

The Meschabe

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

RESERVE : : : LOUISIANA.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

Enormous Stay-at-Home Vote.
It is estimated that 6,500,000 voters remained away from the polls at the recent election. The stay-at-homes ranged from two per cent. in Indiana to 81 per cent. in South Carolina and Mississippi.

Italy Contributed One-Fourth.
Of the total number of immigrants entering the United States within the past year Italy contributed nearly one-fourth. Perhaps it is this circumstance that has given the present winter its Italian aspect.

Height at Which Ducks Fly.
By means of large kites with cross-wires a New Jersey man has measured the altitude at which ducks fly. After many observations he has fixed the average height at 1,500 feet, and the speed at 47 1/2 miles an hour.

To Cross Atlantic in Four Days.
An ocean deersound is being built to cross the Atlantic in four days. It will soon be that a passenger can make the trip in such a short time that he will be able to retain something of the farewell banquet with which he started.

Monument to Edwin M. Stanton.
An attempt is being made to revive the project of a monument to Edwin M. Stanton, secretary of war in President Lincoln's cabinet, at his native town, Stubeville, O. A monument was suggested at the time of Stanton's death, but failed through lack of sufficient money to carry it out.

A New Political Club.
Grover Cleveland, David B. Hill, Daniel S. Lamont, William F. Sheehan, William C. Whitney, Jacob A. Cantor and other democrats are, it is announced, to become members of the Samuel J. Tilden club that was organized in New York city. The club will seek to exercise a national influence.

The End Not in Sight.
England's South African war is one very important piece of work which the nineteenth century pushed off on the twentieth. A few months ago the indications pointed to the end of the conflict long before the holidays, but not many prophets are now rash enough to predict that it will be ended before the close of 1901.

Federal Expenditures Per Capita.
In 1791 the per capita expenditure by the federal government was 49 cents. It has gradually risen until in 1900 it was \$6.39. In 1850 the per capita expenditure was \$1.60. In that year the private wealth of the nation was \$7,135,780,228 and its products were worth \$1,029,105,798. In 1900 the nation's wealth had increased to \$94,000,000,000 and its products to \$18,232,570,939.

Growth of the United Kingdom.
The United States is not the only nation that has made a great record for expansion and development during the last hundred years. The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland has also grown and progressed in a remarkable degree. Other countries have made records, also, but not to compare with those of the two great English-speaking nations. On January 1, 1801, the United Kingdom came into existence.

Holds Record as Office-Holder.
In spite of the rival claims of Ohio it is asserted that New Jersey can truthfully boast the possession of the champion office-holder of the country in point of service. His name is Thomas H. Hughes, and for 47 consecutive years he has served as clerk of his school district. In addition to his political record Mr. Hughes has just been elected for his forty-fifth consecutive term as secretary of the West Cape May Presbyterian Sunday school.

South Carolina's Farm Labor Law.
The existing South Carolina law as to contracts for farm labor contains provisions which resemble somewhat the English labor legislation of a bygone day. If a farmhand obligates himself to do a certain work for a certain time he cannot break the contract unless he is prepared to go to jail. It is provided also that if any one shall knowingly employ a laborer in any kind of work or service who is under contract with another he shall be liable to fine and imprisonment.

Duke Henry Should Be Content.
Duke Henry, who left Holland in disgust at his treatment by the Dutch states general, should put a curb on his bad temper. He is chagrined because the grant of \$80,000 a year for his personal support was not passed without a dissenting voice and because he was refused the title of prince consort. Duke Henry should be thankful that the grant was passed at all. On the whole Duke Henry is one of the luckiest young men alive. He is to marry the most charming and beautiful of girl queens.

What Becomes of the Pennies?
There were coined last year at the United States mint 68,435,700 bronze cents. The number was almost large enough to supply every inhabitant with one of these useful coins. The mints turned out more cents last year than ever before, but they have not been in circulation in preceding years. The cents which are in circulation seldom are much worn. They disappear somehow before they have had time to get rubbed smooth as nickels and silver coins do. What becomes of the cents is a great mystery.

THROUGHOUT LOUISIANA.

Frank Brown in New Orleans.

Frank M. Brown, who wrecked the National Bank of Newport, and for whom the detectives of the entire country have been searching for many weeks, is in New Orleans. The report that he was in the Crescent City, en route to England, was circulated. The wife of Elmer Smith, whose name was associated with that of Brown by the Cincinnati papers after the defaulter's disappearance, admitted that Brown spoke to her at the local race track last Tuesday afternoon. He came to the track after the first race, and as he entered the gate was recognized by a man who had known him in Cincinnati. The acquaintance shook hands with Brown and asked the defaulter if he was not afraid of recognition. Brown nervously said he had shaved off his moustache. Then he walked to the grand stand, won a bet an Emigre, had a short talk with Mrs. Marian Smith and left, saying he was going to California. Since that time nothing has been heard of him. The New Orleans police woke up and began scouring the town for Brown, but unsuccessfully. It is believed he is still in hiding there.

Heavy Damage Inflicted.

From telegraphic advices received from various points in Louisiana and Mississippi, considerable damage has been inflicted by the incessant rains which have fallen for the past few days. Railroad schedules have been badly deranged. The Gulf & Ship Island was forced to take off its two night trains from Jackson to Gulfport on account of washouts which made the track dangerous, and trains on all the lines running into New Orleans were late. In many sections the rainfall was extraordinarily heavy. Several points in central Mississippi report a precipitation of between seven and eight inches.

Gayarre's Birthday.

The anniversary of the birth of Charles Gayarre, the eminent Louisiana historian, was celebrated by the pupils of the Gayarre school right prettily, having, indeed, no elaborate programme, but giving in the individual departments short recitations and listening to interesting talks on the day commemorated, from their teachers. Flowers were sent to Mr. Gayarre's grave in the old St. Louis cemetery by the school and also by several kind friends in New Orleans, who can not forget his memory.

Maj. Nat. Burbank Dead.

Maj. Nat. Burbank, of the New Orleans Picayune, widely known as a dramatic critic and as the author of the humorous column of that paper, died suddenly in a street car in that city. Maj. Burbank came to New Orleans with the United States army during the civil war, and had been associated with the Picayune for many years.

Meeting of Stockholders.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the First national bank of Baton Rouge, the following directors were elected: D. M. Raymond, R. A. Hart, Wm. Garig, A. Rosenfeld, W. C. Whitaker, J. E. Bloin and S. L. Raymond. The board also re-elected the following: D. M. Raymond, president; R. A. Hart, vice-president; Oscar Kondert, cashier.

End of the Rolling Season.

The rolling season is over in the vicinity of Whitecastle. The Ibberville Planting Co.'s "Cora" factory concluding labors after a successful run of about 50 days, having ground 20,200 tons of cane produced on the Cora and Amandale plantations of this company, yielding about 2,800,000 pounds.

Calcasieu Bank Directors.

The Calcasieu national bank of St. Charles has elected the following board of directors: W. M. Perkins, S. F. Henry, H. C. Drew, Frank Roberts, M. J. Rostock, George Horridge, Arad Thompson and Lewis S. Clark. This is the same board as last year, except H. H. Eddy, deceased.

A Missing Express Messenger.

Express Messenger J. E. Woods, of the Wells-Fargo Express Co. at Shreveport, has disappeared with funds and valuables of the express company, the exact amount of which can not be learned. It is said to be \$3,000. Nothing has been heard of his whereabouts.

Crushed to Death.

Christian Knudson, who was for a long time connected with the Morgan Steamship Co., serving as the quartermaster of the Morgan, in the past year or so, was crushed to death at New Orleans by a freight car.

Now at Home.

Mr. G. G. Bader, manager of the Lake Charles rice mill, and wife, who have been sick in New York, have sufficiently recovered from their recent illness to be able to leave New York and return to their home.

Should Be Arrive.

The sheriff of Fairmount, Neb., who requested the officials to arrest and hold Eugene Smith, who was working at Vinton, Calcasieu parish, has failed to arrive and Smith has been released.

Elected Keeper of Poor Farm.

Mr. Amileas Dupuy has been elected keeper of the Piquemine poor farm, in the place of Mr. C. E. Bookah, who has moved to Teche.

State Cattleman.

Nearly all the rice land in the vicinity of Goudeau has been taken up. The acreage of the coming season is estimated at \$500,000.

Resisted to Death.

Fred White, a negro, who came to New Orleans a few days ago, suffering from a gunshot wound in the body, died at the hospital.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS.

Senate and House Devote Many Hours Each Day to the Army and Reapportionment Measures.

In the senate on the 7th the debate on the army bill was continued and Senator Lodge (Mass.) made a speech in its favor and depicted a brilliant future for the commerce of the United States. The proposition for the establishment of a veterinary corps in the army was eliminated from the bill. Senator Harris (Kan.) introduced a bill amending the civil service laws so that preference will be given to civil war veterans in appointments, retention and promotion. provided they possess business capacity necessary for the proper discharge of the duties of the officers or employment. The house debated the reapportionment bill, speeches being made by Messrs. Crumpacker (Ind.), Hepburn (Ia.) and Grow (Pa.). Mr. Lovering (Mass.) introduced a bill to make the currency responsive to the varying needs of business and in all sections and Mr. Kahn (Cal.) a bill continuing in force for 20 years after May 5, 1902, all laws prohibiting and regulating the coming of Chinese persons and persons of Chinese descent into the United States.

During the session of the senate on the 8th the question of the army canteen came up in the debate on the army reorganization bill, the senate committee having restored the provision for a post exchange or canteen which the house had stricken out. It was discussed pro and con for nearly five hours, but was not decided. By a vote of 155 to 102 the house accepted the reapportionment plan proposed by the Burleigh bill, which increases the membership of the house during the next decade from 357, the present membership, and the membership proposed by the committee in the Hopkins bill, to 386. Under the bill Missouri gains one representative. Mr. Overstreet (Ind.) introduced a bill to maintain the parity of the money of the United States. The committee on war claims reported an omnibus bill, embodying the findings of the court of claims.

Most of the time in the senate on the 9th was taken up in discussing the senate committee's amendment to the army bill which provided for the continuance of the canteen. Finally the question was disposed of by the amendment being laid on the table by a vote of 34 to 15. The effect of the vote is to restore to the bill the house provision abolishing any kind of intoxicants are concerned. The house considered the river and harbor bill, but little progress was made on the measure. The house committee on banking and currency reported favorably the Reigels bill to extend the charters of national banks.

Considerable progress was made by the senate on the 10th with the army reorganization bill, but the proceedings were characterized by several sharp colloquies, some of which were of a decided personal nature. An appeal was presented by Senator Teller (Col.) from more than 2,000 persons in Manila urging the United States government to cease its operations against the Filipinos. The appeal was sensational in its statements and so unusual in form that Senator Hawley (Conn.) made a vigorous objection to its publication as a document and declared that it was a treasonable denunciation of the government and an attack upon our soldiers. A resolution expressing sorrow at the death of Congressman Clarke (N. H.) was afterwards passed and the senate then adjourned out of respect. The general debate on the river and harbor bill continued in the house till four o'clock. The death of Representative Clarke (N. H.) was announced and the house adjourned out of respect to his memory.

In the senate on the 11th a vigorous attack was made upon that portion of the army reorganization bill which conferred upon the president discretionary power to increase the strength of the army to the maximum limit fixed by the bill. Senator Bacon (Ga.) began the attack and Senator Platt (Conn.) maintained that discretionary power ought to be conferred upon the president and expressed astonishment that anybody should entertain a fear that the power ever would be abused. An amendment opening the way to the appointment of volunteer officers to grades as high as captain in the regular army was adopted. The house reorganization bill was then called up and passed without debate. The bill now goes to the president for his signature. The house passed a private pension bill for the most important case, increasing the pension of Gen. Amicus V. Rice from \$35 to \$100. Mr. Lord (Cal.) reported a bill to revise and codify the postal laws.

WANT SELF-GOVERNMENT.

Business Men in the Philippines Not in Rebellion Send a Long Petition to Congress.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Rafael del Pan Fontela, president of the bar association of Manila, is in Washington to present a petition from Filipinos not in insurrection. There are 2,000 signatures on the petition. They ask that the Filipinos may have political self-government and say if this is granted the insurgents will at once surrender and recognize the sovereignty of the United States. The signers also say they believe the insurgents will never surrender, and that there will never be peace unless some such agreement or intimation is made by congress regarding the future government of the islands.

Cuban Expenses for a Month.

Havana, Jan. 12.—The monthly statement of the island expenses for December totals \$1,614,607. The total is somewhat higher than usual owing to the special purchase of cattle. The general average is about \$1,400,000. A balance of about \$1,500,000 is kept in the treasury.

Liquor a Legitimate Article of Commerce.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 12.—Judge A. R. Dewey, of the district court, in a decision just filed, holds that liquor is a legitimate article of commerce under supreme court decisions, and refuses to grant an injunction against the Adams Express company to restrain it from carrying liquor.

Killed Himself Because She Was Blind.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—Margaret Donovan, 20 years old, drank carbolic acid and died at the home of her aunt here. Her eyesight had been failing for two years and the physicians told her there was no hope for her ever seeing again.

Mill on Wheeling Flats submerged.

Catlettsburg, Ky., Jan. 12.—Pigeon river is 14 feet above low water and is rising at the rate of a foot an hour. Fully 25 miles on either side of the river is given up to wheat fields and these are submerged.

HELPS FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.

A Budget of Domestic Suggestions Which May Be of Service to the Beginner.

Young rabbits can be readily told because they skin easily, and their jaws crack quite freely under pressure betwixt finger and thumb.

If the point or end of the breast bone next the vent of any fowl, game bird, etc., bends easily to pressure, you can safely say the bird is young. If the bird be broken or doctored, then nip the flesh across butt of wings or neck, between finger and thumb, when the fingers will sink into the flesh of the bird if it is young.

A delicious salad may be made of the turkey meat. Cut the meat into dice and mix it with an equal quantity of celery. Season with salt, paprika, onion juice and capers, and serve on lettuce leaves with a mayonnaise dressing, to which some whipped cream has been added. Both white and dark meat may be used, and if the supply is small, very tender veal will not detract from the flavor, says the Boston Budget.

To make an oyster rarebit put in a saucepan one-half pound of full cream American cheese, cut into small pieces. Add to it from one-quarter to one-half cupful of oyster juice, with the soft part of the oysters, and one-half tablespoonful of butter. Stir until the mixture is creamy and pour over hot toast.

For a peach and pear salad, fresh ripe fruit should be used. Peel the peaches and cut them into slices. Pare and quarter the peaches. Put them in layers into a glass dish, with sweetened whipped cream between each.

Cheese sticks to serve with a salad or with a meat jelly may be made quickly from bread. Trim off the crust and cut into finger length pieces an inch and a half thick. Toast over the fire and sprinkle with Parmesan cheese.

There is no domestic remedy that so promptly cuts short congestion of the lungs, sore throat or rheumatism as will hot water when applied promptly and thoroughly.

Real comfort for room wear is to be found in the soft fur slippers, wool lined. They can't be called really beautiful, except for the beauty of the fur, but they have charms of their own. They are to be found in all kinds of the shorter napped furs, sealskin, otter and in the tiger skin the slippers are more shapely. There is nothing like the fur slippers for warmth.

The ivory handles of your knives and piano keys will preserve their creamy tone if wiped off twice a week with a cloth dampened with alcohol.

In spite of all the remedies offered for driving away ants from the house, the only sure way seems to be to catch and kill them. Set in the closets plates coated thick with soft lard, with little sticks leaning against them for the ants to climb. When filled drop into a pan of boiling water, and then set the plate as before.

Soft leather gloves may be washed in the following manner: Make a strong suds of any good white soap, and to two quarts of suds add one teaspoonful of borax dissolved in half a pint of hot water. When the mixture is cold, put the gloves on the hands and wash as if washing the hands. Rinse, draw them off and hang to dry, but not in the sun. Work gently, as the wet leather stretches. When nearly dry pull into shape.

If, when you wash your bric-a-brac, you will use a camel's hair brush for the interstices, and warm water and castile soap, they will emerge from their bath as fresh as new.

Let nothing about your house get slushed. Things kept in perfect order not only look better but last longer than things half cared for. She is no true housekeeper who keeps the front of the house in order and allows the kitchen and offices to be "slicked."

Most people who try to neighbor with you want it all their own way.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

The average girl thinks that getting a letter with a sealing wax stamp and an initial on it, is next to getting a letter bearing a coat-of-arms.—Atchison Globe.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.



MISS FRANCES M. ANDERSON, daughter of HON. JUDGE ANDERSON, of Virginia, is at present in Washington, D. C., as Corresponding Secretary of the Higher Educational League, of that city. Cured of la grippe by Peruna.

MISS FRANCES M. ANDERSON, Corresponding Secretary of the Higher Educational League, writes from the "Astoria," Washington, D. C., the following:

"About two months ago I was taken very ill with la grippe and was obliged to go to bed. I took three bottles of Peruna with very beneficial results, and was able to leave my bed in a week and regained my usual strength very soon. I have nothing but praise for Peruna and recommend it to those similarly afflicted whenever I can."—Frances M. Anderson.

La grippe is, strictly speaking, epidemic catarrh—that is to say, a variety of acute catarrh which is so contagious and runs a course more or less definite, the same as scarlet fever, whooping cough, etc.

During the acute stages of la grippe it is not a very fatal disease, but the condition in which it leaves the system has caused the death of a countless number.

Indeed nearly every person who has had la grippe within the last three years finds himself more or less deranged by the pernicious effects of this disease. The majority of those who have escaped death find life scarcely worth living.

If this vast multitude of people could only know with what certainty Peruna would relieve them of all the bad effects which la grippe has brought upon them, what an untold amount of suffering could be averted! Thousands have already heard how quickly this remedy will cure in these cases and have been saved; but tens of thousands have

not yet heard, and continue to suffer on, dropping into the grave one by one.

Peruna cures catarrh in all stages and varieties, whether acute or chronic, and is therefore the most effective remedy ever devised for removing all the derangements which follow la grippe.

Samuel M. York writes from Union Grove, Ala., the following letter:

"Dear Sir:—Last week I was taken with la grippe and catarrhal deafness. I wrote you for advice and followed your directions. After taking two bottles of Peruna I found myself well of la grippe, and my hearing was fully restored. My health is better than it has been in five years. My wife improved in health very much after taking Peruna."—Samuel M. York.

Miss Caroline J. Kahl, Otsego, Ind., writes as follows:

"Three years I had la grippe and pulmonary trouble. I was very sick. I had hemorrhages of the lungs nearly every day for a year, and three bottles of your Peruna cured me. The doctor said I had consumption. I am now in better health than I have been for many years.

"I highly recommend Peruna to all my neighbors and friends. Peruna is my favorite medicine. I shall always have Peruna in the house."—Miss Caroline J. Kahl.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures Hacking Coughs, Sore Throats, Grippe, Pneumonia and Bronchitis in a few days. Why then risk Consumption? Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Don't be imposed upon. Refuse the dealer's substitute. It is not as good as Dr. Bull's. Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism and all Pains. Price, 15 and 25 cents.

Winchester

FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

"Now Rival," "Leader," and "Repeater"

Insist upon having them, take no others and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

If you desire to be contented don't appreciate favors by comparison.—Atchison Globe.

A fire engine is merely a water pitcher.—Chicago Daily News.

For 14 Cents

We mail the following list and certificate:

10¢ Blue Head Tonic Syrup, 10¢

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