

The Tribune.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
Tribune Publishing Company.

Subscription, \$2.00 Per Annum.

Entered at the Post Office at Caldwell, Idaho, as second-class mail matter.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1896.

WHAT a menagerie of wild beasts humanity is after all. Mankind pride themselves on being peaceful, loving, intellectual, moral, and spiritual creatures, yet they spend most of their time quarrelling with and trying to destroy each other. They delight in the misery, discontent and downfall of each other. Where one helping hand is extended, a dozen kicks are administered. Where one gracious word is uttered a volley of imprecations are fired. Moved by a common desire for eternal bliss, they start on the road to salvation and consume their lives in dismal altercations over inscriptions on the guide posts. They arrange a scheme for the promotion of human happiness and straightway torment themselves to death over details of execution.

WHAT is the Republican party going to do for silver? Does it propose to open the mints to silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, if it should get into power? That is what the Democratic party proposes to do, and what the Populist party declared it would do, at its last national convention. What more could the Republican party do?—Savannah News.

The Republican party can and will do considerably more than the Democratic party ever dare do. It will see that the silver dollar is kept at its present position, on a par with gold, so that the man who tenders a silver dollar will receive in goods as much as the man tendering a gold dollar. The American silver dollar will buy nearly two Mexican and Japanese silver dollars, notwithstanding the fact that the Mexican dollar contains more silver than does our own. That cry that Republicans will lessen the purchasing power of a silver dollar is simply ridiculous, they are for the fullest use of both metals.

The candidate for the vice presidency, nominated by the free silver Democrats at Chicago, Mr. Sewall, says: "I have been a silver man ever since the old coinage laws were repealed in 1873." If the above is true he has been careful to keep the fact a secret, for not later than last month he participated in the election of delegates to the Chicago convention and voted for a platform which declared as follows: "We oppose the free coinage of silver and favor a gold standard, unless a different standard is adopted through international agreement." If Mr. Sewall were honest when voting in the Maine Democratic convention for a gold standard, he is now dishonest in accepting a nomination under such circumstances. There must have been some motive besides politics governing his nomination by a convention so largely dominated. Perhaps the main object was to tap his bar for campaign funds.

IT IS LUDICROUS.

It is quite amusing the way the silver Republican press of Idaho are conviving with the Democrats and Populists. From a political stand point there could be nothing more ludicrous. Its enough to make a horse laugh. Their proposition is that we all combine and put up one set of electors, one from each party, and that each elector shall be pledged for Bryan, Bryan, you know, is a rank free trade Democrat and, of course, a rank silverman of the Populist stripe. This part of the proposition is satisfactory to Democrats and Populists because it is strictly in line with their expressed intent anyhow. But here comes the comical part. These silver Republicans are filled with a terrible apprehension, lest Bryan's free trade proclivities should be of sufficient force to dominate the next United States congress. Fearful of such disaster, they turn round to their own party and make this frantic appeal: "That Bryan is a freetrader, is of itself a serious calamity and we, as Republicans, and therefore protectionists, fear that his successful election would mean the further destruction of our home industries, as now carried on by Grover Cleveland. Therefore, we appeal to our Republican friends to all join together in the election of a Republican state ticket and Republican legislature, so that a Republican congressman and a Republican Senator will go to congress in the interests of protection of American home industries, and in that way defend the interests of the raw material producers of Idaho against the rank free trade opinions of W. Jennings Bryan—the great and grand and glorious leader of the forces of the United." (Subject, of course to the actions of the Populist convention.)

The latest address of the silver Republican bolters talks about the "thin veneer" of the financial plank in the Republican platform. If this gush is not "thin veneered" it is because the transparent scum of the people's eyes has just lately sluffed off and laid bare the whole proposition. If upon the success of the foregoing plan depends the election of the late Republican

Senator (now a supporter of a Democratic presidential nominee), we hope the Republican party will be defeated in Idaho. They do not deserve the suffrage of an honest voter in a single precinct in the state and if we mistake not can look for none. If the late Republican Senator wants a re-election, he should come out like a man and join the party that espouses silver.—Malad Enterprise.

WATSON AS A THORN CROWNER.

Mr. Sewall has stated in a general way that the action at St. Louis will make no difference whatever with his campaign plans. This leaves him a loophole for saying, if he wants to, that he had previously decided not to accept the nomination. The situation in his own state is very embarrassing, independent of St. Louis. He went home from Chicago fully expecting, at least predicting confidently, that the Main state central Democratic committee would meet and revise the state platform so as to agree with the national platform. He counted his chickens before they were hatched. So far from doing anything of that kind, he finds himself in the condition of the prophet who was dishonored in his own country.

When the time comes for that grand blow-out at Madison Square Garden New York, the occasion being the formal notification of Bryan and himself of their Chicago nomination, he will have to be explicit. He can send in his declination if he wants to at that time, or before, but not afterward. At least it would be inexcusable for him to dally along beyond that occasion.

In the meanwhile Mr. Watson is not losing any time in letting it be publicly known that he accepts the Vice Presidential nomination of the Populists. It is true that the committee was clothed with the power of the convention itself by the convention to fill all vacancies, but even if the convention were in session and wanted to reconsider his nomination it could not do it after his acceptance. That acceptance has the effect of a parliamentary motion to reconsider and to lay that motion on the table. The Watson candidacy must now be set down as a fixed fact. "I will run the race to the end," is one of declarations of Thomas G. Watson over his own signature. To make his position more plain, if possible, and his attitude toward the Democracy more defiant, he calls attention to his book, in which he savagely arraigned and attacked the Democratic Fifty-Second Congress, declaring that his views have undergone no change, and adding this slap in the face:

"I am not a political trader, and will not resign in Sewall's favor, even if offered a cabinet position."

The St. Louis Populists could not have found in all their ranks a more vehement, venomous, and rancorous enemy of the Democratic party than this same Tom Watson. Jumping on that party with brogans full of hob nails has been at once his occupation and his recreation for the last four or five years. He is a popular orator, and, like Bryan and Norton, he also has a newspaper through which to proclaim his defiant animosity to the party to which, as an ally, he is to appeal for support. That seems to be the Populist idea of "the logic of the situation." There is likely to be a good deal of trouble ahead for the allies. This Watson acceptance is a striking example of a crown of thorns. The Georgia fire-eater begins by pressing it down upon the brow of poor Sewall, but if the kid candidate undertakes to snatch it off the first thing he knows his own brow will be bleeding from its thorns.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

The Review of Reviews for August, while largely given over to the issues of the Presidential campaign, finds space for the treatment of other important topics. Besides the character sketch of Mr. Bryan, the Democratic candidate for the Presidency, the Review has illustrated articles on Harriet Beecher Stowe and Dr. Barnardo, the father of "Nobody's Children." There is the usual elaborate resume of the current magazines; and the departments of "The Progress of the World," "Record of Current Events," and "Current History in Caricature" answer the typical American demand for what is up to date and alive.

A Soda Springs, Idaho, correspondent asks why the Mexican silver dollar is not worth as much in trade as the United States dollar, and if the Mexican dollar ever was worth as much as the United States dollar. The Mexican dollar contains seven grains more silver than the American dollar, but Mexico is not strong enough to hold silver up to a parity with gold, hence the dollar takes simply its bullion value. This country is on a gold basis, and the reason our dollar, handicapped as it is, is worth as much as the gold dollar, is solely because the government makes good every dollar that it issues. That is, all forms of money lean upon gold, although in this country silver is no longer a primary money, it goes at par. The Mexican dollar was formerly worth a little more than the American dollar because its commercial value followed its money value. For a long time after 1849, the California merchants had to make all their

settlements with China with the Mexican dollars, until our trade dollar was issued, which was a trifle heavier than the Mexican dollar.—Salt Lake Tribune

FACTS ABOUT SILVER.

According to the figures given in the report of the director of the United States mint there has been an increase in the annual silver product of the world from \$40,800,000 in 1860 to \$51,675,000 in 1870; \$96,700,000 in 1880, \$172,234,500 in 1890, and \$216,892,200 in 1894. To get a fair conception of what that \$216,872,200, would be worth under free coinage we should multiply it by two, making a total annual production of \$433,644,400. Add to this the fact that if an unlimited market were established for silver such as is contemplated by the Democratic platform new silver mines would be opened all over the western United States, and throughout Mexico and other silver producing countries. Upon a fair estimate—and candid and reasonable men must admit it—the production of silver would be doubled and possibly trebled. Pretty near Populist flat isn't it? Now in the face of these facts and under the light of these figures, it would be no more than fair that advocates of free and unlimited silver coinage answer, What would become of the financial integrity of this nation carrying such a weight? What would be some of our gold? C. J. S.

A UNIQUE LITTLE MAGAZINE.

A little publication, but of value out of all proportion to its size, is Alden's Living Topics Magazine. For the ridiculously small price of 25 cents a year it gives nearly 400 pages of interest and value to everyone, and hardly obtainable elsewhere. The last issue gives just the facts every one wants concerning the States of Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, and Indian Territory. The statistics are brought right down to date, generally from one to five years later than the latest cyclopedias. Thus it deals in every issue with the States of the

Union, all nations of the world, and other important topics. Living Topics ought to secure an enormous circulation. A sample copy may be had free by applying to the publisher, John B. Alden, 10 and 12 Vandewater Street, New York.

"DIAMOND-FIELD JACK."

Believed To Be In California and Under Arrest.

At last the state officials believe Jack Davis, more familiarly known as "Diamondfield Jack," the notorious outlaw, has been located. It is thought he is now under arrest at Santa Rosa, Cal., and an officer, armed with a requisition for his extradition, left for that place Wednesday to identify the man supposed to be Davis, and, if he proves to be the right party, to bring him back to the scene of his awful crimes in this state.

The charge upon which Davis is held in California is assault with intent to kill William C. Tolman in Cassia county on Nov. 16, 1895. Tolman was a sheep man, and it is said had become offensive to cattle owners. Davis, it is alleged, was delegated to put him out of the way. He made a murderous assault upon Tolman, shooting him with a Winchester; but the would-be assassin fled before he had finished his intended victim. He left him, however, for dead, but Tolman was not mortally wounded, and, although he suffered for months, finally recovered.

While this charge still hangs over Davis, there is still another and a more serious one for him to answer upon his return to Idaho; for it is stated there is evidence that it was he who so cowardly murdered the two shepherds, Wilson and Cummings, in Cassia county last spring. There is a reward of \$800 for the murderer of the two shepherds and a reward of \$500 for Davis for his murderous assault upon Tolman.—Boise Statesman.

Poison Ivy, insect bites, bruises, scalds, burns, are quickly cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great pile cure. H. D. B. Hatchley.

MICHIGAN'S BENEFACTOR.

AN OFT REPEATED STORY OF TRUE PHILANTHROPY

What Chas. H. Hackley has Done for Western Michigan—How the only Cloud in the Life of an Honored Man was Brushed away by Science.

From Grand Rapids, Mich., Evening Press.



CHAR. H. HACKLEY.

The most beautiful spot in Muskegon is inseparably associated with the name of Hackley, and in all Western Michigan there is not a name better known, and among the studios and those interested in deeds of philanthropy, this name is known and admired. Chas. H. Hackley has been in the lumber business continuously since 1856, and in that time has amassed a fortune, which gives him a rating among the wealthy men of the nation. But with wealth there did not come that tightening of the purse-strings which is generally a marked characteristic of wealthy men.

There is no prettier spot in the State than Hackley Park in a square surrounded and pierced by stone walls, emphasizing with their whiteness the green of faultlessly kept lawns. Its crowning pride is a towering soldier's monument on the top of which stands a bronze figure pointing ever in remembrance of the heroes who died that the nation might live. Surrounding this park are the magnificent Hackley Public Library—a poem in granite—with its 60,000 volumes, and the equally stately Hackley school, like a bee-hive with its 600 children. Other elegant buildings testify likewise to the liberal and munificence of this man who has pulled wealth out of the forests of Michigan.

It is no wonder then that the name of Charles H. Hackley is known at home and abroad. His munificence to Muskegon alone represents an outlay of nearly half a million. For the past twenty years he has been a constant sufferer from neuralgia and rheumatism, also numbness of the lower limbs, so much so that it has seriously interfered with his pleasure in life. For some time past his friends have noticed that he has seemed to grow young again, and to have recovered the health which he had in youth.

To a correspondent of the Press, Mr. Hackley explained the secret of his transformation, and to his friends who have known how he suffered, it is indeed a transformation. "I have suffered for over twenty years," he said, seated in his private office, "with pains in my lower limbs so severely that the only relief I could get at night was by putting cold water compresses on my limbs. I was bothered more at night than in the day time. The neuralgia and rheumatic pains in my limbs, which had been growing in intensity for years, finally became chronic. I made three trips to the Hot Springs with only partial relief, and then fell back to my original state. I couldn't sit still, and my sufferings began to make life look very blue. Two years ago last September I noticed an account of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and what they had done for others, and some cases so nearly resembled mine that I was interested. But I did not know whether the testimonials were genuine or not, and I did not wish to be humbugged, so I wrote to one who had given a testimonial, an eminent professor of music in Canada. The reply I received was even stronger than the printed testimonial, and it gave me faith in the medicine. "I began taking the pills and found them to be all that the professor had told me they would be. It was two or three months before I experienced any perceptible betterment of my condition. My disease was of such long standing that I did not expect speedy recovery, and was thankful even to be relieved. I progressed rapidly, however, towards recovery, and for the last six months have felt myself a perfectly well man. I have recommended the pills to many people, and am only too glad to assist others to health through the medium of this wonderful medicine. I cannot say too much for what it has done for me." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have an enormous sale, and from all quarters come in glowing reports of the excellent results following their use. An analysis proves that they contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatitis, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of a gripe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration, all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppression, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excess of whatever nature. There are no ill effects following the use of this wonderful medicine, and it can be given to children with perfect safety.



HACKLEY PARK.

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and are never sold in glass or other containers. They may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company. The price of these pills is sold makes a course of treatment inexpensive as compared with other remedies.

Sales Talk

With Hood's Sarsaparilla, "Sales Talk," and show that this medicine has enjoyed public confidence and patronage to a greater extent than accorded to any other proprietary medicine. This is simply because it possesses greater merit and produces greater cures than any other. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have abiding confidence in it, and buy

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Most to the exclusion of all others. Try it. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

SALT LAKE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

On June 1st the Salt Lake Tribune will reduce the price of the Semi-Weekly to \$2.00 per year. The present high standard will be maintained, and every effort will be made to keep the Semi-Weekly in the front rank.

LOW RATES TO THE EAST.

Your attention is directed to the exceptionally low rates in effect this coming season to nearly every prominent point in the east. Never before has such an extraordinary opportunity been afforded for a summer vacation tour, or for visiting friends in the east. We mention below a few of the places to which greatly reduced rates have been made. The Union Pacific is the line that will give you the best service to any of these points.

Cleveland, Ohio, August 23-30 (probably) one fare for the round trip.

Milwaukee, Wis., August 25-31 Rate—one fare for the round trip. St. Paul, Minn., September 1-4. (one fare for the round trip in some cases less.)

For full information as to dates of sale and limit of tickets, time of tickets, etc., call on G. W. CHINN, Caldwell, Idaho.

NOTICE.

Having disposed of my furniture and undertaking business to Messrs. Oakes and Badley, all persons indebted to me are hereby notified to settle their indebtedness without delay. A. A. HOOPER, Caldwell, Idaho, Feb. 22, 1896.

I am Offering
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S Shoes
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Men's and Boys BOOTS and SHOES.
ALSO
TEAM and BUGGY HARNESS
At prices lower than the lowest.
Call and examine Goods and be Convinced.
G. W. CHINN.

Moved!
My Stock of GROCERIES to the Lucas Block, where I will be glad to welcome all my old customers and many new ones.
Having more room will carry a more complete line of staple and fancy Groceries, Flour, Feed, Wire and Nails, and will be sold at bottom prices for cash.
Yours to please,
L. E. HAY.
Sole agent for BIG T FLOUR.

CLEARANCE!
CLEARANCE!
CLEARANCE!
To make a clean-up on all SUMMER LINES we advertise a Clearance to begin THURSDAY, of this week. We make it an invariable rule to carry over no Summer Goods. We need the room; we need the cash, so we give our patrons

A Big Benefit Sale.
Our 50c Line LADIES SHIRT WAISTS, 40c.
Our 65c " " " " 50c
Our 75c " " " " 55c
Our \$1.00 " " " " 60c
Our \$1.25 " " " " 75c
Our \$1.50 " " " " \$1.00
LADIES' SAILORS, Everything in Children's Straw Hats at Less than Cost. Men's Straw Goods the same. Summer Dry Goods have got to make place for our elegant Fall Line. Come and see how we run a CLEARANCE SALE.

OAKES BROS., THE SQUARE DEALERS.
Pacific Hotel,
MRS. A. OLSEN, - Proprietress,
CALDWELL, IDAHO.

Rates Reasonable.
25 Per Cent
That looks a little unusual, But that is only the Discount Given on
WALL PAPER.
Too much of it in stock. Hence the Big Cut. These Prices are for CASH ONLY.
Chas. A. Oakes.