

PREPARATION FOR WAR IS PROCEEDING

Whole Balkan Peninsula is Being
Transformed into an
Army Camp

MILITARY DEMONSTRATION ON

States Hopes to Impress Turkey
With Necessity of Making
Needed Reforms

ULTIMATUMS TO THE PORTE

London, Oct. 2.—The whole of the Balkan peninsula is being rapidly transformed into an army camp. According to dispatches from the capitals of the various states, upwards of a million men have been ordered to gather and decide once for all, in trial by combat, the question of changing the conditions of the inhabitants of the European provinces of Turkey.

The effect of a demonstration of the military forces of the Balkan states is the first to be tried. For this purpose Bulgaria, Serbia, Greece and Montenegro have ordered the mobilization of their entire available armies, and if this open threat does not secure what they demand from the Ottoman government the next few hours may see further steps taken.

The Ottoman authorities are no less busy. From some European capitals reports have reached here that men already have crossed the frontier and begun fighting, but these entirely lack confirmation. They likely are based on the clashes of frontier guards which are of daily occurrence.

The only bright prospect of the situation is that the Balkan states seem inclined to give the great powers a little more time in which to try to induce Turkey to introduce the reforms demanded in Macedonia. It was reported today they intend to send a collective note to Turkey explaining their action in the mobilization of the armies. As they necessarily must await a reply to this note, the ambassadors of the great powers at Constantinople will be able to further impress the Porte with the advisability of granting their demands.

The Porte, in the meantime, however, must deal with two other notes, both of them practically ultimatums. One from Serbia demands the release of Serbian ammunition detained in transit through Turkey, and the other from Greece protesting against the detention of Greek shipping, which Turkey decided to hold up for the transport of troops. The time for a reply to the Serbian note expires tonight.

For the present, however, preparations are proceeding on all sides for war.

Greece Makes Protest.
Constantinople, Oct. 2.—Greece protested today, through its ministers here against the detention of Greek vessels in Turkish waters for the transport of troops, which step the Turkish government announced would be taken today.

GRANBY MEETING HELD.

Reports on Hidden Creek Show it is Rich Property.

There were two dozen stockholders present at the Granby annual meeting at New York yesterday. W. A. Paine of Boston, a director, was also present. Vice President Graves presided and said the latest report on Hidden Creek showed 5,000,000 tons of ore actually developed averaging 3 per cent copper against the Phoenix average of but 1 1/2 per cent. Costs of 8 1/2 cents have been estimated for the Hidden Creek mine against 19 cents and over for the old property. Granby now has between \$500,000 and \$600,000 in cash and copper in transit. To equip the new property and develop it will cost between \$1,500,000 and \$1,700,000 according to estimates. To meet this from earnings would retard dividends. Were a bond issue decided upon dividends could be started immediately. Ore in sight on July 1st totaled 5,433,418 tons against 6,420,267 a year ago. The average cost per ton including development was 77.1 cents. The last six months' average was reduced to 74.4 cents under steady operations.

Frank James, ex-habit, charged himself in Kansas City the other day a Roosevelt supporter.

PARENTS, POWERLESS TO AID, WATCH THEIR TEN CHILDREN DIE IN FIRE.

St. Bernard, Que., Oct. 2.—Ten children, ranging from 15 months to 15 years in age, of Alexander Gravel, were burned to death today. Gravel and his wife left home last evening and returning early today found it in flames. They were unable to aid the children, whose deaths they witnessed.

AMERICAN MANAGER OF A RANCH IN MEXICO IS KILLED BY THE REBELS

Mexico City, Oct. 2.—Herbert Russell, manager of the San Juan Michis ranch in Durango, which is the property of Alex. McQuinn, American vice consul at that place, was murdered Sunday night by rebels. The government has assured Ambassador Wilson that every effort will be made to capture and punish the murderers.

Negotiating With Zapata.
Washington, Oct. 2.—The Mexican government is apparently making no secret of the fact it is now negotiating with Zapata for peace, according to reports to the state department.

R. R. FOR TEXAS FARMERS.

Big Acreage of Agricultural Land Will Be Opened Up.

San Antonio, Texas, Oct. 2.—What is declared to be the most extensive enterprise ever undertaken in the field of interurban railroads, is forecasted in the action of the stockholders of the San Antonio and Rio Grande Valley Interurban Railway company, who met today to authorize the issuance of bonds to the amount of \$10,000,000. The proceeds of the bond issue are to be used in the construction of about 250 miles of additional track that will grind the extreme southern part of Texas and serve as a feeder to the lines of the Frisco railroad, which is said to be back of the project.

It is to be distinctly a farmer's transportation enterprise, the primary purpose being to place every tract of cultivated land in the lower Rio Grande valley and the Gulf coast region within one mile of the railroad. The system already has 45 miles completed and in operation.

WEDDINGS THIS MORNING.

Miss Julia Brunette is the Bride of Bernard Shude.

The St. Anne's church was the scene of a very pretty wedding at 7 o'clock this morning, when Miss Julia Brunette, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Brunette became the bride of Bernard J. Shude. The ceremony was a very quiet one, being witnessed only by the immediate friends and relatives of the young people. Rev. Fr. J. R. Boismont officiated. There were no attendants. Mr. and Mrs. Shude left this morning for Detroit, Buffalo, Cleveland and other points where they will spend their honeymoon and on their return they will make their residence in Red Jacket. The bride is a well known Calumet young lady, having resided here all of her life. The groom is one of the best known of the younger business men of Calumet.

Szmaniski-Brylewski.
The wedding of Miss P. Szmaniski to Michael Brylewski was solemnized at 9:30 o'clock this morning at the St. Anthony's church of Red Jacket, Rev. Fr. Kopiec officiating. Miss Jessie Brylewski and Joseph Brylewski, sister and brother of the bride respectively, were the attendants. Mr. and Mrs. Brylewski will make their home at South Kearsarge.

To Wed This Evening.
The wedding of Miss Jennie Fisher to David R. Osborne will be solemnized at 6 o'clock this evening at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. William Jeffery of Tamarack. Rev. D. D. Stalker will officiate. Both bride and groom are well known in Calumet, the latter being prominent in Odd Fellow circles. They will make their home on South Sixth street after a honeymoon in Detroit, Chicago and other cities.

TAFT LAYS CORNERSTONE.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 2.—President Taft came in from his summer home at Beverly today and laid the cornerstone for the new home erected in Huntington avenue for the Boston Y. M. C. A. In addition to President Taft the chief participants in the exercises were Bishop Lawrence and Arthur S. Johnson, president of the association.

D'URBANO BAND COMING.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of D'Urbano's band for appearances in the copper country on Oct. 11, 12 and 13. This popular musical organization's visit is eagerly awaited by Calumet and Laurium friends and it is expected it will be greeted by even larger crowds than those who heard the band on previous engagements.

It is said that Hugh Duffy will be the successor of Mike Kelly as manager of the St. Paul team. Kelly goes to Indianapolis next season.

FAIR COUNTESS GIVEN FREEDOM

After Serving Half of Eight Year
Sentence Adventuress
Gets Pardon

ACCOMPLICE IN CONSPIRACY

Authorities Publicly Criticised
For Action

Rome, Oct. 2.—After having served less than half of her eight years' prison sentence, the Countess Marie Tarnowski, often spoken of as the most beautiful and captivating queen of the great criminal adventuress of history, has been pardoned by the Italian government. The announcement of the pardon has aroused much interest and not a little public criticism of the action of the authorities in setting at liberty a woman who, in the language of Prof. Rossi of Genoa, the distinguished alienist and psychologist, is suffering from "a diabolical malady which makes her unanswerable for her acts, and who should be so confined as to prevent her from injuring others or herself."

For two years the woman has been confined in prison in Venice on a charge of murder. With her two lovers, a Moscow lawyer and a young Russian official, she was convicted in 1910 on a charge of successfully conspiring to murder her husband, Count Paul Kamarovski in 1907. The charges were based on the accumulated evidence produced through an exhaustive investigation by the Austrian and Russian police, by the confessions of the lovers, Naumoff and Prilukoff, and even by the confession of the Countess herself, which, however, she later denied and retracted.

Long Career of Intrigue.
The Countess Tarnowski, despite her long career of intrigue and adventure, is now but little more than thirty years of age and is said to be as beautiful as ever. She is the daughter of a noble Russian family and was educated in a convent. While still in her teens she eloped with Count Tarnowski, a wealthy man, who after their marriage treated her with great brutality. She grew to hate him and deceived him. One of her lovers, Borgevsky, was shot by her husband and died in her arms. Another, a Russian official named Stahl, committed suicide, and it is alleged that he did so at her instigation. Her brother-in-law, the younger Tarnowski, also committed suicide.

In 1903 the Countess met Prilukoff, a Moscow lawyer, who deserted his wife and family, embezzled his client's money, and travelled through Europe with her. On their voyages they met Naumoff, a neurotic young man of twenty-one, who also came under her spell. Later she encountered Count Kamarovski, to whom she became betrothed.

Others in Conspiracy.
In the summer of 1907 the countess, according to her own account, became tired of her wanderings with her lovers, and began to think of marrying Count Kamarovski and settling down. Prilukoff, she asserted at her trial, suggested that murder was far preferable to matrimony. Then it was that the plot to insure the count's life and then kill him began to be hatched. The first step was to induce him to insure his life in her favor for \$100,000.

The next step was the inflaming of Naumoff against Kamarovski, and this was effected in a simple and ingenious manner. A telegram was drafted, addressed to the countess, and signed with Kamarovski's name. It contained the foulest insults against both the Countess and Naumoff. Then Prilukoff and the Countess caused it to be shown to Naumoff, and the latter, in a frenzy of rage, hurried to Venice to take vengeance on the supposed slanders.

Lover Kills Her Admirer.
Is underuist cem. ETAOIN123456-YJ Naumoff made his way to the Count's villa early in the morning of Sept. 4, 1907. Brushing past the maid, who opened the door, he strode into the Count's bedroom. The latter, awakened by his entry, cried out in alarm. Naumoff, without a word, fired at him five times with a revolver, inflicting mortal wounds. Naumoff, his rage spent, confused, helpless and remorseful, made only a half-hearted attempt to escape, and was captured at Verona.

Prilukoff was a witness of the murder. He had shadowed Naumoff to Venice, watched him enter the villa, and heard the shots. Sure that the deed was done, he returned to Vienna. But the address of the Countess was discovered by the Venetian police and both Prilukoff and the Countess were arrested.

Not Fully Responsible.
Naumoff broken in spirit, confessed his crime and told of his passion for the Countess after some vain attempts to shield her. Prilukoff sought to commit suicide, but the prison war-

POLITICS! POLITICS!



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MAN FEARING TO BECOME JUROR IN DYNAMITE CASE IS DISMISSED AS COWARD

Indianapolis, Oct. 2.—Questions of whether they feared for their personal safety if they served as jurors were asked of veniremen today in the selection of a jury in the trial of the "dynamite plotters." One man was excused by Judge Anderson as "coward," because he feared serving would ruin his business. The putting of these questions developed a dispute between Attorney Miller and Senator Kern, counsel for the defense.

OIL INSPECTION PAYS.

Report Shows Balance of Over \$15,000 for State.

Northville, Mich., Oct. 2.—Former State Oil Inspector F. S. Neal has filed his final statement for the period January 1 to August 31, 1912, with the board of state auditors. It shows the inspection of 18,220,425 gallons of oil, 11,950, of which was rejected as unsafe for illuminating purposes. The total fees collected was \$36,687.99, interest on deposits, \$161.78, making a total of \$36,849.77. The total expense, including all salaries, office expenses, etc., was \$21,111.51, leaving a net balance of \$15,738.21. For the same period this is the largest net amount ever turned into the state. Of the \$21,111.51 expenses of the department, \$19,061.09 was for salaries and expenses of the deputy inspectors. Mr. Neal turned the office over to his successor, John T. Owens of Benton Harbor, on Sept. 1.

STUDY COMMISSION RULE.

Many Third Class Cities Represented at Conference Today.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 2.—The advantages that the commission plan of government offers to the smaller cities formed the principal subject of discussion at a conference here today of representatives of third-class cities and boroughs of Pennsylvania. A. M. Fuller, president of the Allied Civic Bodies, presided and delivered an address on the subject of "Efficiency in City Government."

Speakers from other states explained the workings of the commission plan of government and a committee was named to draft a bill to provide for the adoption of the commission plan by Pennsylvania cities.

FIRE UNDERWRITERS.

Forty-Third Annual Meeting of Northwestern Insurance Workers.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 2.—The Fire Underwriters' association of the northwest began its forty-third annual meeting in this city today, with headquarters at the Hotel La Salle. At the initial session this morning, Alfred E. Duncan of Philadelphia delivered the annual address, taking as his subject, "Present-Day Underwriting." At the afternoon session papers dealing with various phases of the fire insurance business were presented by B. F. Burwell of Oklahoma City, George A. Bailey of Topeka and Eugene Warren of Kansas City. The meeting will conclude its business tomorrow.

FIRST FOOTBALL DEATH.

St. Joseph, Mo., Oct. 2.—On account of the death early Sunday morning of Hugo Gell of Oregon, Mo., fatally injured in the game between St. Joseph and Oregon high schools at Oregon yesterday, an agitation against the game was started in northwest Missouri. Gell was 17 years old captain, and tackle of his team. He was one of three sons. His mother is a widow.

Dens were vigilant and his life was saved. Only the Countess preserved an unshaken calm. The trial of the trio of conspirators took place in Venice and consumed nearly six months. All three were convicted. The jury found that Naumoff and the Countess were not fully responsible for their acts. They were sentenced to three and eight years' imprisonment respectively. Prilukoff was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment.

MUST PAY WATER TAXES.

Red Jacket Delinquents Given Until Oct. 24 to Square Up.

A resolution was passed by the Red Jacket council in session last evening, accepting the bid of Oscar Keokonen, of \$10,000, for the old village fire hall property on Fifth street, and the property has now formally passed into the hands of the ex-councilman.

The village has several thousands of dollars outstanding in back water taxes, and a determinate effort is to be made to collect this, or the water will be shut off until paid.

A resolution was passed last night that all delinquent water taxes must be paid on or before Oct. 24 or the water will be shut off. This was carried unanimously, and the secretary of the water board, John J. Ellis, Jr., was instructed to notify all taxpayers in arrears to that effect.

Marshal Joseph Trudell presented his quarterly report for the three months ending with September. It showed a total of sixteen arrests and \$52 collected in fines.

The usual bills and salaries were allowed and ordered paid.

POSTPONE FINANCING.

East Butte Directors Anticipate Advance in Copper Shares.

The postponing of financing by East Butte reflects the view of the directors that copper shares in general are destined to advance considerably above the present level, which will make it possible to issue treasury stock more advantageously than at present. In the meantime the company can take care of its \$1,525,000 six per cent one-year notes due December 1 by further borrowings and from net earnings, which, for the past few months, have averaged better than \$100,000 a month. Whatever method of financing is finally determined upon, however, will have no relation to the 110,000 shares now held in escrow for J. H. Reed of Pittsburgh to pay for his holdings of \$1,000,000 (par) common and \$1,000,000 (par) preferred shares of the Pitts-Mont company. This block of stock will have to be released in any event. In other words there will shortly be \$1,000,000 shares of East Butte stock available for trading comparing with the present 300,000. The Pitts-Mont property was purchased by the East Butte company four years ago but up to present time the only cash payment has been \$635,728 which was made a year ago. On December 11 next it is proposed to clean up this transaction by making a further cash payment of \$1,625,574 and by the delivery to Mr. Reed of the 110,000 shares of East Butte stock. Present earnings are at the rate of \$3 a share based on 40,000 shares outstanding.

Remarkable developments have resulted on the 1200 foot level of the East Butte mine during the past few days and it is reported that the recently opened ore body is widening out as drifting proceeds. The ore body is the richest ever opened in a Butte mine and in extent it is increasing to a point where it is believed it will be the most extensive adding enormous tonnage to the company's reserves.

TAR PARTY VICTIM WEDS.

Lincoln Center, Kas., Oct. 2.—Miss Mary Chamberlain, the school teacher who last fall was the victim of the Shady Bend "tar party" in connection with which half a dozen prominent Lincoln county men were prosecuted, was married today to Homer Helfferich a carpenter.

GEORGIA R. R. TIED UP.

Augusta, Oct. 2.—Traffic was at a standstill on the Georgia railroad today, caused by a strike of three hundred conductors and trainmen.

STRIKE AT NEVADA CONS.

Ely, Nev., Oct. 2.—Thirty-five hundred employees of the Nevada Consolidated Mining Co., of Ely, struck today for an increase in wages.

The playing of Halfback Philbin of Yale, resembles the work of his older brother Steve Philbin, the old Eli wonder.

CONVICTS IN STATE PRISON IN WYOMING LYNCH EX-PRISONER.

Rawlins, Wyo., Oct. 2.—Convicts in the state prison today lynched Frank Wigenall, a negro ex-convict, who last night was placed in the institution for safe-keeping, on the charge of attacking a woman, aged 72 Sunday.

DE PALMA LEADS IN BIG AUTO RACE; MULFORD AND TETZLAFF FORCED TO QUIT

Milwaukee, Oct. 2.—Eight drivers, mechanics and cars were lined up on the new Wauwatosa road race course today for the start at 11 o'clock of the eighth Vanderbilt cup automobile race. The race is approximately 200 miles, or thirty-eight times around the 7.88 mile course for the costly trophy and \$6,500 in cash prizes. The field included Ralph Mulford, winner of last year's Vanderbilt at Savannah; Teddy Tetzlaff; and Ralph DePalma, winner of this year's Elgin national and fee-for-all races. Mulford drove a Knox; Tetzlaff a Fiat and DePalma a Mercedes. In addition the field was composed of Gil Anderson, Stutz; Spencer Wishart, Mercedes; George Clark, Mercedes; Harry Nelson, Lozier; and Hughie Mercer. DePalma and Tetzlaff are the favorites.

The killing of David Bruce Brown in yesterday's tuning up trials renewed the hostility toward the course, exhibited ten days ago when the race program was postponed. Several drivers insisted the course was too narrow, the road bed not sufficiently "matured" and that it held unexpected soft spots which might cause a hazardous spill at any time.

Thousands arrived at the course within an hour after daybreak, and the crowds continued coming in greater numbers throughout the morning.

Members of the Wisconsin National guard, deputy sheriffs and special police struggled with the throngs when the order was issued to clear the course.

The advance sale of tickets indicated the crowd was twenty-five to thirty thousand, although the officials said there were more than that scattered over advantageous view points around the course.

Starter Wagner pronounced the conditions ideal for racing. DePalma was sent away at 11 o'clock, followed by Hughes and others at intervals of thirty seconds.

At the end of 100 miles Tetzlaff was leading DePalma by five minutes. Mulford was out of the race at the third lap by magneto trouble. Before the end of seventy miles Tetzlaff slowed down a trifle, his average being reduced to 74 7-10 miles an hour. At this point DePalma lost 45 seconds changing tires and Wishart jumped into second place.

At the end of 150 miles Tetzlaff led Wishart by ten minutes. DePalma was a close third. He and Wishart saw-saw for second place all through the first 150 miles.

Tetzlaff leading by a big margin, burned out the engines of his Fiat and was forced to withdraw from the race. DePalma took the lead, closely pursued by Hughes.

NOMINATE COMPLETE TICKET.

Progressive Convention Ignores Gov. Osborn's Recommendation.

Lansing, Mich., Oct. 2.—Enthusiasm pervaded the Michigan state convention of the national Progressive party in naming its first state ticket here yesterday. During the afternoon session, "Yellmaster" Lloyd M. Otis of the University of Michigan, dressed as a soldier of '76, led the delegates in "rais" for the men prominent in the organization and leadership of the new party. The ticket named follows:

Secretary of state—Howard H. Ratt-dorf, Battle Creek.
State treasurer—Frank C. Holmes, Alpena.

Auditor general—Herbert F. Baker, Cheboygan.
Attorney general—Julius B. Kirby, Saginaw.

Land commissioner—Oscar O. Linden, Escanaba.

Justice of the supreme court (long term)—Edward H. Lyons, St. Johns.
Justice of the supreme court (short term)—Willard G. Turner, Muskegon.

In the primaries last August State Senator L. Whitney Watkins was chosen as the party's candidate for governor and W. D. Gordon for lieutenant governor.

Governor Osborn's recommendation that the Republican nominees for the supreme court, Franz C. Kuhn and Joseph H. Steere, be either endorsed or given no opposition by the Progressives proved unpopular, sentiment being strong for a complete state ticket.

MANY DEATHS PREVENTABLE.

Indianapolis, Oct. 2.—Out of some million and a half deaths annually in the United States, at least 650,000 are preventable," declared Prof. Irving Fisher, of Yale, in an address before the National Conservation Congress today.

Nashville, Tenn., talks of establishing a zoological garden.

DIXON HAS CLASH WITH COMMITTEE

Roosevelt's Campaign Manager

Hints at Unfair Play While
on Witness Stand

SPENT \$95,000 FOR COLONEL

Munsey, Perkins and Dan R. Han-

na Contributed Liberally to

Pre-Convention Fund

REFERS TO OTHER CANDIDATES

Washington, Oct. 2.—J. G. Cannon, president of the Fourth National Bank of New York, was the first witness before the Clapp committee today. He said he audited only the accounts of the expenditures of the late Cornelius N. Bliss and had no knowledge of contributions to the Republican national funds. Specifically he said he knew nothing of the one hundred thousand dollar contribution Archbold has said was made by the Standard Oil to Roosevelt's 1904 campaign. He knew nothing of any contributions to any national campaign funds.

Senator Dixon followed Cannon, and testified he collected funds other than those collected by Progressive Treasurer Hooker.

"I would like to know the full scope of the investigation," demanded Dixon, interrupting his examination. "Does this include as well the Republican and Democratic campaign funds?"

"Yes," replied Clapp. "The general impression is," continued Dixon, "this rather is an investigation only of the pre-convention campaign fund of Roosevelt. As a member of the Senate I want to see the campaign funds of Taft, Wilson, Clark and Underwood also investigated. I think it should be done before election."

He added he wanted the committee to summon the managers of Clark, Underwood, Wilson and Taft.

"Don't you know these men all have been summoned here?" demanded Pomeroy.

"No, I don't know it," said Senator Oliver.

Clapp told the witness he already had given out a list, showing all the men named had been summoned, and demanded Dixon answer his questions.

"The country wants fair play," returned Dixon. "I want these and other men examined before the election."

"Senator Dixon," exclaimed Clapp, half rising from his seat, "a suggestion that there hasn't been fair play here is a reflection on one man of this committee friendly to Roosevelt," referring to himself.

Then followed an argument among the committee, culminating in a general demand that Dixon be examined about the Roosevelt funds. Clapp told Dixon he could tell what he knew the other candidates later.

"I'd send him to jail," declared Pomeroy, referring to Dixon.

Dixon then told what contributions he personally had received. William Eno, a relative of Gifford Pinchot, gave him \$5,000; Frank Munsey, "probably \$5,000 and more from time to time; George W. Perkins made several contributions; Mrs. Antoinette Wood, an aunt of Pinchot, gave \$5,000; and Dan R. Hanna, several contributions. About \$95,000 was the total Dixon gave as the amount he personally had spent.

"I didn't keep any books," he said. "I spent the money as fast as I got it." An elevator man at the capitol, he said, had given fifty dollars.

"What do you know of the efforts to change the votes of southern delegates by the use of money?" asked Clapp.

"Nothing except hearsay," answered Dixon.

He said the funds for the national convention in August were raised by the local committee in Chicago. He did not know who handled the funds in Maine, or who handled affairs in New York and Michigan. In Pennsylvania, Flinn and VanValkenberg were the "major generals in command," he said. In Ohio, Brown of Toledo was in charge. He said there were "many leaders of the uprising in Illinois, among them Chauncey Dewey and Modill McCormick."

Dixon gave a list of those who would know most about contributions in other states and interspersed with a running fire of comment as to how the Roosevelt forces were "foreclosed"

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