two years from date thereof, in equal annual instalments and with eight per cent per annum interest from date of sale, with special mortgage and vendor's privilege reserved to secure the payment of the credit portion of the purchase price and the purchaser or purchasers to furnish their promissory notes with mortgage for the credit portion of the purchase, and made payable to Sidney Greig, natural tutor of said minor.
I. A. BROUSSARD,
Sheriff.
Oct. 10, 1891.

CALL EARLY

—AT—
L. LEVY & SONS,

THE NEW YORK EMPORIUM and see their large and varied assortment of Men's, Youths' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

An immense stock of Dry Goods, Notions, and Gents' Furnishing Goods not to be equalled.
Sole agents for the celebrated Saller, Lewin & Co.'s Philadelphia Men's and Ladies' fine Shoes, and also for the Stribley and the Sachs Shoe Manufacturing Co., of Cincinnati, for Ladies' fine shoes, of which they have a complete assortment.
Every pair of S. L. & Co.'s Men's Kangaroo \$5.00 shoes warranted.
We have received two cartloads of Furniture, and a big stock of Stoves and Crockery, which we will offer at prices never heard of before. In fact, we have made very heavy purchases at very low figures, and we can and will readily undersell any and all competitors.
"We don't go East for nothing!"
Aug. 22, 1891.

It is a well-established principle of economics that the young man who would get up with the sun should not get up until 10 o'clock with the daughter.—[Lancaster Times.]

The best Whiskey, now in market, is Paducah Club, for sale at John O. Mouton's.

There is a good deal of public praying done that doesn't mean anything in heaven or on earth.—[Ram's Horn.]

Since a bell is provided with a tongue it ought to tell instead of being tolled.—[Binghamton Republican.]

SUPERSTITION ABOUT BIRDS.

In many parts of Saxony the peasants will not raise chickens, even though they could double their investment many fold. They call the male of the barnyard fowl the "bird of ill omen," from a notion that he "crowed for joy" at the hour of execution.

The majority of sailors on the Atlantic Ocean religiously believe that the frigate bird can start at daybreak with the trade winds from the coast of Africa and roost the same night upon the American coast. Ornithologists say that under favorable conditions the frigate bird will make 200 miles.

In Sweden the turtle dove is looked upon as sacred. The Swedes call it "God's bird" and "Noah's bird" from a notion that it is the same species of bird that the commander of the Ark sent out to bring back tidings of a receding flood.

In France the quail is called the Bird of Prophecy; this from an idea that the number of his calls foretells the price of wheat. If he calls twice without resting the farmer expect but 2 francs per bushel for his grain; if the bird calls four times he expects to realize twice the price which two calls insure. In olden times a bird called a "phoenix" was thought to live in the deserts of Arabia. His lease of life was said to be 500 years, at the end of which time he built a nest of pees and flamed it into flame with his wings. The flame reduced the bird to ashes, out of which he sprang to live another 500 years. Richardson says he had fifty orifices in his beak, through which he sung melodious airs.

The raven was also of the chosen birds of the mediæval superstition. Knapp calls him "The hateful messenger of heavy things, Of death and doleful telling. Dayton speaks of The greedy raven that doth call for death."

Height of Cruelty.

Nervous women seldom receive the sympathy they deserve. While often the picture of health, they are constantly ailing. To withhold sympathy from these unfortunates is the height of cruelty. They have a weak heart, causing short breath, fluttering pain in the side, weak and hungry spells, and finally swelling of ankles, oppression, choking, smothering and dropsy. Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is just the thing for them. For their nervousness, headache, weakness, etc., his Restorative Nervine is unequalled. Fine treatise on "Heart and Nervous Diseases" and marvelous testimonials free. Sold and guaranteed by Wm. Clegg, druggist.

"IN GOD WE TRUST."

The motto "In God we trust," which is now stamped upon all gold and silver coins of the United States, was suggested by an old farmer living in Maryland. This conscientious Christian gentleman thought that our currency should indicate in some way the Christian character of our nation, which, he argued, could be best done by putting a motto upon our coins expressing a national reliance on Divine support in Government affairs. It was in 1861, when S. P. Chase was Secretary of the Treasury, that this man first wrote to Washington respecting his idea. His letter was directed to Mint Director Pollock, who discussed the question in his report of 1862. Pollock and Chase were in favor of introducing the motto at once, but Congress gave the suggestion no attention whatever. In his next annual report Director Pollock again referred to the matter, this time in formal theological argument, saying: "The motto suggested, 'God our trust' is taken from our national hymn, 'The Star-Spangled Banner'; the sentiment is familiar to every citizen of our country; the time is propitious; 'tis an hour of national peril. Let us reverently acknowledge His sovereignty, and let our coinage declare our trust in God."
A 2-cent bronze piece was authorized by Congress to be coined the following year, and on April 22, 1864, the first United States coin was stamped with the legend, "In God We Trust."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Wm. Clegg.

A surgeon knows little about rail-roading, but he is right up on handling a break.—[Yonkers Statesman.]

MAN NOT SO BAD AFTER ALL.

Now, what does man want a woman to have? He don't want her to have petticoats; he don't want her to have corsets; he don't want her to have bustles; he don't want her to go without bustles; he don't want her to have false bangs, or rouge, and yet he wouldn't give up one of his rights to her to save her soul.

He nearly upset the Chilian question by objecting to lovely woman wearing four-in-hand scarfs, and it's only because she would have it that he has allowed her—he puts it that way—to wear a pique waistcoat to accompany her new cloth jacket. Man is an animal who is never thoroughly understood. He can be flattered into anything, and yet one word to the wrong and the game is lost.

He prefers to govern your women friends and is bitterly opposed to Miss Blank, until he has heard she has said something pleasant about him, and then he wonders you don't have her offener to dinner.

He is surprised that women spend so much money of her dress, yet he declines to show the bill for his last spring's overcoat.

He thinks that a woman's place is at home, and while he emphasizes this it doesn't apply to man.

He thinks man was made first, because he would then be able to set an example to women, and he did! and she had to walk out of Paradise, and her only consolation was that she could say: "I told you so." After all men are not so very bad, that is to say, they are not as bad as women.—
Bab's Letter.

GOUAUX'S Anti-Asthmatic Powder.
GOUAUX'S Anti-Asthmatic Mixture.
The mixture will relieve almost any cough by taking a few doses according to directions.

GOUAUX'S CELEBRATED PILE OINTMENT.
For the cure of Piles.
Directions: Apply on the piles 2 or 3 times a day, when there is much inflammation cold baths twice a day are indicated, also keep the bowels open by a Sedative Powder twice a week. Price \$1.

GOUAUX'S Anti-Periodic and Tonic.
For the sure cure of all malarial fevers, intermittent fever, or fever and ague, chill fever, remittent fever, and all the fevers arising from miasmatic sources.

GOUAUX'S French Ringworm Ointment and Solution—(For the cure of ringworm and diseases of the skin.)

WANTED—The names of all persons troubled with asthma or any cough. Samples and book will be mailed free.
F. GOUAUX, Houma, La.

These remedies are guaranteed to cure the diseases for which they are recommended for and nothing else; in case of non-success money will be refunded.
Kept by CERRAC BROTHERS,
Lafayette, La.

HOW SERPENTS MOVE.

King Solomon acknowledged that there were "three things which are too wonderful for me—yea, four, which I know not," and one of these was "the way of a serpent upon the rock." For hundreds of years after the time of Solomon the snake's mode of progression remained a mystery. Latter-day men of science have learned that his snakeship's ribs furnish him with a means of progression. So, instead of having a pair or two pairs of "feet" they really have from 150 to 200 pairs. Aristotle thought that serpents had as many ribs as there are days in a month, but had he examined a python, he would readily have detected his mistake, that species having 400. Snakes move in this way: Each vertebra supports a pair of ribs, which move like a pair of legs, the extremities being connected by a broad plate. The hind part of this plate is free, and when the ribs are moved forward that end is raised, so that it takes hold of the surface underneath, even though it be glass, the straightening of the reptile propelling it forward.

Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills.

Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach, and bowels through the nerves. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequalled for men, women, and children. Smallest, mildest, surest! Samples free at Wm. Clegg's drug store.

"If I were only in politics," mused the horse-car as he started up the hill, what a lot I could do with the pull I have!—[Baltimore American.]

Mr. F. GOUAUX, HOUMA, LA.
I hereby declare that the Anti-Asthmatic Remedies prepared by you have had a marvellous effect on the health of my son. After having in vain tried several remedies during two years, I have by the kindness of a friend (Mr. Mouloud) procured your Remedies and after one single trial, my son has been entirely cured.
With all my gratefulness, I remain,
Yours very truly,
EDOUARD BANOUSSE,
General Merchandise Store,
Plaquemine Brulé, P. O., Acadia, La.

ONE OF NATURE'S FREAKS.

Ezekiel Eads, who died in Greene County, New York, in the spring of 1885, was surely a fit subject for a dime museum, even though he never descended that level. Strictly speaking, Eads was in several respects a most remarkable creature. He was born without ears, not even having apertures where his ears should have been. His deformity, sad as it was, may be said to have been partially alleviated by the curious construction of the inner portion of his head, which enabled him to hear common conversation through his mouth. When addressed he would instantly open his mouth and readily give answers to the interrogations put to him in an ordinary tone of voice. But Ezekiel's lack of ears was not his only lack of distinction. He had a heavy crop of black hair spotted with white, the spot themselves being in the exact shape of human ears, feet, hands, etc. "When he was quite a small" baby it was noticed that his black hair was interspersed with oddly shaped spots of white, which, however, did not take on their distinctive shapes until after he had passed his fifteenth year.

When Mr. Eads died he left one son, aged 45, whose hair was as black as a coal, not a single gray hair being discernible, and another son, 13 years of age, whose hair was as gray as that of a man of 70.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at Wm. Clegg's Drug Store.

ANOTHER CURIOUS CLOCK.

A novel clock is now being exhibited by the Watchmakers' Union in London. It is of wood, beautifully carved, and stands six feet in height. The case is a perfect fort in miniature and instead of a bell and striking hammer the hours are announced by a bugler, who emerges from a door at one side of the fort and blows the call to assemble and march. Almost instantly doors open on all sides and a regiment of "automatic soldiers," six abreast, march out, wheel to the left, stop a few seconds to "mark time," and then march through another part of the fort, to the barracks. These marches and counter marches occur each hour. If they come out to announce the hour of 1 o'clock one soldier fires his tiny gun, at 2 o'clock two soldiers fire their peices, increasing with the hour until the twelve leaders fire their guns, the rear ranks bowing their heads and pointing with their bayonets towards the dial of the clock.

Remède Pour l'Asthme et la Toux.

Office de A. J. Hollander & Co.,
134 Canal street,
NEW ORLEANS, 13 novembre 1890.
Mr. F. GOUAUX, Permettez-moi de vous adresser ce témoignage et de vous exprimer combien j'apprécie votre remède pour l'Asthme, parce que certainement il a été pour moi d'un grand soulagement. J'avais vu trois ou quatre médecins de la ville, qui avaient déclaré ma maladie incurable, alors j'ai essayé votre médecine et je suis heureux de le dire, ce remède est le seul qui m'a soulagé. Avant de le prendre j'étais excessivement malade et ne pouvais dormir la nuit; maintenant je suis bien portant, permettez-moi de vous dire à vous et à tous ceux qui souffrent de l'asthme que votre remède est le seul qui jusqu'à présent ait pu me guérir.
S. B. HOLLANDER,
De la maison A. J. Hollander & Co.
Echantillons et livre envoyés gratis sur demande.
F. GOUAUX,
Houma, La.

A prominent lumberman of Galveston, Tex., has in contemplation, it is said, a unique project, nothing less than shipping a huge raft of logs from Galveston to London. He thinks there is less risk in shipping from St. John, N. B., to New York. The raft will be built in three sections, firmly lashed and spiked together. It will be composed of yellow pine for building purposes.

Woman is a greedy creature. She robbed man of a rib at the outset of her career and she has been after his heart ever since.—[Boston Transcript.]

Call for Paducah Club Whiskey for sale at John O. Mouton's.

"This is a regular sugar loaf," said the candy-store clerk when business was dull.—[Washington Star.]

RICE.

New York Shipping and Commercial List.
A good movement prevails in Domestic sorts both here and at all Southern points. The market may now be said to have passed from the experimental over to a settled condition. With the incoming of the new crop buyers held off, waiting opportunities for bargains. They generally get their reward, for stocks increase, prices strike a sliding scale downward and a considerable shrinkage of value occurs. This year has been an exception; planters seem to have acquainted themselves with the exact situation, and to have ascertained normal worth of their product, the result being that goods have been placed on the market at same price as Foreign, but concessions refused, and trade told in so many words, they could "take or leave." Foreign styles are moving with fair freedom, and under influence of hardening values abroad prices are most firmly maintained. A fact which some might think was directly connected with rice is really of the most intimate interest and likely to radically influence the course of the market before or by the opening of the new year, i. e., the short crop of grains and potatoes in many countries of Europe, and in which rice will be used as a substitute to a greater or less extent.

A complete line of School Books, Stationery and Slates at the Moss PHARMACY.

"About eight years ago," said Auditor Joseph Brown to the St. Louis Chronicle. "I was in London, Eng. One day I bought a stall to see Fatti at the Royal. A stall corresponds to our boxes. When the evening came I took the ladies around and walked in at the door. But I did not get far. 'You cannot come in here,' said the doorkeeper. 'Why not?' I asked in surprise; here are my seat tickets." "Well, you cannot enter," he replied, decisively; "your coat is a frock, and nothing but dress suits are allowed." I expostulated. "I told him that my hotel was a long way off and that the ladies would be greatly disappointed. I was an American and did not know the rule of the theatre. Finally he told me to go into the dressing room, where the attendants might perhaps be able to fix me out all right. I went, expecting to pay two or three crowns for the loan of a coat. The fellow looked at me a second, whipped a pin from his lapel, and pinned my coat tails back, and I found myself in evening dress. I gave the man half a crown."

Ready Mixed Paints, Wall Paper and Window Glass at the Moss PHARMACY.

WHY CANADIANS ARE HEATY.
[From the Detroit Free Press.]
He was a Chicago traveling man going over into Canada on business, accompanied only by a valise of ordinary proportions.
"Got any spirits or tobacco in there?" inquired the Canadian customs official, pointing at the grip.
"Only enough for my own use," answered the drummer.
"Um—let me see," requested the official, doubtfully, and the valise was opened.
Half a box of cigars was found and passed; then the official struck a quart bottle with a label on it.
"Chicago whisky?" he said, questionably.
"Yep," responded the drummer with native pride.
"Well, I'll have to charge you \$18.75 for that," he said.
"Eighteen dollars and seventy five cents?" gasped the drummer. "You can keep the darned stuff."
"But I don't want it."
"Neither do I. What the—do you mean by making a charge like this?" and the drummer was mad.
"Don't get mad about it! don't get mad!" soothed the official. "I've got to do it. I'm here to protect the health of the Dominion, as well as to collect customs, and no Chicago whisky gets into any Canadian stomach if I can prevent it. I tell you. Whack up the \$18.75 for doctor bills, or chuck the bottle into the river."
It was chucked.

Everything kept in a first class Drug Store can be had at the Moss PHARMACY.

SIZE OF THE UNITED STATES SOLDIERS.

Statistics gathered by the United States Government in the latter part of 1890 show that the enlisted soldiers of the United States army vary in height from a maximum of 4 feet 9 inches to a maximum of 6 feet 4 1/2 inches. The giant of the army is serving in the Department of Arizona, and the dwarf in the Department of the Missouri. In weight the range is even greater than it is in height, the minimum being 96 pounds and the maximum 280; the average throughout the army being 152 1/2, and the average height being 5 feet 7 inches. The youngest soldier enlisted is 16 years of age; the oldest 66, the average about 30 years.

During the war with Mexico General Taylor's command boasted a soldier of 7 feet 1 1/2 inches in height, and one of 74 years of age.