MORNING STAR AND CATHOLIC MESSENGER.

NEW ORLEANS, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1868.

MISCELLANEOUS IRISH NEWS.

ANTRIM.—On the 4th inst., during the celebration of a Requiem Mass for the repose of the soul of Brother Byrne, in St. Patrick's Church, Belfast, a lunatic named James Molloney suddenly attempted to assault one of the priests in the church. A policeman who was present promptly arrested Molloney, whose widowed mother resides in Cole's alley, Belfast.

The *Observer*, of November 6, says of the growth of Belfast: "During the past month the plans of upwards of three hundred new houses were passed by the Surveyor and the Improvement Committee of the Town Council."

The *Northern Whig* announces the death, at the very early age of fifty-two, of James Herron, Esq., J. P., long known in the mercantile world through his connection with the Ulster Banking Company, of which he was a director since the year 1848.

CORK.—The Cork Town Council met on the 6th inst., and passed a resolution on the motion of Mr. D. O'Sullivan, T. C., which condemned the conduct of the Lord Lieutenant in refusing to receive a deputation from Limerick, in reference to the pardon of the Fenian prisoners.

At the Cork Police Office, on the 5th inst., Private James Rooney, of the 15th British Regiment, was charged with assaulting the police, and threatening, while in liquor, that he, as an Irish soldier, would "beat all the bloody Bobbies out of the island." Constable Morrissey, who prosecuted, said that, on being assaulted, the people gathered around, and assisted in arresting the prisoner. The soldier was remanded until his commanding officer, at Fermoy, could be heard from.

Recently, at the Cork Police Court, a charge was brought against a young man named Jeremiah Sullivan, by a painter named Charles Hanbury, for, while accompanied by a mob of about fifty or sixty persons, and outside of his house, in Barrack street, using threatening language towards him. The mob were marching up and down the street, singing a song called "Up with the green flag and down with the red." Complainant alleged, as the cause of ill feeling against him, that he had prosecuted to conviction a short time since four other young men for a similar offence. The prisoner was remanded.

A Cork correspondent says: "A strange and almost unaccountable occurrence took place at the county jail here last evening, November 1st. A private soldier, on guard at the jail, shot off part of his right hand when on sentry duty. It is said that he was strange in manner for some time past, and that the injury was done to get out of the service. Though there are no Fenians in this jail, the guards are still kept on duty."

A correspondent of the *Irish Times* announces a private investigation as recently held in Cork into charges of a horrible natare preferred against one of the oldest, most eminent and respectable solicitors in that city. The evidence taken has been forwarded to the castle for the Attorney General's opinion.

Capt. J. Crewe Townsend was recently sworn a Justice of the Peace for the city of Cork at the Police Office.

At the Blarney petty sessions, on the 3d inst., a medical gentleman, Dr. Richard Griffiths, was fined 14s. for neglecting to have his child vaccinated. The doctor holds that it is foolish and sinful to poison an individual with matter taken from a brute.

CLARE.—The Limerick *Reporter*, November 10, says: "On Thursday and Friday last Kilrush was the scene of great rejoicings, consequent on the return of the deeply beloved pastor of the parish, the Very Rev. Dr. Kelly, from Rome, where he had been sojourning for the benefit of his health. When it became known that Father Kelly was to arrive by the steamer from Limerick on Thursday, there was a general cessation of work on the part of the tradesmen.

DERRY.—The Duke of Abercorn has signified to the Mayor of Derry, Edward Reid, Esq., the offer of the honor of Knighthood, in consideration of the munificent manner in which the Mayor entertained him (the Lord Lieutenant) when in Derry in August last. The Mayor has determined on accepting the honor.

DONEGAL.—Died, October 22, at his residence, Glassaghmore House, County Donegal, Daniel O'Donnell, aged seventy-two years. The deceased was son to Dominick Roe O'Donnell, both of whom possessed extensive landed property in the baronies of South Raphoe and Boylagh, from 1759 to 1822. In this branch of the O'Donnell sept are the lineal descendants of Red Hugh O'Donnell, who died at Valladolid in 1603.

DOWN.—Vesey Edmond Knox, Esq., of Shimnagh, Newcastle, has, on the recommendation of the Right Hon. Lord Dufferin, Lieutenant of the county, lately been appointed by the Lord Chancellor to the commission of the peace for the county of Down.

On the 31st ult., as the Donaghadee and Portpatrick Steam Company's vessel Dolphin was coming into harbor at Donaghadee, from Portpatrick, on her first trip, after undergoing repairs, her bowsprit accidently came in contact with a crane on the quay, striking it with such violence that it killed a young lad who was standing near. Both the captain and the engineer were arrested, but afterwards bailed out.

Henry Murray, M. D., of Tudor House, Holywood, and James Walmsley, Esq., of Ballykeel House, Kilkeel, have been appointed to the commission of the peace for the County Down.

DUBLIN.—Matthew Keenan, a "Fenian" soldier of the 90th Light Infantry, has been sentenced to 672 days imprisonment at Kurrachee, for using "traitorous language respecting the Queen."

Mr. J. O'Doherty, Donnybrook, at the second distribution of honors in the Catholic University, was announced as the successful competitor for the first prize in classics, £20, and for the first prize in mathematics, being a further sum of £20.

Recently, as a man named Deegan was superintending the working of some machinery in the timber yard of the Messrs. Martin, North Wall, his clothes became entangled in the machinery. He was dragged between the wheels and was frightfully mutilated before assistance could be rendered him. Death, of course, was instantaneous. The deceased resided at Sheriff Place, and leaves a wife and seven children to mourn his loss.

GALWAY.—The *Galway Vindicator* says: "We regret to announce the demise of the Very Rev. Michael Bellew, S. J. For nearly ten years he has been connected with Galway, and much of the progress of his Order in this city is due to his efforts. A magnificent church and college are some of the results of his labors. He belonged to one of our best county families, being third son of the late Sir Michael Bellew, of Mount Bellew. He, as well as his late lamented brother, Sir Christopher, became a distinguished member of the Jesuit Society. He was about twelve years a priest. After solemn High Mass at Gardiner street, Dublin, where he died, his remains were interred in Glasnevin Cemetery. He was in the forty-fifth year of his age.

KERRY.—The Hon. Roland Wynne, of Glenbeigh, has been appointed to the commission of the peace for Kerry, upon the recommendation of the Lord Lieutenant of the county.

On the 3d inst. a man named Thomas Breen was found dead near a rick of turf at Killlynn.

KILKENNY.—In reference to the Dungarvan election, Rev. Fathers O'Shea, Mathew O'Keefe and Tom O'Shea have jointly written to the London *Tablet* in answer to the following question put to them—whether they, as the friends of the late Frederick Lucas, recognise in the address and speeches of Mr. Mathews an identity of principle and policy with those held and advocated by our illustrious and ever-to-be-lamented friend? To this inquiry they answer in the affirmative, and add: "From information upon which we place implicit reliance, we take leave to add that we believe Mr. Mathews, if elected to Parliament, will be faithful to his word, and will uphold his published principles with honor and integrity." The last named patriotic clergyman is the same who stood on the hustings at Waterford when Thomas Francis Meagher offered himself as a Parliamentary candidate.

KING'S COUNTY.—On the 31st ult. a woman was found drowning in the Grand Canal, near Lesson street, Dublin, and subsequently died in hospital. In the pocket of deceased was found a letter addressed to Margaret Gavacan, from the sister of the deceased woman, (who was aged about sixty years), Mrs. M'Iver, Frankford, King's county. From the letter it would appear that the deceased was proprietor of some property in the King's county.

LONGFORD.—On Sunday, the 1st ult., the solemn and imposing ceremony of ordination took place in St. Mel's Cathedral, Longford. The Most Rev. Dr. McCabe conferred the order of priesthood on the Rev. J. Corcoran. This young Levite was just about to complete a most distinguished course in the College of Maynooth, when the exigencies of the Ardagh mission compelled the good bishop of the diocese to call upon him.

LIMERICK.—The *Reporter* says: The Rev. Edmond O'Keane, P. P., of Knockanay, gratefully acknowledges the receipt of £20 from Count de Salis, the landlord of Loughgnir, in aid of erecting a parochial residence at Knockanay. This check has come through L. O. P. Filgate, Esq., county Antrim, head agent on the estates of Loughguir. Had we such landlords and agents through Ireland, we would not witness those scenes which awaken and excite the worst passions, outrage humanity, and, under the great pressure of grief, drive the evicted to acts of retaliation, and force him by an impulse irresistible, regardless even of life, to seek redress in the wild law of revenge. Those acts are never known in Loughguir. The crowbar brigade was never seen there, nor the imperative ukase of a notice to quit heard of; a bailiff on such a mission is as rare as a black swan on the lakes.

In Limerick, a dimunitive urchin named Kane, was lately charged by Constable Shea with no less a crime than the larceny of a donkey. The prisoner, it transpired, was of a romantic temperament, and patronized sensational literature of the Newgate Calendar type. He aspired to become a miniature Jack Sheppard, or a *phooka*, and was on the look-out for a *horse* pistol and a pair of spurs among the stalls of the Irishtown, when, happily, the police got scent of his desperate intention, and nipped his career in the bud. He was remanded for the attendance of a second magistrate.

The Limerick Town Council seem not to lie tamely under the insult offered them by the Lord Lieutenant, in refusing to receive their deputation for the release of the Fenian prisoners. At a late meeting, the reply of "his Excellency" was read, and elicited the strongest disapprobation from every member of the Council.

At a meeting of the Limerick Town Council on the 10th ult., a letter was read from the Cork Town Clerk, forwarding a resolution, which had been proposed by Mr. D. O'Sullivan, stating that they looked on the refusal of the Lord Lieutenant to receive the Limerick deputation as a proceeding opposed to the national will. Alderman Mahony believed the movement was premature, as the attempted assassination at Rathkeale, and that of Mr. Brett, were attributable to Fenianism; and he understood that the laboring classes of Rathkeale were all united with Fenianism.

Mr. Lenihan—"You ought not to state that unless you have proof." Alderman Quinlivan said that the respectable people of Rathkeale were all loyal; and instead of encouraging assassination they would oppose it. Mr. Ryan stated that he understood that the outrages were not artributable to Fenianism (hear, hear); and the occurrences referred to by Alderman Mahoney ought not to injure the men who were in prison. After some further remarks the subject dropped.

LOUTH.—The Dundalk *Democrat*, of November 7, says: The electors throughout Ireland should take care and pledge all the candidates seeking their suffrages to demand the release of the Fenian State prisoners. There is no use whatever in prolonging their incarceration. They were guilty of political crimes, but they have suffered sufficient punishment for them. To keep them longer suffering what has been called a "living death," would be cruel and unmanly; and we hope that every popular and unpopular constituency in Ireland will pledge their members to demand their immediate release.

MAYO.—A Castlebar correspondent announces that on the night of the 2d ult. the haggard of Mr. Archibald Stavart, of Greenhills, within a few miles of Castlebar, was destroyed by fire. There were fifteen stacks of oats, which would average 35 cwt. of prime seed each, or 26 tons, the value of which, at £8 10s. per ton, was £220. The straw was valued for nearly £100. There were about 90 tons of hay, which, at 50s. per ton makes £225; and hay seed to the value of £20, making in all £565, out of which there was not £5 worth saved.

Rev. Patrick Caulfield has been removed from Achill to Burriscarra; Rev. J. O'Boyle, from Burriscarra to Doffin; and Rev. Patrick O'Connor from Boffin to Achill Island.

ROSCOMMON.—The Roscommon *Herald* announces the death of Hon. Charles Baron De Freyne, at Frenchpark, on the 28th of October, 1868. He was a good landlord, as well as kind benefactor to the neighboring poor.

SLIGO.—Surgeon James Johnston, Jr., Sligo, has been appointed medical officer of the Dromahair Dispensary district.

TYRONE.—An inquest was held on the 3d ult., at Cullenhone, near Ballygawley, on the body of a young man, a laborer, named William Moore, who was accidentally killed on the previous day by the upsetting of a cart which he was driving on a narrow road, and which fell on him, causing immediate death.

TIPPERARY.—The *Advocate* says that it regrets to learn that "Notices to increase rent, and to survey commonages, with the view of charging rent on them, have been served on an estate in the barony of Owney and Arra, which has lately fallen into the hands of the O'Brien family, who have always been remarkable for being kind landlords. In this instance the late landlord, C. Maloney, Esq., although not a rich man, never meddled with the poor tenants on his estate."

The Clare *Independent* says: Mr. Vincent Scully, one of the Cashel candidates, has issued a new edition of his address, beautifully printed, and enwreathed by a border of shamrocks of the Emerald Isle. At the head are the favorite emblems—the harp and sunburst; the right hand corner is occupied by a Celtic cross, and the left by a northeast view of the famous Rock of Cashel, having at its base the tomb of Dennis Scully, Esq., the author of a pamphlet on the penal laws.

WATERFORD.—We (*Waterford Citizen*) were recently shown some very large samples of vegetables grown in the neighborhood. One was a specimen of carrots, grown on Mr. Patrick Bourke's land, at Pollerton, and the other a sample of parsnips and celery, grown by Dr. Pownell, at Ellnville. The parsnips weighed fully seven pounds, and the carrots were quite as large. The celery is that known as "Seymour's white."

WESTMEATH.—James Patrick Byrne, of the order of the Christian Brothers, died recently in Belfast. He was a native of Ballincarrig, and was educated in the Brothers' School in Mullingar. He had labored as one of the De La Salle order in Dublin, Cork, Limerick, and Belfast.

WEXFORD.—Late mails announce that there will be a contest in the borough of Wexford, Mr. Standish Motte, an English gentleman who purchased the Wexford and Bagnalstown Railway in the Bankruptcy Court, having issued an address in opposition to Mr. Devereux. Mr. Motte is in favor of disestablishment.

At a late meeting of the Wexford corporation, Alderman John Greene, J. P., proposed the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted: That inasmuch as the majesty of the law has been sufficiently vindicated in the trial of those now suffering incarceration for the Fenian conspiracy, we respectfully memorialize the Executive and the Crown to exercise the quality of mercy in their regard, by remitting the remainder of their sentences, and restoring them to society and their families, we trust, better and wiser men.

THE BIBLE IN SPAIN.—Neither in Italy nor in Spain have recont revolutionary movements promoted the objects of the various Bible and missionary societies which radiate from London, as the grand centre of "modern Gospel light." Such is the testimony of the special correspondent of the *Times*, writing from Madrid so recently as the 29th ult. "Experiments of evangelical chapels, schools, and associations have," he writes, "been tried at Turin, at Florence, at Naples, and throughout Italy, and they have all turned out miserable failures. Most perfect freedom was allowed to every Italian to turn Protestant, or 'Evangelical,' if he was so minded; yet I question if a single honest conversion has been achieved during the last ten or twenty years. There is not anything whatever to be gained by either opening evangelical chapels, or sowing what are called 'Protestant Bibles' broadcast in Italy or Spain." This is the testimony of a writer so hostile to the Catholic Church that he is for abolishing all concordats with the Holy See, and for breaking down every barrier which serves to protect the teaching of Christianity from the most open and violent assaults of infidelity. Are our British Bible and missionary societies prepared for this? The special correspondent of the *Times* in Madrid considers there is no other mode by which the teaching and the influence of the Catholic Church can be destroyed in Southern Europe, and we quite agree with him.

Sixty-thousand persons live in New York city who know not where they can get their winter's fuel.

EDUCATIONAL.

ACADEMY
—OF THE—
VISITATION, FOR YOUNG LADIES.
SUMMERVILLE, NEAR MOBILE, ALABAMA.

The Scholastic Exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the
FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT.
aug23 6t

ST. MARY JEFFERSON COLLEGE
ST. JAMES, LOUISIANA.

THE NEXT SESSION WILL COMMENCE ON THE FIRST OF OCTOBER, 1868.

The Marist Fathers, who have charge of the Institution, are provided with all the facilities for imparting a thorough English, French, Classical and Mathematical Education.

TERMS—Payable in advance, $90 in gold, or its equivalent, for the half-session of five months.

For further particulars, apply to the President, or to
MESSRS. POURSINE & CO.,
an23 tf No. 36 Natchez street, New Orleans.

ST. MARY'S COLLEGE.

DIRECTED BY THE CHRISTIAN BROTHERS.

Studies will be Resumed on the 31st of August.

The Various arResumed onces usually taught in colleges find here an appropriate place in a system of education established by experience, conducted on the most approved plan, and with a devotedness commensurate with the work engaged in.

In view of the great number of classes in the college, a thorough gradation for all capacities and requirements has been attained; and the frequent examinations and promotions beget emulation, the soul of advancement, making labor a pleasure and success a certainty.

The course of instruction pursued in the college is divided into three departments: preparatory, intermediate, and collegiate. There is, besides, an exclusively commercial course for students not wishing or not having sufficient time to go through the whole of the collegiate course.

For further particulars, terms, etc., apply at the college, corner of Poeyfarre and Foucher streets. aug 30

ACADEMY OF THE SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH.

CARONDELET, MISSOURI, NEAR ST. LOUIS.

At this Institution are taught all branches that enter into the education of a thoroughly accomplished young lady. The best evidence the Sisters can offer as a guarantee to parents and guardians of their success is the extensive patronage awarded by the public to their efforts.

For the health of the pupils the site of the Institution is ample security, both from its high position and its beautiful surrounding country.

All the appliances for successful study in all the branches taught are amply provided for by the Sisters; besides a museum and an extensive chemical laboratory.

The scholastic year of ten months commences on the first Monday in September, and ends about the 28th of June.

The highest incentives to general merit in everything that can adorn the moral and mental character of the pupil is held out by the Sisters, regardless of labor or expense.

Parents or guardians near the line of the Mississippi, desirous of sending their children or wards to the Academy, will find an easy and comfortable mode of conveyance on any of the safe and elegant steamers that ply between St. Louis and New Orleans.

Letters addressed to the Directress of St. Joseph's Academy, Carondelet, Mo., will be promptly answered.

Prospectuses sent, with full particulars, when desired.
se20 tf

YOUNG LADIES' ACADEMY
—OF THE—
HOLY ANGELS.

Under the Direction of the Sisters of the Holy Cross.

Corner of Rampart and Congress streets, Third District,
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

PROSPECTUS.—This magnificent Institution is situated in a quiet and healthy locality, on the suburbs of the city, and at a short distance from the river. It is very commodious, thoroughly ventilated, and affords all those advantages which contribute to the health and security of its inmates.

MORAL AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION:

The aim of the Institution being to fit young ladies, by a course of instruction, intellectual, moral, and religious, for their respective positions in social life, care is taken to select for this purpose the most efficient teachers. The most unremitting pains are also taken to secure the preservation of morals by a vigilant but maternal superintendence of the pupils, at all times and in all places. They are trained to habits of order, neatness, and cleanliness; while strict attention is paid to the cultivation of polite and engaging manners. The public worship of the Institution is the Roman Catholic religion. Pupils of other denominations are admitted; but, for the sake of order and regularity, all are obliged to attend the exercises and conform to the rules of the Institution

PHYSICAL EDUCATION:

To secure and preserve the health of the pupils, the Sisters pay particular attention to the quality of the diet, assuring themselves that it is both wholesome and nutritious; while abundance leaves no room for those murmurs and discontents so natural to youth. The hours of relaxation are so distributed that neither mind nor body should suffer from too continued an application to study. In sickness, they are constantly attended by one of the Sisters, and when necessary the Physician is in immediate attendance. When possible, timely notice is given to parents and guardians.

TUITION:

The system of education embraces the French and English languages. The brances of the course are: Reading, Writing, French and English Grammar, Arithmetic, Ancient and Modern Geography, the use of the Globes, Prose and Poetical Compositions, History—Ancient and Modern, Sacred and Profane—Chronology, French and English Literature, Mythology, Rhetoric, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Astronomy, Botany, Book-keeping, Mathematics, etc. Music, Drawing, Plain and Ornamental Needle-work, Tapestry, Embroidery, Artificial Flowers, etc.

TERMS—PAYMENTS TO BE MADE QUARTERLY, IN ADVANCE:

Board and Tuition in French and English, per month	$20 00
.. .. per quarter	60 00
Entrance Fee for the first year only	10 00

EXTRA CHARGES:

Music on the Piano, per quarter	$30 00
Vocal Music ..	12 00
Use of Piano ..	6 00
Stationery ..	2 00
Washing ..	12 00
Tapestry and Embroidery ..	3 00
Artificial Flowers ..	3 00
Drawing ..	12 00
Painting ..	15 00
Baths for the summer season	2 00

Books for the course may be supplied by the parents or guardians, or procured at the Institution at moderate prices. Quarterly examinations are held, the results of which are transmitted by bulletin to the parents and guardians. Besides, monthly reports of conduct and studies are read in the presence of teachers and pupils, in order to excite a laudable emulation, and medals are awarded according to merit. At the close of the annual course, about the end of July, the distribution of premiums takes place. Letters of invitation are sent to the parents, guardians, and relatives of the pupils, also to the friends of the Institution, who alone are permitted to attend. Studies are resumed on the first of October.

No deduction of quarterly payments is made, even for extra charges, unless in case of illness, or the expulsion of the pupil. Pupils are received at any time during the year, and the charge is estimated from the date of entrance.

Board and Washing during vacation $48 00
se13'68 tf

DR. MALONEY, DENTIST,

263 ST. ANDREW, NEAR MAGAZINE,

Would respectfuly inform those requiring first class dental operations, that he has reduced his charges, so as to be within the means of all. Teeth inserted on gold, aluminium, rubber and silver, with or without extracting the roots, by a new process. A fit guaranteed, or the money refunded. The doctor was awarded the first prize—a gold medal—for the best sets of artificial teeth. Teeth extracted without pain, by the use of nitrous oxide gas. se13'68 1y

EDUCATIONAL.

YOUNG LADIES' ACADEMY, UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE URSULINES,
TWO MILES BELOW NEW ORLEANS.

This Institution, which the inhabitants of Louisiana and adjacent States have kindly favored with their patronage for more than a century, needs no particular recommendation to be introduced to public notice; it will therefore suffice to give an outline of the plan of education pursued by the Tutoresses of this Establishment.

MORAL EDUCATION.—The object constantly kept in view by the Ladies is the adorning of their pupils' minds with knowledge and the forming of their hearts to virtue. The young Ladies are also accustomed to habits of order, cleanliness and polite manners. They are never suffered to go beyond the reach of a watchful but maternal superintendence, whose vigilance secures the preservation of morals and the willing observance of the rules. Though the members of this Community are exclusively Catholics, pupils of all denominations are admitted, and no interference is used upon the score of religion; but for the sake of order, all are equal required to assist with propriety at the exercise Divine Worship.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION.—The health of the scholars is an object of uninterrupted solicitude for the Ladies; they are peculiarly attentive to the food given to the pupils, and are careful that none be given but such as is wholesome, although abundant. The hours of relaxation are so distributed throughout the day, that neither the mind nor the body of the students suffers from their application to their classical duties.

When sick, they are attended by one of the Ladies, and timely notice is given to their parents or guardians, when the distance allows of it. A physician is always on hand, and immediately called for.

TUITION.—The system of instruction embraces the following objects: The English and French Languages, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, the Use of the Globes, History (Ancient and Modern), Mythology, Chronology, English and French Literature, Astronomy, Plain and Fancy Needle Work, Drawing, etc. Natural Philosophy, Botany and Chemistry are taught in the higher classes.

Particular attention is paid to Music.

TERMS.

Board and Tuition per annum $300, pryable quarterly in advance	$75 00
Day Scholars, per annum $150, payable quarterly in advance	38 00
Entrance for the Boarders	7 00
Entrance for the Day Scholars	2 00

No deduction is made for those who are withdrawn before the end of the quarter.

EXTRA CHARGES.

Stationery and the Use of Maps and Globes per quarter	2 00
Music, per month	12 00
For the Use of Musical Instruments, per month	2 00
Drawing, including paper and pencils, per month	5 00
Washing, per month	5 00
Expenses for the bathing season	4 00

Books necessary for the different classes may be furnished by the parents themselves, or procured at the Establishment at moderate prices.

OBSERVATIONS.—Visits are limited to Sundays and Thursdays EXCLUSIVELY, and can only be made to the pupils by their fathers, mothers, guardians, brothers, sisters; and on the above-mentioned days, the parlors are opened only from ten in the morning until noon, and from half-past twelve until half-past four in the evening. The young Ladies are forbidden to receive fruits or other delicacies at the parlor.

There is a yearly vacation, which commences the last day of September, and ends on the 2d of November. Parents are requested not to prolong that time, in order that all the young Ladies may resume their studies on the same day. No other absence is ever allowed except in case of sickness.

Young Ladies wishing to make their first communion in the Establishment must enter in November. o25 tf

ST. PETER'S SCHOOL,

SECOND AND THIRD DISTRICTS.

Under the Direction of the Rev. C. MOYNIHAN.

This School will be opened on TUESDAY, September 1, 1868, under the above direction, assisted by a full corps of teachers.

Promotions will then take place in all the classes, and at the same time a graduating class will be formed.

In addition to the branches hitherto taught in this School, French and Music—Vocal and Instrumental—will be added.

Parents and guardians would do well to have their children and wards present at the opening of the school, in order that they may retain their positions in their respective classes throughout the scholastic year.

Payments are to be made invariably in advance.

M. JOVIAN, Superintendent.

The Crescent Night School, attached to the above establishment, for young ladies and gentlemen, will open at the same time. au30

ST. STANISLAUS ACADEMY, BAY ST. LOUIS, Miss.—This Institution, conducted by the Brothers of the Sacred Heart, has been in successful operation since 1855. It is beautifully situated on the shores of the Bay, commanding an extensive view of the Gulf, and affording all the advantages of the sea breeze.

The spacious recreation grounds, well shaded by evergreens; the holiday walks in the neighboring woods, and sea-bathing in summer, are for the pupils great incitements to healthful amusement.

The delightful situation of Bay St. Louis and the facility of access to the place, at all seasons of the year, are so well known that only a passing notice of these advantages is necessary.

The system of government in this institution is strictly mild and paternal, infractions of the established rules being prevented by a constant watching over the conduct of the pupils.

The religious and moral instruction of the pupils and their domestic comfort are attended to with the utmost solicitude, and constant attention is given to the formation of character by inculcating principles of virtue, and habits of politeness, order, neatness, and industry.

The scholastic year commences on the 13th of January, and ends on the last Thursday of November, thus the annual vacation lasts about six weeks.

Pupils are received at any time of the year. The age of admission is from seven to sixteen years.

The course of education comprises all that is taught in commercial institutions, namely: Reading, Penmanship, English and French Grammar, Composition, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, Algebra, Geometry, etc.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition, per session, payable half yearly in advance	$250 00
Washing per session	10 00
Bedding, per session, (optional)	10 00
Doctor's Fees	5 00
Vacation, if spent at the institution	50 00

EXTRA CHARGES:

Piano and Violin, per month, each	6 00
Use of Piano, per month	1 50
Flute, per month	4 00
Brass Instrument, per month	1 00
Spanish and German languages, per month, each	5 00

Each boarder should be provided with twelve shirts, twelve pocket handkerchiefs, twelve pair stockings, six cravats, four pair of drawers, six towels, six table napkins, four summer frock coats, six pair summer pantaloons, two winter coats, two pair winter pantaloons, three pair shoes, one cap, one matress, (5 feet long and 2½ broad,) one double woolen blanket, one pillow, four pillow cases, three pair sheets, one mosquito bar, combs, brushes, etc., all marked with the name in full.

No advances are made by the institution for clothing, traveling, pocket money, etc., unless a sum of money be deposited to cover these expenses.

The number of pupils is limited. Parents and guardians will find it advantageous to enter their sons or wards in the beginning of the session.

For further particulars, apply by letter to Brother Odon, Director of the Academy, addressed to Bay St. Louis, (Shieldsboro,) Miss.

REFERENCES—Mr. Thomas Layton, President of the Southern Bank, New Orleans; Rev. Father Jourdon, Superior of the Jesuits' College, New Orleans; Rev. Father Durier, Pastor of the Annunciation Church, Third District, New Orleans; Brother Athanasius, corner of Lawrence and Massachusetts streets, Mobile; Very Rev. Pellicer, at the Cathedral, Mobile; Rev. Father Coyle, St. Vincent Church, Mobile. fe21

PROSPECTUS OF THE COLLEGE OF THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION, NEW ORLEANS.

This Literary Institution, incorporated by the State Legislature, and empowered to confer degrees, is conducted by the Fathers of the Society of Jesus.

The buildings are well adapted for the purpose. A courtyard, entirely cut off from the street, is reserved for recreation; so that, from the arrival of the pupils, at 7:30 A. M., till their departure at 4 P. M., they are constantly secluded and superintended.

The course of instruction embraces Greek, Latin, English, French Poetry, Rhetoric, History, Geography, Mathematics, Astronomy, Natural and Mental Philosophy, with the addition of Bookkeeping and the usual Commercial Branches.

Students are not admitted, unless they know how to read and write.

The moral and religious training of the students is the leading objects of the instructors.

Every month a report is sent to parents, stating conduct, progress, rank in class and attendance.

The academical year begins on the first Monday of October, and ends about the 31st of July.

TERMS:

Collegiate Course, payable in advance, and in United States currency, two months, $20.
Preparatory Course, $16. fe9 1y