THE RICHLAND BEACON.

WILEY P. MANGHAM, - - Editor.
S B BAIRD, Associate Editor & Publisher.

Rayville, La., May 24, 1873.

For the Richland Beacon.

HYGIENE.

NUMBER IV.

NURSING THE SICK.

Many a physician has lost his reputation, and many a patient his life, through the carelessness or intermeddling of negligent or officious nurses.

What a pity we cannot have professional nurses educated and trained for the business, and allowed a reasonable compensation for their services!

Sick people need nursing for the same reason that children do. They are physically and mentally incompetent to take care of themselves.

The idea of a nurse carries along with it that of a guardian and friend.

A nurse will have need of a well balanced judgment, coupled with great presence of mind, to enable him to perform the many trying offices in the absence of the attending physician.—He should be possessed of a good memory to recollect the instructions given him, and of firmness sufficient to carry them out, strenuously resisting all interference with the same.—Let him also have the nerve to oppose the entreaties and inclinations of the patient, which, if indulged, would not unfrequently prove deleterious.—The *patience* and *forbearance* of the attendant will forbid his becoming offended at the caprices and whims of the afflicted.

The sick chamber should always be properly ventilated, taking care that a draft of air be not permitted to blow on the patient. In disorders of the brain and nervous system, it should be kept dark, cool, and quiet. The temperature of the apartment of an individual sick of an inflamatory affliction, particularly pneumonia and rheumatism, should be carefully maintained at a uniform standard. It is sufficient merely to allude to the thousand little kindnesses that common sense will suggest which greatly mitigate the sufferings of the patient and wonderfully enhances his comfort.

One should never enter sick chamber when fatigued, in a profuse perspiration, or with an empty stomach, for various reasons. It is highly important that the hours of sleep should be free from disturbance. [illegible] every kind; and no sensible practitioner will encroach upon them in his prescriptions unless absolutely necessary. Many patients have been *killed* by the kindness of friends which induced them to gather in crowds, to sit up with the sufferer.

Here, Messrs. Editors, we would, with your permission, take leave of your readers for the present. If in these imperfect sketches, written under the pressure of professional engagements, anything has been said that will contribute to the health and physical well-being of the community our end is attained and we feel amply remunerated. ALABAMA.

RANDOLPH MACON COLLEGE, VIRGINIA.—Through the kindness of our highly esteemed and valued young friend, Rev. W. W. ROYALL, of Virginia, we have been placed in possession of a catalogue and circular giving the statistics and setting forth the advantages of the above named Institution in which he is now a student.—This College is located at Ashland, Hanover Co., Va., sixteen miles north of Richmond, immediately on the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac railroad. Six passenger trains stop at the College daily. A depot of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad is only five miles distant. A telegraph office is within one hundred yards of the College grounds. Mails are received twice each day. These facilities for parents visiting and communicating with their sons will be appreciated,'—while the moral and intellectual culture envinced in the students of this School sufficiently recommend it to parents and guardians as one of the best Institutions of learning, to be found in the Southern States, for training up young men 'in the way that they should go.'

ABOUT a year ago a young man by the name of Delk was murdered, in Morehouse Parish, and an affidavit was made accusing Mr. R. C. Payne of committing the deed. Mr. Payne kept concealed, and finally left the country, and was said to have gone to Texas. Last week he returned to the Parish, and was followed on his return trip to Texas, by the Sheriff, who overtook him camped by the roadside, near Mar[illegible] Union Parish, about 11 o'clo[illegible] night. When ordered to surre[illegible], Payne attempted to escape, [illegible] he was fired upon by the Sheriff and killed.

'WATCHMAN WHAT OF THE NIGHT.'

There are times, says the Farmer, in the history of nations as well as of individuals, when everything seems favorable for introspection and self-examination. A lull in the storm of conflict between nations, the quiet which succeeds a violent political contest, the calm which follows, after a destructive national visitation, whether war, pestilence, or famine; all, all furnish standpoints for observation and reflection. When the sober, reflecting mind will, from lessons of the past, endeavor to throw light upon the future. The calm that succeeds the Presidential contest has overspread the country, and except when Radical rule (as in Louisiana) has unsettled the very foundations of the social fabric, and mingled in chaotic confusion the principles of civil government, there is peace and quiet. In this calm then, in answer to the question: what of the night? let us pause, reflect, consider. The records of hoary antiquity and all subsequent history shows that national corruption precedes national ruin; that the latter, soon or late must inevitably follow the former. With this solemn truth in mind, what light does the last 25 years of our national history throw upon the future?

The war waged through hate and envy under circumstances of atrocity, and shameless disregard of the rights of the South. The war waged with fire and sword in violation of the very principles on which the government is based (*i. e.* the right of self-government,) this war which despoiled and bankrupted the South in the utter demoralization it has caused, has developed corruption in every branch of the body politic, and from its highest officer down to the pettiest, the foul stain of moral pollution, the offspring of mammon worship, is the distinguishing characteristic. So that thieving and Federal office holding are almost synonymous in the public mind; unfortunately the evil does not stop here; the corruption in office is but an offshot of the corruption everywhere. In Congress, in the State, on change, behind the counter, in Church, mammon is God and has his worshippers.

What of the night, then? We see but one answer to this question. The night is dark, the shadows gloomy; no star to herald the morn. Forsaking and dishonoring God, as this nation has done and is doing. "Given over to believe a lie that we may be damned who hold the truth in unrighteousness." Already the handwriting is on the wall, and weighed in the balance and found wanting will be the verdict of immortal history.

SHALL WE HAVE AN AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

In consequence of the changed relations between capital and labor, growing out of the freedom of the negro, the necessity for a better understanding and greater concert of action among planters is more essential now than formerly. There are innumerable questions connected with the economy of the farm—the best mode of regulating and employing labor—of treatment of work animals—the best breed of stock of all kinds, and the comparative cost and profit of raising them—the general introduction of improved implements of husbandry, and the ways and means of protecting the agricultural community against unjust discriminations, and affording it such aid and comfort as it has a right to expect, on account of its important relations to all other classes—which ought to be considered and discussed by planters. This can not be done without concert. Of all classes, planters have acted less in concert than any other. Merchants have their Board of Trade. Printers have their Unions. Mechanics have their Associations. Physicians have their Medical Societies, Lawyers have their Fee Bills—but planters have no agreement, no concord. They are a vast multitude of producers constituting as many independent heads as there are individual members, each one plodding along in his own way and all trying alone to accomplish that which could be more effectually and better done by union of effort and concert of plans. In some portions of the country the agriculturists are waking up to the importance of a thorough and organic change in these particulars. They are organizing 'Granges,' Agricultural Societies, and holding Agricultural Conventions and Congresses to care for and look after the interests of Agriculture. These investigations are making developments and disseminating information which are opening the eyes of the farming class to the fact of the heavy burdens they are carrying in order that other branches of industry may be built up and fostered.

Farmers can remedy many of the disadvantages under which they now labor by cultivating a spirit of harmony and agreement among themselves. This can be done by frequently meeting together and consulting as to the evils of their present system of husbandry and their remedies. There ought to be an Agricultural Society in every section in which the intelligent farmers should take a lively interest. We call their attention to this matter, and freely tender them the use of our columns in promoting its organization and fostering its growth. Will they not for the sake of their own prosperity and the promotion of the common good think and act upon these suggestions? We pause for a reply.—Ex.

WE were present on last Sabbath, when the neat and commodious Presbyterian Church, at Alto, was dedicated to the worship of the Triune God. The services commenced on Friday before, with good and attentive congregations. The dedication sermon was preached by Rev. C. M. ATKINSON, from 99th Psalm and 9th verse: "Exalt the Lord our God, and worship at his holy hill, for the Lord our God is holy." In a very able and eloquent manner, he first shewed what it was to "exalt the Lord our God." Then the nature of the worship enjoined. The appointed place where this worship is to be rendered, and the reason given, "for the Lord our God is holy." In conclusion he enforced the duty from the *holiness* of God. The Rev. W. W. SPENCE then offered up the dedicating prayer, and after the hymn of dedication was sung, the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered by the Rev. D. A. CAMPBELL, Pastor. The whole service was solemn and deeply impressive. The house was densely filled by an attentive and intelligent congregation, and near two hundred were not able to enter; all of which indicates progress in the right direction, and speaks well for North Louisiana and Richland Parish.

THE BURNT DISTRICT on DeSiard street, in Monroe, La., is being rapidly built up in fine brick buildings, as we learn from our Ouachita exchanges.

EDITORS RICHLAND BEACON: You have kindly opened a column of your paper for the discussion of various subjects. Will the Rev. D. A. Campbell, Pastor of the Presbyterian church at Alto, La., explain through your columns what he meant when he stated in his sermon preached at Alto on the 3d Sabbath in April, that it was "a sin to follow Jesus in Baptism?"

Very respectfully,
JNO. A. HEMLER.

A LONG CHASE.

A MURDERER FOLLOWED FOR A YEAR BY HIS VICTIM'S SON.

Col. Young's father, a resident of Cook county, Texas, was murdered on the 11th of April, 1852, by a man named Bunch. The murderer, ascertaining that Mr. Young had about $2700 in money, proceeded to the house, found the old gentleman asleep, and killed him with an ax. Securing the money, the murderer left. The next day Col. Young started in pursuit, and from that day until the 16th inst., more than a year, he has been on his path. He followed the murderer through the Indian Territory, thence down through Arkansas and Louisiana, east into Mississippi, and north through Tennessee and Kentucky. Bunch then crossed the Mississippi River, being closely followed by Col. Young. Through Arkansas by the wigwams of the Indian Territory, and thence through the mountains and forests of Arkansas again, the colonel followed the villainous murderer. Through the hills and wilds of Southern Missouri, over the praries of Southern Kansas, down the headwaters of Medicine Lodge, among the Arrapahoes, the pursued and the pursuer, like fate and destiny, rode their lonely ride—one to escape, the other to avenge. Here, about the 20th of January, Col. Young lost the trail.—On the 8th of April he received a telegram from Fort Scott that Bunch had recently been in that place. By Saturday night, Young was in Fort Scott, but found that Bunch had left for Lamar, in Benton County, carrying with him two "pals." Arriving at the latter place he learned that Bunch had left a few hours before.—He then traced them Stockton, in Cedar County, to Bolivar, to Quincy, to Warsaw, where the three villians changed clothes and set out for Windsor, and from there to Sedalia. Col. Young arrived at Sedalia, of which fact Bunch was informed who immediately left for Booneville. Thither Col. Young followed, arriving on Wednesday evening last. The "bird" had been seen in Booneville the day previous, but was nowhere to be found. Young then left for this Salem, Mo., where he arrived on Wednesday night. At daylight the next morning he received information from Booneville that a man answering the description of Bunch had been arrested and would be held until Young's arrival. Young identified the prisoner as Bunch.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mosquito Lotion.

NOW is the time to procure this wonderful antidote! We have a few bottles left. It will run off all the pests, mosquitos, fleas, bed bugs, gnats, and everything of the kind. A few bottles for sale at the BEACON office. Don't all apply at once. It has a pleasant smell. Try it. may 24 tf.

Notice of Dissolution.

RAYVILLE, LA., May 19th, 1873.

The partnership heretofore existing under the name of H. F. Vickers & Co., composed of H. F. Vickers and Herman Rush, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the first day of January last. The claims of the house are placed in the hands of L. T. Chapman for collection, and parties will save cost by setting up.

H. F. VICKERS.
H. RUSH.

May 24, 4t.
n22888

N. M. ASTON. R. R. LOVE.

ASTON & LOVE,

ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS,

Rayville, Louisiana.

WE inform the public that we will complete all kinds of work, in our line of business, at short notice, anywhere in the Parish or State. We guarantee satisfaction to those employing us, and hope that the public will give us a fair trial, feeling confident of our ability to please them in the price, style, durability and speedy completion of the work.

☞ All kinds of Gin Houses built to order.

May 10, 1873. 1y.

COOPER'S WELLS,

Hinds County, Miss.

THIS Celebrated Watering Place will be open for reception of visitors on the 15th of May. The Water is adapted to the cure of all Liver and Kidney diseases. Board $50 per month. A daily Stage Line from Clinton on on the Vicksburg and Meridian R. R., a distance of nine miles. Tickets can be procured at reduced rates the round trip.

For further information address the Proprietor on the premises, or Gen. T. C. McMackin, Vicksburg, Miss.

L. ENGLAND,
(Of T. C. McMackin & Co., Vicksburg, Miss.)
May 10, 1873. 2m. Proprietor.

THE undersigned having recently located, for the present, at least, in the Parish of Richland, would respectfully announce to the citizens and planters of the same that he will execute any mill repairing, dressing of mill rocks, of any and all descriptions, at short notice. Also repair clocks when the gear does not assume too much the make and work of watches. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction or no pay. Can be found three miles South east of Alto.

May 17, '73. 3m. WM. H. RUSHING.

Notice of Provisional Account of Administrator.

State of Louisiana, } Parish Court.
Parish of Richland. }

Succession of James Farrelly, dec'd.

WHEREAS, Wm. N. Potts, administrator of the above named Succession, has filed in the office of the Clerk of the 14th District Court, in and for said Parish and State, a Provisional Account, with a table and statement of the debts of the said succession, with a petition praying that the same be allowed and homologated on due proof as the law directs.

Now, Therefore, unless opposition be made thereto within Ten days from the date hereof, and filed in writing in the office of the Clerk of the 14th District Court in and for the Parish and State aforesid, the same account and table of distribution will be allowed and homologated in all its parts and clauses and made the judgment of the Court.

Witness my official signature and seal of office on this the 10th day of May A. D. 1873.

J. NEWT. PITTS,
Clerk 14th District Court.

May 10, 1873. 4sqt $8.00.

Judgment.

MARY F. RILEY, wife, }
vs. } No.
HARMAN RUSH, hu[illegible] }
14th Judicial District C[illegible] }
Parish of Richland, Louis[illegible] }

THIS case having been regularly set for trial, after issue joined, taken up and tried and the Law and the evidence being in favor of the Plaintiff and against the Defendant, It is ordered, adjudged and decreed that there be Judgment in favor of plaintiff, Mary F. Riley, wife of Harman Rush and against defendant, her husband, for the sum of Four Thousand seven hundred and forty ($4740) Dollars, with 5 per cent. per annum interest thereon from the 6th day of May, 1873, and that a legal mortgage for said amount be recognized and rendered Executory in favor of plaintiff, upon the real Estate of her said husband to take effect from the 20th day of January, A. D. 1873.

It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that the community of acquets and gains heretofore existing between the parties be dissolved and that plaintiff be decreed separate in property from her husband and that the plaintiff have the sole and exclusive administration of her separate property and effects and that defendant pay all costs of this suit.

Read and signed in open court on this 8th day of May, A. D. 1873.

ROBT. RAY,
Judge 14th Dist.

I hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true and correct copy of the original Judgment now on file in my office as rendered in our said court on this 8th day of May 1872, in the above entitled and numbered cause.

Witness my official signature and seal of office on this 8th day of May, A. D. 1873.

J. NEWTON PITTS,
Clerk 14th Dist. Court.

n226-6sq-4t$24

JOB WORK, of all kinds, from a *carte de visite* to a poster, neatly executed at this office, upon short notice.

DAVID RICE. A. A. BURSLEY.

RICE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURNTURE,

137 Washington Street,

Vicksburg, Miss.,

HAVE THE MOST

EXTENSIVE WARE-ROOMS In the City,

And keep constantly on hand

THE LARGEST STOCK OF BOTH Fine and Common Furniture

OF ANY HOUSE IN THE STATE.

CABINET AND UPHOLSTERY WORK, AND REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS,

PROMPTLY EXECUTED BY SKILLED WORKMEN.

☞ ALL GOODS GUARANTEED TO BE EXACTLY AS REPRESENTED. ☞ P. O. Box 285.

March 29th, 1873. 1y. Vicksburg, Miss.

A. H. YERGER, Vicksburg, Miss. D. A. CAMPBELL, Rayville, La.

YERGER & CAMPBELL,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

ALWAYS on hand, and at Vicksburg prices, a full Stock of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Hats and Notions.

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

Whiskey, Tobacco, Cigars and Pipes.

OUR terms are cash, or we will exchange Goods at lowest cash prices for Hides, Wool, Black Moss, Tallow, Eggs and Chickens.

Rayville, La., May 3rd, 1873.-1y.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, }
Parish of Richland. }

Madden & Davis }
use of John Davis, }
No. 268 vs. }
Clevinger & Porter. }

By virtue of an alias writ of Fi. Fa. issued from the Hon'l Parish Court in and for the Parish of Richland, in the above entitled case and to me directed, I have seized and will offer for sale at the door of the Court house in Rayville, La., on

Saturday the 7th day of June, 1873,

the following described property, to wit: The fractional South east quarter, Section 7 Township 15, North of Range 6 East, containing one hundred and fifty and thirty-eight one-hundredths acres more or less. Seized as the property of S. Q. Clevenger, and to be sold to satisfy said writ and costs.

Terms of sale, cash with benefit of appraisement.

J. A. LIDDELL, Sheriff.

May 3-4sq-5t. $20.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, }
Parish of Richland. }

B. W. Wright }
No. 334 vs. }
Alfred J. Cook, }

By virtue of a writ of "Fieri Facias" issued from the Honorable Parish Court in and for the Parish of Richland, in the above entitled case, and to me directed, I have seized and will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in Rayville, for cash with benefit of appraisement, on

Saturday, 7th day of June, 1873,

the following described property, to wit:—The South west quarter of South west quarter of Section 21, Township 19, North Range 8 East.

Seized as the property of defendant to be sold to satisfy said writ and costs.

J. A. LIDDELL,
May3-4s5t$20. Sheriff.

The Castor Sulphur Springs,

CATAHOULA PARISH,
About Twenty-five Miles distant from Harrisonburg and Twenty Miles from Columbia.

Rates of Fare:

Board, per day, for grown persons		$ 2 00
" " week,	"	12 00
" " month,	"	40 00
" " day for children under 12y'rs		1 50
" " week "	" "	10 00
" " month, "	" "	30 00

Said Springs are now open for the reception of boarders, by the undersigned.

May 4th, 1873.

THOS. J. HOUGH,

n225-4m

TAX NOTICE!

NOTICE is hereby given that I am prepared to receive and receipt for State and Parish Taxes for the year 1872, and previous years, and for Licenses for 1873.

Office at Rayville, Louisiana.

G. McD BRUMBY,
State and Parish Tax Collector.

April 22, 1873. 4t.

RESTAURANT!

FRESH FISH,
GAME AND FRESH OYSTERS

Mr. G. C. Enssminger, having added largely to the comforts of his Restaurant on Grand street, is now prepared to meet the wants and suit the tastes of guests favoring him with their patronage. A first class Restaurant cook has been employed. Fish, Game and Fresh Oysters kept, and served in any style desired.

Monroe, Nov. 26th, 1872—1y.

SEND Your Orders to and Buy Your Furniture at

J. D. STILES'
GREAT CHEAP
Furniture, Chair & Feather
WARE-ROOM,
No. 56 Washington Street,
Feb. 3, 1873-1y Vicksburg, Miss.

WM. A. FAIRCHILD, SAML. B. FAIRCHILD.

FAIRCHILD & CO.,

VICKSBURG,

STEAM PLAINING MILL

And Lumber Yard.

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings,

LUMBER, BUILDING MATERIAL, &c.

Factory Corner China & Monroe Sts.
Vicksburg, Miss.

Feb. 8, 1873 6m.

ACCOMMODATION TO TRAVELLERS,

At Monroe, La.

GOOD BOARD AND COMFORTABLE ROOMS, AT TWO DOLLARS PER DAY.

SINGLE MEAL 50 Cents. LODGING 50 Cents.

☞ House situated only one hundred yards from the Depot.

Mrs. C. HEWSON,
March 15, 1872. tf.] MONROE, LA.

SUCCESSION SALE.

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA, }
Parish of Richland. }

Succession of Joseph D. Thomas.

By virtue of a writ of sale issued from the Hon.l Parish Court in and for the Parish of Franklin, and to me directed as Sheriff, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, without the benefit of appraisement, at the door of the Court house in Rayville, on

Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1873,

the following described property, to-wit: South West quarter, Section two, Township fourteen, of Range six East, containing one hundred and twenty acres more or less.

Terms of sale, on a credit of 12 months, for what it bring, purchaser to give bond with approved security.

J. A. LIDDELL,
Apl 19-3sq. 4t $12.] Sheriff.

DOUBLE-BARRELED Shot Guns, of every kind for sale by GEO. KOEHLER

EUGENE M[illegible]

ATTORNEY [illegible]

BASTROP, LA.,

WILL practice in the [illegible] the 14th Judicial District, co[illegible] the Parishes of Morhouse, Richland [illegible] Franklin.

May 10, 1873. 1y.

A. P. KUHN,

Practical Engraver and

STENCIL CUTTER.

Lodge, Government, and Notary Public Seals, Cut to Order.

COTTON BRANDS, NAME PLATES, AND ALL OTHER STENCIL CUTTING.

Proprietor of the Vicksburg Variety Works.

GUNSMITHING, Locksmithing, Bell-hanging, and Ornamental Iron Work done to order, such as

Mosquito Bar Rods, Window Awnings, and Iron Wire Railing, Made and adjusted.

All orders addressed to 61 Washington Str't to P. O. Box No. 29. Vicksburg, Miss.

March 29th 1873. 1y.

H. B. BRUSER,

Copper, Tin & Sheet-Iron Worker,

Maker of Drove Wells, Pumps and Leads,

AND DEALER IN

COOKING AND HEATING STOVES, House Furnishing Goods,

Tin, Zinc, Pumps, Pump Pipes, Sheet Lead, Brick and Tile,

Corner Mulberry and Clay Streets.

Vicksburg, Miss.

Agency for the Celebrated Petro Oil. Particular Attention paid to Steamboat and Job work. mar29n219-1y.

LAMKIN & EGGLESTON,

COTTON FACTORS,

—DEALERS IN—

Groceries, Provisions

AND LIQUORS.

Corner Crawford and Levee Streets,

VICKSBURG, MISS.

Liberal advances in Cash or Supplies made on Cotton sold by us or stored in the "Planters and Merchants' Warehouse," in Vicksburg.

dec. 10, '72-1y.

J. J. Cowan & Co.,

COTTON FACTORS,

GROCERY & COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

Corner of Washington and Crawford Streets

VICKSBURG, MISS.

A. E. ADAMS, with J. J. Cowen & Co.

Liberal Advances made on Cotton to be sold at Vicksburg.

dec.23.72-1y.

D. A. CULLEY. D. S. BOLLS

Culley & Bolls,

Commission Merchants,

Cotton Factors

—: AND :—

Wholesale dealers in Provisions, Groceries and

Plantation Supplies.

CORN, HAY, OATS, BRAN, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Lime, Cement, Plaster Paris, Plaster Hair, Lathes &c.

No 218 & 220 Mulberry Street,
april5-6m.] *Vicksburg, Miss.*

H. J. HERRICK,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

Gallery of Fine Arts,

New Rooms centre "Dry Goods Square,"
VICKSBURG, MISS.

SPECIALITIES.

IMPERIALS,

From re touched negatives; full length and Vignette.

Porcelains, plain and colored. Also, Color Photographs, in India Ink, Oil or Water Colors from pictures.

The taste of the most fastidious suited, or no charges made.

mar29-6m.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

ON the first Monday of March, 1873, I will open a School at Little Creek Church, three miles east of Alto, in which will be taught the ordinary English Branches, together with Latin, Greek and the Higher Mathematics. Special attention paid to beginners. Black-boards and comfortable desks are now being prepared for the use of the School. To this effort, the undersigned brings the experience of eighteen years as a teacher in the best schools of Alabama and Tennessee. Our rates of tuition are:

English course, - - - - $3.00 per month.
Latin, Greek & Mathematics, 5.00 " "

Board can be procured in good families in the neighborhood at $8 or $10 per month.

Taition is made payable at the end of each month. For further particulars address me at Rayville or Alto, La.

W. W. SPENCE.

March 1st, 1873.

H. KINDERMANN,

FAMILY GROCER.

DESIARD STREET, MONROE, LA.,

Has constantly on hand and for sale, Groceries of all descriptions, such as—

Sugar, Molases, Coffee,
Hams, Bacon, Lard, Butter,
Cheese, Flour, Potatoes, Onions,
Cigars, Tobacco, Oysters, Sardines,

Liquors of all kinds, Preserves, in glass and cans, Fruits of various kinds, as low as possible, for CASH.

Monroe, La., April 12, 1873.-1y.

TAKEN UP.

BY the subscriber, on the 16th of April, 1873, at the Calloway Place, six miles West of Delhi, on the North Louisiana and Texas Railroad, one Bay Mare, about 14½ hands high, and about 7 years old, with both hind feet white, no perceptible mark or brand. The owner can get the same by proving property and paying charges.

J. C. FRYER,

April 26, 1873. tf.

LOTS for sale. Apply at this office.