

BEHRING SEA.

First Detailed Statement of the Capture of the British Sealer Black Diamond

By the United States Revenue Cutter Rust—Breaking Open of the Cabin.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The steamer Dora arrived from Sitka last night, and brings the first detailed news of the capture of the British sealer Black Diamond by the United States revenue cutter Richard Rust.

On July 11 the Rust overtook the Black Diamond and ordered her to heave to. The captain of the Black Diamond refused to do this. Thereupon the commander of the Rust ordered lowering of the ports and the running out of the guns, which brought the schooner to Captain Shepard and Lieutenant Tuttle boarded the English craft and asked for her papers.

The officers of the Black Diamond offered no armed resistance but refused to deliver the snipe papers. Capt. Shepard at once broke open the cabin and forced the hinges of the strong box and captain's chest, thereby securing the papers. A search of the vessel disclosed 103 sealskins which had been taken in Behring sea. Capt. Shepard placed a non-commissioned officer from the Rust in charge of the Black Diamond and ordered the vessel to be taken to Sitka to await further instructions.

The captain of the Black Diamond made a statement that when in Victoria he had been ordered to pay no attention in case he was overtaken by the Rust and when requested to heave to he said he would not have surrendered had he not had an inferior force to that of Rust.

July 13 the schooner Triumph was also boarded by Capt. Shepard, but no arrest was made, the skins on board the vessel having been captured in the Pacific and not in Behring sea. The passengers who arrived here last night on the steamer Dora said:

"On our way down from St. Paul's island we saw six sealers and the Rust was closely in pursuit of them. We left St. Paul's island on July 4, and on the following day saw the Rust in pursuit of her prey. Undoubtedly by this time the Rust has made additional captures."

IF THE SUN SHINES.

Preparation for the Observation of the Next Total Solar Eclipse.

BOSTON, July 30.—The navy department is now fitting out the expedition to Angola, west Africa, to observe the total eclipse of the sun which will be visible there on the afternoon of December 22, next, and give the astronomers another coveted opportunity to see the solar corona and get photographs of it, as well as make other observations on the intensity and character of its light.

The navy department has appointed Prof. David P. Todd, of Amherst college, chief of the party, a position similar to that which he held two years ago in conducting the eclipse expedition to Japan.

Prof. Todd has a splendid collection of scientific trophies of his expeditions, among them a magnificent photograph of the sun as it appeared on the day of the solar eclipse, which is the size of a cart wheel, with Venus on it the size of a silver quarter dollar. This picture is a duplicate of one now at the Paris Exhibition, and was secured by Prof. Todd at the Lick observatory during the transit of Venus in 1882. Many scientific experts have pronounced it the finest picture of a transit of Venus ever taken.

When asked why there were two total eclipses of the sun this year Prof. Todd replied: "It does not happen very often if you consider the calendar year merely. The last time it happened was twenty years before the birth of George Washington, and it will not occur again until 2027. But it is not a matter of much astronomical significance, for if you take periods of twelve successive months at random you will often find two total solar eclipses occurring in such a period."

"Why is this coming expedition so important?" "Well, for a number of reasons. These eclipses give us the only chance we ever have to see the solar corona, and as there are only sixty or seventy of them in a century, and three-fourths of the earth's surface is water, you can see that our opportunities for discovering the mysteries of the sun's surroundings are rather infrequent. So it is necessary for the advancement of astronomical science that every possible eclipse should be observed. Then, too, the last eclipse has made it necessary to modify somewhat our views of the constitution of the envelopes which encircle the sun, and it is therefore specially important to test the new hypotheses in the light of new observations. Besides this there is no other total eclipse available for the next four years, and so it is all the more important to make the most of this one."

The point where we land is Saint Paul de Loanda, about 250 miles below the mouth of the Congo, and in latitude nearly ten degrees south of the equator. If the ship takes the party out she will wait to bring them back, and we shall be absent from America five or six months all."

A GEORGIA LUNATIC.

Possessed of Devils Himself, Imagines He Can Cast Them from Others. ATLANTA, Ga., July 29.—The sheriff of Liberty county has succeeded in capturing Edward James, the false Christ, who claimed the succession to Dupont Bell, the Ohio white man, who is now in the insane asylum. For a week past squads of armed white men, under instructions of the sheriff, have been scouring the county

with the view of arresting the false Christ and his active followers. The fear felt by the whites extended to the better class of negroes, and the result was a union meeting of leading members and preachers of the colored churches, who took the following action:

"We, the ministers and officers of the colored churches of Liberty county, representing the interest and honor of our people, appeal to the civil authorities of this county to order the fanatic followers of Dupont Bell, the impostor, to disband and remain disbanded and congregate no more in any place in the bounds of the county on the following grounds:

"1. That they have become a crazy mob. "2. That some of them have become insane, and that there is danger of many more becoming so. "3. That their acts have been degraded and degrading in the extreme, vulgar, indecent and beastly. "4. That their doctrines and ceremonies are vile and demoralizing to morals. "5. That there is danger that many of them will become pawns and thieves from want of crops abandoned and labor suspended. "6. That they have committed crimes against the persons, beating their opponents and their own followers almost to death, assaulting even with intent to murder and violence. "7. That it is injuring the honor and character of our people at home and abroad, misleading the public mind as to the intelligence and piety and honor of our people as to the members who have joined the craze, whereas it is evident that 90 per cent of our people are respectable and in their right minds and faithful to law and order, civil and ecclesiastical.

The action of James the other day in pointing out persons whom he declared to be possessed of devils, and the readiness with which his followers resorted to murder in order to remove the devils, stirred up the people to a sense of their danger. If James had but said the word there is no doubt but that every white person in the county would have been put to death. As it was, two human beings had been offered as sacrifices to the monster. Women ministered to his wants with all the devotion of the sex. When he slept they stood by him and kept him fanned, each one esteeming it a privilege to wait upon the great master. When the officers arrested him he happened to be in a prophetic mood. "Let the officers alone," he said to his followers. "My time has come. I will return to see you shortly." It was thus that the officers secured their prisoner and got away with their lives. He has been judged a lunatic, and an effort will be made to run him out of the county tonight.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

A CANARD.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—In response to his telegram of Tuesday, respecting the case of Mrs. Herron, reported to be under sentence of death in Corea for preaching the doctrines of Christianity, Hon. W. F. Wharton, the acting secretary of state this morning received the following cablegram from Minister Dismore: "SEOUL, COREA.—To Wharton, Washington: The report concerning Mrs. Herron is wholly without foundation." [Signed] DISMORE.

ADJUSTMENT OF POSTMASTERS' SALARIES.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—At the close of each fiscal year the salaries of all the presidential postmasters in the country are adjusted in accordance with the receipts of the offices. If the receipts increase above a certain amount at a certain office the postmaster's salary is raised, while if they fall below a certain sum the salary is reduced. With certain restrictions, therefore, the table prepared by the postoffice department can be taken as an indication of the prosperity of the cities and towns named therein.

Texas—Austin, \$2,300 to \$2,900; Beaumont, \$1,500 to \$1,700; Brackettville, \$1,100 to \$1,000; Brenham, \$1,700 to \$1,800; Coleman, \$1,000 to \$1,100; Corsicana, \$2,200 to \$2,000; Deaton, \$1,200 to \$1,400; Denison, \$2,400 to \$2,300; Denton, \$1,500 to \$1,600; Eagle Pass, \$1,300 to \$1,500; Fort Worth, \$2,700 to \$2,800; Gatesville, \$1,200 to \$1,100; Gonzales, \$1,100 to \$1,200; Greenville, \$1,700 to \$1,800; Hamstead, \$1,100 to \$1,000; Laredo, \$1,800 to \$1,900; Longview, \$1,400 to \$1,500; Luling, \$1,000 to \$1,100; Martin, \$1,100 to \$1,200; Marshall, \$2,000 to \$2,100; Mineola, \$1,100 to \$1,000; Motette, \$1,000 to fourth class; Natasota, \$1,300 to \$1,400; Orange, \$1,200 to \$1,400; Palestine, \$1,700 to \$1,800; Paris, \$2,200 to \$2,100; Rockdale, \$1,200 to \$1,100; San Angelo, \$1,500 to \$1,600; San Antonio, \$2,900 to \$3,000; Tyler, \$1,800 to \$1,900; Wichita Falls, \$1,200 to \$1,400; Willis Point, \$1,100 to fourth class.

THE TREASURY AND WOOL WASTE.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Assistant Secretary Tichenor has telegraphed as follows to Representative Townsend, of Colorado: The meaning and effect of the appraiser's report and the department's decision concerning wool waste is evidently misunderstood. The decision is in every respect restrictive and prevents importations to low rates of the so called waste.

SACCHARINE SALARIES.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Some time ago the Hon. Aldace F. Walker, a member of the Interstate Commerce commission, resigned his position to accept the chairmanship of a tariff association at a salary of \$25,000 per annum, and with a contract of three years, which will insure him the sum of \$75,000. Judge Cooley has now been offered a similar position by the Trunk Line association, and will doubtless accept.

The President Hard at Work.

DEER PARK, Md., July 30.—The president has designated Gen. McFely to act as secretary during Secretary Proctor's absence. The president had before him this morning the papers in the case of Martin, the Arkansas murderer who seeks executive clemency. No action was taken. A batch of appointments may be looked for after the return of the president to Washington the latter part of the week.

NEWS SUMMARY.

DOMESTIC.

The Kansians are trying to make out that many cattle in that state are dying from Texas fever.

The Fisher family, of Marshall county, Mo., numbering twenty-two, have fallen heirs, with fifty others, to a fortune in Germany amounting to over \$50,000,000.

At Clarksville, Mo., T. David married the same woman three times, assaulted his mother-in-law and was shot by his brother-in-law.

The trial of the batteries on the new cruiser Yorktown caused no cracks in the deck nor broke the chinaware in the cabin. Chief Hubbard has gone to Winnipeg.

The Batehlers, heavy boot and shoe dealers, Boston, failed for \$1,250,000.

A New York restaurant keeper named John Ireland was robbed in the hospital by a sick thief.

P. W. Jones drowned himself in a natarium tank at St. Louis.

Governor Francis, of Missouri, denies wanting to sell the Merchants' bridge to Jay Gould.

Col. A. E. Jones, murdered by the negro Blythe at Cincinnati, was buried yesterday by a grand military procession.

An Iowa state court has enjoined the Masonic grand lodge of that state from doing certain things.

A detailed statement is given of the capture of the British sealer Black Diamond by the United States cutter Rust.

The secretary of war is reducing the pay corps.

At Hoboken, N. J., a mad dog ran into the custom house and bit several persons, including Charles Basso, a check clerk.

Crops in Jefferson county, Wis., were raided by a hailstorm.

Ballston won the mile race at Saratoga yesterday in 1:44 1/2.

STATE.

A man named Byers has disappeared from Houston, ordered off, supposed connection with the late murder.

Mrs. McCarty was fatally burned with kerosene at Houston.

The strike on the Aransas Pass has been patched up.

A \$6,000 fire occurred in Beaumont at one of the mills.

J. A. McBrady, a restaurant cook at Tyler, suicided on account of his girl. Some negroes have recovered damages out of the Missouri Pacific, which refused to carry them beyond Greenville, on emancipation day on certain tickets.

STATE.

Over \$1,000 has been subscribed to carry on the Kyle seminary.

Two men named Strode and Cearley have been arrested at Burnet charged with mole theft.

Jasper Gray, shot at Lampasas Saturday, is very low.

Fort Worth is to have a \$100,000 woolen manufacturing plant, one-fourth of the money being paid in.

John Bohannon, a Choctaw Indian, a murderer and desperado, has been arrested.

An engineer corps is locating the line of the new Palestine railway.

FOREIGN.

A dispatch from Rome says there have been many changes in the Italian consular service.

John Morley spoke in the house of commons against giving the queen's grandchildren any more money.

The surplus of the Parnell fund exceeds \$200,000.

The Boulangerists charge the government with election frauds.

The sultan will send a new commission to Crete.

A skirmish occurred between Gen. Grenfell, commanding the Egyptians, and the dervishes; sixty dervishes were killed.

The supreme court of Manitoba sustained Burke's extradition.

The royal grant bill passed the British house of commons.

Mason Matters.

Special to the Statesman.

MAISON, July 29.—We are enjoying cool breezes morning and evening, which make this climate very pleasant at this season of the year. Arrangements are being made by W. B. Sands & Co. and Mr. A. Lange to erect two large stone business houses adjoining, on the north side of our commodious square, just west of the Mason County bank. Mr. J. D. Bridges has bought a lot on Concho street, and will erect a neat law office in the business part of town.

Sheriff Hagan, of Gillespie county, passed through here Friday, having in charge his brother-in-law, whose name we could not learn, who is charged with an assault on a 15-year-old girl in his county. It is an old case, having been done several years since.

Mr. Sam Garner brought in the largest watermelon of the season this week, weighing fifty-one pounds. It was raised on his beautiful farm, two miles south of Mason. The Germans will celebrate the "death of the prohibition cause" at Simonsville club grounds on August 3. Dancing and refreshments will be the order of the day.

Mr. L. Stilwell, a merchant of southeastern Arkansas, is here for his health, and seems highly pleased with the general outlook of Mason. The fine water, cool breezes and beautiful sites captivate him.

Mr. Ludeman, of Indiana, has located here, and will probably enter into business soon.

Our efficient assessor, Mr. Gowing, has about completed the entire set of tax rolls, and will present them for approval to our commissioners on August 12. No doubt they will be highly pleased with the size work and completeness of them, due to the personal supervision of our assessor.

Mr. Chas. Bierschwald, of Mason, has been appointed district oil inspector, and will start out on an inspecting tour this week.

Alleged Texas Fever.

CHICAGO, July 30.—A special dispatch from Winsford, Kan., says that cattlemen from the Indian Territory report that Texas fever is playing havoc among cattle in the Territory. Over forty head were seen dead in one pasture alone, and in

others numbers varying from seven to twenty-five. They also stated that hundreds of cattle were dying in Oklahoma, and predicted that there would not be a living head of cattle imported into that country from the states of Kansas and Nebraska in two months. The fatality among the cattle in Oklahoma is not caused so much from Texas fever as from the effects of the southern climate on them. Reports from Guthrie, Oklahoma City and other points in the territory verify this statement.

APPEARS APOCRYPHAL.

New Theories Regarding the Birth Place of Christopher Columbus.

LONDON, July 30.—The impetus given by the recent meetings in New York to prepare to hold an international exposition in that city in 1892, the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America, has revived the discussion as to the birthplace of Columbus. The abbe Peretti, who is the one of Calvi, thinks that Columbus, as well as Napoleon, was a Corsican. The general opinion is that the discoverer of America was born at Genoa, but other places have laid claim to the honor. Thus Hoggissio, Cogoleto, Savona and Nervi have been mentioned, and now there is the shadowy pretensions of Calvi. The abbe has found the names of three somewhat famous sea captains—Christoforo Calvo, Bertolomeo Corat and Jacopo Calvo. These, he thinks, are the unidentified relatives of Christopher Columbus. True, they do not bear the name made so famous by their supposed relative, but in the middle ages, as the Abbe Peretti justly says, it was not unusual, but on the contrary very common, for men to be known by the name of their native town or by that of their fatherland. These Corsican seamen, whose names the Abbe Peretti has found in the annals of three Genoese historians, Giustiniani, Foglietta and Bracelli, correspond in date and other particulars to the great uncle, the uncle and brother of Columbus.

This can hardly be regarded as conclusive evidence, although it has sufficient interest as a clew worth following up. But even if it were proved that the family of Columbus had a connection close or remote with Calvi, it would not set aside the long presumption in favor of Genoa as the birthplace of the man who found the ocean pathway to the new world.

Another speculation about Columbus is that he was of Jewish origin. The Jewish World, without indorsing this "daring suggestion," says that "the name Christopher was frequently adopted by converts, while the surname, Colon, was borne by a distinguished family of Jewish scholars. Christopher's brother, Diego, bore originally the Jewish name Jacob, which sounds suspiciously like a 'Shem Kadash.'" Further it mentions that "Jews figure prominently in the history of the discovery. The plans and calculations for Columbus' expedition were largely the work of two Hebrew astronomers and mathematicians. Two Jews also were employed as interpreters by Columbus. One of them, Louis De Torres, was the first European to set foot on the new world."

Went for His Mother-in-Law. St. Louis, July 30.—A dispatch from Clarksville, Mo., says the romantic matrimonial experience of T. Davis, of this city, was terminated Sunday night by a pistol shot from his brother-in-law, Tom Vaughn. During the last ten years Davis has been married three times to the same woman. There were two divorces and the pair recently made up and were again married. The wife's relatives, however, were violently opposed to Davis. Last Saturday Davis assaulted his mother-in-law, and Sunday Vaughn shot him. Vaughn claims to have acted in self-defense. He is under arrest.

A Filmy Story.

Under this heading the Globe-Democrat of Sunday has the following special telegram:

WASHINGTON, July 29.—A romance which has not even the merit of ingenuity in construction has appeared recently in the Washington dispatches to some of the democratic newspapers, attributing the appointment of Joseph W. Burke as internal revenue collector of the Third Texas district to the purchase by Mr. Burke of the fall stock of clothing for his store in Austin at a wholesale clothing establishment alleged to be kept by Postmaster General Wanamaker in Philadelphia. The published story charges that Burke was given a letter from the postmaster general to the secretary of the treasury recommending him for the appointment, and the implication is that this letter was given because Mr. Burke had replenished his Austin store at Mr. Wanamaker's store in Philadelphia. When the attention of the postmaster general was called to the story he merely shrugged his shoulders and said with a snap of his fingers:

"The statement is not worth that much attention." A few cold facts will show that Mr. Wanamaker is warranted in treating with contempt the charge. In the first place he does not do all clothing at wholesale at all. It would be impossible for the Austin clothing store of Mr. Burke to be stocked at Mr. Wanamaker's Philadelphia establishment. In the next place, Mr. Wanamaker does not have the honor of this Mr. Burke's acquaintance and never wrote a letter recommending him to office. No such letter is on file in the letter books at the postoffice department, and no such letter can be found at the treasury department. This alone is sufficient to knock the foundation from under this flimsy charge. Moreover, Secretary Windom happens to remember all about this particular appointment, inasmuch as it was made only last week, and he declares that the name and influence of the postmaster general had nothing whatever to do with the selection of Mr. Burke for this internal collectorship, and that they were never mentioned to his knowledge in connection with it.

The Land First.

Special to the Statesman.

WACO, Tex., July 29.—James Newsom who has been charged with being the "one highwayman," gave bond to-day in the sum of \$5,000, and was released, after a continued confinement since November 1887. His bondsmen are: D. P. Gay, merchant; J. W. Rose, cattleman; W. J. Wingate, lawyer; all of Ballinger. Newsom has been granted a new trial.

A CURIOUS CASE.

Injunctions Against Scottish Rite Masons Doing Certain Things.

CEBAR RAPIDS, Ia., July 30.—An action was begun yesterday in the district court at Mason, that will startle Masonic circles more than anything else perhaps of late years.

Judge Preston, of the Eighteenth judicial district, on the petition of C. E. Barnes, of Burlington, J. C. Graves and Henry Bennett, plaintiffs and grand officers of the Iowa consistory of that branch of Scottish Rite Masonry commonly known as Carsean, ordered a temporary injunction against the grand lodge of Iowa, Ancient Free, and Accepted Masons restraining them from putting into effect the legislation of the last grand lodge referring to the Carsean bodies and which commanded Master Masons to leave the consistory of Iowa and of that Rite under penalty of expulsion. The petition states that as the body represented by plaintiff does not confer Blue lodge degrees and the grand lodge of its subordinate lodges do not confer the twenty-nine higher degrees, the grand lodge has no jurisdiction whatever, and its action is illegal, arbitrary, oppressive and proscriptive of their individual conscience and the Masonic relations are hurtful to their standing as good and reputable citizens. This is the first time a Masonic body has appealed to a state court, and the action of the supreme court, to which it will finally go, will be a precedent for other states. Time for hearing argument of the injunction will be in the October term of court at Marion.

TEXAS CATTLE.

A Recent and New Construction [Put Upon the Illinois Stock Law.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 30.—The Illinois state live stock commission has made another ruling with regard to the yarding of Texas cattle at the stock yards. Hitherto the law has been construed to require that Texas cattle arriving in Chicago shall be yarded together and separate from other cattle, and great complaints have been made that no distinction was made between cattle that had Texas fever and other cattle that were sound and healthy. Now the commission has construed the state law to refer only to cattle from the infected district of the southwest. There are inspectors at St. Louis and Kansas City whose duty it is to certify to the authorities here concerning all cattle passing through those places whether or not they are from the infected district, and they are then to be treated here. Accordingly, hereafter the stock yards will have no jurisdiction of these cattle, and if they are not certified by these inspectors are to be loaded outside of the infected district. They will still be yarded with cattle from that district.

GALVESTON CUSTOM HOUSE.

Employees Resigning, Saying They Won't Serve a Day Under a Negro.

Special to the Statesman.

GALVESTON, July 30.—Col. William P. Hudgins, who, for the past four years, has filled the position of special agent of treasury department in this district, when interrogated to-day, said it was true that he had been asked to resign, and has forwarded his resignation to the secretary of the treasury at Washington, and would vacate his office to-morrow morning. He thought Col. Moore, of San Antonio, would succeed him in the office. The custom house employees here who have served the government faithfully under Collector Capt. C. O. Sweeney, are daily resigning and entering other avocations, and when the new collector appears to take charge of the office he will have to come fully prepared to fill all clerical positions at once with competent persons or the business of the customs service at this point will be seriously retarded, as the present incumbents say they will not serve a day under a negro.

Mr. J. J. Dickerson, newly appointed United States marshal for the eastern district of Texas, was qualified to-day and entered upon the discharge of the duties of his office. His first official act was the appointment of John M. Whalen deputy marshal at Galveston and E. L. Angier deputy marshal at Huntsville. Mr. Dickerson left by the afternoon train for the interior for the purpose of appointing deputies.

Charles Lewis, ex-manager of the Galveston base ball team, has left for his home in St. Louis.

The Confederate Reunion.

Special to the Statesman.

LILANO, July 27.—To-morrow quite a number of the good old heroes of the Confederate army will start for their home, carrying with them sweet recollections of their reunion at Lilano.

On Thursday there were about 2,000 people on the grounds. The principal exercises of the day consisted of enrolling and drilling. To-day there were about 6,000 people on the grounds. The program was as follows:

Prayer by R. J. McNeil. Music by band—"Dixie." Address of welcome by Capt. F. Opp. Music by band—"Bonnie Blue Flag." Reply to Capt. Opp by Col. W. A. H. Miller.

Music by band—"Maid of Monterey." Address by R. J. McNeil and J. M. Moore. Big barbecue dinner. Addresses by Dr. C. S. Reeves and Col. H. B. McNeil.

A collection was taken up on the grounds for the Confederate Home fund. There was quite a liberal contribution.

A boy got badly hurt at the race track. He was thrown from a running horse.

There will be a big ball at the city hall to-night.

Fire in a Lumber Town.

Special to the Statesman.

BEAUMONT, July 30.—At noon to-day, when everybody was at dinner, the whistles of the different mills sounded a fire alarm, when it was discovered that the magnificent dry kiln of the Beaumont Lumber company was on fire from some unknown cause. In a short time the water works began to play on the fire but to no avail. Happily the wind shifted to the westward and saved the fine planer near by. The loss amounts to almost \$6,000, partly covered

by insurance. Several people were overcome by the heat. T. L. Legon, our popular news dealer, was among those who were over heated, and now lies in a somewhat precarious condition. What might have been a serious conflagration was arrested by the prompt fire work done by the citizens of the town.

Another Fool.

Special to the Statesman.

TYLER, Tex., July 30.—J. A. McBryde, who for some time has been cooking in a restaurant in this city, took morphine last night and died from the effects early this morning. The suicide left a letter stating that he would not be here much longer and telling friends how to dispose of his worldly goods. McBryde had been paying devoted attention to a woman for some time past and it is supposed that trouble growing out of this is the cause of the rash deed.

Texas Fever.

KANSAS CITY, July 27.—S. H. Pierce, of the bureau of animal industry, has been in the city several days investigating numerous reports of Texas fever among cattle in the stock yards here. He concluded his labors to-day, finding the rumors to be without foundation. National and state sanitary laws which apply to stock yards have been, the inspector says, rigidly enforced. There is no danger, he adds, of cattle contracting any infectious diseases at Kansas City.

Mississippi Knights of Labor.

MEMPHIS, Miss., July 30.—The state assembly of the Knights of Labor of Mississippi will meet in this city on Tuesday, August 6. All of the leading points in the state will be represented, including Natchez, Jackson, McComb City, Biloxi and other towns where there are local assemblies. The local assembly here has appointed a committee to make arrangements for receiving and entertaining visitors. Knights from other states will receive a cordial welcome.

Eliminating the Knights.

BIRMINGHAM, July 30.—The Trades Council, by a vote of 15 to 20, have eliminated the Knights of Labor from their organization. The Trades Council is the central organization of the different trades unions in Birmingham district for purposes that are common to all. The Knights of Labor insisted on being represented at the Council by one delegate from each of their lodges, as this would give the Knights a large numerical strength.

Chief Hubbard.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Chief of police Hubbard accompanied by Lieut. Alexander Ross left for Winnipeg last night. The chief is determined to have Burke here, and as soon as a full bench at Winnipeg renders its decision it is probable the prisoner will be started south. The chief's object in going to Winnipeg is to personally superintend bringing the prisoner and witnesses Carlson and Mortenson back to Chicago. So much has been said about assassinating them that he deems it good judgment to exercise every possible precaution to assure their safety.

Fisher Family in Luck.

MARSHALL, Mo., July 30.—Information has just been received here that the estate of a man named Fisher, who died in Germany some years ago, is to be divided among the American heirs, of whom there are seventy-two. Twenty-two of them live in this county, and several in Illinois. The estate is valued at \$1,000,000.

Aransas Pass Railway.

SAN ANTONIO, July 30.—The tie up on the San Antonio and Aransas Pass road remained unchanged to-day. Good order was preserved. At a late hour to-night it is reported that the \$50,000 necessary to pay the workmen before operations can be resumed on the system has been raised and that the pay or will leave the city in the morning. General Manager Youkam, at 11 o'clock to-night, stated that the difference with the men has been patched up and that traffic will be resumed all over the system to-morrow.

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