

WHEN YOU BUY

PERFUMERY AND TOILET ARTICLES

DON'T YOU WANT THE BEST?

You will find our Stock always Complete with

Palmer's, Seeley's, Viola and California Perfumes and Violet Waters.

Also the Finest Stock of

Combs, Brushes, and Facial Preparations in the City.

We want your PRESCRIPTIONS. We offer Complete Service and Pure Drugs only

WILSON-JENKINS DRUG CO. PHONE 28

H. & T. C. Time Card, Bryan Northbound No 1, 12:15 p.m. Southbound No 2, 4:05 p.m. Northbound No 3, 2:07 a.m. Southbound No 4, 1:45 a.m.

I. & G. N. Time Table, Hearne WEST BOUND. No. 1 leaves, 1:05 a.m. No. 3 leaves, 9:05 a.m. EAST BOUND. No. 2 leaves, 3:55 a.m. No. 4 leaves, 4:39 p.m.

Between Hearne and San Antonio. No. 9, leaves Hearne, 3:10 p.m. No. 10, arrives at Hearne, 11:55 a.m.

H. & T. C. Time Table Hearne NORTH BOUND. No. 1 arrives, 12:50 p.m. No. 3 arrives, 2:45 a.m.

LOCAL NEWS.

R. H. Seale was here from Benchley yesterday.

Fresh mackerel just received at R. M. Wilson's. 197

F. K. Mistrot returned to Houston yesterday.

Two up-stairs rooms for rent. Apply to Ira Gooch.

Dr. J. F. Eaves was here from Millikan yesterday.

Marcus Miller was here from Hempstead yesterday.

Nice fresh prairie hay cheap at C. F. Moore's feed store. 197

Constable Ed Farquhar was here from Wellborn yesterday.

Try the old reliable Troy laundry. E. B. Lomas, agent. 182H

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bette returned to the Brazos bottom yesterday.

Just received at Edge Bros a car of extra fine North Texas corn. 195

B. L. and J. H. Dowling were here yesterday from below College.

Mrs. B. E. Gandy and Miss Jolly were here from Rock Prairie yesterday.

Miss Louise Ertle left yesterday to visit in Houston and San Antonio.

"Royal Blue" a strictly first class cigar sold only by C. G. Parsons. 166H

When you want to enjoy a nice drive get one of Ira Gooch's nobby turn-outs. 197

Mrs. B. L. Reed of Pitts Bridge, is in the city visiting her mother, Mrs. Hanneuman.

You get large schooners of fresh cold beer for 5 cents at the American beer hall. 166H

Mrs. J. J. Adams went to Dallas yesterday as the guest of Major G. A. Quinlan on his private car.

Write your name plainly on all packages for the Troy laundry. E. B. Lomas, agent, Phone 87. 183H

Miss Idelette West, wood-carver. Orders and pupils received. Samples of work at Tyler Haswell's. 198H

Mrs. Penn and children, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Walter Wiprecht, returned to Taylor yesterday.

For Rent—Eight lots favorably located for a cotton yard in northern part of town. Apply to W. T. Young at courthouse. 197

W. S. Sims, colored, is getting up a cake walk to be given by his people Monday night, especially for white people.

Read John M. Caldwell's ad giving notice of his removal sale this month. He will be located at Read's drugstore after August. 188H

D. B. Lawson of Courtney has been here this week attending the farmers congress and visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. B. Cochran.

For pure fountain and bottle soda, Dr. Pepper, and all the latest food drinks, candies, fruits, nuts, etc., call on C. G. Parsons. 165H

James Christian says Burt and Bowser, his fire horses, weighed 2275 pounds yesterday, just 100 pounds more than they weighed thirty days ago.

Joe B. Reed's insurance companies have all adopted the policy of paying death claims arising from the war with Spain. For accident and life insurance either in lodges or straight life companies see Joe B. Reed. 187H

Mr. John Peck and Miss Kizzie Hanley were married at Reliance church Thursday night, Rev. J. M. Bullock officiating. They have lived in this country about a year, having come from Alabama.

THE SIGNAL SUCCESS. OF OUR CAMPAIGN.

The United States Has Turned Spain Down in Every Conflict So Far, and is Thankful on Land and Water.

New York, July 15.—A special to The Tribune from Washington says:

The surrender of Santiago, following within 10 days the destruction of the southern Cuba of the only formidable naval squadron left to Spain on the high seas, marks another notable mile post in this country's procession of the Spanish war. By the terms of General Toral's capitulation not only does the city of Santiago, a naval and military base of the utmost importance fall into American hands, but possession of the whole eastern end of Cuba is ceded to the American forces, which have within a month and in the face of almost insuperable obstacles succeeded in reducing a stronghold second in defensive strength on the island only to Havana itself. So brilliant a culmination of the first offensive campaign in Cuba adds fresh lustre to the record already signally inspiring, made in the scant three months since hostilities opened by American arms.

To have undertaken, with forces in a measure raw and far from faultlessly equipped, the invasion of Cuba at a point more than 1200 miles from the nearest base of supplies and reinforcements; to have effected a landing on a difficult coast and overcome without loss the most extraordinary natural obstacles to the prompt establishment of an investment; to have carried with numbers little greater than those of the city's garrison lines upon lines of rifle pits and intrenchments; to have fought not only Spanish, but the more insidious attacks of a deadly tropical climate in the first months of the rainy season and, in spite of such discouragement and hardships, to have driven the enemy to bay by a series of brilliant and desperate assaults, and to have him fast with his lines until surrender became inevitable—these achievements by the American troops at Santiago have been fitly crowned by a triumph as significant and decisive as that won by the guns of Dewey at Manila or by those of Schley and Sampson in the waters of the Caribbean sea.

Interest centers here perhaps more keenly in the political than in the purely military results of the fall of Santiago. European opinion, certainly, if Spain's course is to be guided by the friendly advice of other powers, will find in the striking success of Shafter's army at Santiago an emphatic confirmation of the hopelessness of Spain's struggle against the newly organized and overwhelming forces of the United States.

If, however, the succession of national disasters which began at Manila has not yet broken Spanish pride, and the present losing fight is to be continued, Spain is likely to have fair warning from European opinion that another six months of warfare will probably see Porto Rico and the Canaries and central Cuba, and an American army slowly but surely fighting its way to the gates of Havana.

The war department authorities are unable to make any positive statement of the plans they are maturing to solve the problem of sending the Spanish back to Spain. The prisoners will probably be embarked inside of Santiago harbor and at Guantanamo, and no effort will be spared to get them out of the way within the next 10 days.

It is announced that General Miles will start for Porto Rico within a week. With the president's approval he perfected all arrangements for his expedition to seize that island before he left Washington and the plan will now be promptly carried into effect.

NEGROES KILLED BY AN ARKANSAS MOB.

Jim Reid and Alex Johnson Shot While Confined in Their Cell in Jail at Monticello.

Little Rock, July 15.—A double lynching, in which Jim Reid and Alex Johnson, two negroes, were the victims, occurred at Monticello, Ark., at early hour yesterday. A mob of men broke down the doors of the jail and entering the cell room poured a volley of shots into the cages where the men were confined. Johnson is dead and Reid is fatally wounded. The killing of these men is the outcome of the death of W. F. Skipper, a rich planter and merchant of Baxter, who disappeared four years ago. A week later his body was found on the banks of Bayou Bartholomew, his right hand clutching his own revolver. A verdict of suicide was rendered at the inquest, but Skipper's partner was not satisfied and employed a detective who arrested Reid and Johnson. After a long trial they were convicted and sentenced to hang. Twice they appealed to the supreme court, and a few days ago that tribunal for the second time granted them a new trial. It is supposed that the men composing the mob became impatient at the action of the supreme court and took the law into their own hands. A feature of the case is that Skipper's life was insured for \$10,000 and the insurance companies are resisting payment on the ground that Skipper committed suicide. This case is still pending in court.

FOOD AND GUNS SENT TO GOMEZ.

Two Transports Deliver to Him an Enormous Supply, For Which He is Thankful.

Key West, Fla., July 15.—The champion filibusters, the Florida and Fanita, under convoys of the auxiliary gunboat Peoria, have landed the largest and probably the last expedition sent to the insurgents. It was a task beset with peril and difficulty, costing one man his life and wounds to half a dozen others.

Captain Jose Manuel Nunez, brother of General Emilio Nunez, was killed, and Winthrop Chandler of New York, was shot through the right elbow and five Cubans suffered trifling injuries. How many Spanish lives answered for these was not known, but there were more than enough to balance the score. The debarkation was effected on July 3, at Palo Alto, on the southern coast of Cuba, but fighting occurred before then at Las Tunas.

The Florida and Fanita left Key West on Saturday June 25, under the convoy of the Peoria, commanded by Lieutenant T. M. Ryan. On board the steamer were 25 Cubans under General Nunez, 50 troopers of the Fourth United States cavalry, under Lieutenants Johnson and Abern and 25 rough riders under Winthrop Chandler, brother of Colonel William Astor Chandler.

The cargoes were enormous and included arms and ammunition. There was not a Spaniard to be seen when the expedition reached Palo Alto at daybreak on July 3, and the men and cargo were put ashore without a single obstacle.

Gomez, with 2000 men, was known to be in the vicinity and scouts hurried to his lines. On Monday, July 4, the grizzled old warrior appeared in person at Palo Alto. An awning was spread over the end of the abandoned wharf and a conference was held.

The veteran commander-in-chief said he was greatly pleased at the result of the expedition which he thought would exercise an important influence on the war campaign, which he later submitted to Lieutenant Ryan in writing, for transmission to President McKinley.

It was subsequently learned that during the fight at Las Tunas five buildings in the town were completely destroyed by fire from the American guns, while 25 were partly destroyed, and eight schooners, which happened to be in range, were burned and sunk.

WAR LOAN SHOWS AMERICANS PATRIOTIC.

For a Loan of \$300,000,000, Bids Have Been Received Amounting to About \$1,325,000,000.

Washington, July 15.—The subscriptions to the new 2 per cent war loan of \$300,000,000, which closed at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, including the offers made by syndicates, will amount to \$1,325,000,000, or more than six times the amount of the issue. The subscriptions represented by checks or other forms of payment, it is estimated, will aggregate about \$780,000,000, or three and three-quarters times the amount of the issue. It is thought at the treasury department that no individual subscribers as high as \$10,000 will receive an allotment of bonds.

Assistant Secretary Vauderlip, who has managed the work of placing the bonds of the new war loan, announced that the books had been closed "upon the most successful loan ever floated by the government." He said:

"It is, of course, impossible to give at this hour the exact line at which allotments will be announced. My estimate, however, is that it will be around \$5000, that is to say, that all applications for a smaller amount than that figure will be allotted in full, while applications for larger amounts will receive nothing. At 10 o'clock last night there had actually been listed \$84,300,000 of the \$500 and smaller subscriptions and the amount now on the tables will carry that probably just above \$60,000,000. The amount scheduled and totaled in the subscriptions larger than \$500 is at this hour \$600,610,840, and I estimate it will reach \$735,000,000. Thus the total subscription, including the \$500,000,000 of the syndicate bids, will reach \$1,325,000,000."

Train Held Up in Nevada.

Reno, July 15.—Passenger train No. 1, eastbound, was held up Wednesday night one mile east of Humboldt. The express car was blown up and the safe blown open. The robbers escaped. It has not been given out how much they secured. It is thought the robbers boarded the train at Reno.

Killed by an Explosion.

Galveston, July 15.—Harry Kirk, an engineer employed in the dye house at the cotton mills, died as the result of injuries received from an explosion of the hydro extractor. This is a machine that revolves at the rate of about 500 revolutions a minute, and has been in almost constant use for the past four years. The machine was well oiled by Kirk and the cause of the explosion is a mystery.

Cotton Belt Train Wrecked.

Little Rock, July 15.—The northbound Cotton Belt passenger train from Memphis was wrecked near Brinkley by striking a cow. Fireman William Mason was instantly killed and Engineer S. M. Kyle was fatally scalded. No passengers were badly hurt.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce JESSE G. MINKERT as a candidate for County Attorney of Brazos county at the ensuing November election.

We are authorized to announce A. W. BUCHANAN, as a candidate for County Treasurer of Brazos county at the ensuing November election.

We are authorized to announce J. T. CLOSS as a candidate for re-election to the office of justice of the peace, Precinct No. 4, Brazos county, at the ensuing November election.

PREACHER DIED A PAUPER.

Career of the Author of "There's a Light in the Window for Thee."

The Rev. Edward Dunbar, who wrote the old Sunday school song, "There's a Light in the Window for Thee, Brother," sleeps in a pauper's grave at Coffeyville, Kan., where he died a tramp in the town jail two years ago. His name became a byword in the place where he was known, and from a prison cell he went forth a vagabond upon the face of the earth. In 1867 Dunbar was arrested at Leavenworth while engaged in holding a series of revival meetings, and taken to Minneapolis, Minn., where he was tried for bigamy, convicted, and sent to the penitentiary for three years and eight months.

One night in the spring of 1896 Dunbar applied at the Coffeyville jail for lodging. He was ill, and the authorities took him in. He died the next day. Papers in his pockets revealed his identity, and showed that he had tramped all over the country. Some church people have erected a marble slab over his grave, on which these words are inscribed:

"Here lies Edward Dunbar, who wrote 'There's a Light in the Window for Thee, Brother.'"

When Dunbar was a small boy he lived in New Bedford, Mass., and worked in a factory. His mother lived at the foot of the street on which the factory was located, and as the lad's work kept him away till after dark, she always placed a light in the window to guide his footsteps homeward. One day the boy took a notion to go to sea, and off he went for a three years' cruise. During his absence his mother fell ill, and was at death's door. She talked incessantly about her boy and every night she asked those around her to place a light in the window in anticipation of his return. When she realized that the end had come, she said: "Tell Edward that I will set a light in the window of heaven for him." These were her last words.

The lad had grown to manhood ere he returned home, and his mother's dying message had such an effect upon him that he reformed and became a preacher. In the course of his reformation he wrote the song, "There's a Light in the Window for Thee, Brother."

The Rev. Edward Dunbar married a young lady of New Bedford and several children were the result of the union. The young divine soon made a reputation as a brilliant pulpit orator, and the public was, therefore, greatly surprised when one Sunday morning he skipped the country, leaving his wife and children behind. He came to Kansas, and after snatching brands from the burning in different parts of the State he swooped down upon the city of Minneapolis, Minn., and began to show the people the error of their way.

A great revival followed and hundreds were converted. Miss Eunice Bees Lewis, a handsome young heiress of Minneapolis, was one of the converts. She fell in love with the evangelist and married him against the wishes of her friends.

Shortly after the wedding Dunbar returned to Kansas to fill an engagement at Leavenworth. While he was away the friends of the bride, who had mistrusted the evangelist all along, laid their suspicions before W. D. Webb, lately Judge of the Second judicial district of Kansas, and Judge Austin H. Young, who were law partners in Minneapolis, and they took the case. The result was that they soon found evidence sufficient to warrant an arrest, and Dunbar's ministerial career was brought to a sudden close.

After Dunbar's incarceration Judge Young secured a divorce for Mrs. Dunbar and married her himself. They now live happily together in Minneapolis.

Sparks From the Anvil.

The Church of Christ is founded in faith, raised by hope and finished by love.

When God wants to make an oak He takes a hundred years, but he can make a sourdine in three weeks.

The reformers who expect to reconstruct the world in twelve months forget what tough material human nature is.

Honor must grow out of humility, freedom out of discipline, righteous joy out of righteous sorrow, true strength out of true knowledge of our weakness, sound peace of mind out of sound contrition.

Don't try to raise too large a crop of religion on too small a plot of ground. Increase your territory as you increase your seed.

The soul has not much use for ready-made comforts or shop-worn consolations. It finds most sweetness in that which comes direct from God's own plantings, which is gathered by its own toil and laid away trustfully for its darkest hours. Any middle man between itself and the Almighty robs the divine gift of half its value.

DOREMUS & BUTLER, Law Offices.

1 and 2 Parker Building, BRYAN, TEXAS

NOTICE.

JOHN M. CALDWELL will occupy a portion of the North Side of DR. READ'S Drug Store on and after

AUGUST 1st, with elegant new Fixtures and an up-to-date Stock of Jewelry, etc. During July he will inaugurate a REMOVAL SALE of which Buyers will do well to take advantage.

W. H. LAWRENCE, DENTIST.

Office Front Rooms over Postoffice, Bryan, TEXAS

—BUY YOUR— Bread, Cakes Rolls, Etc., —FROM THE—

HOME BAKERY.

Full weight loaves, of the Best quality, Always fresh, and Fair treatment is what I guarantee.

OTTO BOEHME, Phone 21

Be Your Own Barber.

The experiment does not cost much. We sell guaranteed Razors all the way from \$1.25 to \$2.50 each. We also keep in stock the adjuncts—Mugs, Brushes, Sponges, Soaps and Straps. Come to see us and let us supply you.

B. S. Read,

The place to get your Prescriptions and Family Recipes filled and to buy your Drugs.

Telephone 5.

DR. E. P. DAVIS, Specialist. EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

Office 315 1/2, rooms 225 and 226, Houston Street, Gal.

W. H. —Will visit Bryan 2nd and 4th Saturdays each month. For location of the Bryan office will be in pastor of Exchange Hotel.

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