THE LOUISIANA

COTTON-BOLL.

J. Y. GILMORE, Editor and Proprietor.

Office, Washington St., near W. Bendel's.

VERMILIONVILLE APRIL 2, 1873.

JOB PRINTING.

Of every description, including Cards, Bill Heads, Receipts, Funeral Notices, Posters, Lawyers' Briefs, etc., promptly and neatly printed, in either French or English, when orders are left at the office or given to our Agents. Terms reasonable.

Our Agents.

Mr. HARRISON ROGERS is our Traveling Agent, and he is duly authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions to both the COTTON-BOLL and the SUGAR-BOWL.

Agent in New Orleans—Mr. THOMAS McINTYRE, No. 12 Commercial Place.

OFF FOR ST. LANDRY.—Our traveling agent, Mr. Harrison Rogers, last week started for the parish of St. Landry, which he will thoroughly canvass for subscribers to the *Cotton Boll*. Mr. Rogers was for a time sheriff of that parish, and is universally known and respected by all the old citizens. He has just completed a canvass of the parishes of Lafayette and Vermilion, and procured hundreds of subscribers. We are sure he will meet with equal success in St. Landry, for we shall regularly hereafter publish a complete synopsis of all sheriff and succession sales in the parish of St. Landry, as well as of Lafayette and Vermilion. We will furnish our readers a *live* paper, and always work for the public good.

☞ Read this line!

☞ The Governor of Mississippi has signed the temperance bill, and it is now the law of the State.

☞ Brick Pomeroy's fortune has dwindled down to $20 000. Five years ago he was worth $300.000.

☞ It is claimed that tin ore has been discovered at Stendal, Pike county, Indiana.

☞ A Michigan barkeeper is called on to pay for a horse stolen by an inebriated Indian to whom he had sold liquor.

☞ Twelve thousand dollars is the neat sum that Henry Ward Beecher netted from his lecturing tour through the west.

☞ A Connecticut paper solemnly asserts that a man fractured the ceiling just above a chair in which there had been placed a hot poker.

☞ One of the traveling circus companies reports that it paid $120 000 for licenses and $435.000 to hotels and livery stables last season.

☞ On the first day of May 1600 revenue assessors and their assistants will have finished their career as Government officials.

☞ An epidemic of measles is now spreading through the Northwestern States, claiming an unusual number of victims.

☞ An Indian undertaker has commenced suit against a customer who unexpectedly recovered after making arrangements for his funeral.

☞ Illinois horticulturists are reported to be cutting down their peach orchards which have been killed by the severe winter, to make room for other crops.

☞ The Michigan Legislature has authorized Detroit to expend $300.000 in a park, boulevard, or both, on the lake shore, in the section known as Hamtramck.

☞ Twenty-five thousand dollars have been subscribed in Barcour county Georgia, for the building of a cotton factory, which will be begun forthwith.

☞ A bill is pending in the Alabama Legislature exempting widows from taxation unless they are worth more than $10,000.

☞ A Titusville father, who sold his oil before hard times struck the region, and who has a quartette of beautiful daughters, has worn out the toes of four pairs of boots this winter, helping young men down the icy steps of his residence, who have called to chat with the girls.

☞ In a late number of the *New Orleans Times* we find the following complimentary notice, and reproduce it for the purpose of convincing some of our citizens that the *Cotton Boll*, with the series of articles which we have been publishing from week to week, about our climate, soil, etc., is attracting the attention of men of capital and influence:

"The *Cotton-Boll* is now giving a series of well prepared articles setting forth the advantages of that section. We cordially commend them to all who are interested in the question.

There is no doubt that the Vermilion country is one of the most fruitful and healthy in the world, and it has only needed the advocate it now possesses in the *Cotton-Boll* to bring the matter fairly before the world."

☞ The Donaldsonville *Chief* says that a new set of men have taken hold of the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad and will renew the suspended work of construction in a week or ten days and push the road through to Texas within the extension of a year's time accorded by the general assembly at its recent session. The creditors who placed the road and rolling stock that are above Bayou Lafourche under seizure have been satisfied, and the deputy United States Marshal, who was guarding the seized property, has, we are informed, relinquished possession and departed whence he came. Orders have been received by the contractor who is building this section of the railroad, to lay track over the new bridge and prepare that structure for immediate use. This important work will probably be commenced Monday next, and as soon as it is finished we may look for the rapid extension of our great iron thoroughfare toward the Texas border.

☞ A shark eleven feet in length was recently presented to the Dundee Museum. On being opened for the purpose of stuffing, it was found to contain the remains of a variety of fish, a woman's bonnet, and a soda water bottle, containing some interesting intelligence in a lady's handwriting.

POPULATION OF ATTAKAPAS.

The five parishes which comprise the Attakapas section contain a population of 47,188 inhabitants, as follows:

St. Mary	13,860
Iberia	9,042
St. Martin	9,370
Vermilion	4,598
Lafayette	10,328
Total	47,188
St. Landry has	25,546
inhabitants, making a total of	72,734

people in the Attakapas and Opelousas section, which is the very garden spot of the world. Of this number, 35,872 are whites, and 36,862 are blacks, divided as follows: St. Mary, 4,202 whites, 9,658 blacks; Iberia, 4,530 whites, 4,512 blacks; St. Martin, 4,282 whites, 5,088 blacks; Vermilion, 3,480 whites, 1,048 blacks; Lafayette, 5,629 whites, 4,759 blacks; St. Landry, 13,779 whites, 12,767 blacks. Thus it will be seen that only in St. Mary parish is there a majority of colored people.

THE FIRST SETTLERS.

This country was first settled by Spaniards, when Louisiana was a Spanish colony, and the population was largely added to, subsequently, by the immigration here of Frenchmen, and their descendants, from Acadia, or New Brunswick, while Louisiana was under the dominion of France.

INDUSTRIAL HABITS.

Many of these people were exceedingly thrifty, and large fortunes were accumulated by some of the most prudent; but nature was so bountiful that it obviated the necessity of great exertion to make a livelihood, and the children of these hardy and enterprising pioneers did not equal their fathers in either thrift or industry, and hence the country has not improved as rapidly as it would have done under less favorable circumstances, in a more severe climate.

PREPONDERANCE OF CREOLES.

Fully three-fourths of the white population of the Attakapas and Opelousas country, to-day, are descended directly from these original Spanish and French pioneers. Notwithstanding the fact that our section has always received a fair proportion of the immigration to Louisiana of people from other States and nationalities, yet the rapid natural increase of the Creole population has always kept them in the ascendancy, numerically.

LABOR NOT RESPECTED.

During the period when slave labor was principally employed throughout the State, free labor was not properly respected; and as the large bulk of the Creole population were unable to purchase slaves, they depended more upon stock-raising for a support than upon their own labor, which too many did not consider becoming a white man.

A WONDERFUL CHANGE.

Since the war, a wonderful change has taken place, in that respect. White men ⅛ who labor in the field being everywhere respected, the Creole population have shown themselves possessed of an energy which few believed them possessed of, and without any considerable immigration to our section, the country is being rapidly developed and brought under cultivation by them. In our cotton districts, the colored people also work well, and produce a large amount of that staple.

THE WEALTH OF THE LAND.

In other States, when young men reach majority, they seek new homes in other lands. In Louisiana it is not so. The Creole young men generally choose wives from those of their class, purchase a piece of land in the neighborhood or improve portions of the old homesteads which have been given them by their fathers, and in that way the population of our country is rapidly increasing. Thus are retained the young men, the real wealth of the land.

RAPID GROWTH.

To illustrate the rapidity of the growth of our section, from this natural increase, we will mention that when, seven years ago, we first visited the portion of our parish known as the Côte Gelée prairie, the population were few and far between: but to-day it is thickly dotted with the residences of thrifty farmers, whose homes are made happy by the smiles of frugal and industrious wives and the merry laugh of their healthy children, the pride of our country. In the heart of this prairie, where then was but a single store, now stands the town of Royville, with numerous stores, work-shops, residences, church, etc., etc., and a large business is done with the farmers of the surrounding country.

THE IMPORTANT FACT

That our population is thus rapidly increasing, even without immigration from abroad, is not generally taken into account. Not only do we retain nearly all our young men here, but they usually marry early, and the country is so remarkably healthy that they are almost invariably blessed with a numerous progeny. In fact, from an extensive observation over a large portion of the United States, we are able to positively state that no other portion of America averages such a large number of children to the family as are to be found here.

Thus it will be seen that our country is prospering even without immigration; and now, that the building of railroads through our section are about to attract a flood of enterprising people, in search of new homes in this great country, we have an immediate future before us greater than most of us anticipate.

NO REASON FOR DESPONDENCY.

When we properly consider the actual situation of Western Louisiana, with all its advantages, and its adaptability to the cultivation of a great variety of crops, we have no good reason for despondency, as some imagine, on account of the unsettled political condition of our State. The farmer should not be a politician, any more than the country editor, who has the good of his section at heart, and if we all but exert proper energies in our various vocations, five years will not pass over our heads without our witnessing such improvements and general prosperity that we will be more proud than ever of our country, and very thankful that we live in this day and generation.

LIST OF PATENTS

On file in the United States Consolidated Land Office at New Orleans, La., for lands entered in the Southwestern Land District of Louisiana.

NAME.	NAME.
C	C
Samuel Caruthers	Meshack M Carnal
Austin Clifton	James Collins and
Anthony Cockran	Jacob Anderson
John Cockran	Hugh Carlin
Anthony Cockran	Hiram Carlin
Elizabeth Cockran	Ursin Carlin
Edw & John Conner	John Carlisle
do do do	Simeon Convillion
John Cole	Reuben Carnal
William Collins	do do
do do	do do
L & C Collins	David M Callihan and
J Bpte Cormier	Thos O Moore
Lucien Cormier	Joel Callahan and
Onezens Cormier	Wm H Steward
Celestin Cormier fils de Louis	John Callaghan do do
Celestin Cormier	Daniel do
do do	do do
Josiah Chambers	Gibson Clark jr
Sarah Ann Chambers and heirs of W W Chambers	John Clark do do
	Minerva M Calvit
Josiah Chambers	do do
do do jr	Louis Chaisson
Cyprien Coviliion	do do jr
Pierre Coviliion	do do
do do	Jean Bpte Chaisson
Elphege P Coviliion	do do
Pierre Coviliion	Jean Bpte & Gerard Chaisson
do do	Thogene Chaisson
do do	William F Cheney
Evariste do	do do
St Ville do	do do
Antoine Como	do do
Adelad Moulton widow of Baptiste Comeau	Thomas G do
	Alfred B do
	do do
Julien Comeau	Hampton J Cheney
Azolie do	do do
Pierre do	David do
do do	do do
do do	do do
Hypolite do	David Caruthers
Carmelite do	Samuel Caruthers
Richard Cherrington	Louis Checkman
Celestine Comeau	Adolphe Chaselain
Octave Cormier *et alis*	Valerie Chatelin
Jean Constantine	Sarah Ann Cayo
do do	Joseph G Canada
Pierre Constantine	John Coapmas
Francois Bosque	Jaques Chariot
Wm H Coleman	Pierre & Ant Colby
do do	Wm D Campbell
Ralph Cushman	Wm L Cason
Robert A Crain	Joseph Chenier and
Elijah Crowson	Sylvester Sandier
Dominique Coco and Leon Gautier	William Chiffelin
	Joseph Cappel
Dominique Coco and Celestine Lacour	Benjamin Capel
	Manuel Castille
Etienne Celeau	Zenon Carriere and Hyp Miller
do do	
Marius Coriel	Michael Corriere
John Cummings	Louis Corrier
Shadrach Cummings	do do
Zacharia Canfield	James Campbell
Louis Chandet	Jaques Chaulot
Francois Carmouche	do do
John Bte Canal	do do jr
John Chavis jr	do do jr
Beauregarde Chachere and others	William Calhoon do do
Eleonore Chachere	Louis de Castras
Marie J Castel	Samuel Cart and
Pierre Charon	H Bertrand
Antoine Chaisier	Louis Cheneverd
Pierre Caurin	Sylvert Chenvert
Adam Carrol	Hypolite Chrelen
	François D Cherdien

Sheriff and Succession Sales.

ST. LANDRY PARISH.

On May 3, 1873, Sheriff Huys will sell at the Court House, in Opelousas, all the rights, titles and interests of F. C. Devilliers in the estate of A. Nézat, consisting of the following property: A plantation on Bayou Teche, containing seven acres front by 22 deep 1 cart, harness, buggy, mare, 2 heifers, 5 milch cows and calves, branding iron, 2 sows and pigs, household furniture, a note of $150. Terms—cash.

Also on same day the following tracts of land, situated in the parish of St Landry and in township 4, south or range 5 east, comprising the north east quarter of section 27, 159 acres; the north half of section 26, 300 acres; the south east quarter of section 27, 159 acres; the north quarter of section 34, 160 acres; the west half of the south east quarter of section 34, 80 abres; and the north half of the south eighth of section 34, 40 acres, with all the buildings and improvements thereon. Terms—Cash.

Coulée Croche Settlement.—In canvassing the parish of St. Landry, our agent says: "We cannot pass by the Coulée Croche settlement without noticing the great changes, taken place within the past few years. The land in that vicinity, and contiguous thereto, is high, undulating, rich, productive and truly inviting to the eye of all strangers seeking new homes in that favored locality. We were pleased in meeting with six or eight intelligent American families, from Mississippi, who were highly elated with our soil and climate; and who, it is hoped, will induce their absent friends to come and settle in this promising neighborhood, as there are many old settlers ready to sell a *portion* of their land on reasonable terms; besides there can be found plenty of unclaimed lands, near the railroad. The large quantity of Government land, recently forfeited by the Opelousas and Great Western Railroad, affords each family the facility of obtaining one hundred and sixty acres of land, and we have no hesitancy in saying that many will avail themselves of this rare opportunity of securing permanent homes for their families. Let practical observation be your guide, and your prejudices will evaporate like dew before the sun, when you look upon the advantages to be derived in the acquisition of these lands, offered you by the Government.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Taxes!—To-day we publish a notice to tax payers, which should be read by all interested in that direction.

Whitewashing—Mr. J. B. Winters, on Lafayette street, has added much to the appearance of his building by a fresh coat of whitewash. We hope to see others follow this example, soon.

Mosquitos.—Yes, "they are coming; they are coming; we hear their gentle voice"—but we do not welcome them. From present appearances, we shall soon draw the bar, and deprive these friendly insects of their nightly feasts.

Enlarging.—We notice that Mr. F. C. Latiolais, our gentlemanly and accomplished druggist, is preparing to enlarge his store. Mr. Latiolais is a liberal advertiser, and we are glad to learn that his increasing business demands a larger house.

Perpetual — These colored women, who meet every afternoon on Washington street, and give each other a tongue thrashing, out to be considered a nuisance and kicked out of town. Let the town constable visit this street once a day, and be convinced.

New Police Jury.—Governor Kellogg has appointed the following gentlemen police jurors for this parish: P. L. Rice, Alex. Comeaux, J. J. Caffrey, Dupré Halon and Terance Girouard, but whether or not they have all accepted, we are unable to say.

The Streets.—Work has been commenced on the streets—that is, the gutters are being cleaned. We will not comment upon the work, because we cannot do so conscientiously. Therefore, for the present, we will not speak otherwise.

Soap.—Procter and Gamble's Olive Soap is a superior article. Its introduction in a household is a sure guarantee that none other will be used. It is sold at price of ordinary soap, and can be procured in any quantities from the New Orleans Jobbers, wholesale agents. See advertisement elsewhere.

Good Crop.—Mr. James Higgenbottom informs us that his crop is doing finely. He expects to supply the people of Vermilionville with rosting ears in the course of a month or six weeks, and other vegetables in due season. Mr. H. is an experienced farmer, and always furnishes this market with a superior quality of vegetables.

New Butchery—We learn that a new butchery will be in full blast in this place in the course of a few days, under the auspices of Pascal Molezon & Co., of St. Landry parish, well known to many of our readers. They propose to furnish good beef on the most reasonable terms. We hope our citizens will give them a liberal patronage.

Personal—We had the pleasure of meeting in our town, a few days since, Mr. J. Fisse, Jr., the gentlemanly and accommodating traveling agent of Messrs. Lapène & Ferré, a well known firm to most of our readers. Mr. Fisse is just returning from a protracted and profitable trip through this and adjoining parishes, in behalf of the house he so ably represents.

Mr. F. P. Perant, of Côte Gelée, honored our office with a call, one day last week. We were absent at the time and did not have the pleasure of seeing him. However, we hope to have another call from Mr. Perant soon, when we will try to be at our post.

Pretty Babies.—Vermilionville can boast of more and prettier babies than any town of its size in the State. And for pretty girls—we mean those ready for the matrimonial market—it has no equal. But now we have let the "cat out of the bag," and this town will be flooded with "fast young men," who will play us mean tricks for furnishing this intelligence.

Bridges.—The bridges (pardon us, readers, for calling them by that name; as "traps" is more appropriate,) on the principal streets of our town are in a fearful condition, since work was commenced on the gutters, and we have been calmly waiting to hear of the corporation being sued for the value of a fine horse. Is there any way to remedy these concerns? Proceed.

Those Mules.—It is so seldom that we have anything to divert our minds from the dull routine of every-day life, that anything in the way of fun is eagerly grasped at by our citizens. P. T Barnum's Trick mules have been in the lead for the past week, and many have missed their breakfast in attempting to give each mule a correct rider. Further information can be obtained from Mr. Will. Clegg at Young & Co's. drug store.

Located.—Mr. Kahn, for many years a merchant and resident of New Orleans, has removed to this place and is now busily engaged in opening a large stock of dry goods, notions, etc. This is but another evidence that our section is attracting attention, and property owners should hold out some inducements to those who wish to make their homes among us, instead of trying to scare them away with high rent and exorbitant prices. We believe Mr. Kahn will make a good citizen, and hope that his busines will justify him in remaining.

New Cotton Gin. — Our traveling agent furnishes us with this item:

Mr. Charles Miller, an old and respectable planter of St. Landry parish, near the Bayou Carencro, has erected a new gin house, sixty feet long by thirty feet wide, with a side roof projecting twelve feet along the entire length of the building, with a seed room twenty-five feet square, and lint room thirty-five feet square; all of which is built with new and choice lumber, embracing economy utility and convenience. The most noticable feature about this gin is the running gear, patented by L. Cushing, and is greatly simplified by using 2, 4 and 8 horses. The gin stand embraces fifty-five saws, and is capable of averaging from five to six bales every 24 hours, weighing 500 pounds each.

Mr. Miller also has a promising peach orchard of 1,000 trees, 600 of which are bearing fruit.

England is troubled with a scarcity of horses.

Louisville is blessed with a colored Tom Thumb.

Pie plant is contarting the bowels of Philadelphia.

Minnesota has 147 school houses, and they are worth $1,703 226.

A Chinaman regards dancing as a species of Caucasian insanity.

The Indians in Texas are again demonstrating on the northern border.

The Viceroy of Egypt has one son educated at Paris and another at Oxford.

A melancholly hamlet in Maine contains fifty-five widows.

The savings bank of little Rhody have $12,000,000 in their possession.

The Nevada Legislature has passed the compulsory education act.

One thousand wolf skins per week are shipped from Lowell, Nebraska.

Tennessee thinks it can undersell Pennsylvania in the matter of iron.

A Russian company has been organized to cultivate tea in the Caucasus.

Two hundred and fifty four twins were born in Minnesota during the past year.

A ten dollar codfin was among the "swag" of a recently arrested Keokuk burglar.

The "World" doubts if there are one hundred strictly temperate persons in New York city.

Minnesota has but one of her female offenders in the penitentiary. Ninety men keep her company.

In St. Louis two coops of chickens will pay a commission merchant more core commission than a car load of corn.

In Arkansas, after you tell an old settler your name, he confidentially asks "what it was that drove you moved to these parts?"

In 1862 Texas had twenty-one convicts in her penitentiary; in 1872 she had nine hundred and forty-four.

This is what happened to a man who refused to buy his wife a stylish dress:

He's with she left a note behind,
Which read: "I beg your pardon,
But I've run off with a nice young man
Who bought me a Dolly Va den.

Arrivals at Dora Hotel.

During the week ending April 1, 1873:

F Gueynier, St Mary par; C Guevnier, St Martin par; Mr Heintz, Pauperville; John Gilman, J Fisse, H Pedane, L Lanc sagne, O R Moss, J Kahn and Family, New Orleans; C Helm, St Landry par; L Creighton, Vermilion par; W States, L States, Tom States, A Guilbeau, P Pulton, Lafayette par; Henry Welsh, L Lehman, Mermentau; S Levy, Opelka, Miss; L Y Jessup, I Vest, O Guidry, E Delaunay, New Iberia; J B Martingly, Lebanon, Ky.

Arrivals at Salles' Hotel.

During the week ending April 1, 1873:

B A Martel Lady and three Children, St Mary par; I A Veazey, Z Borque, A Meaux, R Bruce, Lafayette Par; C S G Clifton, T Mayo, Lake Charles; H. B Pass, Corpus Christi; E P Goodwin, Washington; F Martin, Texas; J W Wheelhouse & Brother, New Orleans; H B Smith, Sulphur Mines; L Darby, Lady and Child, St Landry parish.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW ORLEANS, April 1, 1873.

Cotton—		
Low ordinary	12 a	13
Ordinary	13 a	14
Good Ordinary	16½ a	17
Low Middling	18⅛ a	18½
Middling	19 a	19½
Strict Middling	19 a	19½
Good Middling	20 a	20½
Sugar—		
Louisiana Fair	10 a	10¼
Prime	9⅝ a	9¾
Choice	10 a	10½
Yellow Clarified	10 a	11
Molasses—		
Louisiana Fair, ℔ gal	50 a	—
Prime	65 a	—
Choice	75 a	—
Golden sirup	80 a	100
Coffee—		
Rio, Fair, ℔ ℔	21½a	—
Prime	22 a	—
Choice	23 a	—
Havana	— a	—
Mexican	25 a	—
Tea—		
Imperial ℔ ℔	45 a	110
Gunpowder	75 a	150
Hyson	75 a	125
Oolong	45 a	110
Flour—		
Double Extra	750 a	—
Treble Extra	850 a	875
Choice Family	1025 a	—
Corn		
White ℔ bushel	73 a	—
Yellow	65 a	—
Mixed	72 a	—
Rice—		
Louisiana Choice	8¾a	9
Carolina Good	8¾a	9
Oranges—		
Louisiana, ℔ bbl	600 a	1000
Oats—		
Per bushel	48 a	52
Bran—		
Per 100 ℔s	130 a	140
Lard—		
Choice, in tierces	8 a	8¼
Choice, in kegs	9 a	9½
Butter—		
Western, ℔ ℔	28 a	30
Goshen	38 a	43
Poultry—		
Chickens, grown, ℔ doz	500 a	—
Chickens, young, ℔ doz	350 a	400
Ducks ℔ doz	500 a	—
Geese, ℔ doz	800 a	900
Turkeys, ℔ doz	1500 a	1800
Eggs—		
Attakapas	33 a	36
Creole	35 a	37
Western	33 a	36
Vegetables—		
Potatoes, Northern, ℔ bbl	450 a	500
Potatoes, Western, ℔ bbl	350 a	375
Onions, new, ℔ bbl	— a	400
Garlic, Creole	100 a	150
Hides—		
Steer, over 85 lbs	— a	10½
Steer, 70 to 84 lbs	— a	11
Steer, under 70 lbs	— a	10½
Cow, as they run	— a	10
Kips, 20 to 24 lb	— a	12½
Kips, 25 to 30 lbs	— a	10
Country Flint, 25 to 30 lbs	19 a	20
Moss—		
Country Gray	2 a	3
Mixed	3 a	4
Black	4 a	5
Cattle Mrket—		
Texas Beeves, corn fed		
1st quality, ℔ lb	— a	—
2d quality, ℔ head	— — a	— —
3d quality, ℔ head	15 00 a	18 00
Texas Beeves, choice ℔ head	— a	50 00
1st quality, ℔ head	35 00 a	45 00
2d quality, ℔ head	20 00 a	28 00
3d quality, ℔ head	12 00 a	15 00
Western Beeves, ℔ head	— a	—
Hogs, ℔ lb gross	5 a	7
Sheep—		
1st quality, ℔ head	5 00 a	6 00
2d quality, ℔ head	3 00 a	4 00
3d quality, ℔ head	2 00 a	—
Calves, ℔ head	7 00 a	10 00
Yearlings, ℔ head	— a	12 00
Beef, ℔ lb		9
Pork, ℔ lb		9
Veal, ℔ lb		10
Mutton, ℔ lb		10

Parish Directory.

Judge of the 16th Judicial District—Eraste Mouton.
District Attorney—W. C. Crow
District Attorney pro tem.—C. Debaillion.
Parish Judge—A. J. Moss.
Recorder—William Brandt.
Clerk of the Court—A. Monnier.
Sheriff—H. Easton.
Coroner—H. M. Bailey.

POLICE JURORS.

1st ward.....G. Dubeau
2d ward.....S. J. Montgomery
3d ward.....Jean Bernard
4th ward.....R. LeBlanc
5th ward.....R. C. Landry

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

1st Ward.....P. O. Richard
3d Ward.....J. J. Caffrey H. M. Bailey
4th Ward.....Alcide Trahan
5th Ward.....Alex. Meaux
7th Ward.....E. Dragoune

NEW ORLEANS.

SLOCOMB, BALDWIN & CO.,
(ESTABLISHED 1822)
Hardware Merchants.
74 Canal, and 91 to 95 Common Streets,
Adjoining City Hotel,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
Cutlery, Guns, Iron, Steel, Nails, Castings, Farming Implements, Tin Ware, Paints, Oils, Metals, Etc., Etc.
Railroad Supplies.
Blacksmiths' and Carpenters' Tools.
jan5'73 3m

THE UNION AND
Orient SAFETY LAMPS,
Are superior to all others. They are made of metal and cannot leak, break or explode. The light is superior to gas. Burns more steadily and much more brilliant. They use the round wick like the German Students' Lamp but are less complicated, so that any child can handle them. They will burn any kind of oil with perfect safety.
SEPTOLINE OIL CO.,
82 Camp and 15 Dauphine street, New Orleans, La., Sole agent for the Southern States. ja5'73 1y

BABCOCK
FIRE
EXTINGUISHER.
Sure reliance at the instant needed. Throws stream of arbonic Acid Gas 30 Feet. Annihilates flame. Contents Equivalent to 250 Gallons of Water.
Not exceeding seventy-five pounds in weight. A. M. GRANGER,
General Agt., 19 Canal St., NEW ORL'S.
Address P. O. Box 753. 12m72 1y

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Important Notice!

Office of State and Parish Tax Collector, (Vermilionville, La., March 31, 1873.)

ALL PARTIES interested will please take notice, that by a special act, all delinquents have been relieved of penalties and interest for non-payment of taxes when due: provided, however, that the same are paid within *ninety days*, from and after the 15th inst.; in default of which all penalties and interest to remain as heretofore. F. MARTIN,
apr2'72 3m Tax Collector.

Taxes! Taxes!!

Office State and Parish Tax Collector, (Vermilionville, La., April 1, 1873.)

AS I AM NOW prepared to issue Tax Receipts from roll of 1872 and Licenses for 1873, tax payers are respectfully reminded that early settlements will prevent costs, etc., as the laws governing the collection of taxes are very rigid.

L. E. SALLES, and D. A. COCHRAN are my duly authorized agents and deputies. Office on Main street. F. MARTIN,
apr2'73 4w Collector.

TAX NOTICE!

STATE OF LOUISIANA, (New Orleans, February 13, 1873.)
Circular No. 1.

THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS concerning the assessment and collection of taxes are furnished to tax collectors throughout this State for their information and guidance:

First—Twenty-one and one-half (21½) mills on all the taxable property of the State having been fixed as the rate of taxation for the year 1872, collectable in 1873, the same will constitute the amount levied for that year, and be extended on the rolls and collected, as follows:

No. 1—State tax	4	mills
No. 2—School tax	2	"
No. 3—Interest tax	7½	"
No. 4—Levee tax	1½	"
No. 5—Special levee tax	2½	"
No. 6—Levee construction and repair	4	"
Total	21½	"

Second—Tax collectors for the several parishes of the State, other than the parish of Orleans, will in future require the filling up of the statistical columns indicating the number of acres of corn, cotton, cane, rice, etc., in the blank forms containing an enumeration of taxable objects. CHARLES CLINTON,
mar19 4t Auditor of Public Acc'ts.

ATTAKAPAS MAIL
TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

THE FINE STEAMERS
Iberia and Minnie Avery,
IN CONNECTION WITH MORGAN'S LOUISIANA and TEXAS RAILROAD.

LEAVE NEW IBERIA.

Sunday, 1 o'clock P. M.....Iberia
Monday, 11 P. M.....Iberia
Tuesday, 4 P. M.....Minnie Avery
Wednesday, 4 P. M.....Iberia
Thursday, 4 P. M.....Minnie Avery
Friday, 4 P. M.....Iberia
Saturday, 4 P. M.....Minnie Avery

LEAVE BRASHEAR CITY.

Sunday, 1 o'clock P. M.....Minnie Avery
(Extending her trip to St Martinsvill.)
Monday, 1 P. M.....Iberia
(Making the round trip in 24 hours.)
Tuesday, 1 P. M.....Iberia
Wednesday, 1 P. M.....Minnie Avery
(Extending her trip to St Martinsville.)
Thursday, 1 P. M.....Iberia
Friday, 1 P. M.....Minnie Avery
Saturday, 1 P. M.....Iberia

CHARGES ON THE ABOVE ROUTE:

Sugar per hogshead	$3 00
Molasses per barrel	1 50
Molasses hal barrel	85
Cotton per bale	2 00
Cotton in seed, corn sacks	30
Cotton in seed, per 100 lbs	50
Cotton in seed, oat sacks	50
Moss per bale, large	1 50
Moss per bale, small	1 00
Potatoes, in sacks	25
Hides, dry	15
Hides, green	20
Beeves, per head	3 50
Two year olds	2 50
Yearlings	2 00
Calves	1 50

d18 4t

Brashear City and Bayou Vermilion Packet:

FLORA,
JOHN PHARR, Master,
In connection with Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad, will make REGULAR WEEKLY TRIPS, leaving Brashear City EVERY MONDAY MORNING, taking freight and passengers for all points on Bayou Vermilion as high up as Trahan's, six miles from Vermilionville.
mar29'73 1y

U. S. Mail Stage Lines.

U. S. MAIL STAGES leave Vermilionville daily for Cote Gelée, St. Martinsville, New Iberia, and tri-weekly for New Iberia via Royville. Also, daily (Sundays excepted) for Grand Coteau, Opelousas and Washington; and on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Mermentau River, Lake Charles, and Sulphur Mines.
Through tickets to New Orleans can be had of the undersigned.
n27 1f M. P. YOUNG, Local Agent.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

M. E. CHURCH SOUTH, Vermilionville, La.—Preaching every Sunday at 11 o'clock A. M., and at 7 o'clock P. M. Sunday School at 10 o'clock each Sunday. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. A Cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend.
J. M. BROWN, Pastor.

NEW ORLEANS.

SOUTHERN MATTRESS
and Bedding House, 32 and 34 Royal Street, New Orleans. Prices 20 per cent lower than any other hous in the city.
Orders Respectfully Solicited.
d25 1y M. D. GLEASON.

FOLGER & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
HARDWARE, IRON, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.,
37 and 39 Magazine Street, Opposite St. James Hotel, New Orleans. f26'73 1y

L. GERTEIS, Agt.
GUN MAKER,
Jobber and Dealer in Fire Arms, Ammunition of every description, and Sporting and Fishing Tackle. Special attention paid to altering Muzzle to Breech Loaders, and Repairing Fire Arms of a l kinds. No. 130 Common Street, New Orleans, La. m5'73 1y

HORTER, PETERSON and FENNER.
7 Magazine Street, New Orleans.
Factory 401 Race Street, Philadelphia.
Importers of Saddlery Hardware; Manufacturers of Saddles and Harness; Agents of the New York Belting, Packing and Hose Company. jan5'73 1y

RENSHAW, CAMMACK & Co.
COTTON AND SUGAR FACTORS
AND
Gen'l Commission Merchants.
32 Perdido street, New Orleans.
N. B.—Orders for the purchase of all descriptions of produce will receive our particular attention. f26'73 1y

H. W. FARLEY, J. H. BRIGHT, W. G. FARLEY.
FARLEY, BRIGHT & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
73 Carondelet Street,
jan4'73 1y NEW ORLEANS.

R. H. SMITH.
H.....Peter Street.....H
Between Common and Gravier,
DEPOT FOR
COTTON SEED for Planting: David Dickson's, Sutton's, Boyd's Prolific, Petit Gulf, Bolivar County, Sea Island and other choice SEEDS, in quantities to suit, at reduced prices. feb1'73 3m

P. LUCAS.
72 Chartres St., New Orleans.
Has constantly on hand a large stock of Diamonds, Jewelry, Music boxes, French and American Clocks; English, Swiss and American Watches; Opera glasses; Spectacles; Silver and plated Ware; Rubber and Shell goods, etc.
☞ Especial attention given to Repairing Jewelry. d1 1y

J. P. SARAZIN,
STEAM TOBACCO MANUFACTORY,
Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars and pipes, Nos. 91 and 93 Chartres street, corner of Conti, and 65 Poydras street, corner of Tchoupitoulas.
jan29 1y New Orleans, La.

GUS. JAQUET. M. ESCOBAL
G. JAQUET & CO.,
TOBACCO FACTORY NO. 1,
First District, Louisiana.
MANUFACTURERS of Smoking Tobacco, Fine-Cut Chewing Tobacco and Snuff. Dealers in Plug Chewing Tobacco of all grades and styles, and Domestic Cigars. Importers of Havanna Cigars and Cigarrettes. Meerschaum and Briar Pipes, and all smokers articles.
41 St. Peter Street, between Chartres and Royal Streets, New Orleans. jan5 3m

HOMESTEADS!
Over one million acres of valuable land, subject to Homestead entry in the Attakapas and Opelousas country, recently forfeited to the Government by the Opelousas Railroad. A correct map of these lands between Bayou Teche and Basis Meridian, and a descriptive list of same, to Texas, has just been published and is for sale by H. GASCON, Surveyor General's office. Address Lock Box 1631. Price of map, $5 00; list, $2 50. Forwarded promptly on receipt of price, in draft or P. O. Order, or supplied at the COTTON-BOLL office, same terms.
mar1'73 1y

MURPHY'S HOTEL,
98 & 100 St. Charles Street,
Next door to St. Charles Theatre,
NEW ORLEANS.
This old time favorite resort has been thoroughly repaired and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests.
$2.00 Per Day.
There is attached to this establishment one of the finest Saloons in the city, where the best Wines and Liquors can be had.
The Bowling Alleys have been re-built at great expense, and supplied with all the modern improvements. d25 1y

J. A. BLAFFER. N. B. PEPIN.
J. A. BLAFFER & CO.,
26, 28 and 30 Beinville and 53 Gravier Streets, New Orleans, La., Lock Box 379.
BOTTLERS OF
**Ale, Porter, Cider,