

# Eastern Utah Advocate

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## LOPEZ PROBABLY NOT IN TUNNEL

### MAY HAVE ESCAPED THROUGH UNGUARDED PASSAGE.

Opinion at Bingham is That the Murderer Has Again Fooled the Sheriff's and Has Vanished Into the Hills—Smuggling, However, Continues.

BINGHAM, Dec. 4.—With the discovery yesterday of a possible way in which Lopez might have used dynamite fuse in the Apex mine to escape, the belief that the Mexican has escaped is growing hourly. Nevertheless, the smuggling is being continued and will be until the smoke backs up enough to smother the fires for lack of oxygen. Experts say this will take twenty-four hours longer. The secret of whether Lopez is entombed or far from his pursuers will therefore be sealed behind the massive bulkheads until tonight or tomorrow morning.

It was learned yesterday that there is a shaft 150 feet long leading from the 700 foot level to what is known as the 1300 level, but which is in reality slightly above the Parvona or 1100 level. Lopez has had two days and nights to devise a means of getting down the 140-foot shaft into the lower part of the mine from which he might have escaped before guards were on duty.

## FIRE INSURANCE ADJUSTERS FIXING LOSSES OF BLAZES

The fire insurance adjusters are through with the settlement of the losses at Scofield and Helper, incurred during the last two weeks, and at this time checks are being forwarded to the insured. Madsen & Co., at Scofield, had their insurance with R. W. Crockett & Co. at Price, while Smith & Bowen and J. M. Lovelidge were patrons of Provo agencies. Madsen & Co. have plans out for a new building to cost around \$7000. It will be two stories with three store rooms below and offices above. J. M. Lovelidge will rebuild about the same class of building as was burned, which will be leased to Smith & Bowen. Much of the material for the two buildings is already on the ground. Madsen & Co. have opened a store across the street from where they were.

At Helper James Martello has reconstructed his frame building and has been doing business every day since the fire. His losses above his insurance are about five thousand dollars. He proposes to erect a brick structure on the present site of the spring. The Greek saloon to the north of Martello's will be of frame and will be ready for use in about sixty days. The Thomas millinery, Brooker's garage and Mrs. Crowley, as well as the Greenhalgh confectionery store, are settling up this week with the insurance adjusters.

Most of the insurance losses at Helper, which are being promptly and equitably adjusted, are coming through the offices of the McDonaid agency and R. W. Crockett & Co. of Price.

## ROSS LEWIS DEAD.

After a month's struggle with typhoid fever Ross Lewis passed away at the home of his brother, W. W. Lewis, yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. Gathered around his bed-side during his last hours was the entire Lewis family, the attending physicians having stated that recovery was impossible.

The deceased was barely more than twenty years of age. He came to Price about a year and a half ago. He was always a popular young man in the community and leaves behind him a very large circle of friends to mourn his loss. About three months ago he went to Helper, where he engaged in the jewelry business. Four weeks ago he was brought to Price suffering with typhoid fever. Although he received the best of medical assistance the dread disease had fastened itself too strongly upon him and more than a week ago the doctors expressed their belief that recovery was impossible.

Surviving relatives, all of whom were present at his death, are his mother and father, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Lewis of Vernal, a sister, Miss Venus, and small brother, Frank of Vernal and three other brothers, W. W. Lewis of Price, J. L. Lewis of Vernal and Earl Lewis of Driggs, Idaho.

Funeral services are being held from the Price City Hall this afternoon and interment will be in the city cemetery.

## Y. M. & Y. W. M. I. A. Meeting.

There will be a meeting Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock in the city hall of the Young Men's and Young Women's Mutual Improvement associations to which the public is cordially invited. The program will be as follows: Mission of the High School, Prof. Leffroy E. Cowie; violin solo, Bryan Olson; German solo, A. L. Hoppier; piano selection, Prof. Irving Glangrich; reading, "The Volunteer Organist," Miss Emma Johnson.

Stationery of all kinds. Advocate Publishing Co.—Adv.

## FEDERAL GENERALS IN THE NORTH QUIT

### JUAREZ, Dec. 2.—Seven generals of the Mexican federal army are ready to surrender and the backbone of the Huerta dictatorship in the north has been broken. A peace commission arrived in Juarez from Chihuahua tonight bearing terms of surrender. The peace commission, headed by Odilon Hernandez, bore a proclamation signed by Gen. Salvador Mercado, Huerta's military governor and commander of the federal forces in all the north. The proclamation stated that the Huerta government was bankrupt and was unable to pay its soldiers.

The generals who signified with General Mercado their willingness to surrender, but who nevertheless are fleeing to the United States border are Pascual Orozco, Jose Yanez Balazar, Marcello Caraveo, Jose Manilla, Blas Orpinal and Landu. The commission started back for Chihuahua tonight with General Villa's assurances that people of all classes in the city, and including the federal police, would be protected and that he would dispatch troops to garrison the place as soon as possible.

Simultaneous evacuation of federal strongholds in the north is believed by the rebels to be the result of a concerted decision to abandon the whole of Northern Mexico.

## HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

Shop work at the Carbon county high school is becoming very popular. At the beginning of the year the registration in shop work was slight, but it has increased a hundred per cent since that time. The shop is open every day in the week from 1:15 to 3:30. Regular class work is over at 4:15, but owing to the ambition of some students of the course the department is open until 5:30.

In this department the work is thoroughly practical. The first part of the course is devoted to joining. The student is required to make a working drawing of each joint. The course consists of eight joints, each one of which is thoroughly practical in its nature. Realizing that each joint that he makes will later be used in a chair, a picture frame, a table or some such article, the student is spurred on to greater activity. The second part of the course consists of simple cabinet making. The course must naturally adapt itself to the capacity of the student. The department does not believe that because one student takes three times as long to complete his models that he is hopeless. His development may be, and often is, greater than the more rapid student.

As the course progresses more difficult pieces of cabinet work are undertaken. Skill, speed and order are emphasized. The grade during this part of the work is dependent on these three things.

It has been the experience of the department that if the work is made of practical value and meets the community needs, that the scholar will take care of itself. Already many useful articles have been finished by the department, including bookcases, ironing boards, picture frames, tables and several other articles. Arrangements are being made for an exhibit of some of these in the windows of one of the downtown stores.

Realizing that the department should grow in its scope and that the girls of the high school should also be given an opportunity, a course in copper and brass work is being arranged for. This will be given jointly by the art and the mechanic arts departments. The work will consist of the design and making of paper knives, letter sets, lamp shades, hanging lamps, etc. If there is a sufficient demand for it this course will be thrown open to the young men and women of the community. The time being arranged to suit their own convenience. The necessary equipment for a start has already been arranged for and it is hoped that the response will be adequate.

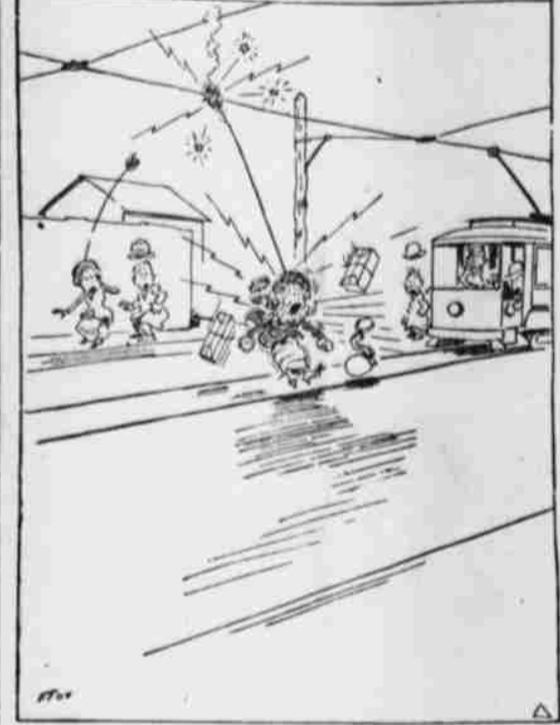
## DISCOVERER OF GILSONITE DEAD IN SALT LAKE CITY

Samuel H. Gilson, well known throughout Eastern Utah, died at Salt Lake City Tuesday morning. He was the discoverer of the hydrocarbon which afterwards has always been known as gilsonite. Deceased has been identified with the history of Utah for the past fifty years. He was one of the first non-Mormons to arrive in Utah. In the stirring times that marked the early history of the state Mr. Gilson served an United States deputy marshal under the late Colonel Nelson of the Tribune. He was the discoverer of the Utah basin and which product is now well known from ocean to ocean. During late years Mr. Gilson has devoted his time to the study of aeronautics. The deceased is survived by a widow and eight children.

## Jury Commissioners.

L. A. Leuber of Price and Samuel Dugmore of Sunnyside have been appointed as jury commissioners and will commence the drawing of names for the next jury on the 12th of December.

THE WOMEN WILL KEEP ON TRYING TO SEE WHO CAN WEAR THE TALLEST HAT FEATHER.



## PRESIDENT WILSON READS HIS MESSAGE

### Notable For Brevity and at the Same Time Comprehensive—Salient Features Follow.

### PRIMARY NOMINATIONS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

I urge the prompt enactment of legislation which will provide for primary elections throughout the country at which the voters of the several parties may choose their nominees for the presidency without the intervention of nominating conventions. I venture the suggestion that this legislation should provide for the retention of party conventions, but only for the purpose of declaring and accepting the verdict of the primaries and formulating the platforms of the parties, and I suggest that these conventions should consist not of delegates chosen for this single purpose, but of the nominees for congress, the nominees for vacant seats in the senate of the United States, the senators whose terms have not yet closed, the national committee and the candidates for the presidency themselves, in order that platforms may be framed by those responsible to the people for carrying them into effect.

Gentlemen of the Congress—In pursuance of my constitutional duty to "give to the congress information of the state of the Union" I take the liberty of addressing you on several matters which ought, as it seems to me, particularly to engage the attention of your honorable body, as of all who study the welfare and progress of the nation.

I shall ask your indulgence if I venture to depart in some degree from the usual custom of setting before you in formal review the many matters which have engaged the attention and called for the action of the several departments of the government or which look to them for early treatment in the future, because the list is long, very long, and would suffer in the abbreviation to which I should have to subject it. I shall submit to you reports of the heads of several departments in which these subjects are set forth in careful details and by that they may receive the thoughtful attention of your committee and of all members of the congress who may have the leisure to study them. Their obvious importance, as constituting the very substance of the business of the government, makes comment and emphasis on my part unnecessary.

### HUERTA MUST GO.

Predicts Downfall of "Usurper" Who "Cast Aside Even Pretense of Legal Right and Declared Himself Dictator."

There is but one cloud upon our horizon. That has shown itself to the south of us and hangs over Mexico. There can be no certain prospect of peace in America until General Huerta has surrendered his usurped authority in Mexico. Until it is understood on all hands, indeed, such pretended governments will not be countenanced or dealt with by the government of the United States. We are the friends of constitutional government in America. We are more than its friends; we are its champions, because in no other way can our neighbors to whom we would wish in every way to make proof of our friendship work out their own development in peace and liberty.

Mexico has no government. The attempt to maintain one at the City of Mexico has broken down, and a mere military dictatorship has been set up which has hardly more than the semblance of national authority. It originated in the usurpation of Victoriano Huerta, who, after a brief attempt to play the part of constitutional president, has at last cast aside even the pretense of legal right and declared himself dictator. As a consequence a condition of affairs now exists in Mexico which has made it doubtful whether or not the most elementary and fundamental rights either of her own people or of the citizens of other countries resident within her territory can be successfully safeguarded and which threatens if long continued to hazard the interests of peace, order and tolerable life in the lands immediately to the south of us.

Even if the usurper had succeeded in his purposes, in despite of the constitution of the republic and the rights of its people, he would have set up nothing but a proconsular and hateful power which could have lasted but a flimsy while and whose eventual downfall would have left the country in a more deplorable condition than ever. But he has not succeeded. He has forfeited the respect and the moral support even of those who were at one time willing to see him succeed. Little by little he has been completely isolated. By a little every day his power

and prestige are crumbling, and the collapse is not far away. We shall not, I believe, be obliged to alter our policy of watchful waiting. And then when the end comes, we shall hope to see constitutional order restored in distressed Mexico by the consent and in aid of such of her leaders as prefer the liberty of their people to their own ambitions.

### EMPLOYER'S LIABILITY ACT.

#### Urges Legislation to Safeguard Workmen Both on Land and Sea—Points Out Needed Economical Reforms.

Three or four matters of special importance and significance I beg that you will permit me to mention in closing.

Our bureau of mines ought to be equipped and empowered to render even more effective service than it renders now in improving the conditions of mine labor and making the mines more economically productive as well as more safe. This is an all important part of the work of conservation, and the conservation of human life and energy has even nearer to our interest than the preservation from waste of our material resources.

### URGES CURRENCY REFORM TO BENEFIT THE FARMER

President Wilson in his message urges the immediate passage of currency legislation. He asserts that business interests of the nation are waiting on the expected law before making large new investments or developing resources. The president also calls attention to conditions as they exist at present, which make it very difficult for the farmer to finance his crop. He urges in his annual message provisions that will safeguard the farmer, help his credit and prevent a repetition of the necessity for the government to deposit large sums of money in the southern and western states so as to aid the producer, as was the case last fall.

We owe it in mere justice to the railway employees of the country to provide for them a fair and effective employer's liability act; and a law that we can stand by in this matter will be no less to the advantage of those who administer the railroads of the country than to the advantage of those whom they employ. The experience of a large number of the states abundantly proves this.

We ought to devote ourselves to meeting pressing demands of plain justice like this as earnestly as to the accomplishment of political and economic reforms. Social justice comes first. Law is the machinery for its realization and is vital only as it enforces and embodies it.

### PRESIDENT MAKES KNOWN HIS PHILIPPINE POLICY.

President Wilson's policy toward the Philippine islands is made clear in his message. He urges the development of the Philippines, always keeping in view ultimate independence of the islanders. While he does not believe they are ready for self government today he believes that eventually they will be. He points out improvement that has recently been made by calling attention to the fact that more natives have been appointed on the Philippine commission than was the case previously.

An international congress for the discussion of all questions that affect safety at sea is now sitting in London at the suggestion of our own government. So soon as the conclusions of that congress can be learned and considered we ought to address ourselves, among other things, to the present alterations of the very unsafe, unjust and burdensome conditions which now surround the employment of sailors and render it extremely difficult to obtain the services of spirited and competent men such as every ship needs if it is to be safely handled and brought to port.

May I not express the very real pleasure I have experienced in cooperating with the congress and sharing with it the labors of common review to which it has devoted itself so successfully during the past seven months of unexampled concentration upon the business of international safety? It is a proper and pertinent part of my report on "The State of the Union" to express my admiration for the fullness of the good review and the full comprehension of public duty which has already been manifested by both the houses, and I hope that it may not be deemed an impertinent intrusion of myself into the picture if I say with how much and how constant satisfaction I have availed myself of the privilege of putting my time and energy at their disposal alike in counsel and in action. WOODROW WILSON.

Frederick McHaney, a brother of Frank McHaney of Price, died Tuesday evening of tuberculosis. He had come here for relief from this disease about a week ago. The remains were shipped to his former home in Iowa yesterday.

## CONSOLIDATED MAKING ATTRACTIVE RESORT

### RESERVOIRS AND SURROUNDINGS BEING BEAUTIFIED.

#### Will Be Well Stocked With Fish and Equipped With Gasoline Launches—Panther and Bear Canyons and Helper Will Be Supplied With Culinary Water.

"Handy" MacLean, with a force of about twenty men and teams, is doing some great work up Kynne Creek on the two reservoirs recently purchased by the Consolidated Fuel company from R. W. Crockett of this city and J. M. Miller of Orderville. The two dams are to have concrete cores and are eighty feet in width by about forty-five feet in height. When completed there will be water enough stored there to supply the mines at Panther Canyon as well as Bear Canyon and the town of Helper, the latter being ready to contract at any time with the Consolidated Fuel people. At Bear Canyon considerable water will be required for culinary purposes. The Utah railroad hauling from Castle Gate to Moirland will also enter into a contract for water from the same source.

The lower Kynne reservoir will be about twenty-one acres in area and the upper one around seventeen acres. Both sites are being cleared of undergrowth and gravel and silt. An automobile road is being constructed to the reservoirs and also a telephone line connecting with the mines of the Consolidated Fuel at all its camps. Next summer two gasoline launches are to be placed on the water and cabins built for officials and employees of the corporation. Fish, trout and bass, are plentiful there and are to be added to from year to year from the state and government hatcheries. There will be a keeper at the reservoir all the year round.

The Consolidated Fuel people are spending a large sum of money and when present plans are shaped out the place will be one of the ideal summer resorts of the West. There will be water enough stored by next spring for a population of twenty thousand people. These reservoir sites and water rights going with them were recently offered to the city of Price at a very nominal sum considering the worth, but the proposition was turned down by the city council. However, the Consolidated Fuel people were quick to see the proposition, and got busy with the money when it was put up to them. These water rights are now valued in the thousands of dollars.

### TELEGRAPH DISPATCHING NOW A THING OF PAST

Telephones have supplanted the clicking telegraph instrument in all of the telegraph offices of the Denver and Rio Grande between Salt Lake and Grand Junction, a distance of 261 miles. It is said by the railroad company that the movement of trains can be expedited by the telephone and that mistakes are not so likely to occur. It is pointed out by the officials of the road that telegraph operators become mechanical in their work and that often they misread what is sent over the wires. In the use of the telephone the operator talks directly with the dispatcher and then repeats the message so that the mistakes which have heretofore occurred are reduced to a minimum. The telegraph lines and the instruments will be maintained in the offices in case the telephone lines should be out of commission.

Storm and weather conditions in general are not so liable to affect the telephone lines as the telegraph lines, they say. The telephone line from Salt Lake to Grand Junction has been under construction for almost seven months and a test has been made on the Bingham branch of the Denver & Rio Grande for the last seven years as to the reliability of the telegraph in train dispatching over the use of the telegraph and it was found to be more satisfactory, as the train dispatcher could talk directly with the engineer and conductor of trains when there was some question between the operator and the trainmen as to running orders.

Mrs. J. R. Sharp and daughter, Miss Anna Sharp, and Miss Earl entertained at the Sharp residence on Saturday last at 6 o'clock and a delightful luncheon. Those present were Mrs. Thos. Fouts, Mrs. J. H. Ballinger, Mrs. S. Ballinger, Mrs. J. M. Whitmore, Miss Jessie Fouts, Mrs. Carlos Gunderson, Mrs. B. R. McDonald, Mrs. V. K. Skadden, Mrs. Roland Cantrell, Mrs. C. H. Smith, Mrs. Nevis, Mrs. Thos. Dumayne, Mrs. C. W. Timley, Mrs. P. C. Sullivan, Mrs. P. E. Woods, Mrs. W. E. Anderson, Mrs. R. R. Kirkpatrick, Mrs. A. J. Lee, Miss Lee, Mrs. A. Brooks, Mrs. Thos. Fitzgerald, Mrs. Rex Miller, Mrs. C. H. Stevenson, Miss Stevenson, Mrs. Robt. Greenet, Miss Dossie Kennedy, Mrs. A. G. Nixon, Mrs. Weigman, Mrs. A. G. Guthrie, Mrs. Geo. Neils, Mrs. J. H. Traylor, Mrs. Chas. Burns, Mrs. Carlos Gunderson won the points prize, Mrs. P. C. Sullivan the honor prize and Mrs. Jos. H. Traylor the guests prize.