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NO. 341

VOLUME 18. CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS. FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1916. NUMBER 203.

TEUTONS HOLD BRITISH ON SOMME
Battle is Again Raging With the Greatest of Fury

DOMINANCE OF WORLD'S COTTON TRADE SHIFTING

AMERICAN SPINNERS IN POSITION TO WREST CONTROL OF MARKETS FROM THE GREAT MILLS OF ENGLAND.

ALARM AMONG BRIT

Conditions Resulting From War Threaten Supremacy So Long Maintained by the Manufacturers of Lancashire, Who Are Warned of Your Danger

TROPICAL HEAT WAVE SWEEPING OVER CONTINENT

"BERMUDA HIGH" OF UNUSUAL INTENSITY BRINGS DISCOMFORT AND SUFFERING TO PEOPLE OF EVERY SECTION.

" WORST IN MANY YEARS

Weather Bureau Officials See No Prospect Early Relief—New York Is Visited by Fatalities

NEW YORK SUFFERS.

TULSA SWELTERS.

SANS DEMOCRATS ZAPATA CO. RETURNS TO REPUBLICAN FOLD

FOUR YEARS AGO MEN OF THAT SECTION VOTED UNANIMOUSLY FOR WILSON.

ALL BACKSLIDERS NOW

FEDERAL AGENTS CHECK ADULTERATION FRAUDS

IMPORTERS OF BENZOIC ACID ACCUSED OF VIOLATING FOOD AND DRUGS ACT.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Recent revelations to the Chemists engaged in the enforcement of the Food and Drugs Act of shipments of benzoic acid offered for entry into the United States have revealed that much of it is adulterated with cane sugar. This adulteration is probably due to the high price which benzoic acid now commands owing to its scarcity. It is quoted at about eleven dollars per pound, while the price of lard acids sells at so only twenty to twenty-five cents per pound. In some of the shipments of benzoic acid it has been found to contain as much as thirty per cent sugar and, the importer pays duty on this form of adulteration is apparent.

The officials in charge of the enforcement of the Food and Drugs Act are of the opinion that benzoic acid combining such acid is adulterated, and that attempts of such a nature offered for entry into the United States should be treated adulterated under the Food and Drugs Act.

INDIANAPOLIS BANK ROBBED.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 27.—Two armed men today held up the cashier of the East Tenth Street State Bank escaping with between $1,500 and $1,600, it was said at the bank.

SUBMARINE LINGERS AT BALTIMORE DOCK

DEUTSCHLAND SUPPOSED TO BE AWAITING NEWS OF SISTER SHIP'S FATE.

BALTIMORE, July 27.—With clearance papers in his possession and every thing apparently in readiness for the vessel's departure, Capt. Koenig of the submarine Deutschland tonight was evidently awaiting news of another submarine, the Bremen, which already is due at some American port.

Preliminary tests of the Deutschland's submerging apparatus continued tonight.

Clarke, Nominated as Successor of Hughes, Is a Progressive Jurist.

JOHN H. CLARKE

WITH LEAD OF 3,200 SUBMISSION APPEARS TO HAVE CARRIED

ADDING RETURNS PROBABLY WILL NOT MATERIALLY CHANGE FIGURES

OTHER RESULTS SETTLED

SENATORS VOTE HUGE SUMS FOR ARMY AND NAVY

TENTATIVE APPROPRIATIONS OF NEARLY $1,000,000 AGREED TO BY MAJORITY OF UPPER HOUSE OF CONGRESS.

$2,000,000 FOR RELIEF

Provision Is Made for Care of Dependents of Gentlemen Who Have Answered Their Country's Call to Arms—Soldiers in Field Less Liberal.

BANDITS THREATEN RAID OVER BORDER IN BIG BEND SECTION

LARGE FORCE OF HOSTILE MEXICANS SAID TO BE APPROACHING BORDER.

AMERICAN TROOPS READY

FLATONIA HELPED BY RAIN.

BURLESON'S ORDER THREATENS RUIN OF SIX THOUSAND BANKS

SOUTH CAROLINA CONGRESSMAN REGISTERS PROTEST WITH FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD.

BENEFITS THE BIG BANKERS

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Democratic House Leader Kitchin today presented to Postmaster General Burleson and the Federal Reserve Board another protest against postal savings banks operating postal savings as small loans to select private national customers of the reserve system.

Mr. Kitchin claims that the order would cut off most of the profits from the numerous small state banks which are not and cannot become members of the federal reserve system.

WEATHER FORECAST.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—For East Texas: Friday and Saturday unsettled.

West Texas: Friday and Saturday partly cloudy.

TODAY'S CALENDAR.

Local forecast for today: Unsettled; Light easterly to southerly winds

At the Theatres.

Majestic—Lyle Blackwell and Karl Willbank in "My Lady's Slipper" a Blue Ribbon Feature in five parts.

Lyric—Five reels latest Universal motion picture.

Rex—Five reels latest Universal motion picture.

Today's Local Calendar.

Weekly session City Council this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

ALIENS OUTNUMBER NATIVE AMERICANS IN MANY STATES

One-third of the Entire Population of the Country Is of Foreign Birth or of Foreign Parentage

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Words are not enough to describe the immigration problem, which is being used and written upon the outlook of Americanism. The National Geographic Society comes forward with some figures concerning our foreign population and their pure and doubtless that are particularly timely and noteworthy. Two facts are made striking by a consideration the makeup of our national body politic. The society's bulletin on the subject is as follows:

"It is a fact not generally recognized that the foreign population of the United States outnumber with some 9 millions of persons one or both of whose parents are of foreign birth, constitutes a third of the entire population of the country.

"In a number of states the people of foreign birth or of mixed parentage exceed in numbers those of native birth and parentage. This condition obtains in Massachusetts, where the foreign element is both in point of origin and in number as great as the original native stock. That state had in 1910 1,520,000 people born of foreign parents, who were born within the United States, as compared with 1,000,000 who were born abroad, or 50 per cent of both parents born abroad.

"The same condition prevails in Rhode Island. That state has a population of 542,610 of native ancestry and 542,610 of foreign birth or parentage.

"In Connecticut we find a population of native ancestry approximating equal and of foreign birth or ancestry approximating 50 per cent.

"In New York there is a population of native ancestry reaching a total of 2,250,000. Another table shows a population of foreign birth or foreign parentage amounting to 2,217,000.

"The balance in favor of the population of foreign birth or foreign parentage is still greater in New Jersey, where, in fact, the population of native ancestry amounting to 1,000,000 against 1,000,000 in the case of the foreign element.

"Suppose we take in the list of the states where the proportion of foreign born is nearer to equality than that of Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York and New Jersey, we find in Pennsylvania, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Nevada, Washington and California it is slightly more than half.

"In Utah it falls to 44.4 percent, in Wyoming to 42.9 percent, in Missouri to 37.1 percent, in Kansas to 34.8 percent and in Oregon to 34.4 percent.

"Against this there is a population wholly or partly foreign in birth and ancestry of 1,000,000, a difference of 225,000.

"Michigan also falls in this class, with 1,000,000 wholly or partly of foreign birth and ancestry as compared with 1,224,000 of pure native origin.

"Minnesota has nearly three times as many people born abroad, or with one or both parents of foreign birth, as she has of native and descendants of native stock. Her population of foreigners and their children totals 1,143,000 as compared with 419,000 for the native element.

"Montana has 199,000 people of foreign birth and foreign or mixed ancestry, as against 18,000 of native ancestry. Wyoming gets into the same column by about the same proportion. The state of Washington has 180,000 more of the foreign born of the native element, while California practically breaks even.

"Taking the aggregate of the male population twenty-one years of age and upward for the entire country, it is found that only 44.8 percent of them are of mixed, while native parentage. The native element adds 8.1 percent to this, and the remainder, 47.1 percent, is represented by the men of foreign birth or the sons of foreign or mixed parentage.

"Taking the different states, we find some striking variations. In the proportion of foreign birth or foreign or mixed ancestry to native, among the men of 21 years and upward, North Dakota takes first rank, among the states with 78.1 percent belonging to the foreign class. Minnesota ranks next with 75 percent, and Wisconsin third with 72.7 percent.

"Approximately two-thirds of the men in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York and Utah are sons or grandsons of foreign birth. In New Jersey, Illinois, Michigan, North Dakota and Montana the percentage ranges from 61 percent to 67 percent, while in Nebraska, Nevada, Washington and California it is slightly more than half.

"In Utah it falls to 44.4 percent, in Wyoming to 42.9 percent, in Missouri to 37.1 percent, in Kansas to 34.8 percent and in Oregon to 34.4 percent."

BLISS FAVORS PLAN FOR WEEDING OUT DISGRUNTLED GUARDS

ASSISTANT CHIEF OF STAFF BELIEVES PRUNING WOULD BETTER SERVICE.

RELATIVES CAUSE TROUBLE

EL PASO, Texas, July 27.—To "weed out" the disgruntled militiamen along the border, Maj. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss will recommend to the war department that a most liberal construction be placed on its policy of releasing guardsmen with dependent relatives.

This conclusion was reached by the assistant chief of staff today after an inspection of Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and Michigan militia camps here.

"Why," he said, "it would be far better to have smaller organizations of contented men than larger ones in which there is an element of disaffection."

Major General Bliss probably will call General Funston's base to Washington before he returns to Washington.

"If I find conditions such that I can go to Colonia Dublan and return within a day or two, I shall visit General Pershing. However, not in an official capacity, as my mission on the border is solely one of obtaining first-hand information concerning the militia units there."

Continuing the question of the disgruntled militiamen, Major General Bliss said:

"Personally I have no complaints, nor, of dissatisfaction from the enlistment of their officers. There is no doubt, however, that the relatives of many men have been writing to the border, urging that their fathers and brothers come home. This practice has caused some protests, I presume. To eliminate such dissatisfaction, I believe a liberal construction should be placed on the 'dependent relative' policy by the war department.

"From a rough estimate, however, I should think the percentage of men thus drawn from the ranks of the militia would in no way affect the strength of the state units.

"In my opinion the American forces on the border, taken collectively, are strong enough to cope with any situation that may arise."

VIGOROUS PROTEST AGAINST BLACKLIST GOES TO ENGLAND

UNLESS ORDER IS MODIFIED RETALIATORY MEASURES ARE LIKELY.

NOTE DEMANDS ACTION

WASHINGTON, July 27.—It is expected that Ambassador Page at London will present to the British foreign office tomorrow a protest against the blacklisting of American firms. The note, which was cabled today, is stated to be positive in tone in its arraignment that England's action is a violation of American rights. The note probably will be made public tomorrow.

While officials are reticent regarding the representations made, it is understood that the view of the United States that illegal restrictions are imposed by the blacklist order is set forth vigorously and insists upon some modification of the order without taking up individual cases. There are indications that should diplomatic efforts fail to bring relief some form of retaliation will be considered by the United States.

NEGRO'S CONFESSION CLEARS MURDER MYSTERY

PRISONER SAYS HE KILLED DALLAS WOMAN FOR PURPOSE OF ROBBERY.

DALLAS, July 27.—Houston Wagner, a negro, was jailed here tonight charged with the murder of Miss Leola Cramer, a trained nurse, last March. Officers state that Wagner has confessed, giving robbery as his motive.

The Cramer murder was one of several mysterious killings in Dallas about that time.

STOCKDALE HAS LARGE MELONS.

STOCKDALE, Tex., July 27.—Some of the produced during the season were watermelons were grown in this vicinity. J. W. McCown, a sandy land farmer, produced several specimens of the Iola variety weighing seventy to eighty pounds.

NEITHER SIDE ABLE TO MAKE NOTABLE GAINS

BRITISH LOSE TRENCH NORTH OF POZIERES WHICH THEY CARRIED BY ASSAULT IN NIGHT ATTACK WEDNESDAY.

FRENCH ADVANCE SLOWLY

Russians, However, Continue to Make Progress, Vienna Admitting that Austrians Have Been Compelled to Retire Before Superior Force.

LONDON, July 27.—Hard fighting is again in progress between the British and Germans in the Somme region of France. The British Wednesday night captured an important German trench north of the line running from Pozieres to Bazentin-Le-petit, but were shelled out of it Thursday morning by an outlading fire poured into them by the Germans. Another attack, however, gave the British a foothold in the southern end of the trench.

South of the Somme the French have made further progress east of Estrees while heavy bombardments are in progress around Verdun.

The Russians have made further progress on the eastern front in the Shirowki river district, Vienna admitting that the Austrians have fallen back in the face of superior forces. Losses on both sides are reported as being "extraordinary". No important position changes are reported, however.

In the Caucasus the Russians are still on the heels of the Turks, who are fleeing from Erzingan.

Only the usual bombardments are in progress along the Italian front.

The British official report on the campaign in German East Africa says the Germans have been driven from strongly fortified positions outside the Neghaeen-Dhodhani road, the Teutons retiring in great heste, leaving one large cannon and two machine guns. Dr. Stir, governor of that district, was captured badly wounded and has since died.

The Associated Press correspondent at Athens telegraphs that he learns on good authority there is no longer any likelihood of an attack on the entente allies at Salonika. The Teutonic forces in that region have been greatly decreased for duty elsewhere.

GRAND DUKE'S ARMIES IN FAMILIAR COUNTRY

RUSSIANS HAVE FREQUENTLY CAMPAIGNED IN TURKISH ARMENIA, WINNING HISTORIC BATTLES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 27.—Erzerum, the Turkish city of Asia Minor where the Russians are reported to have gained a signal advantage recently, is the subject of the following war geography bulletin issued by the National Geographic Society from Washington:

"Situated on both banks of the Chorouk River, which flows south and then northeast into the Black Sea of Batum after a course of 200 miles. Erzerum was a town of 10,000 inhabitants at the beginning of the war. It owes whatever commercial importance it possesses to the productive agricultural lands in its vicinity and to the fact that the carriage road running from Trebizond to Erzerum passes through it, the latter city being 50 miles in an airline to the southeast and Trebizond about the same distance to the northwest. Surrounding the town is a fertile plateau having an elevation of nearly a mile above the Black Sea which would be almost visible to the north were it not for the Pontic range of mountains. Erzerum is 50 miles to the southwest.

"With practically no industries and with only a poor bazaar, Erzerum offers no points of special interest to the traveler. From the castle which crowns a mass of rocks on the left bank of the Chorouk is a crumbling ruin, the relic of days when Armenians and Seljuks ruled the region. But the city is of historic significance as the most westerly point reached by the Russian army under the renowned General Ivan Fedorovich Paskevich in the Russo-Turkish war of 1828-29. The occupation of Erzerum was the culmination of a brilliant campaign which in some respects parallels the present westward drive of the Czar's forces. While the Black Sea fleet bombarded and seized Poti, just as Trebizond was occupied many months ago, Paskevich advanced from Tiflis and in the course of a two-seasons' campaign captured Akhaltsik and Arzurum, just as Erzerum was forced to yield in the present struggle.

"The Grand Duke Nicholas, under whose direction the Russian troops are fighting on the Dalbart plateau, has a keen historic incentive in the triumphs associated with the name of Paskevich. This great soldier became an aide-de-camp to his Czar at the age of 15 and when only 23 years old took part

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