

# Houghton Department

TELEPHONE SOUTH 199

## WORK IS COMMENCED BY MANGAS DEVELOPMENT CO.

Drilling of Property is Under Way and Four Drills Will be in Operation by Dec. 1—Organization of Company has Been Perfected—Judge Haire of Houghton Named as President.

Judge Norman W. Haire has returned to Houghton from New Mexico where he located the property of the Mangas Development Co. recently located by Judge Haire and his associates. While at the property the organization of the development company was perfected, officers being chosen as follows:

President—Norman W. Haire.  
Vice president—Joseph E. Saint.  
Treasurer—J. W. Seidman.  
Secretary—Lloyd S. Linton.

The officers, with George A. Kaseman of Albuquerque, N. M., comprise the directorate. H. A. Linker, formerly of the engineering forces of the Occoila and Tamarrack group of mines, has been appointed superintendent of the Mangas and will be in active charge of mining operations. One claim drill has been started and four will be in operation before December 1.

Judge Haire speaks very encouragingly of the property. He says: "We have made our preliminary payments and have now under control 1,000 acres actual payments for which have been made on 377 acres; the balance of the options have been extended for one year."

In view of the fact that we are joined on either side by the developed property of the Chemung Copper Co., as well as that of the Barrow Mountain Co., recently taken over by Phelps Dodge Co., from Nathan Leopold, we have every reason to be most confident concerning the ore possibilities of our large acreage.

L. S. Linton, the secretary of the company, is a former employe of the Keweenaw Copper Co. He has already opened offices in the Citizens' bank building.

## JUDGE STREETER IS BACK.

Circuit Judge A. T. Streeter and Court Reporter E. M. Ingram are home from L'Anse where this week they conducted the October term of circuit court for Baraga county. The session was not a very lengthy one, there being but few cases to occupy the attention of the court. A feature of the term was there was not a single criminal case on the calendar.

The Isle Royale band will give a dance this evening at Houghton fire hall.

## FIRST TRIP OVER LINE.

Three and Half Miles of Houghton, Chassell & Southwestern, Completed.

With the arrival this week of a 12-ton geared engine the first train over the Houghton, Chassell & Southwestern railroad was run, officials of the Worcester Lumber Co. and others making the trip. The road has been completed a distance of three and a half miles, leaving another mile to be constructed this fall. This portion will be completed before the fifth of next month, and will wind up the road building for this year.

Eventually the Houghton, Chassell & Southwestern, which is Worcester Lumber Co. project, will be 20 miles in length with about twenty miles of branches. The new road will tap rich timber lands in Chassell, Portage and Laird townships, and will prove a boon to the farmers and settlers of that district.

At the end of the first four and one-half miles it is the intention of the company to start a new town or village, to be known as Worhan.

## HOCKEY IN DULUTH.

Mart Adson Says People are Interested.—J. W. Ruhl Going There.

Copper country people will anxiously await some definite announcement from Duluth relative to the erection of a hockey rink there for the coming winter. For several years past it has been rumored that such a structure will be erected, but nothing ever materialized. Mart Adson, general passenger agent for the South Shore railway, with headquarters in the Zenith city, was here yesterday and said that there was every prospect of something definite being done this winter.

J. W. Ruhl, former president of the

## ORGANIZED FIGHT AGAINST WHITE PLAGUE SUCCESSFUL

Last Year's Tuberculosis Death Rate Lower Than the Preceding Year, According to Chief Statistician Wilbur—Good Work Being Done by the Houghton County Society.

It will be interesting to the members of the Houghton County Anti-Tuberculosis society and the public at large to know that the great fight against the white plague, as tuberculosis is universally known, is being won. The authority for this statement comes from Cressy L. Wilbur, chief statistician of the department of vital statistics, United States census bureau. In a bulletin just issued, based upon the annual returns of deaths from the death registration area of the United States, Mr. Wilbur says:

"It is probable that the great attention that has been given to this disease through the International Congress on Tuberculosis, held at Washington in 1908 and the organization of many state and local societies has already begun to have its effect upon the mortality from this disease and a continued decline in the death rate from it, from year to year may be expected. A disease of increasing importance, according to returns, in pellagra, for which twenty-three deaths were returned in 1908, but as most of the deaths from this occur in the south, from which no records are received, this figure does not represent the mortality from this cause. Among the other diseases, smallpox caused 92 deaths; plague, 5; yellow fever, 2; typhoid, 11; and rabies or hydrophobia, 52."

The total number of deaths from all forms of tuberculosis returned in 1908 was 78,235, exceeding those of any previous year of registration, but the death rate per 100,000 for 1908 is 172.9 as compared with 183.6 for 1907. In all registration states, the deaths from tuberculosis showed a decline except in Colorado, Rhode Island and Vermont.

Tuberculosis Kills One-Third. In the registration area of the United States during the year 1908, 39,930 deaths out of every 100 deaths of occupied males who died between the ages of 25 and 34 years were caused by tuberculosis of the lungs, or nearly one death out of every three. During the same age period 41.9 per cent of the bookkeepers, clerks and copyists, 49.1 per cent of the barbers and hair dressers, 49.30 per cent of the servants, 44.1 per cent of the boot and shoe makers, 42.2 per cent of the compositors, printers and press men, 41.2 per cent of the tailors and 25.6 per cent of the farmers who died in the registration area during 1908 were victims of pulmonary tuberculosis.

Excellent results have so far followed the efforts of the local society. Upon the return of Dr. L. L. Hubbard from the southwest a meeting of the society will be called for the purpose of mapping out a campaign for the winter months. At this meeting the selection of a successor to Miss A. M. Bearhope, the visiting nurse, who has resigned, will be made. Miss Hubbard will likely be the choice.

Copper Country Amateur league, expects to go to Duluth next week and while there will endeavor to arouse some interest in the sport and the possibilities which would accrue from a hockey rink. It is understood here that certain parties are seriously contemplating the erection of a rink and Mr. Ruhl will see them and use his every influence to cause them to push the project.

Duluth has turned out some mighty clever hockey teams and the copper country devotees of the sport would like to see them enter the sport on a proper basis so that inter-district games may be played during the coming winters.

Judge Norman W. Haire will preside at the meeting to be held in Citizens' bank hall this evening, when the matter of forming a Copper Country Amateur league will be discussed. A number of Calumet people will attend the meeting.

The local lodge of Pythian Sisters will entertain at dancing next Tuesday evening.

N. P. Mowatt, John Funkey and Ernest Hansen are in Chicago purchasing equipment and supplies for the new garage of the Northern Garage Co., recently organized here and which will open for business just east of the Amphidrome.

## MICHIGAN WILL STOP ROCK SHIPMENTS FIRST OF WEEK

Company Has Been Losing Several Cents on Each Pound of Copper Produced and Considers Closing Down Policy Best Step—Will Continue Exploratory Work on "Bee" Tract.

Michigan will suspend rock shipments the first of next week, and it will then be only a matter of a few days before operations will be entirely stopped at the property, with the exception of the exploratory work on the "Bee" tract. Since the work of suspending underground operations commenced a week ago, upwards of 300 men have been laid off. All stopping, in fact practically all underground development, has been stopped, but the mineral broken down has been shipped forward daily. So far there has been but a small decrease in the daily rock shipments, but after the first of the week no further shipments will be made.

Michigan yesterday shipped approximately 600 tons of rock to the mill and today will ship 14 to 15 carloads. The surplus is, however, rapidly being cleaned up and by the middle of next week no further efforts along the line of production will be made.

It is the intention of the management to continue the exploratory developments on the Bee tract, and, in the event of an improved copper market next spring, to resume mining operations in the old workings.

## REPAIR WORK AT CANAL INTERRUPTED BY WINDS

Government Engineer Banks Has Made Some Repairs to East Breakwater, Which Was Damaged by Heavy Storm, but West Winds Make Headway Slow—Weather Conditions Improve.

The east breakwater at the Portage lake ship canal, which was quite badly damaged by the storm of ten days ago, has been partially repaired, temporarily, and it is hoped to complete the temporary improvements during the coming week. Just when permanent repairs will be made it is impossible to state, but this work will likely be done during the winter and early spring.

Owing to high west and northwest winds the past week the repair work has progressed very slowly. Government Engineer Banks, who is in charge of the local waterway, said this morning that he hoped to finish up the work as speedily as possible.

The weather bureau this morning held out hopes for improved weather in the immediate future. Observer Wiesner, in charge of the local station, today issued the following bulletin of local conditions:

"Moderate winds (12 to 24 miles) still continued on the eastern part of the lake, while on the west part the wind is almost light. The general outlook is now for a slow and gradual improvement both in wind and weather conditions. The temperature will remain nearly stationary, west bound boats will find favorable weather shortly after leaving the canal, while east bound boats will find very little change this afternoon and early tonight."

## SHIELDS SAYS CAMPAIGN WILL BE A LIVELY ONE

Robert H. Shields of Houghton, has returned from Lansing, where he attended a special meeting of the state tax commission and the state board of railway assessors. Mr. Shields in commenting on the gubernatorial situation said this morning that matters are shaping up for a lively campaign in the lower peninsula next summer. There will be at least four candidates in the field, including Chase S. Osborn of the Soo, and each of them will pay particular attention to the lower part of the state. There will be speeches galore and none of the aspirants for Governor Warner's place will lose any time when the fun once starts. The entrance of Mr. Osborn into the field has aroused additional interest and it is understood his campaign will be an aggressive one in both peninsulas.

## SUNDAY IN THE CHURCHES.

Usual Hours of Worship in Houghton Edifices Tomorrow.

There will be the usual services conducted tomorrow in all of the Houghton churches, no special programs being announced. Masses at St. Ignatus will be at the usual hours, and there will be the customary services at Trinity and the First Presbyterian church. At Grace M. E. church Rev. A. B. Sutcliffe, the pastor, will preach both morning and evening. The subject of his morning sermon will be "Military Marching Orders for Messengers of Mercy," and in the evening will take for his theme, "The Upward Look of Life."

The Salvation Army will conduct its usual meetings, while Christian Science meetings will be held as usual at 10:45, the subject for tomorrow being: "Probation After Death."

## HOTON BREVITIES.

F. R. Bolles, general freight and passenger agent for the Copper Range railroad, left this afternoon for Chicago. He will return Monday noon.

William A. Paine, president of the

## May's Hair Health

Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to Its Natural Color and Beauty. No matter how long it has been gray or faded. Stops its falling out, and positively removes Dandruff. Refuse all substitutes. Is not a dye. 21 and 50c bottles, at druggists, or by mail, send 2c for free book "The Care of the Hair." This May Spec. Co., Newark, N. J.

Copper Range Consolidated Mining Co., and the Copper Range railroad, and R. T. McKee, vice president and general manager of the railroad, are expected in Houghton from Boston next week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Denton of Painesdale returned a day or two ago from Chicago where they accompanied their three oldest sons who have gone south for the winter. Mr. Denton left again for Chicago on business yesterday afternoon.

Joe Schler, who has been employed as building inspector at the new Painesdale high school, has left for his home in Milwaukee, having completed his work here.

An interesting boxing exhibition between a couple of Italian boxers is to be pulled off at South Range this evening.

A movement has been started towards holding a football tournament at Battle next month. Funds will be solicited next week.

The Painesdale Glee club will give its first concert this evening, at the Painesdale M. E. church. A fine program has been prepared.

Two members of the South Range Italian lodge left today for Iron Mountain to attend a big Italian convention which is being held with a view to effecting a consolidation of all of the Italian lodges in the upper peninsula.

The Calumet & Hecla orchestra will play as usual this evening at the Board of Trade.

Mrs. Teckla Farm McKinney, well known, soloist, formerly of Ishpeming and Sault Ste. Marie, will sing at the Presbyterian church on College avenue next Thursday evening, assisted by her husband, P. B. McKinney.

Miss M. E. Dignum of the Hotel Dea has returned from a visit in Wisconsin cities.

## FOUND TIME FOR LITERATURE

English Literary Man Astonished to Find Accurate Scholarship Among Americans.

An English literary man, who visited this country some years ago to lecture, frankly declared that he came not expecting to find accurate scholarship among Americans, especially on purely literary subjects, adding affably:

"You have been too busy and useful a nation in practical matters to give much time to the arts and graces of learning."

During the dinner at which he made this remark he criticized Shakespeare, sharply declaring that his metaphors often were absurd, "as, for example," he said, "Sleep that knits up the ravell'd sleeve of care." How ridiculous to figure sleep as knitting up a torn sleeve of a coat!

A young American sitting near him said modestly: "I think the word is not sleeve, but slave, the thin fluff of a damaged web. It is a technical expression among weavers."

"In the United States probably!" retorted the critic irritably. "Shakespeare never could have heard it. He meant sleeve."

"I believe," persisted the American gently, "the word is printed sleeve in all the old editions. It is not an American word, but has been used for centuries by weavers in Scotland and the north of England."

The visitor frowned and then with English frankness said, laughing: "Thank you—I was mistaken. Perhaps I am mistaken about other things and will be corrected before I leave your shores."

## FINALLY SERVED THE PAPER

Wily Bailiff Had Hard Work, but at Last Scored Victory Over the Cardinal.

Some time ago a very rich old Italian lady died leaving to her heirs a colossal fortune. She was very pious and, first of all, laid upon these heirs the obligation to remit to the vatican 2,000,000 lire. The heirs were greatly embarrassed by this bequest. They obtained a decision which should put the vatican in possession of this legacy, but neither the pope nor Cardinal Merry del Val would accept it. A bailiff was charged with the duty of giving notice of the judgment to the holy see. He was unable to place this paper in the hands of Pius X. or in the hands of his secretary. He could not approach the holy father and entrance to the apartments of Monsignore del Val was prohibited.

He then devised a scheme. He learned that the cardinal had gone to bathe in Lake Bracciano, some distance from Rome. At the moment when the papal secretary reappeared on the surface of the water, after a plunge, the bailiff was before the ministerial officer to place the paper under the nose of his eminence. But the cardinal, who is an excellent swimmer, made a dive, disappeared, and next took refuge in a bathhouse, closing the door behind him.

A half hour later his eminence was breakfasting at a restaurant. The report ended, he asked for his bill. The garcon brought it to him and upon the same plate the cardinal found the official paper. The garcon was no other than the bailiff. His last trick had succeeded. The paper was served.

## CURRENT GOSSIP OF THE COPPERS

J. A. Minnear & Co.

### THE STOCK MARKET—

Locally, sentiment is very bearish, due entirely to the unsettled state of the metal market. As a consequence buying from this district has been practically nil. In fact there has been quite some selling of copper stocks by those who expect to buy in again at a lower level.

This condition in the copper share market has not been helped any by the eastern markets. The New York list, for instance, has shown quite a loss during the past week. This is due almost entirely to the state of the money market. Indicative of the precarious condition existing, the Bank of England this week raised its rates of exchange to five per cent, the highest point on a record since the severe slump of a year ago. When the market was in a semi-panic state foreign exchange rates were raised on a par with those now existing to prevent an influx of gold to this country to help finance the big bull market then on. As soon as these rates were raised the decline started terminating only when the Morgan interests came to the rescue.

While of course there is likelihood of a break of such serious consequences as then existed, yet it is readily apparent that we cannot have much of a bull market until money is easier. True, the call rates for money in the east have not soared as they did then, nor is there any prospect of such an action, yet public buying of stocks is discouraged in the face of these conditions existing.

The real bullish argument in this market is the fact that the public is bearish. Experience has indicated that when the public is so bearish it is a good time to lay in a supply of good stocks at a low level. But by no process of reasoning can stocks be considered low now, particularly the New York issues. For the present we believe stocks should be bought only on recessions and then only for a turn.

### THE METAL MARKET—

Sales of small lots of copper were reported to have been made yesterday at slightly less than thirteen cents per pound for electrolytic. Producers claim that they have bids for large quantities of the red metal at that price, but are not willing to sell at that figure. Producers state that they have every reasonable assurance of a betterment in the metal industry and with it higher prices.

On the contrary consumers are holding off from any heavy purchases confident that they will get further concessions. The whole trouble lies entirely in the uncertainty which exists. There is no doubt but that consumers would readily pay fifteen cents for their copper if there was any assurance of the stability of the price at that figure.

Already there is much speculation attached to the forthcoming statement of the Copper Producers' association. It is believed that it will prove equally disappointing as was the report for the September business. The foreign demand for the metal is slightly better, and bids fair to further improve. Some consumption remains about stationary.

Much depends on the decision of various railroads to electrify their lines if the home consumption of copper increases. The case in Chicago where the city proposes to compel the electrification of all railroads entering the city, and running within a prescribed district, will serve as a stepping stone to similar laws being enacted elsewhere. This will materially stimulate the consumption of copper, but of course this will not have any effect in the immediate future. At the moment electrolytic copper is quoted at 13 cents bid and 13 1/2 asked, with Lake copper an eighth of a cent higher.

### LAKE—

As yet the crosscut at the fifth level of the Lake shaft has not reached that portion of the lode near the hanging where in the laterals above it gave such high values. It is yet too early to reach the same relative location on the lode as above so that the real value of the fifth level remains to be seen. This must not be considered as inferring that the lode so far has not shown any copper values, for such is not true. The vein now penetrated over forty feet on the fifth level discloses satisfactory copper but not anywhere as near as rich as in the levels above closer to the hanging wall. It will take another week or ten days to get to the richest portion of Lake's lode.

The management hopes to bring the developments at the Lake to such a point that by next spring, if desired, rock shipments can be undertaken. It is intended to run several ventilating winzes later and as soon as these are ready, stopping can follow quickly. It is stated that Lake can ship 500 tons per day for three months from the openings already available.

### KEATING—

The sale of 150,000 shares of Keating to shareholders of the company has provided the company with \$150,000 with which to push production more vigorously. It is planned to immediately increase ore shipments to 200 tons per day. This should show the company substantial earnings on its capitalization of 400,000 shares.

### COLUMBUS CONSOLIDATED—

The heavy liquidation in Columbus Consolidated continues. This is thought to be due to the report of a possible contest for title to one of the claims held by the company. Large Lake Superior shareholders have been disposing of their holdings for weeks past. The inability of the company to show any earnings at the present metal prices adds nothing to its attractiveness as a purchase at present quotations.

### INDIANA—

No. 2 diamond drill hole late Wednesday penetrated a very rich copper bearing amygdaloid lode which caused a sharp advance in the price of Indiana stock. This amygdaloid underlies a bed of conglomerate of 200 feet and which contains lenses of sandstone with fine copper disseminated through them. The amygdaloid lode was penetrated four feet without cutting through and showed copper even richer than was encountered in the now famous Lake lode. While it is claimed that the amygdaloid is the extension of the Lake lode, it is yet too early to make such a statement with any degree of certainty.

Further drilling will be done in order to determine what can be expected from the lode cut this week. Indiana's property is so located that there is no question but that it will open good copper bearing lodes. It is only a question of development. It has the advantage of having a light overburden, so that should a shaft be

sunk it will take but little time and no heavy expense to get through the overburden.

Indiana is amply financed. The company has funds sufficient not only to complete its campaign of diamond drilling, but also to sink and equip a shaft. It is quite possible a shaft will be started this fall. Two diamond drilling outfits are in use at the property.

### NORTH LAKE—

There has been some selling of North Lake and the investment in Indiana for two reasons. One because Indiana has already cut a promising lode and the second because North Lake has had such great difficulty with the heavy overburden. The diamond drilling outfits at the North Lake have been impeded in their work because of this fact. The exploratory work at North Lake has been costly with only indifferent results to date. While there is no doubt but that the company will locate the extension on its property of the Lake lode so far this has not been done. It has hoped to get the work to such a point at North Lake that a shaft could be sunk this year, but this looks very doubtful now.

### ARIZONA & MICHIGAN—

The following information has been received at the home office of the Arizona & Michigan:

Superintendent N. A. Nelson of the Arizona-Michigan Mining company with a force of twenty men, is steadily continuing development work from the Telfair shaft. Two crosscuts are being extended. The one north of the shaft is now out 157 feet. This crosscut is still running through diorite, but in the past few days there has been a decided change for the better in the showings. Several stringers of mineral have been encountered and some of these contain traces of gold and a considerable amount of silver. These stringers, however, are plainly not related in any direct way with the ledge toward which the north crosscut is being run. Judging from the showings up to date, the ledge should be encountered at some distance from the end of the north crosscut.

The crosscut south of the Telfair shaft is now 210 feet long and is in diorite somewhat softer than that found on the north side.

General Manager, S. W. Clawson of the Arizona-Michigan Mining company was in Globe during the past week and spent several days looking over conditions at the mine. He left Globe for the Pacific coast Thursday morning.

### SUPERIOR & GLOBE—

Stockholders of Superior & Globe will have mailed to them today copies of the first annual report. This report is a very favorable one, and has been responsible for the increased interest in the stock. Coupled with the fact that Supt. Snell advises a change is likely to occur in the shaft at any time now the stock looks attractive from a speculative standpoint at least.

An analysis of the report shows a cash balance of about \$76,000 in Superior & Globe's treasury. Mining expenses during the time of incorporation, December 1908 up to Oct. 23 amounted to about \$46,000. At this rate there is money enough in the company's treasury to continue development work for at least another year without calling on shareholders for further funds. Superior & Globe has outstanding 245,000 shares and its property fully paid for.

Concerning the company's affairs President Daniels has the following to say:

The property of the Superior and Globe Copper company is located about two miles northeast of the town of Globe, Gila county, Arizona.

It consists of 14 claims with a combined area of over 250 acres of mineralized ground, and is entirely owned and paid for by your company. The necessary location notices have been prepared, and the patent surveys have all been made. In March of this year a shaft was started on the Copper Trust claim No. 2, and at the present writing has reached a depth of 552 feet. This shaft will be continued down to permanent water level, at which point, the different veins will be explored by crosscuts and drifts, the shaft being so situated, that at least three parallel lodes or fissures can be reached and opened up and their probable values determined from one power plant.

The shaft is a three-compartment one, and is well timbered throughout with 10x10 timbers, and will make a first-class working shaft. The equipment at the mine, consists of one 25-horsepower gasoline hoist, one 44-horsepower gasoline driven air compressor, one 40-foot galvalva or head frame, one blacksmith shop and outfit, one timber framing shed, one small office building, one 4-room dwelling, also all necessary tools, buckets, ropes and three 2 1/2 Ingersoll-Rand air drills for underground drilling. The shaft is sinking vertically in the diabase or hanging wall of the so-called Yuma vein, which outcrops as a strongly mineralized fault or iron fissure, 40 to 100 feet in width, for 5,000 feet in length on the Superior and Globe property. Copper values have been found at various points along the strike of this outcrop, and some work was done in this fissure by the Old Dominion company on the Yuma claim adjoining. Not enough was accomplished however, to determine the dip of the vein, or gather any data, from which to judge of the general value of the fissure as a copper producer, although the company and various leasers shipped copper ores to the smelter, while tunneling along the strike, at a depth of not over 20 feet.

It is as yet undetermined at what depth the Superior and Globe shaft will encounter the Yuma vein, but the shaft will be pushed down until it reaches permanent water level, at which depth, a crosscut to the vein will be driven. The distance to the lode in this crosscut should not be great, and the management feels confident, that there is a zone of enrichment at water level, and the effort at present is to obtain that level as soon as possible. Narrow seams of calcite carrying chalcocyanite copper ores in small quantities have already been encountered showing that the hanging or diabase country rock is mineralized in the vicinity of the lode. The property is easily accessible and the topography of the adjacent country is not rough or rugged, so that railway connections can readily be made when needed. The shaft was located on the property with the idea of being eventually reached by a short spur track from the Gila Valley Globe and Northern Railway, now in the process of construction to the Superior and Boston and Arizona Commercial Mines.

The finances of the Superior and Globe Copper com-

(Continued on Page Three.)

## MAKES YOUR KIDNEYS ACT FINE ENDING LAME BACK AND ALL BLADDER MISERY

Several doses will regulate your out-of-order kidneys and make you feel fine—News readers, both men and women, should take Pape's Diuretic at the first sign of a kidney or urinary disorder.

A real surprise awaits every sufferer from kidney or bladder trouble who takes several doses of Pape's Diuretic. Misery in the back, sides or loins, sick headache, nervousness, rheumatism pains, heart palpitations, dizziness, sleeplessness, inflamed or swollen eyelids, lack of energy and all symptoms of out-of-order kidneys simply vanish. Uncontrollable urination (especially at night), smarting, offensive and discolored water and other bladder misery ends. The moment you suspect kidney or urinary disorder, or feel any rheumatism, begin taking this harmless medi-

cine, with the knowledge that there is no other remedy, at any price, made anywhere else in the world, which will affect so thorough and prompt a cure as a fifty-cent treatment of Pape's Diuretic, which any druggist can supply. It is needless to feel miserable and worried, because this unusual preparation goes at once to the out-of-order kidneys and urinary system, distributing its cleansing, healing and strengthening influence directly upon the organs and glands affected, and completes the cure before you realize it. Your physician, pharmacist, banker or any mercantile agency will tell you that Pape, Thompson & Pape, of Cincinnati, is a large and responsible medicine concern, thoroughly worthy of your confidence. Accept only Pape's Diuretic—fifty-cent treatment—any drug store—anywhere in the world.