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BANKERS COME TO 'BIGGEST LITTLE CITY'

TWO DAYS CROWDED FULL OF INTERESTING FEATURES.

Depart For Home With Excellent Impression of Price and Carbon County—Prominent Speakers at Convention From Other States.

The state bankers have come and gone, carrying back with them to their homes a splendid impression of Price and Carbon county. Not only were they willing to say upon departure that Price is "the biggest little city," but that Carbon county is the wealthiest in the state.

The men of finance were busy from the minute they struck town until they barely caught No. 2 Saturday afternoon. Nothing more could possibly have been crowded into the two days' session. Much more could have been seen had time permitted but from Thursday night until Saturday everything possible was done to give the visitors an idea of the immensity of the resources of Carbon county.

It was impossible to show them the Utah Fuel company's big camps in the short space of time, but through their trips to Kentworth and Hiawatha, all realized what an enormous coal production is ahead of Carbon county and the state of Utah, and as one member expressed it, "The half has not been told."

Not so many of the state bankers came as had been expected by the committee. Quite a few who had contemplated attending the convention were informed at the last minute that the Midland trail was not in good shape for auto traffic and decided not to attempt the trip. Extremely stormy weather for a period of ten days just before the date of the convention also prevented many from the more isolated sections from attempting to reach the railroad.

There were, however, about 80 in attendance from outside points and all of the largest financial institutions of Salt Lake and Ogden were represented. The two most prominent bankers in the state, W. S. McCormick and Frank Knox, came early and stayed to the end.

Great credit is due to the Price committee having charge of the details work of the convention. Every feature was well arranged and splendidly handled. There were no hitches and no hobbles. Visitors were assigned accommodation immediately upon registering at the headquarters at the Tavern. Everything passed off so smoothly that the casual observer would have been led to believe that Price had a convention every day.

Especially are the ladies who had charge of the preparing and the serving of the banquet entitled to unstinted praise. This feature could not possibly have been improved upon. Not only was the service perfect, but the several course dinner was one of excellence and abundance.

The most entertaining as well as the most instructive feature of the convention was the excursion to Hiawatha Saturday. Not only did the visitors take part in the trip, but a large number of Price people availed themselves of the opportunity to inspect the coal mine operations at the Consolidated camp.

Superintendent H. E. Lewis met the excursionists at West Hiawatha. Arrangements had been carefully planned for the tramway trip into the mine at East Hiawatha. There were about a hundred and fifty in the crowd, all of whom were loaded into the coal cable cars. The party was taken into the mine, several thousand feet through the 10-foot coal vein.

The actual digging of coal by machinery was a revelation to nearly everyone in the party and the courtesy shown the visitors by the company's officials was keenly appreciated by everyone. The mammoth fan keeps a fine, cool circulating current of fresh air in the workings which proved a delightful change from the heat of the day on the outside.

The Hiawatha band was on hand during the entire time the excursionists were in the camp and their music was highly appreciated.

The party reached Price on the return in time for the bankers to catch No. 2, but with an exceedingly small margin as both trains pulled into the depots side by side.

Fred E. Farnsworth of New York City, secretary of the American Bankers' association, spoke for an hour on the aims, objects and activities of the American association. He reported that the association was at this time composed of 14,409 banks, located in all parts of the country, with correspondents in all parts of the world. He complimented the Utah association on the fact that only four states in the union had as large a percentage of the banks represented in the association. Ninety-two of the hundred and eighteen banks in Utah belong to the state association. The speaker thought the new federal reserve banking bill was fully 75 per cent to the good, and it was the duty of the banks to obey its provisions.

Russell Lowry, vice president of the American National bank of San Francisco, was not on the program, but he made one of the best and most convincing of the addresses of the session. He, too, realized, he said, that the bankers as a class were not beloved by the public, and he believed it was their own fault. He got no applause and said he didn't expect any. A. P. Bigelow of Ogden spoke briefly on the overdraft nuisance and opined that the best way to abolish it was to pass and enforce drastic laws against it.

No place was named by the bankers as the next meeting point. This matter is left to the executive committee. It was rather expected that Vernal or some other town in the Utah basin would be after next year's convention, and while a rather remote section of the state many of the bankers would be glad to have an opportunity of a trip to the Ashley valley and the reservation. However, no delegates from that section of the state were in attendance.

The nominating committee to select officers for the ensuing year was appointed by the president as follows: A. P. Bigelow, Ogden; W. S. McCormick and W. W. Armstrong, Salt Lake; Ralph E. Hoag, Ogden, and A. G. Barber, Lewiston.

"DOING IT, DOING IT; EVERYBODY'S DOING IT"

Eruptions in one form or another harass the country from one end to the other. California had no sooner got her labor troubles quelled than Mt. Lassen broke loose as a real live, active volcano, the only one the United States can claim.

In Butte the United Mine Workers of America and the Industrial Workers of the World are engaged in bitter physical strife.

Labor troubles in Colorado are comparatively quiet. The federal troops remain among the strikers but the governor of Montana has asked the federal government if they, or some of them, may be sent to Butte.

Suffragettes are still occupying the attention of the people of England. Their depredations continue, until no property in London is safe from their violence and vandalism, and the peace and safety of the king and queen are threatened through the activities of these cranks whom Queen Mary calls "furies."

Theodore Roosevelt has attacked the London "magnopolists" in their own lair and told them he did discover the River of Doubt and that he does not intend to stand any further insinuations from them as to the correctness of his representations.

Villa is reported to have succeeded from General Carranza and quietly take possession of Juarez, Chihuahua and Torreon and the Niagara meditors have abandoned hope of pacifying Mexico.

INDUSTRY GETS ANOTHER JOLT

Wearied of Short Inactivity Against Coal Companies Commissioners Pass Them Juicy Lemon in Increased Valuations.

Not having harrassed the coal companies of Carbon county for some time, the commissioners Tuesday morning came out of their temporary hibernation and socked it to the producing camps to the tune of half a million dollars in increased assessments. Four individual holders of real estate in the mining camps had their assessments raised almost ten fold.

All affected by the action of the county board are to be notified to meet and board on Saturday, June 20th, if they feel like it. Whether it is the intention of the commissioners to in any way change their mind if the companies or individuals protest against the increased assessment or whether they seek the opportunity of simply telling the interested ones that if they don't like it they can lump it, no information can be gleaned from the resolution, which unless townsites protest from the price of \$2.50 to the sum of \$1000 per acre.

The proceeding of the board was foreshadowed by the Carbon County News of last week. Like the judge who said he would take the case before him under advisement until the following Tuesday, when he would decide in favor of the defendant, the News forecasted the action of the board almost a week in advance.

In the increased assessment the Utah Fuel company draws about two-thirds of the amount. Other companies are affected from 25 to 50 acres.

The increase on the acreage of

the coal companies is as follows: Kentworth, 40 acres; Starrs, 40 acres; Black Hawk and Hiawatha, 80 acres; Clear Creek, 40 acres; Panther, 20 acres; Winter Quarters, 60 acres; Castle Gate, 60 acres; Sunnyside, 130 acres.

Individuals affected are: Fred Paternoster, \$100 assessment to \$1100; Geo. C. Whitmore, \$300 to \$1200; Geo. N. Hill, \$120 to \$1200; McDonald Real Estate & Investment company, \$200 to \$700.

Following is the resolution: "Whereas, The following described property located in the several coal mine camps of Carbon county has been heretofore assessed at \$2.50 an acre, and

"Whereas, Such assessment should be made against such property only as is appurtenant to coal mines, and

"Whereas, The said property has been put to other use than those contemplated by the law authorizing \$2.50 per acre assessment, viz: Commerce, rental, etc. Now therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the said described property be assessed at a sum commensurate to the use to which it is now put, and that such assessment be \$1000 per acre."

Moved by Commissioner J. R. Sharp and seconded by B. Randolph that notice of the above assessment be made by the clerk to all owners of said property, and that if any objections to such assessment be made by the owners thereof, that they meet with the board to present such objections on Saturday, June 20th, 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m.

W. H. Jewkes et ux vs. City of Price. Dismissed at cost of plaintiff.

David R. Allison vs. Loreta Allison. Continued.

John W. Prince vs. Mary J. Swader et al. Set for July 14th.

H. J. Major vs. John U. Bryner and American Surety company of New York. Continued.

George N. Hill vs. Thomas F. Kelter, sheriff of Carbon county. Set for July 6th.

George N. Hill vs. Advocate Publishing Co. Set for July 7th.

Charles P. McCary vs. Creeley H. Ackerman. Continued.

George N. Hill vs. C. G. McWhinney, county attorney of Carbon county. Set for July 7th.

Maria Lampin vs. Augustin Lampin. Set for July 14th.

Carbon County vs. Denton Randolph et al. Set for July 15th.

Minnie J. Baggerly vs. Roy D. Bargerly. Divorce granted; \$15 a month alimony for support of minor child.

Steve Deament vs. J. S. Sax. Set for July 15th.

In the matter of the estate of C. J. Scordis, deceased. C. R. Marcus petition for final discharge was granted.

TELEGRAM TO BE DEMOCRATIC

Utah Bourbons Desire a Daily Paper to Express Their Cause.

The Salt Lake Evening Telegram, it is reported, is to become a democratic paper. It is stated that the two former owners of the Telegram, Thomas Kearns and David Keith, will retain control of the bonds, and through them of the policy of the paper. Other owners will be prominent democrats of Utah, who have long sought to gain control of a daily publication that will advocate democratic policies; and George E. Hale, general manager of the paper, will sign an agreement that will allow the bondholders to dictate the editorial policy of the paper. One condition to this is that that policy must be against United States Senator Reed Smoot.

While it is denied by Mr. Kearns, who is chief creditor of the paper, that he has received any money as yet, he admitted, however, that the persons behind the plan have until July 1st to complete the deal. It is understood that the bondholders will take charge of the editorial policy of the Telegram in the near future.

Mr. Hale states that Mr. Moyls and Mr. Wallace are interested in the bond issue, but as to how far-reaching their power over the editorial policy will be he would not say.

W. R. Wallace, democratic national committeeman, refuses to make any statement regarding the negotiations proposed or pending for the control of the Telegram excepting to say that no transfer would be made this week.

Lisonbee in the Tolls Again.

A. D. Lisonbee, a former Price banker, and who has been here the past few weeks, was arrested by the sheriff's office Monday night on advice from Colfax, Wash., where it is alleged he is wanted for a felony. The dispatch requested that he be held until an officer could reach here.

A deputy sheriff arrived from Colfax last night and today will take Lisonbee back to Washington. The charge on which he is wanted is grand larceny, having sold an automobile on which he had made part payment and given his note for the balance.

New Locomotive For Standard.

The Standard Coal company has just received and placed in commission a 7 1/2-ton Baldwin Westinghouse barstool frame gathering locomotive. This locomotive has a reel for the electric twin cable that is operated by a motor that is located within the drum. The motor is in circuit continuously while the cable is used. Thus the motor torque is used to keep the cable taut, and also is ready to reel up the cable when there is slack. The motor has not been in use long enough to pass any comments on its operation other than that it is giving good service to the present. The motor operates on a 5 per cent grade.

Best drinks, peanuts and cigars at the Eko store.—Adv.

Economy for clamps for sale at "The Variety."—Adv.

ALFALFA SHOULD BE CUT IMMEDIATELY

DEMONSTRATOR FINDS SEVERAL DISEASES HERE.

By Prompt Action, However, Believes That They Can Be Entirely Eradicated—Carbon and Emery Crops Compare Favorably With Those Elsewhere.

Robert H. Stewart, county farm demonstrator, is back from an eight day attendance at the Utah Agricultural college, where the extension staff held a series of meetings and reports from the field men were received. Several days were taken for the visiting of farms in the Cache valley and in Box Elder county. Among some of them inspected were the Peterson dry farm at Poreboro, the Calks Jersey cow and Berkshire hog farm, the Merrill pig farm, the Condensed Milk factory farm, the Woolley dairy farm of Meadfield, and the Hirs potato and beet farm and the Pond dairy farm of Lovisole; the W. P. Hanson purchased sheep farm at Fielding and the Adie Hereford farm at Corinne.

Mr. Stewart reports that Dr. Whitson is pleased with the progress the demonstration work is making throughout the state and congratulates the people of Carbon and Emery counties on the manner in which they have backed up the movement.

While the crops in Cache and Box Elder counties are looking fine, Mr. Stewart says that crops at home are equally as good. "Just previous to leaving for Logan," Mr. Stewart stated to The Advocate, "I found that a bacterial disease was working on the stems of the alfalfa; also a fungus disease is attacking the leaves. Farmers should cut their alfalfa at once. This will check these diseases at least for a season. To allow the alfalfa to stand longer means a big loss. Also the mauling worms are attacking the alfalfa. Cut your alfalfa at once and kill these."

EASTERN UTAH MERCHANT IN BUSINESS DOWN EAST

Charles Glaser, a prominent merchant at Sunnyside and for a number of years engaged in business at Helper and elsewhere throughout Eastern Utah, has sold his interest in the Sunnyside Mercantile company to his brother, Sam Glaser. While in New York City recently Charles Glaser purchased an interest with his brother-in-law in a "ladies" waist manufacturing concern, and will in future reside in Gotham. Many friends in this section of the state will wish him well in whatever he undertakes.

MCDONALD FILES INJUNCTION SUIT AGAINST CITY OF PRICE

Through his attorneys, Price & Fouts, B. R. McDonald yesterday filed suit against the city in which the mayor and the members of the city council and J. H. Manson are made defendants. Plaintiff asks that Manson be required to surrender to the city of Price the electric light and power plant.

E. S. HOINSEY ANNOUNCES CANDIDACY FOR CLERK

E. S. Hoinsey, the present county clerk, is the first applicant for a political position in Carbon county to announce his candidacy. His announcement appears elsewhere in this issue, in which he states that he will be a candidate before the next republican county convention for the nomination of county clerk.

Bestwick and Bestrom.

Out south of Myton is a school district, believed to be within Wasatch county, that has for years been controlled and operated by Carbon county, says the Duchesne Record.

The commissioners last week ordered the county clerk to write Carbon county officials regarding a joint survey by Carbon and Wasatch county surveyors of the district in disputed territory. The country in this neck of the woods is becoming too important to admit of any guess work.

JUNE TERM OF DISTRICT COURT OPENS WITH VERY HEAVY CALENDAR

Judge Albert H. Christenson opened court here Monday morning. Both the criminal and civil dockets are long ones and it will be well in to July before the present term is adjourned.

Following is the docket:

CRIMINAL CASES.

State of Utah vs. Gwilym Jones; felony. Set for trial June 20th.

State vs. R. W. Snyder; embezzlement. Set for July 1st.

State vs. Theodorus Manolis; murder in the first degree. Set for June 22d.

State vs. Gwilym Jones; embezzlement. Set for June 20th.

State vs. Al Bremick, E. Barringer, R. A. Gordon and Carl Ott; robbery. Set for June 24th.

State vs. Charles Kelly; murder in the first degree. Set for June 24th.

State vs. Gordon B. Potter; embezzlement. Set for June 24th.

State vs. Charles Spry; bastardy. Set for July 2d.

State vs. Sheridan Davis; robbery. Set for June 25th.

State vs. Jerome Hopkins; burglary in the third degree. Set for June 25th.

State vs. Frank Cordova; pandering. Set for June 25th.

State vs. James Villafranca; conducting a gambling game. Pleading guilty to gambling and was fined fifty dollars. Paid.

State vs. Walter Panowalk; burglary in the third degree. Set for June 26th.

State vs. Emery Harris; burglary in the third degree. Set for June 26th.

State vs. Bob Ivano; gambling. Pleading guilty and was fined fifty dollars. Paid.

LAW AND MOTION.

Joe Migliore and John Scarpino vs. George C. Whitmore and Peter C. Jones. Set for July 5th.

A. M. Strom vs. William Downard et al. Set for July 15th.

Carbon County vs. George Mag-

ann et al. Demurrer sustained 10 days to amend.

Carbon County vs. Henry Checketta. Set for July 16th.

J. Tom Pech vs. Maudie Floyd. Demurrer overruled.

W. F. Williams, adm., vs. R. W. Crockett. Set for July 16th.

A. Madson & Sons Mercantile Co. vs. J. F. Broyles et ux. Passed for present.

Carbon County vs. George K. Atsalakis. Demurrer overruled; 20 days to answer.

Mary H. Birch vs. Charles Spry. Demurrer overruled; 20 days to answer.

Julia Puskil vs. Luj Puskil. Set for July 16th.

Carbon County vs. Utah Fuel Co. Set for July 16th.

D. V. Micklejohn vs. Abraham Greenhalgh and Mary Greenhalgh. Demurrer overruled; 15 days to answer.

State vs. W. W. Brown and M. W. Miller. Demurrer overruled; 10 days to answer.

First National Bank of Colo vs. W. H. Frye et al. Motion for new trial denied.

The William Roylance company vs. G. T. Olsen et al. Set for July 15th.

Joseph B. Sharp vs. George C. Whitmore et al. Set for July 5th.

Shekroy Sheya vs. Andrew Oman. Continued for term.

Joe Grako vs. C. A. Franks. Set for July 15th.

Joe Tomaselli vs. C. A. Franks and George M. Miller. Case dismissed at cost of plaintiff.

J. E. Mageri vs. Price Ice & Cold Storage Co. Dismissed at cost of plaintiff.

Spring Canyon Coal Co. vs. A. E. Aganil. Continued for term.

Consolidated Wagon & Machine Co. vs. Lars Frandson and G. B. Milner. Demurrer of Lars Frandson overruled; 15 days to answer.

The Helper State Bank vs. George A. Colkins. Continued.

Florian Gardner vs. John Storich et al. Set for July 14th.