Weekly Gazette.

ALL evidences point to a coal boom for Texas.

CONGRESS has set a good example to the Texas legislature. Help the drouth sufferers.

THE wheat in Tarrant county is in splendid condition and the live stock all fat and strong. Before the late rain came the wheat was green with promise of the harvest time.

THE bill for the relief of the drouth sufferers being up, THE GAZETTE moves to amend by substituting $200,000 for $100,000, as the amount to be appropriated for their relief.

SOCIALISM is a denial of the right of the individual to own any property; that all property both real and personal should belong to the state; and an anarchist is one who seeks to put socialism into practice against the will of property-owners and against the existing law by forcible and murderous means.

IT is now said that Mrs. Holt's children were not opposed to the marriage of their mother a second time, after all. It is even stated that they repeatedly urged her to do so, but she said Lucius Lamar was the only man she would ever again wed, and he had not asked her and probably never would. But he did, though, and they are all delighted, especially Secretary Lamar himself.

WHEN the high license law went into effect in Missouri, four years ago, there were 3601 liquor saloons in the state. They yielded an annual income of $547,320. Now there are only 2880 grog shops or saloons in the state, and they yield an annual revenue of $1,843,208. The lowest license is $550, and the highest is $1500, and the business is in more responsible hands than ever before, while low grog shops are fast disappearing.

SOMETHING of a surprise has been occasioned at Washington by the discovery that the fine, large gold medal given to General Grant for distinguished services in the Mexican war, which is among the medals placed in the National Museum, is bogus. All the Grant medals have been weighed by the Smithsonian savants to test their value. The Mexican medal has a specific gravity of only 7, when it should weigh about 16. It isn't worth as much as copper even, which weighs 9.

A NEW JERSEY justice has decided that those persons who place barriers around their land of such a nature as to be liable to injure the animals of their neighbors, shall be held responsible for any damage thus accruing, and the plaintiff is entitled to recover. It is not at all probable that such a case will go unappealed, as barbed-wire manufacturers have too much at stake to let such a decision pass uncontested. This final decision will be watched for with interest, as in the prairies of the west the use of this kind of fence has become almost universal.

NEW YORK has a law which is designed to prevent the killing of birds to gratify the vanity of personal adornment. This law prohibits as a misdemeanor the killing of any song-bird or any linnet, blue-bird, yellow-bird, thrush, jay, or any other than a game bird. Texas, we trust, has no need of such a law. If our votaries of fashion need birds for head ornaments they can take the crow or owl. The feathers of turkeys, which are becoming quite abundant, make a very pretty ornament of female head gear.

A COLORED tragedienne will be a novel feature in the drama of the future. Thus far Miss Henrietta Winter Davis has contented herself with giving dramatic readings, but it is hardly to be supposed that one so successful as she has been, will be long content with such meager triumphs. There will be a necessity for a modern Shakespeare to write her plays. As Desdemona to Othello she might make the contrast less repulsive, but would rob the most impressive scenes of the element of pathos. As Ophelia to Hamlet or Rosalind in the forest, she would fail to charm those who have always deemed these exceeding fair.

THE Knights of Labor have begun a movement that, persisted in, will greatly strengthen their order. The radicalism and intemperance of management which arrayed against the order even those who sympathized with it, has given place to a conservatism that will lead the order to new triumphs. The boycott and the strike, as conducted in the past, were dangerous to the public peace; but let conservatism rule and the Knights will wonder at the number of friends they have. No patriotic man can oppose legitimate demands of labor, but all men oppose violence and tyranny, and threat to social order. The action of the Knights, as reported from Austin yesterday, was most gratifying.

THE feeling in the Senate towards England recalls the snub given this country in the official notification by the British government to the government of British Columbia, that the Chinese immigrants must enjoy the same unrestricted liberties as other people in the province. If the liberties of the British Columbians were unrestricted they would not be overruled by an imperial mandate like this. It is one of England's hypocritical characteristics to sympathize with people abroad who do not suffer nearly so much oppression as she inflicts on her subjects in Ireland. This order was issued, no doubt, as a snub to the United States government which has passed a law prohibiting Chinese immigration; and also as a means of securing the good will of China, which would be worth something to England in case she were engaged in a war with Russia.

THE toboggan craze is capturing all New England. It is amusing to read the papers from that section, from which the skating rink has been banished to give place to the tobog. Montpelier, Vt., claims to have one of the best and fastest toboggan slides in the East. The slide is seventy-six feet high and falls fifty-one feet in the first 120 feet of the chute. The length of the slide is 100 rods, and the distance has been covered in fifteen seconds. A plea ant reception room with a glass front stands at the top of the chute, and two powerful electric lights illumine the slide. The toboggan slide is patronized by the leading business and society people of the capital, and among the season ticket-holders are fifty Vermont Methodist seminary girls, who are allowed one hour a day for this sport. The slide is called the "Marvine," and is owned by a stock company.

TIMELY MEASURES UNDER WAY.

The legislature hasn't been in session two weeks yet, but THE GAZETTE is gratified to note that many of the measures suggested and urged from time to time by this paper as fit matters for legislation are in a fair state of progress and are receiving an amount of consideration that gives assurance they will become laws or part and parcel of the policy of the state. This is not written in a spirit of self gratulation for THE GAZETTE, but for that intelligent public sentiment of which THE GAZETTE, like other journals in Texas, is the reflex and exponent. An intelligent, conscientious press is always the best exponent of public sentiment, because it is en rapport with the aspirations of the people on all subjects, and it is in this sense THE GAZETTE uses the person singular. THE GAZETTE is happy, then, to inform the people that the legislature will furnish relief for the drouth sufferers; that it will take steps to submit a prohibition amendment to popular vote; that it is almost certain the state election law will be so amended that results will be honestly and speedily declared and made known; and that a reformatory will be established for criminals of tender years. These are four distinctive measures imperatively demanded by public sentiment and the press of the state has only performed a plain duty in discussing their merits, with a view to aiding legislative wisdom to the wisest solution of the intricate questions involved in the consideration of each measure. The legislature is getting along very well and if it doesn't do all that ought to be done it will at least do a great deal that is wise, timely and helpful.

PEACE IN THE ALLIANCE.

THE GAZETTE has the best authority for the statement that the recent session of the Farmers' Alliance of Texas accomplished all and even more, in the way of adjusting differences and eliminating dangerous elements, than even the most conservative members hoped for. When the session opened there were two distinct and antagonistic factions, each led by determined men, and it was feared that a struggle for supremacy would ensue, so bitter as to disintegrate the Alliance and leave it powerless for further useful work. Precedents for such a result were not lacking and they were freely recalled. But to the astonishment and gratification of the conservative men they found that on each side there was a strong element of abnegation and compromise; that the common sense of the order had asserted itself and was in the ascendancy; that the desire to preserve the Alliance intact and strong was greater than the "rule or ruin spirit," and so it was not difficult to reach a satisfactory understanding. And thus it happens that for the time being, at least, the Alliance has plucked the flower, safety, out of the nettle, danger, and is unified and stronger than at any previous time in its history. It is possible that in achieving this result there may be some discontent left rankling in certain quarters, but the exceptions are few and isolated. There is no denying the fact, either, that the wing which favored the Cleburne "demands" of last year proved somewhat the strongest in the recent trial of strength at Waco, but the victors were so moderate in their demands and so willing to extract the sting of defeat that it might not leave any wound, that the weaker wing accepted results very cheerfully. And thus it is that the Alliance has shown a degree of wisdom that gives much promise of future unity and usefulness. Everybody will be gratified at such a result. There is no hostility on the part of the people in general to the alliance, and it is only demagogues and marplots who have sought to stir up strife and bring about class antagonism.

THE SENATORIAL RACE.

Below will be found the ballots so far cast in the senatorial race, given numerically, one ballot being taken Tuesday and the other four yesterday:

Ballot.	Maxey.	Reagan.	Ireland.	Terrell.	Scat'g
1	47	34	37	26	1
2	45	36	39	25	..
3	43	39	33	26	1
4	48	49	38	..	1
5	44	52	39	..	..

From the above it will be seen that Terrell withdrew on the fourth ballot; that Reagan received at least one-half if not three-fourths of Terrell's vote and that he has steadily forged ahead from the first ballot; that Maxey has steadily lost ground from the start, his gain on the withdrawal of Terrell being neutralized in view of his vote on the first and fifth ballots; and that Ireland has received five Terrell votes and stolen seven more from Maxey since the battle opened.

Maxey and Ireland will both see in these figures that Reagan is the man to beat. Which of the two shall yield to the other in a death struggle with the Sage of Palestine? If either yields can he transfer all his strength to the other, or will some of it fly to Reagan, who needed only seventeen votes on the fifth ballot? Will either be willing to yield if convinced that such concession will defeat Reagan? Would not such knowledge embitter both and stiffen their backbones—or throw one of them into Reagan's willing arms? Ireland can hold a larger percentage of his vote than Maxey can; but can Reagan attract seventeen votes from his competitors against their will? And what will the Lower House do regardless of the wishes of candidates? That body is full of hay-seed, and Reagan is a prophet not without honor among "producers and consumers." The outlook is, that Ireland cannot be elected; that Maxey can be, only in case Ireland prefers him to Reagan, and can give him nearly his entire vote; that the race has come down to one between Reagan and a dark horse, and that Reagan will be defeated only by one of those coups d'etat that so often astonish politicians and put to naught the calculations of political guessers.

The dark horse has been faithfully groomed; he is a flyer, but to-day only can tell whether he will ever be led forth to startle the entries and give the dust to what, on the face of things, now seems to be a foregone conclusion.

A COMPETENT WITNESS.

Three years ago when THE GAZETTE began its crusade against the lease law, every advocate and organ of that measure charged this paper with being an "organ of the bullionaire." THE GAZETTE protested in vain, and, without avail, cited the resolutions of every state and national convention of cattlemen to prove that "the syndicates and corporations outside of Texas" all wanted the lease law, and did not hesitate to put their desires in formal declarations. There never was a clearer proposition than that the lease law was a device to perpetuate the business of calf-raising on a big scale, and that the only justification for such a law was the admission that Western Texas was unfit for agricultural purposes; or, as was contended by one brilliant apostle of the law, that "West Texas would not be settled in two hundred years."

Mr. Chas. Goodnight will be accepted by the most rabid lease law advocate as a fair exponent of the wishes of the cattle kings, and Bullionaire Goodnight is now at Austin. In an interview with the cattle king of the Panhandle, the Dallas News reports the following:

Reporter—He assumes that you are all opposed to leasing the lands.

Mr. Goodnight—*It is the only system by which cattlemen can maintain their ranches. We were the first* to advocate lease law. *Free grass would destroy the ranches.* We want the lease law enforced, as it is; have offered year after year to pay the lease money, and *we are opposed to the free grass bill* introduced this session by Senator Houston and Representative Browning.

Bullionaire Goodnight is a competent witness in behalf of THE GAZETTE. It is nothing to the discredit of that gentleman, or of any other cattle king, that he favors the lease law, as "*it is the only system by which cattlemen can maintain their ranches;*" but it is to the discredit of any lease law advocate to call THE GAZETTE a "bullionaire organ," when THE GAZETTE advocates a policy directly at variance with the wishes of bullionaires and "syndicates and corporations outside of Texas."

Prohibition Speaking

Prof. A. A. Hopkins of Rochester, N. Y., general field manager of the National Lecture bureau, will address the people on prohibition at the following times and places: Marshall, January 28; Paris, January 29-30; Honey Grove, January 31; Sherman, February 1; Dallas, February 2; Fort Worth, February 3; Waco, February 4; Austin, February 5-6. Friends of the cause will please have these appointments thoroughly published in their respective localities so that the people will be present. Local newspapers at the points mentioned will confer a favor by making mention of the appointments.

J. B. CRANFILL,
Chairman Prohibition State Executive Committee.

GLOUCESTER GLAD.

The Massachusetts Fishermen Wild with Delight Over the Retaliation Bill.

GLOUCESTER, MASS., Jan. 25.—There was great jubilation here last night over the passage of the retaliation fisheries bill by the Senate. A large crowd assembled in the vicinity of the custom house and postoffice blocking the street and awakening the echoes with frequent cheers, and other manifestations of enthusiasm. The general opinion is the bill is what the fisherman and the vessel owners here desired. They do not want to be on unfriendly terms with the Canadians, but do want accordance of commercial rights and privileges.

Died Near Arlington

Special to the Gazette.

ARLINGTON, TEX., Jan. 22.—Died, at his residence one mile from this city, January 20, Mr. Lewis Finger, aged seventy years. Mr. Finger was one of the oldest settlers in this county, having located here in 1847, where he has continually lived, except three years he spent in California during the gold excitement. There is not a man in the state who was held in higher esteem by his fellowman than Lewis Finger, Esq. He has been a consistant Christian for many years. He was the father of the Hon. George W. Finger, now reading clerk of the Texas legislature.

THE SOUTHWESTERN DROUTH.

The Range is Good but the Scarcity of Water Causes Alarm.

Special to the Gazette.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Jan. 24.—The almost unprecedented drouth in Southwest Texas is becoming serious if not alarming, particularly for stockmen, who have their vast herds in sections not provided with running water. There has been no rain of any consequence since the floods of last August. In many localities stockmen are driving their cattle to more favored sections where water can be secured. Unlike last winter, the grass is yet good and nutritious, though the water is scarcer than ever known before at this time of year. While no great amount of alarm has been occasioned thus far, cattlemen are somewhat apprehensive that the situation may become much worse.

"Consumption Can be Cured."

Dr. J. S. Comns, Owensville, Ohio, says: "I have given SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites to four patients with better results than seemed possible with any remedy. All were hereditary cases of Lung disease, and advanced to that stage where coughs, pain in the chest, frequent breathing, frequent pulse, fever and emaciation. All these cases have increased in weight from 15 to 25 pounds, and are not now needing any medicine."

THE FISHERIES.

Canada's Premier Says Canada's Position is Fixed, Regardless of What May be Done in the States.

The London Press Deprecate the Idea of Being Drawn into War by a Few Fiery Speeches.

WHAT SIR JOHN MACDONALD SAYS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—A special from Ottawa, Ont., says a correspondent called upon the Canadian Premier yesterday and this is what Sir John Macdonald said: "I regret very much that Congress has gone so far. I feel confident that there is some misapprehension in the United States. Here in Canada we wish to live in peace and harmony with our neighbors across the border. We have one fishing treaty which was framed by the representatives of Great Britain and the United States in 1818. We consider that we have only acted as that treaty concedes we may. The people of the United States surely ought to be willing to allow us the treaty rights which their own representatives granted. The Canadian government has acted according to law. It has referred its acts and reasons therefor to the imperial government of Great Britain. It sees no reasons to change its views no matter what may take place in other countries."

"Then you are willing to say that Canada will not recede from its present position?"

"Yes, Canada's position is fixed regardless of what may be done in the United States."

WHAT THE LONDON PRESS SAY.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The Post this morning in an article on the passage in the United States Senate Monday of the fisheries retaliation bill says: "We are sure that Mr. Ingalls' out-spoken bitterness against England does not represent the feeling of either the American Senate or people. On the other hand it would be foolish to shut our eyes to the importance of the question involved."

The Chronicle thinks the fact that Ingalls' splenetic out burst neither surprised nor shocked the more respectable Senators is a far more serious matter than the dispute itself, and hopes the Washington authorities will early disclaim any community of feeling with Mr. Ingalls.

The Daily News says: "To-day's telegrams from New York, Montreal and Ottawa are of a very reassuring character. Nobody here regards the violent speeches of Senators Ingalls, Hale and Frye seriously. Even dignified American senators are not above playing to the gallery. It is much to be hoped that no steps will be taken to exasperate the quarrel and that the good sense of Canada will insist upon a policy of peace."

The Standard says: "President Cleveland will probably have the good sense to veto the bill or agree to it merely in form, as a prelude to amicable negotiations. We protest against the idea of either England or Canada being coerced into yielding a jot of their rights by such threats."

ENGLAND WILL TAKE ACTION.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—Mr. Courley, member of Parliament for Sunderland, will at the coming session move in the House of Commons to appoint a select committee to inquire into the fisheries conventions between Great Britain and the United States to ascertain how far they may be amended or abolished.

CANADA ALL DISTURBED.

OTTAWA, ONT., Jan. 26.—The announcement of the passage in the United States Senate of Senator Edmunds' retaliatory resolutions against Canada has caused not only much excitement, but considerable uneasiness to the Dominion government, which fact the members of the cabinet fail to conceal. The ministers of the government considered the matter as buncombe, not believing it would pass either house. Minister of Marine and Fisheries Foster states that the fishery question has resolved itself into this: We must either abandon our fisheries to American fishermen or protect them as the treaty of 1818 provides. We are more disposed to deal fairly as regards the action of the United States Senate and the retaliatory measure which it is proposed to make. The law will cut both ways, and not until it has been in operation for a while will the United States realize who will be the most injured by it. Canada is simply standing by her rights in accordance with the treaty, in which she is supported by the British government.

Regarding the charge made that the Dominion government had acted in a mean, unfriendly spirit, he said how much more so was the spirit which prompted the seizure of Canadian sealing vessels by a United States gunboat for sailing in Behrings sea, 150 miles from shore, and the fines and imprisonment of the captains of the sealing vessels? As regards the refusal to allow Canadian cars to pass into the United States, the Commissioner of Customs states that such a step on the part of the United States government would necessitate similar restriction as regards United States cars entering Canada at Windsor, and passing out over the Canada Southern at Niagara. It is unnecessary to say that the attitude taken at Washington as regards the Dominion has struck alarm in both political and commercial circles. It must have a serious effect on trade, as shippers will not know how they stand, or how the difficulty will terminate.

THE NEW ENGLANDERS HAPPY.

BOSTON, MASS., Jan. 26.—The fish dealers in New England are delighted with the passage of the Edmunds resolution. They say if the Canadians are shut out it will bring them to their senses and force the Canadian government to take off the restrictions on American vessels.

Mayor O'Brien said: "The conduct of the Canadian authorities has been inhuman and brutal. We gain nothing from the Canadians equivalent for what we give them. The balance of trade is always in their favor, and I am glad Congress has wakened up and adopted a policy of retaliation. I think that the provisions of the bill are eminently just and right."

Leopord Morse said: "Congress has just got sick of this sort of thing, and is going to show that what is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander, and if Canada wants to enjoy commercial relations with us she has got to behave herself. There have been so many complaints and transgressions and so much trouble that it was about time to cry a halt, and the action of our reprentatives shows that matters have come to a crisis."

VISITING THE DROUTH DISTRICT.

The President of the Red Cross Association Reaches Cisco.

Special to the Gazette.

CISCO TEX., Jan. 26.—Miss Clara Barton of Washington, D. C., president of the American National Red Cross Association, and Dr. J. B. Hubbell, general field agent, arrived here this afternoon on the west bound train. They were met at the depot by a special committee and escorted to the City hotel. There they were visited by the committee on relief and your reporter. Miss Barton stated that the condition of the drouth stricken district of Texas had been reported to the Red Cross Association, and that it had never doubted the destitute condition of this country, but owing to conflicting reports that had gone abroad, nothing scarcely could be done until they sent a representative here to see and report the matter just as it is. This distrust has grown out of the statements made by Rev. John Brown while he was in the north soliciting aid, and their being contradicted by the papers and the Governor of Texas. Now, that the papers and Governor are indorsing those same statements, she says the people of the north and east are ready and want to assist the sufferers of this country, if they are in actual need, and that as soon as the Red Cross speaks, aid will be forthcoming. They propose to travel out through the country and find out the truth of the matter. They left on the 5 o'clock north-bound train for Albany, where they will spend a day or so, and then will return to this place and travel through the country by private conveyance.

CHARGED WITH TRAIN ROBBERY.

An Arrest Made at Cisco—Supposed to be One of the Gordon Gang.

Special to the Gazette.

CISCO, TEX., Jan. 26.—This evening as the north bound train on the Texas Central Road pulled in S. P. Maddox, United States Deputy Marshal, arrested J. B. Suttle on suspicion of being one of the train robbers who robbed the train near Gordon. From some cause or other the Sheriff of Stephens county has had his eye on Suttle for some time. He left home a day or so ago and this evening got on the train at Alexander and Mr. Maddox got on at Dublin, and they both came on the same train to Cisco, where Mr. Maddox received a telegram from Deputy Sheriff Ray of Palo Pinto county to arrest Suttle, which Mr. Maddox did without any trouble. Mr. Suttle lives about eight miles from Gordon, the place where the robbery was committed. He had a pair of saddlebags which contained a few clothes, some victuals and a bottle of whisky, also $210 in money. Mr Suttle claims to have been on his way to El Paso county to see after his stock. He is known by several people here, who seem to think he cannot be guilty of the crime. Mr. Maddox says he is not certain whether he has the right man or not, but he has every reason to believe he has. Mr Suttle is not very talkative, and does not like the idea much of going to Gordon, where Mr. Maddox will take him to-night on the 11:40 train. S. H. Royall, postal clerk, is with Mr. Maddox and will go with him to Gordon to-night.

A SNAKE IN A CHILD'S STOMACH.

A Reptile a Foot Long Escapes from a Child's Mouth.

MINNESOTA JUNCTION, WIS., Jan. 26.—The Evening Wisconsin says: The case of a three-year-old child of Charles Gilman of this place, which died recently, has attracted considerable attention, from the fact that the little one expelled a snake from its stomach previous to its death. The child had suffered bad health for a long time, continually vomiting a yellowish matter which stained its clothing. One day the child directed Mrs. Gilman's attention to a small snake on the floor, which had evidently escaped from its mouth. The reptile was about a foot long, of brown color, and with a yellow belly. Its eyes protruded from its head, and when molested it would run out its tongue. After being relieved of the slimy occupant of its stomach the child stopped drooping, but subsequently sickened and died. The attending physician was of the opinion that water had collected on the child's stomach after the snake's departure and caused its death. The bereaved parents recollect having given the child a drink of spring water in the dark about a year previous.

A PROFESSIONAL POISONER.

A Chain of Circumstantial Evidence that May Hang Lawrence Krug.

CHICAGO, ILL., Jan. 23.—It is now certain that Lucy Heidelmyer was poisoned. Prof. Haines of Rush Medical College has completed a chemical analysis of her stomach. He found traces of arsenic in every vital part. It was administered in such liberal quantities that the only wonder is that the girl lived as long as she did. Capt. Schasck has also ascertained that lawrence Krug, the girl's step-father, who is being held to await the result of the investigation, lived for a long while with a celebrated chemist in Germany and there gained an extensive knowledge of the deadly qualities of various poisons. Yesterday Prof. Haines began an analysis of the remains of Krug's third wife, which were exhumed for that purpose last Thursday. The officers think they have a very strong case of circumstantial evidence against Krug. The inquest on the step-daughter will be resumed this week, and inquiry redoubled as to the four other deaths charged against Krug. He has authorized the sale of two houses belonging to him in order to raise money to defend himself in the criminal court.

SKIN TORTURES

That Defy all other Remedies Speedily Cured by Cuticura.

HUMILIATING Eruptions, Itching and Burning Skin Tortures, Loathsome sores, and every species of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Inherited, Scrofulous and Contagious Diseases of the Blood, Skin and Scalp, with Loss of Hair, from Infancy to old age, are positively cured by CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, internally.

COVERED WITH SORES.

I have been afflicted since last March with a skin disease the doctors called eczema. My face was covered with scabs and sores, and the itching and burning were almost unbearable. Seeing your Cuticura Remedies so highly recommended, concluded to give them a trial, using the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally, and Resolvent internally, for four months. I call my self cured, in gratitude for which I make this public statement.

MRS CLARA A FREDERICK.
Broad Brook, Conn.

SCALP, FACE, EARS AND NECK.

I was afflicted with Eczema on the scalp, face, ears and neck, which the druggist where I got your Remedies pronounced one of the worst cases that had come under his notice. He advised me to try your Cuticura Remedies, and after five days' use my scalp and part of my face were entirely cured, and I hope in another week to have my ears, neck and the other part of my face cured. HERMAN SLADE.
120 East Fourth street, New York.

ITCHING DISEASES CURED.

Cuticura stands at the head of its class, especially is this the case with the Cuticura Soap. Have had an unusually good sale this summer, owing to the prevalence of an aggravated form of Itch through some localities in the country, in which the Cuticura Remedies have proved satisfactory. W. L. BARDIGE, Druggist.
Uniontown, Ky.

CUTICURA REMEDIES

Are sold by all druggists. Price: Cuticura 50 cents; Resolvent, $1; Soap, 25 cents. Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

BEAUTIFY the Complexion and Skin by using the Cuticura Soap.

HOW MY SIDE ACHES!

Aching Sides and Back, Hip and Kidney Pains, Rheumatic, Sciatic, Neuralgic, Sharp and Shooting Pains relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti Pain Plaster. Cannot fail. At druggists, 25 cents. Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

WHY THEY ARE NOT PURE.

The absolute purity of the Royal Baking Powder is a fact not questioned by anyone; but the questions are frequently asked: Why do not other manufacturers, also, put up pure baking powders, free from lime, alum, and other adulterants? Is it a fact that the Royal is the only pure baking powder made?

There are three classes of these articles: Cream of tartar baking powders, made from cream of tartar and bi-carbonate of soda; phosphate baking powders, in which phosphatic acid is used as a substitute for cream of tartar; and alum baking powders, made from burnt alum and soda.

Burnt alum baking powders are of the cheapest class. They cost less than four cents a pound, are concededly poisonous, and because of their well-known inferiority are never sold under their true colors. Baking powders sold with a prize or gift are of this class.

The phosphate baking powders contain from 8 to 12 per cent. of lime, which is an ingredient of the phosphate used in them as a substitute for cream of tartar. It is impossible to eradicate the lime from this class of powders. This baking powder is next to the alum baking powders in cost.

The cream of tartar baking powders, to which class the Royal belongs, to be pure must be made from absolutely pure cream of tartar. The Royal Baking Powder is made from cream of tartar specially refined and prepared for its use by patent processes by which the tartrate of lime is totally eliminated. There is no other process by which cream of tartar can be freed from lime—made 100 per cent. pure—in quantities practical for commercial purposes. Other baking powder makers, not being able to obtain these chemically pure goods (which are used exclusively in the Royal) are dependent upon the cream of tartar of the market, refined by the old-fashioned methods, for their supply, and by those methods it is impossible to eliminate the lime and other impurities.

These are the reasons why the Royal is absolutely pure, while all other baking powders contain either lime or alum.

The vital importance of absolute purity in the articles we eat as promotive of perfect health is daily more generally being considered. How large a share in producing impure and unwholesome food the lime and alum baking powders have had in the past, is becoming fully recognized.

The absolute purity of the Royal Baking Powder not only renders it more perfectly wholesome, but its freedom from all extraneous substances makes it of higher strength and effectiveness as a leavening agent, and therefore more economical for use. It is accordingly certified by the U. S. Government Chemists as the most wholesome, effective, and perfect baking powder made.

NO SIGNS OF WAR.

The Indications on the Other Hand Point Rather to a General Disarmament.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—The following was published here this morning: London—I don't believe in war. When people say war is inevitable it is precisely the moment when there is little fear of its breaking out. Even supposing Germany were to call upon France to disarm, she would reply that she asked nothing better were Germany to do the same. The result, therefore, of the demand would be that some sort of a modus vivendi would be established. The difficulty of disarmament, however, is that Germany has to be in a position to hold her own against France and Russia combined. The result would therefore lead Germany to making great efforts to settle the eastern question, and this once settled, Austria, Russia, Germany and France would possibly agree to a general plan of disarmament, for their existing armaments are positively ruining them.

[Signed] HENRY LABOUCHERE.

Safe, permanent and complete are the cures of bilious and intermittent diseases, made by Prickly Ash Bitters. Dyspepsia, general debility, habitual constipation, liver and kidney complaints are speedily eradicated from the system. It disinfects, cleanses and eliminates all malaria. Health and vigor are obtained more rapidly and permanently by the use of this great natural antidote than by any other remedy heretofore known. As a blood purifier and tonic it brings health, renewed energy and vitality to a worn and diseased body.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

Two Hundred Cases of Giant Powder Blow Up while in Transit.

FORT SCOTT, KAN., Jan. 25.—About 200 cases of giant powder exploded while in transit over the Missouri Pacific Road, half a mile west of this city, at 1 o'clock this morning. It was being transported in a magazine car. The train consisted of twenty-three freight cars, and fifteen of them were completely demolished and the magazine car was blown to atoms. The engine was badly broken up, but was not blown off the track. Scott Hooker, a brakeman, who leaves a wife and child at Sedalia, Mo., was instantly killed. A great hole was blown in the roadbed and the rails and ties were ground to powder for several rods distant. Engineer J. R. Dillon and Fireman S. Shufford, although badly frightened and stunned, were not seriously hurt. Conductor Elliott and the rear brakeman, who were on the caboose, were uninjured. The shock from the explosion was simply terrific.

Ten thousand dollars worth of fine plate glass and window glass was broken in the buildings throughout the central and western part of the city. Many thought it an earthquake and left their beds and ran from their houses panic stricken. Report comes here to-day that several window glasses were broken at Nevada, Mo., twenty-five miles distant, and also at Rich Hill. The houses were shaken all over this county.

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