MORNING STAR AND CATHOLIC MESSENGER.

NEW ORLEANS, SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1870.

MISCELLANEOUS IRISH NEWS.

Castlemartyr National Schools.—On Thursday the Countess of Shannon, accompanied by Lady J. Boyle, Courtmasherry, visited these schools. Lady Shannon, since her advent amongst us—now some twelve months—has taken every opportunity of doing good, and by her charitable acts and kindly disposition has endeared herself to all. The examination, which was searching and minute, was conducted by Father Walshe, and called forth the reasoning and reflective powers of the children, embraced a variety of subjects, including reading and explanation, grammar, geography, history, etc. The answering seemed to take the visitors by surprise. After the classes retired, Lady Shannon inspected their writing, and having expressed herself highly pleased at it, wrote a report on the visitors' book, alike complimentary to both teachers and pupils. Having stated her surprise at finding the proficiency of the children so high, she took the occasion to praise the order, neatness and regularity of the pupils. At the close of the examination, songs were sung, first in unison, then in parts. The rendering of "O, Erin, my country," by the united voices of the children produced a very pleasing effect. Ladies Shannon and Boyle left with Father Walsh, expressing their gratification at the visit.

Circulation of Threatening Letters.—The extent to which threatening letters are sent betokens a most deplorable condition of the country, and numberless instances have recently occurred in which, either from reluctance to alarm their families, or from believing that detection of the senders through the agency of the Constabulary is futile, no notice has been given of their receipt to the authorities. The circle is spreading of the objects of denunciation, and an eminent member of the bar has been forwarded a missive threatening him with the same death as his client should he venture to argue a case which is now pending in one of the Superior Courts, involving a dispute between a landlord and his tenant. Notices were also extensively circulated through the county Westmeath, enjoining parties not to pay any rent exceeding Griffith's valuation, and a farmer was accosted a few days ago in the open day by a fellow who came to the yard where he was with some of his laborers, and presenting a pistol at him swore he would shoot him if he presumed to pay his rent before the land question was settled.—*Saunders' News Letter.*

In a letter to the *Tipperary Free Press*, Mr. Heron writes as follows: "I understand that a rumor has been circulated that it is not my intention to be a candidate for the representation of Tipperary. In the event of a vacancy I shall again solicit the suffrages of the electors. I think it unnecessary to refer to the events of the last election. I rely on the support of my friends. I shall not abandon them. I believe many of my supporters on the last occasion were surprised, and did not consider it in the light of a real contest, and believed my ultimate return certain. But I have considered it the proper course not to petition for the seat; and I have adopted that course for reasons which will occur to every independent mind. I gratefully thank the friends who supported me on the last occasion, and I respectfully ask for a renewal of their confidence."

Sergeant Dowse, M. P., and the Solicitor Generalship.—It was rumored in this city that Sergeant Dowse, M. P., will be the new Solicitor General. The Dublin correspondent of the *Belfast News-Letter* repeats the rumor, and adds that it is a fact that Sergeant Dowse will be appointed. If so, of course he will have to be re-elected for the city of Derry. In view of the expected re-election of Sergeant Dowse, M. P., for this city, the Conservative party are bestirring themselves to find a candidate to oppose him. It appears that Alderman Rose, Governor of the Irish Society, is a Government contractor, and on that account ineligible. Others have been named, but as yet no man may be said to be properly adopted by the Conservative party. Sergeant Dowse may have a "walk over."—*Derry Journal.*

Mr. Maguire, M. P., has been honored by the Pope with a special audience, during which his Holiness referred more than once to Ireland, and said it was with great satisfaction he perceived that the Government and Parliament of Great Britain had of late evinced a real anxiety to deal with this country in a wise and generous spirit. The Bishop of Cloyne was present during the interview.

Mr. Waters and Major Knox commenced their canvass in Mallow on the 19th ult., and the former gentleman is reported to have been very favorably received. In the evening the members of a Cork band, while parading the town, came into collision with some of the local crowd and a scuffle ensued, which for the time caused some excitement and alarm, but had no serious results.

Last week a box containing eight handsomely finished rifles, with sword-bayonets, cartridges, etc., bearing the "Tower" mark, were seized by the police at Ballyshannon, in Donegal. The box was addressed to "Mr. Gallagher, Donegal," and labeled, "pickles and sauce."

THE JESUITS.—The London *Telegraph*, in a long article on Papal Infallibility and the influence of the Jesuits, thus refers to the Order:

"In either case—whether the Council agrees to the proclamation of the supreme dogma, or avoids the subject—the event will possess the keenest interest even for communities which lie beyond the pale of the Roman authority. For it must not be forgotten that the deliberations in the Eternal City have a political as well as a theological bearing. The assembled Fathers have to define the relations which must subsist between the Latin Church and the civil Governments. If they affirm the propositions of the Syllabus, as they are expected to do, they will materially strengthen the co-operation of the Roman Catholic clergy with members of their own body throughout the world. It is indeed more than probable that such a revival and recruitment of the ecclesiastical resources was even more the main object with the promoters of the Council than any new proclamation of dogma; for many circumstances conspire to affirm the assertion of those who ascribe the great international *coup d'etat* to the Jesuits. No student of history will speak of that Order in other terms than those of respect for the accomplishments, the ability, the zeal, and the self-denial which have given it a pre-eminence, not only in monastic annals, but in the working statesmanship of the political arena. No student of history can withold a tribute of admiration from the success with which it has fought the battles of the Papacy. Save on the occasion when Innocent XI. took the side of the Jansenists, the Jesuits have ceaselessly used the pen, the pulpit, the day-school, the college hall, the confessional, and, according to their foes, the assassin, to make the Papacy everything, and the Episcopacy nothing. In linking its own fortunes with that of the Pontificate, the brotherhood practically set aside the authority of those who derived at least a portion of their power from local sources, from the assent of resident populations, and established the autocracy of the one ruler who lived in the centre of Christendom, far away from the distant fields in which its volunteers, the members of the most acute corps in the whole army of the Church militant, carried on their ceaseless campaign of conquest. Thus the order won a supreme place among monastic orders, which it did not lose until the civil Governments even of Catholic countries accused it of corrupting the young, of engaging in ceaseless conspiracy, of conniving at the blackest crimes, and of scrupling to use no means that would strengthen its own power. Expelled from more than one country, the Jesuits sunk into temporary feebleness and obscurity. During the present generation, however, they have been steadily gaining their own influence, and once more they hold the chief place of power among monastic orders.

That faculty called the will, though entrusted to the soul, belongs to God, who created it. Wherefore, a man who considers the will as his own property, appropriates to himself that which belongs to

EXCERPTS.

CONCRETE PAVEMENT.—It may not be uninteresting to many of our readers, who contemplate adopting this new pavement, now rapidly being accepted in our city and its environs, to learn something of its component parts. It may be proper to say, however, that the method adopted by Messrs. Page & Co., Camp street, which is managed and manipulated by Mr. Byrne, possesses advantages superior to that, the outline of which is given here: The walk should be laid on a bed protected by sand, coal-ashes, cinders, etc. The soil should be removed to the depth of two or three inches, and replaced by something of this kind. Upon this is placed a layer, three inches in thickness, of cobble stones, from the size of a walnut to that of an orange, drenched with coal tar, and the whole is thoroughly rolled with a heavy iron roller.

Next is put on a layer, about an inch thick, of coarse gravel stones, from the size of a shot to that of a walnut, saturated with tar. This is also thoroughly rolled—the more the better—and tamped down wherever the roller does not hit it. Next and last is put on a layer of fine gravel, or what is called coarse, sharp sand, about an inch thick, also saturated with tar; and after sprinkling on a little dry sand to prevent its sticking to the roller, this is also rolled well and tamped as before, and then the walk is complete. The gravel has to be screened or sifted, and a cart-load or two is dumped upon the earth near the walk, and the tar poured on until it is thoroughly saturated.

A cheap walk, which answers in many cases, is made with but two layers, both not more than three inches thick; and in some cases the first layer is of dry stones, without tar. These will do for garden walks, if the bed is properly made.

An improvement upon these walks is claimed in boiling the tar. It is stated that they harden sooner, and that the offensive smell is removed. Walks properly laid, the materials properly compounded, and each layer well rolled, will become hard enough to be walked on without injury in a very short time. These walks require no edge-stones. Let the edges be rounded and rolled well down into the ground, and there is no danger of their getting broken. Street crossings have been in use in the principal streets of Northern cities for three or four years, and are still perfect. This paving is better adapted to the South than the North, being free from the action of frost, and the orders for it are rapidly increasing on Page & Co., whose improvement is not included in the above description, and which is claimed to possess many advantages.

Economy in Dress.—Never throw any article of dress aside that is considered worn out, without examining to see if some portion of it may not be used again. Backs of vests will often outlast two new fronts, and the padding and stiffening will do to go in a number of times, as also those of coats. Pockets sometimes will do to use again, after they are washed and ironed. Facings and sleeve-linings can be cut over and ironed—if necessary, washed—to be used in repairs. Generally a number of buttons may be saved for future use. And of the outside material, if an overcoat, a sack or a jacket may be cut; if a frock-coat, perhaps a boy's vest or small sack; if pants, a vest for a man. This should be all carefully ripped, the stitches and the lint that collects in the seams removed, the cloth brushed and sponged; if it is greatly faded, pressed on the right side, and when next used, made up wrong side out; if not, still keep the same side out. In a large family this second-hand stock is very valuable, and if not wanted for your own use there are always calls enough for it in the way of charity. Neckties and cravats, if of gingham or muslin, should be of fast colors, and hemmed all around as narrowly as possible. If of silk, black Italian is the most common and the best. Beware of the glossy, shrill-rustling kinds—they are soon frayed and broken. When the corners of a cravat get worn, cut off the ends to a good point, and hem anew. When too short for this, cut the cravat across the centre, and sew the two pieces together, so as to bring new points for front ends. Very good neckties and scarfs may be made of ribbon folded over two or three layers of cambric or silesia; the seam at the edge and around the ends being done with a long needle and slip stitch, which is only drawing the folded edges together with long stitches that are kept out of sight.

How to Finish Rooms.—Bayard Taylor's opinion on this subject is thus expressed in a New York paper: For the finish of rooms there is nothing equal to the native wood, simply oiled to develop the beauty of the grain. Even the commonest pine, treated in this way, has a warmth and lustre beside which the dreary white paint, so common in the best of houses, looks dull and dead. Nothing gives a house such a cold, uncomfortable air as white paint and white plaster. This color is only fit for the tropics. Our cheap, common woods—pine, ash, oak, maple, chestnut, beech, walnut, butternut—offer us a variety of exquisite tints and fibrous patterns, which, until recently, have been disregarded in building. Even in furniture, we are just beginning to discover how much more chaste and elegant are oak and walnut than mahogany. The beauty of a room is as dependent on the harmony of its coloring as that of a picture. Some of the ugliest and most disagreeable apartments I have ever seen were just those which contained the most expensive furniture and decorations. My experience shows that a room finished with the best seasoned oak or walnut costs actually less than one finished with pine, painted and grained in imitation of those woods. Two verandas of yellow pine, treated to two coats of boiled oil, have a richness and beauty of color far beyond the reach of pigments; my only regret connected with my house is that I was persuaded by the representations of mechanics to use any paint at all.

Mouse Story.—The San Francisco *Examiner* publishes the following interesting mouse story: There is no doubt that all members, even of the lowest genera of the animal kingdom, are disposed, at times, to exercise great kindness toward those of their own species who may have sustained some injury, and the other day we were an eye-witness of an incident which illustrates this trait. Occupying a large room in one of the old-fashioned adobe houses, formerly the only residences in California, our attention was attracted to a little mouse coming out of his hole, which, after surveying the place, retreated with the greatest caution and silence. It returned soon after, leading by the ear another, which it left close by the hole. A third mouse joined this kind conductor, and the two then searched about and picked up some small scraps of grain. These they carried to the second mouse, which appeared to be blind, and which remained on the spot where they left it, nibbling such fare as was brought it. They seemed then to relax in their exertions, and only continued for a short time; after which, one of these mice seized a small stick, about five inches in length, which he inserted in the blind one's mouth, and in this way conducted it to the water, of which they all partook, and afterward led their companion back to its hole.

Anecdote of Charles James Fox.—Charles James Fox, the English statesman, being once at Ascot races with his intimate companion, Gen. Conway, missed his snuff-box. The General was lucky enough to discover the thief, and seize him before could get clear. Upon this the man fell upon his knees, and with many tears besought Fox to pardon him and not expose him to ruin, for he was a poor weaver in great destitution, and this was the first offence against the laws that he had ever committed. Fox was greatly affected, and not only let the offender go, but gave him a guinea. Shortly after this, having occasion to use his box, he found no sign of it in the pocket where he had replaced it, and turning to Gen. Conway, said, "My snuff-box is gone again!" "Yes," replied the latter, "I saw the scamp take it the second time, when you gave him the money, but I thought I wouldn't interfere again."

History of the Horse Shoe.—The first historical record made of the horse-shoe was during the reign of Leo VI., A. D. 600. It is highly probable that the shoe had been previously in use, but it is not known how long. We read that Pompæa and Commodus shod their own horses with gold, but it is evident that this was some sort of a gilt sock drawn over the hoof, plated, perhaps, with metal on the sole. Roman soldiers have been excavated at Pompeii, and the bones and ring bolts of horses found, but no traces of a horse-shoe. There is no evidence that a nail was driven into a horse's hoof previous to the fall of Greece and Rome.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. BENJ. F. SMITH,

DENTAL SURGEON,

Office and Residence 209 Camp street, New Orleans.

Dr. S. will give special attention to aching teeth, by relieving the pain at once, capping the nerve, and finally restoring the tooth to its original form and usefulness, with adhesive gold and the mallet. Ulcers caused by dead teeth treated and rendered firm and useful; extraction rarely necessary. The file not necessary in preparing teeth for filling. This system of conservative dentistry was introduced by Prof. Atkinson, of New York, who is acknowledged by the profession as the most scientific and practical dental surgeon. fe6 1m

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LET THE DEAF HEAR—

It is an old saying that "None are so deaf as those who will not hear." This class of persons is not addressed—those only who cannot hear. To such is pointed out the surest means of relief, which consists in obtaining the advice of DR. W. L. DAVIS, an experienced Aurist, whose success in the treatment of his patients has been paramount to the importance of the object.

Dr. Davis can be consulted daily at his office, 9 Basin street, one door below Canal. au15 1y

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DR. J. B. JOHNSON,

Office, 335 Erato street, corner of Liberty.

Hours from 9 to 12 A. M., and 4 to 6 P. M.

Residence 405 Carondelet strreet. mh28 1y

DR. E. O. COCHRANE, DENTIST;

12..............Dryades street..............12

First house above Canal street, opposite Mechanics' Institute.

Associated with Dr. Allen. oc3 6m

DR. G. H. TICHENOR HAS RETURNED TO the city, and located permanently at No. 45½ Baronne street, near Canal. He is now having his Instruments manufactured so as to supply the demand. The Doctor continues to prescribe in the treatment of all Diseases of the Chest and Lungs. Hemorrhoids treated successfully with his instrument. Try Dr. T.'s Instrument—they can be obtained on reasonable terms. de12 2m

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DR. J. J. MEYLOR,

44 Robertson street,

Between Common and Gasquet streets, First District.

All calls, night or day, promptly attended to. je6 1y

DR. L. L. SOLANAS,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Consultations at his residence, 572 St. Claude street, between Mandeville and Spain, from 6 to 8 A. M., and 4 to 5 P. M.; at his office, 11 Burgundy street near Canal, from 1 to 3 P. M.

Special attention given to midwifery, females' and children's diseases. Chronic diseases, considered as incurable by the old school, are treated by me with success. au22 1y

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J. G. BELDEN, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,

Office Hours—7 to 9 A. M.; 1 to 3 P. M.; 7 to 9 P. M.

ap25 1y Office, 40 Camp street,

MRS. DR. SAMUEL REYNOLDS,

115 Washington street,
New Orleans,

Offers her services to the public for the Cure of Cancers, Ulcers, Bone Felon, Catarrh, Carbuncles, White Swellings, Scald Heads and Dropsy. my16 1y

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DR. J. W. ALLEN,

DENTIST,

Can be consulted at his office,

12 Dryades street, one door from Canal.

All who desire good operations, or durable and beautiful Artificial work, will call as above. All the most approved means for painless operations will be used. Persons desiring teeth inserted the same day their teeth are extracted, will please call before 10 A. M. n21 1y

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DR. MALONEY, DENTIST,

263 ST. ANDREW, NEAR MAGAZINE,

Would respectfully inform those requiring first class dental operations, that he has reduced his charges, so as to be within the means of all. Teeth inserted on gold, alluminium, rubber and silver, with or without extracting the roots, by a new process. A fit guaranteed, or the money refunded. The doctor was awarded the first prize—a gold medal—for the best sets of artificial teeth. Teeth extracted without pain, by the use of nitrous oxide gas. se13 1y

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DR. JAMES W. BARNUM, DENTIST,

508 Magazine street, (near the Market,) is happy to inform his patients and the public generally that he is now prepared to make all kinds of Artificial Teeth at extremely low prices. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Particular attention paid to the preservation of the natural teeth. References from some of our most prominent citizens can be seen at the office.

ja2 1y

J. A. DE HART,

DENTIST.

17..............DAUPHINE STREET..............17

Near Canal. fe14 1y

G. J. FRIEDRICHS,

DENTAL SURGEON,

155..........St. Charles Street..........155

Corner Girod.

feb14 1y

JAS. S. KNAPP, D. D. S., 15 BARONNE STREET, offers the best services he is capable of rendering to aid persons in the preservation of their teeth.

Those who wish for "cheap Dentistry" are desired not to call, and to make no appointments. oc24 1y

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JOHN J. FINNEY,

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21..........COMMERCIAL PLACE..........21

d13 1y NEW ORLEANS.

D. M. C. HUGHES,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

51..............Toulouse Street..............51

fe28 1y New Orleans.

JAMES D. COLEMAN,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

5..............COMMERCIAL ALLEY..............5

New Orleans. ap11 1y

Alexis Robert. Paul J. Robert.

A. & P. ROBERT,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

31..............Royal Street..............31

ap11 1y

W. J. CASTELL,

NOTARY PUBIC,

127..............Gravier Street..............127

Between Camp and St. Charles streets,
New Orleans

ja24 1y

PAGE & CO.'s IMPROVED ROOFING

INSURE A1. FULLY GUARANTEED.

Over 300, in the city—some of them three years old

OFFICE, 98 CAMP STREET.

Roofing Material at less than New York prices. n22

NEW ORLEANS GAS WORKS, October 15; 1868.

There are eight of PAGE & CO'S ROOFS at the New Orlerns Gas Works, and all perfectly tight. Those put up three years ago are apparently intact. During the late severe storm, when the best of slate roofs failed to keep out the rain, not a single leak could be found in the roofs covered by Page & Co. During the last three years, employes of these Works have had some twenty of these Page & Ca.'s Roofs, and, without exception speak of them in the highest terms. My experience with this roofing has been so perfectly fatisfactory, that I am convinced that any one has only to give them a trial to become satisfied of their merits.

WM. McCULLOCH, Manager.

I fully concur in the above, and recommend Messrs. Page & Co. to persons desiring work in their line. The, Gas Light Company have had extensive dealings with this firm, and have always found them prompt and reliable. (n22 1y) N. O. J. TISDALE, Gen'l Sup't.

COTTON SEED FOR PLANTING.

The subscribers have been eight months engaged in corresponding and establishing Agencies for the procurement of noted varieties of Cotton Seed, and have succeeded in making large contracts on such favorable terms as will enable them to offer at Low Prices nearly all valuable kinds. They have numerous certificates and letters from well known planters, and many specimens of distinct varieties for the inspection of purchasers. They are Agents for David Dickson, of Oxford, Georgia, and have lately received, direct from his plantation, a supply of his best Seed. We will make large discounts to heavy purchasers.

STEELE, PINCKARD & CO.,
Cor. Common and Tchoupitoulas sts.

ja31 1m

EDUCATIONAL.

YOUNG LADIES' ACADEMY,

Under

THE DIRECTION OF THE URSULINES,

Two Miles below New Orleans.

This Institution, which the inhabitants of Louisiana and the adjacent States have kindly favored with their patronage for more than a century, needs no particular recommendation to be introduced to public notice, it will therefore suffice to give an outline of the plan of education pursued by the Tutoresses of this Establishment:

Moral Education.—The object constantly kept in view by the Ladies is the adorning of their pupils' minds with knowledge and the forming of their hearts to virtue. The young ladies are also accustomed to habits of order, cleanliness and polite manners. They are never suffered to go beyond the reach of a watchful but maternal superintendence, whose vigilance secures the preservation of morals and the willing observance of the rules. Though the members of this community are exclusively Catholics, pupils of all denominations are admitted, and no interference is used upon the score of religion, but for the sake of order, all are equally required to assist with propriety at the exercises of Divine Worship.

Physical Education.—The health of the scholars is an object of uninterrupted solicitude for the Ladies; they are peculiarly attentive to the food given to the pupils, and are careful that none be given but such as is wholesome, although abundant. The hours of relaxation are so distributed throughout the day, that neither the mind nor the body of the students suffers from their application to their classical duties. When sick, they are attended by one of the Ladies, and timely notice is given to their parents or guardians, when the distance allows of it; a physician is always on hand and immediately called for.

Tuition.—The system of instruction embraces the following objects: The English and French languages, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, the Use of the Globes, History (ancient and modern), Mythology, Chronology, English and French Literature, the Elements of Astronomy, Plain and Fancy Needle-work. The Elements of Natural Philosophy, of Botany and Chemistry will be taught to those young ladies whose parents desire it; as also Music and Drawing.

TERMS.

Board and Tuition per annum $300, payable quarterly in advance	$75 00
Day Scholars per annum $150, payable quarterly in advance	38 00
Entrance for the Boarders	7 00
Entrance for the Day Scholars	2 00

No deduction is made for those who are withdrawn before the end of the quarter.

EXTRA CHARGES.

Stationery and the Use of Maps and Globes per quarter	$ 2 00
Music per month	12 00
For the Use of Musical Instruments per month	2 00
Drawing, including Paper and Pencils, per month.	5 00
Washing per month	5 00
Expenses for the Bathing Season	4 00

Books necessary for the different classes may be furnished by the parents themselves, or procured at the establishment at moderate prices. se26 t nl

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INSTITUTION OF THE SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH,

Corner St. Philip and Galvez streets,
New Orleans.

The government throughout this establishment is mild and parental. The pupils are never separated from their instructresses. Recreation, table, dormitories, are the same for all. In short, everything tends to promote affectionate union between the Sisters and the young ladies intrusted to their motherly care.

The instruction is thorough and solid, and in harmony with the requirements of society. The course comprises (in both Englith and French) all the branches of knowledge cultivated at the present day. Each language is taught by natives of respective countries, so as to insure correct pronunciation.

The academical year closes with a public exhibition and distribution of premiums, to which parents are invited.

Education is here the object of special attention and solicitude. Governing those placed under their charge by moral suasion alone, the Sisters of St. Joseph endeavor to inculcate principles of solid piety, require the strict observance of polite and amiable deportment, and instil feelings of respect and affection towards parents.

Pupils of all denominations are admitted.

NOTA.—During the bathing season, the Boarding School is moved to the Bay St. Louis, where the Sisters of St. Louis have a flourishing academy.

TERMS,

To be paid in advance, as follows:

Boarding, per three months		$54 00
Washing,	" "	10 00
Entrance,	" "	10 00
Music Lessons and use of Instrument		24 00
Singing Lessons		6 00
Drawing Lessons		9 00

Pastel, oil painting, according to the number of pupils.

Needle-work in all is varieties, golden embroidery, artificial flowers, is taught to the boarders without extra charge.

For further particulars address, "Superioress of the Academy of the Sisters of St. Joseph, Box 1511, New Orleans;" or, if more convenient, apply to

C. D. ELDER, Agent.

CLASS OF ORNAMENTAL WORK.

The Sisters of St. Joseph will open, on the First Tuesday of October, a Class of Ornamental Work, such as tapestry, golden embroidery, artificial flowers, hair work, etc. Terms per month, $5. se26 1y

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ST. STANISLAUS COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

BAY ST. LOUIS, MISSISSIPPI.

This institution, conducted by the Brothers of the Sacred Heart, has been in successful operation since 1855. It is beautifully situated on the shores of the Bay, commanding an extensive view of the Gulf—and affording all the advantages of the sea breeze, and bathing in the Summer, is, for the pupils, a great incitement to healthful amusement. The Commercial Course comprises all the branches of a good English education.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition, per session, payable half yearly in advance	$250 00
Washing, per session	10 00
Bedding, per session, (optional)	10 00
Doctor's Fees	5 00
Vacation, if spent at the institution	50 00

EXTRA CHARGES:

Piano and Violin, per month, each	6 00
Use of Piano, per month	1 50
Flute, per month	4 00
Brass Instrument, per month	1 00
Spanish and German languages, per month, each	5 00

For further particulars, apply to

BRO. FLORIMOND,
Director of the College.

fe14 1y

PROSPECTUS OF THE COLLEGE OF THE IMmaculate Conception, New Orleans.

This Literary Institution, incorporated by the State Louisiana, and empowered to confer degrees, is conducted by the Fathers of the Society of Jesus. The buildings are well adapted for educational purposes. A courtyard, entirely cut off from the street, is reserved for recreation; so that, from the arrival of the pupils, at 7:30 A. M., till their departure at 4 P. M., they are constantly secluded and superintended.

The course of instruction embraces Greek, Latin English, French Poetry, Rhetoric History, Geography Mathematics, Astronomy, Natural and Mental Philosophy, with the addition of Bookkeeping and the usual Commercial Branches; also the German language.

Students are not admitted, unless they know how to read and write.

The moral and religious training of the students is the leading objects of the instructors.

Every month a report is sent to parents, stating conduct, progress, rank in class and attendance.

The academical year begins on the first Monday October, and ends about the 31st of July.

TERMS:

Collegiate Course, payable in advance, and in United States currency, two months, $20.

Preparatory Course, $16. fe14 1y

Dolbear Commercial College

[Founded 1832.]

CORNER CAMP AND COMMON STREETS,

NEW ORLEANS.

The Oldest, and Most Efficient and Successful Commercial College in the United States. There is a Full Faculty. Citizens and strangers who wish a Business Education for themselves or sons, are invited to call. Students can enter in any or all the Departments of the College at any time. When clubs of three or more enter at the same time from the same place, ten per cent. deduction will be made. Board and Lodging $25 per month.

Book-keeping, Penmanship, Mathematics, English, French, Spanish, German, Phonography, etc., are taught as used in business—so that each student can at once take charge of ANY set of Books. An education that enables the student to earn $1000, $2000, or $3000 per annum, is the best FORTUNE parents can give their sons. The South must now educate ALL her sons PRACTICALLY, or they will forever be the slaves of the North.

N. B.—Young men, take notice that, so far as known, every one of the numerous Graduates of this College, for the past thirty-seven years, is now in profitable business.

After 37 years of success, this College requires no further indorsement than the fact that SEVERAL THOUSAND of its Graduates are in Prosperous Business in This City and over the South.

mh28 1y RUFUS DOLBEAR, President.

TO BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS, LOT OWNERS
Etc., Etc.

Cheap and Elegant Building Material.

The Louisiana Frear Stone Manufacturing Co

Are Prepared to Contract for

Window Caps and Sills, Water Tables, Keystones, Corbels, Ashlers, etc.,

In various styles of finish, plain and ornamental, equal to any wrought stone in use, and much cheaper.

Orders for Buildings, Fronts, Basements, or for Trimmings, (Cap Sills, Between Courses, Coping, etc.,) also Water Pipes, Flag Stones, Plain and Ornamental Tomb Stones, Mantels, etc.

Apply at 36 Natchez street, between 11 A. M. and 1 P. M., or at the Works on Poydras street, between Locust and Freret streets, to

THOS. J. PORTIS,
Superintendent.

se5 6m

EDUCATIONAL.

YOUNG LADIES' ACADEMY OF THE HOLY ANGELS.

Under the Direction of the Sisters of the Holy Cross.

Corner of Rampart and Congress streets, Third District,
New Orleans, Louisiana.

The new "Academy of the Holy Angels" is situated in a quiet and healthy locality, in the suburbs of the city, at a short distance from the river. The buildings are in the best style of modern educational establishments, commodious and thoroughly ventilated, affording all the advantages which contribute to the health and security of its inmates.

Pupils of all denominations are admitted; but for the promotion of order and regularity, all are obliged to attend the public exercises, and conform to the rules of the Institution.

TUITION:

The system of education embraces the French and English languages, viz: Reading, Penmanship, French and English Grammar, Arithmetic, Ancient and Modern Geography, use of the Globes, Prose and Poetical Compositions, History (Ancient and Modern, Sacred and Profane), Chronology, French and English Literature, Rhetoric, Mythology, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Astronomy, Botany, Book-keeping, Mathematics, etc. Music, Drawing, Painting, Plain and Ornamental Needle-work, Tapestry, Embroidery, Artificial Flowers, etc.

TERMS—PAYMENTS TO BE MADE QUARTERLY, IN ADVANCE:

Board and Tuition in French and English, per month	$20 00
.. .. per quarter	60 00
Entrance Fee for the first year only	10 00
EXTRA CHARGES—OPTIONAL:	
Music on the Piano, per quarter	$30 00
Use of Instrument ..	6 00
Vocal Music ..	12 00
Drawing ..	12 00
Painting ..	15 00
Tapestry and Embroi'ry ..	3 00
Artificial Flowers ..	9 00
Stationery ..	2 00
Washing ..	12 00
Use of Baths summer season, per quarter	4 00

The classes commence about the middle of September, and close by the end of July, by an examination and public exhibition.

Books, etc., may be procured at the Institution at moderate prices.

Pupils are received at any time during the year, and charges made from the date of entrance only.

For further particulars apply to the Mother Superior, Academy of the Holy Angels. au22 1y

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PASS CHRISTIAN COLLEGE,

PASS CHRISTIAN, MISSISSIPPI,
Directed by the Christian Brothers.

This institution, transferred from the city of New Orleans to the capacious, airy and thoroughly adapted buildings hitherto known as the Pass Christian Hotel, fully realizing the aims which controlled the act of removal, has reached an enviable standard of educational usefulness, while, by unsurpassed advantages of location, as well as the solid character of the studies pursued, it continues to hold out every guaranty for the physical, moral and intellectual development of the students committed to the Brothers' care.

The range of studies, carried out by an experienced Faculty, includes a Preparatory, Commercial and Collegiate course, literary and scientific—commencing on the First Monday of October, in every year, and ending on the First of August next ensuing. In view, however, of greater facilities to students, classes will be kept open during vacations, offering a desirable opportunity to parents and guardians of anticipating the exercises of the academic year, and entering their sons and wards during the recess. In such event, the matriculates, while enjoying wholesome exercise in the bracing atmosphere of the Gulf coast will be admitted to all the advantages of two months' preparatory studies—a large gain—the better to fit them for meeting, at once, the requirements of the regular course.

The terms are rated on as moderate a scale of prices as is warranted by the times.

TERMS:

Payments for term of five months invariably in advance.

Board, Washing, Tuition and Doctor's fee, for term of five months	$165
Entrance Fee, to be paid once only	10
Vacation at College, with preparatory studies, from 1st of August to 1st of October	60
EXTRA CHARGES.	
Music—Piano, per term of five months	30
Violin, (strings furnished)	26
Flute, or any other wind instrument	20
Drawing	24

Information may be obtained at St. Mary's College, corner Foucher and Poeyfarre streets, New Orleans, and for circulars and other particulars, address

BRO. ISAIAH, President,
Pass Christian College.

jy18 1y

SAINT VINCENT'S COLLEGE,

CAPE GIRARDEAU, MISSOURI.

This institution, conducted by the Priests of the Congregation of the Mission of St. Vincent of Paul, is beautifully located on the Mississippi river, forty miles above Cairo, and one hundred and fifty miles below St. Louis.

The College buildings are large, commodious and well ventilated. The grounds are beautiful, extensive, and well adapted for healthful exercise.

The College is of easy access. Regular daily packets touch at Cape Girardeau.

The scholastic year begins on the FIRST MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER, and ends about the first of July

TERMS.

Board and Tuition, per scholastic year	$250
Washing, and mending of articles washed	25
Physician's Fee and Medicines	10
Instrumental Music	40

For further information apply to
Rev. ANTHONY VERINA, C. M.,
President of the College,
Or to Rev. THOS. J. SMITH, C. M.,
St. Joseph's Church, New Orleans.

au29 6m

ACADEMY OF THE VISITATION,

MONTE MARIA, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

The duties of this institution will be resumed on the

FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER.

Parents and Guardians desiring a first class Boarding School for their Daughters and Wards, will find here every advantage.

Located in the healthiest portion of one of the most healthy cities in the South, with large grounds, and in a retired and romantic situation, it affords, in addition, every facility for acquiring an education, mental and moral, of a high grade. Large additions have been made to the buildings to meet the increasing applications for admission.

Apply for Prospectus and Terms to the office of the Morning Star and Catholic Messenger, 109 Gravier street. jy4 1y

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ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Conducted by the Sisters of Charity,
Near Emmitsburg, Frederick County, Maryland.

This institution is pleasantly situated in a healthy and picturesque part of Frederick county, Maryland, half a mile from Emmitsburg, and two miles from Mount St. Mary's College. It was commenced in 1809, and incorporated by the Legislature of Maryland in 1816. The buildings are convenient and spacious.

TERMS:

Entrance (paid but once)	$5 00
The charge for Board and Tuition, including Bed and Bedding and Doctor's fees, per session	125 00
Washing and Mending	10 00

Music, Drawing and the Languages are extra charges.

ALL PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

The Academic year is divided in two Sessions of five months each, beginning respectively on the 28th of August and the 28th of January.

Letters of inquiry directed to the
MOTHER SUPERIOR,
St. Joseph's Academy, Emmitsburg, Md.

ap18 1y

ST. MARY JEFFERSON COLLEGE

ST. JAMES, LOUISIANA.

THE NEXT SESSION WILL COMMENCE ON THE FIRST OF OCTOBER, 1868.

The Marist Fathers, who have charge of the Institution, are provided with all the facilities for imparting a thorough English, French, Classical and Mathematical Education.

TERMS—Payable in advance, $90 in gold, or its equivalent, for the half-session of five months.

For further particulars, apply to the President, or to
MESSRS. POURSINE & CO.,
No. 36 Natchez street, New Orleans.

au23 1y

SPRING HILL COLLEGE, (Near Mobile, Alabama.)

This Institution, which was destroyed by fire last February, being now rebuilt, will open its session on the 7th of December next.

The terms for the present session, payable half-yearly in advance in currency are as follows:

Board, Tuition, Washing and Stationery	$270 00
Entrance Fee, first year only	15 00
Medical Fees	14 00
Bed and Bedding	14 00

A Professor will be in New Orleans to take charge of the students who may be entrusted to their care. They will leave the city on the 6th of December, at 4 o'clock P. M., by the Pontchartrain Railroad. For references and circulars, address the President of the College, at Spring Hill; the College of the Immaculate Conception, corner Baronne and Common streets; or P. Poursine, Agent, 36 Natchez street. no24 1y

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STAINED GLASS.

WILLIAM NELSON,
23 Market street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Stained, Ground, Enameled and Embossed Glass for churches, dwellings, etc. I am prepared to supply all orders on the most reasonable terms. Lead and Iron Sash made to order. Specimens and estimates sent to all parts of the country on application. de26 1y

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CAHILL & COFFEY,

JACKSON CORN MILL AND FEED STORE,

Nos. 726 and 732 Levee street, and 35 and 41 Water street,
Fourth District.

Dealers in Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Hominy, Grits, Chicken and Cow Feed, etc.

Goods delivered free of drayage. [illegible] 1y

MEDICAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

A SOVEREIGN REMEDY FOR LUNG DISEASES

And All Kindred Complaints.

There is high authority for saying that he is a fool who decides a case before he knows it. And there is no arguing against "established facts." I have a sovereign remedy for lung diseases and all similar complaints. I have witnesses of the *fact* here asserted now living in New Orleans, whose names and residences may be known by calling at my office, No. 21 Baronne street, near Canal, adjoining the Jesuits' Church.

This remedy is a vegetable production, growing in Louisiana. It is unknown to the medical faculty, and its effects have been of the most astonishing nature. It has been pronounced by a physician of thirty years' practice, "the greatest medical discovery of the age."

Come and see the evidences of what I state. Never mind the cry of humbug. From that cry I appeal simply to *facts*, which I am ready to establish to the satisfaction of any mind that will admit evidence.

Persons at a distance, who wish to try this remedy, should write to friends in the city, and let them investigate it. If they become satisfied with the evidences in its favor, a sufficient quantity for any ordinary case will be sent for $20, and the same quantity subsequently if necessary, for $10.

G. H. SMITH,
21 Baronne street.

no7 6m

A CARD...A CARD

DR. ROBERT HUNTER, (of New York,) editor of the Specialist and Journal of Diseases of the Chest, and inventor of the Inhaling Instruments and Catarrh Syringe in general use, has arrived in New Orleans, and opened an office at 165 Canal street, over Herber's drug store, for the treatment of the

Throat, Lungs and Heart,

to which branch of his profession he devotes his entire attention. His improved Pulmometre, for testing the health of the Lungs and expanding and developing the Chest, in case of weak lungs, can be procured at his rooms. no7 1y

Hours from 9 to 4 P. M.

THE LATEST DISCOVERY IN MEDICATION.

The great difficulty which physicians have been laboring for centuries to overcome, has at length been obviated. A Vegetable Cathartic and alterative more efficient than any mineral preparation of the same class, and as agreeable to the taste as ordinary candy, is now offered to the sick in the form of a Lozenge.

Dr. Erasmus Winslow's Liver and Stomach Lozenge is the most important medicinal novelty that modern chemistry has produced. It contains two botanic extracts, perfectly harmless in themselves, but embodying all the remedial properties of mercury, and destined in this pleasant form to supersede and banish from general use, the nauseous pills and potions of which that dangerous excitant is the main ingredient. More than one thousand experiments were made by the inventor of this peerless remedy before it was brought to its present state of perfection. The Lozenge is harmless in its operation, and although the medicinal taste of its curative components has been extinguished by chemical art, their virtues remain as active and potent as ever.

In Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Sick or Nervous Headache, Piles, Dropsy, and the irregularities to which the feebler sex are subject, the Lozenges will be found infinitely more effective than any of the horrible and disgusting compounds usually administered in such cases. As an anti-bilious specific and general aperient, they have no equal either among advertised preparations or the prescriptions of the regular pharmacopœia.

It is guaranteed that no one who has once tried Dr. Erasmus Winslow's Liver and Stomach Lozenges will ever again take a purgative powder, or draught or pill. 1y

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"COUGH NO MORE."

TURNER'S Pectoral Pastile

A certain cure for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Influenza, Bronchial and Pulmonary Affections. The formula of this preparation is well known to the Medical faculty as the FOUR SYRUPS, and has been used in the Charity Hospital of this city for over thirty years, constituting the House Cough Remedy. It is now put up by the proprietor in the present solid form, which renders it more convenient, efficacious and agreeable. This preparation will be found very beneficial to children, as both its appearance and taste are inviting.

Price Fifty Cents per box.

Prepared only by JAMES TURNER, Chemist,
623 Magazine street, bet. Josephine and Jackson.

And for sale by FREDERICKSON & HARTE,
15 Roy street.

BALL, LYONS & CO.
Corner of Camp and Gravier streets.

And by Druggists generally. fe14 1y

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Is the best article known to preserve the hair.

It will positively restore Gray Hair to its Original Color, and promote its growth.

It is an entirely new scientific discovery combining many of the most powerful and restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom.

It makes the hair smooth and glossy, and does not stain the skin.

It is recommended and used by the first Medical authority.

For sale by all druggists. Price $1.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

se5 1y

DR. D. BLY'S PATENT ARTIFICIAL LEGS AND ARMS.

The Anatomical Leg has side motion at the ankle, the same as the natural one, and contains all the latest improvements in Artificial Legs. It is recommended by the best surgeons in America as being superior to all others in use. Each Leg is guaranteed for five years, with perfect satisfaction in fitting, or no sale. Old style Leg of any pattern from $100 to $50. Arms, with patent shoulder motion, giving a life-like appearance, with partial and full finger motion. All kinds of Artificial Limbs repaired on short notice and on reasonable terms.

Send for descriptive pamphlet, it contains valuable information, and is sent free. Address,

LEWIS LOCKWOOD, Manufacturer,
59 Camp street, New Orleans, La.

se26 1y

PURITY IS ESSENTIAL.

E. LALMANT,
(Successor to J. H. HARTE,)

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,
Corner of Claiborne and Gasquet streets.

A full assortment of Fresh Drugs and Chemicals always on hand.

PERFUMERY—French, English, and American.
BRUSHES—Tooth, Hair, and nail in great variety.
SOAPS—Every quality and price.

Special attention given to the Compounding of Physicians' Prescriptions at all hours. je13 1y

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GEORGE BAIRNSFATHER,

CHEMIST, DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,
(Established Twelve Years.)

372..............COMMON STREET..............372

Takes this opportunity of informing his regular customers, and the public generally, that he has lately opened a splendid new store, (next door to his old stand) fitted up with a Large and Varied Assortment of Fresh Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals, suitable to the wants of the most fastidious; and as he gives his constant personal attention to the careful manipulation and preparation of all Medicines he dispenses, the public may feel assured that they may have full confidence in anything they receive from his store.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. mh21 1y

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W. J. KELLY, DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY

Importer and Dealer in
French, English, German and American Drugs and Chemicals, Perfumery, etc., and Patent Medicines of every description.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

23 Claiborne street, between Gasquet and Common next door to Dr. Hurd, New Orleans. au8 1y

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M. E. F. KEATON,

Corner of Erato and Liberty streets,

Pharmaceutical Chemist, and Dealer in

French, English and American Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Toilet and Fancy Articles, etc.

The strictest attention paid to Physicians' Prescriptions. oc17

CHARLES F. TUTTLE,

WOOD ENGRAVER,

3..............Old Levee Street..............3

New Orleans, La.

Orders with Designs, from any part of the [illegible] will be promptly attended to, and Handsomely Engraved [illegible] short notice. [illegible] 1y