

Postoffice Hours.

Week days—Office open from 7 a. m. to 7 1/2 p. m. Sundays—From 12 to 1 p. m. Money Orders issued from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. No Money Order or Registry business transacted on Sunday.

JOTTINGS.

1,000-mile shoes, warranted, at S. J. Friedman's. See notice of auction sale of Cranston building in another column. A full line of homeopathic medicines, just received at J. A. Rupert's drug store.

California white wine—a splendid drink in such hot weather as this—at \$1.50 a gallon, at May, Krieg & Co.'s.

If you want to while away an hour comfortably while drinking a glass of good beer, go to George Kohlepp's Hailey Brewery.

Ask any news dealer for a copy of the TIMES map of Wood River. It is the most accurate extant, and only costs 25 cents per copy.

All agents of the DAILY TIMES having unsold copies on hand are requested to forward them to this office at once, as our files are incomplete.

The Blackfoot stage surprised everybody in town to-day, by rolling in shortly after noon. The past three days it did not come in until after 3 o'clock.

Boots of all descriptions, and of the best material, made to order, cheap for cash, at Bayhouse's, on the east side of Main, between Bullion and Carbonate streets.

The tunnel and shaft of the Star mine in Star gulch, were connected last Saturday evening, and active stopping and prospecting will now be resumed on the mine.

The Delta Chop House, under its present management, is open day and night. It is now the equal of any restaurant in Idaho. Meals and hot and cold lunches, served to order, at all hours. July 20

The TIMES map of the Wood River and Sawtooth Districts shows the distance from Hailey of every town, gulch, ravine, creek, and mountain range. The price is ridiculously low. Only 25 cents.

Territorial Secretary Singler, Idaho's Commissioner to the Denver Exposition, came in from Challis last Saturday, and stopped over until last evening, when he left for Boise. He says that our mineral showing at Denver, while not as fine as it might have been, had we had more time for preparation, will be very creditable.

THE EXPOSITION.

Bullion and Ores Arriving in Car-Load Lots—Five Car-Loads from a Single County.

DENVER, July 22.—Bullion and ores for the National Mining Exposition are arriving in car-load lots, by every train. The Commissioners in charge of the County and Territorial exhibits are busily engaged in erecting their pavilions and arranging their displays. Some of the latter are very extensive. That from Lake County, Colorado, makes four or five car-loads, two of which are fine samples of ores. One includes ten tons of silver bullion, and the other contains ten tons of refined lead, and massive silver blocks. The pavilions and cabinets for fine specimens are very elaborate in design and handsome in appearance. All preparations are in a forward state, and a magnificent showing will be made on the opening day.

This afternoon a Denver & Rio Grande Elmore accommodation train broke through a bridge thirty-five miles south of Pueblo. Fireman Jack McNally was killed and Engineer John Meyers fatally injured.

Grave Charges Against Prominent Men.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The letter of J. J. P. Newell, making charges of bribery in connection with the passage of the Texas Pacific Land Grant bill, in 1869-70, has not attracted much attention here. Newell will be examined by the Judiciary Committee, Tuesday, to learn what proofs he possesses of the truth of his accusation. It is reported that Newell holds papers which were formerly the property of one of the company's managers, who died without destroying them, and that these documents implicate seventeen men who were then members of the House, and four Senators, in corrupt practices. Newell is said to have heretofore made vague charges of the character indicated in his letter to the Judiciary Committee, but the proofs of their truth have never accompanied them. The grant to the Texas Pacific, which it is proposed to investigate, is not the one upon which the land grant bonds of the company are based, that grant having been made by the State of Texas.

The Toy Pistol's Deadly Work.

CHICAGO, July 22.—Seventy victims of the toy pistol are now enumerated in this city—all dying of lockjaw.

A MURDER IN BELLEVUE.

PETER CHIATOVICH KILLS HIS PARTNER LUCICH.

The Deceased Found Stretched on the Floor, in His Night Clothes, with a Ball Through the Heart, and Another in the Groin—How He Annoyed the Defendant Chiatovich—The Latter's Statement.

About 5 o'clock yesterday morning the keen, ringing report of a pistol was heard in the rear of the Wine House, a saloon kept by Chiatovich & Lucich, in Bellevue. Immediately thereafter Peter Chiatovich was seen to emerge from the Wine House and go across the street to Blackinger's butcher-shop.

Justice Redsell was passing up street, and as soon as Chiatovich saw him he gave himself up, and said that he had killed Lucich, his partner. The Justice proceeded at once to the rear of the Wine House, where the partners lodged, and found Lucich lying near the door, in his night clothes, dead.

Dr. Snow made a post-mortem examination, and found two wounds, one just under the right nipple and the other in the left groin. The wound on the right side was the fatal one, as it struck the upper portion of the heart, and traversed it through and through. A jury was summoned, who viewed the body and adjourned until this morning.

On hearing of the occurrence, Sheriff Gray hastened to Bellevue and removed Chiatovich to the County Jail in Hailey, where a TIMES reporter interviewed him this morning.

Chiatovich and Lucich came to San Francisco from Austria a few years ago, and the former soon thereafter opened a saloon at Turk and Fillmore streets. A year ago last March Chiatovich left San Francisco on the advice of a Mr. Chielovich, of that city, to look up a good business location. He went to Reno, where he remained at Chielovich's Wine House for a short time, then went to Humboldt Wells. From there he went to Boise, where Lucich met him, and they then both came to Bellevue, where they bought a lot, built a house, and opened the Wine House, Mr. Chielovich supplying all the stock and what money was needed.

From the day of opening the partners quarreled, and Chiatovich claims that Lucich annoyed him in every possible way, with the evident intention of forcing him to relinquish his interest. According to Chiatovich's statement Lucich even attempted to poison him several times, and for several days at a time Chiatovich's eyes would be so inflamed from the effects of poison given by Lucich as to almost bulge out of their sockets. As the two partners "lunched" together, Lucich doing the cooking, poison could easily be introduced in Chiatovich's food without his knowing anything about it. On one occasion Chiatovich put the coffee-pot on the stove, when it caught fire, and a blue flame shot up to the ceiling. Lucich being questioned about it pretended to be unable to explain the occurrence, although he had drunk coffee from the pot only a few minutes before.

Recently Chiatovich, unable to buy Lucich out, began looking about for a purchaser of his half interest. Lucich thereupon rebuffed his annoyances, for the purpose, probably, of forcing Chiatovich to sacrifice his interest to him.

The above is about all Chiatovich cared to say about the matter. When the reporter asked about the killing he complained of a sick headache, and begged to be excused. The reporter then retired.

W. H. Johnson, of Bellevue, is the attorney for Chiatovich. Mr. Chiatovich, of San Francisco, will be telegraphed from Kelton this evening, and will be expected here in about a week.

KENTUCKY.

An Enormous Wheat Crop—Sales of Fine Stock.

LOUISVILLE, July 22.—The wheat crop in Kentucky this year is surpassing expectations, and the threshers turn out more wheat than was expected. The State crop is estimated at 18,000,000 bushels. The corn crop is getting too much rain, and is full of grass. The prospects for a large crop are much lessened in the last few weeks. The hay crop is very heavy, but quite weedy; the tobacco crop is getting too much rain and hot sun.

The sales in Kentucky, for the past six months, of fine stock, may be stated as follows: At auction—208 race horses for \$125,655; 694 trotters for \$170,706; 486 short horns for \$141,673; total \$438,044. Private sales added make a total that will exceed \$500,000.

There is a movement on foot to have all these sales made at the Louisville Fair Grounds annually in the month of June.

EGYPTIAN AFFAIRS.

A REVOLT DEVELOPING INTO A WAR.

The Natives Flocking to Arabi-Pasha's Standard—Germany and Russia Objecting to England's Action—Sir Garnet Wolseley to Leave for the Seat of War Next Week—The Americans in Egypt.

TOULON, July 22.—The advance guard of the French expedition, consisting of 500 marines, is preparing to embark.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 22.—The Conference will probably sit Monday, when Assim Pasha will claim the Presidency, and propose that the sittings in future be held on a steamboat instead of the Rapia. Dervish Pasha has arrived here from Alexandria.

BERLIN, July 22.—The Prussian Cross Gazette, in an article on the police of Germany, says that the maintenance of the former state of things is impossible, since Egypt has practically fallen under the dominion of England. It is impossible to prognosticate the work of the future, as no power has disclosed its plans. England has not yet reckoned upon the consequences of her course. There is no cause, therefore, for Germany to prematurely take either side. Bismarck, in deciding upon the attitude to be taken, will not be false to his tradition.

ALEXANDRIA, July 22.—Arabi Pasha has no intention of advancing on Alexandria, and the natives are leaving the city in crowds in obedience to his commands.

LONDON, July 22.—A Berlin dispatch says that Russia appears, from the language accredited, or given to the Government to demand, that England, before taking action on the assumption that the Porte has virtually declined to send troops to Egypt, shall come to an agreement with the other powers.

Sir Garnet Wolseley, with his staff, will embark for Egypt early next week. He will have the rank of General while in Egypt.

PARIS, July 22.—It is stated that the credit for the Egyptian expedition amounts to 40,000,000 francs.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The State Dept. is advised, by the Acting Consul General of the United States in Egypt, that he has moved from Cairo to Alexandria. It is understood that whatever Americans remain in the interior of Egypt are at some distance in the rear of Arabi's army, and it is believed, have not suffered. The Department of State telegraphed asking whether anything further could be done for the protection of American citizens.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Commodore Shufeldt Denouncing Sargent's Breach of Confidence—Street Cars Introduced in Tokio—John Russell Young's Appointment—It is Said to Have Been Secured by the Chinese Premier—Etc.

YOKOHAMA, July 6, via SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—Commodore Shufeldt is now in Yokohama, on his way to Washington with the new Korean treaty. He is reported to declare emphatically that his notorious letter to Sargent was not intended for publication, and that Sargent violated confidence in printing it. Shufeldt also states that no English version of the treaty yet published is absolutely accurate in all details. It is not denied, however, that the current translation correctly interprets the document drawn up by the Chinese authorities under the direction of Li Hung Chang, and which was undoubtedly the basis of the negotiations. The English treaty is acknowledged to be an exact copy of the American.

John Russell Young has been detained in Japan by certain necessities growing out of the Korean complications, but will start for China July 8.

The cholera continues to cause alarm, but thus far it has been kept under control by the authorities, who receive little support except from the United States officials.

The Chinese laborers wrecked in Soin Yeze have been sent to San Francisco on the steamship Triumph.

Street horse-cars have just been introduced in Tokio, with great success.

HONGKONG, June 27.—Foreign diplomacy is almost stagnant, owing to the temporary retirement of Li

Hung Chang. The European Ministers appear disinclined to follow hastily in the steps of Commodore Shufeldt in consequence of the embarrassments resulting from his action. The English authorities only have signed the treaty with Corea. The German envoy proposes to make an independent treaty, and has started for Corea with that purpose.

There is great activity among Chinese coolie agents, and several steamers have been hastily filled in order to reach America before 10 o'clock on August 4.

There is a curious intrigue against the agreeable reception of Young as United States Minister. The friends of Denny, United States Consul at Shanghai, declare that General Grant promised him the Peking mission, and that Li Hung Chang found means of preventing his appointment. Intelligent foreigners entirely disbelieve that Grant made any definite promise, and doubt the expediency of accepting the Chinese statesman's recommendation of a candidate for such a post, but several unpleasant newspaper articles have been published exalting Denny and reviling Young, threatening social and diplomatic ostracism, etc. Denny denies having authorized the attack.

Commissioners from Annan to Peking have complained of the French invasion of Annan.

The Peking authorities have sent a protest to the French Legation, and are reported to have asked the good offices of the British Envoy. The French Envoy is alleged to have denied the right of either England or China to be heard on the subject.

POSTAL MATTERS.

The Money Order Limit Raised to \$100—Fixing the Compensation of Postmasters of the Fourth Class—Mail Routes May be Extended 25 Miles.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—In the House of Representatives, yesterday, Bingham, of Pennsylvania, called up the bill to modify the Money Order system. It provides for issuing a postal note at a charge of three cents, for transmission through the mails of sums less than \$5. That a money order shall not be issued for more than \$100, and that the fees for money orders shall be as follows: For orders not exceeding \$10, 8 cents; exceeding \$10 and not exceeding \$15, 10 cents; \$15 to \$30, 15 cents; \$30 to \$40, 20 cents; \$40 to \$50, 25 cents; \$50 to \$60, 30 cents; \$60 to \$70, 35 cents; \$70 to \$80, 40 cents; \$80 to \$100, 45 cents.

The bill passed after the rejection of some amendments. Townshend, of Illinois offered amendments, which were ruled out on a point of order, reducing letter postage to 2 cents, and abolishing the postage on Second Class mail matter.

The next bill considered and passed was the Senate bill to designate, classify and fix the salaries of persons in the railway mail service. It divides them into five classes, with salaries from \$800 to \$1,400. A formal amendment will render its return to the Senate necessary.

The Senate bill was taken up authorizing the Postmaster-General to extend post routes for a distance of 25 miles beyond either terminal point when the mail service may be thereby improved; providing that not more than one extension shall be made during any contract term.

Lacey, of Michigan, offered an amendment providing that whenever a contractor for postal service fails to commence or continue the proper performance thereof, the Postmaster General may employ temporary service the cost of which shall be charged to the contractor until he resumes the performance of his contract, or the entire contract can be relet. Adopted. The bill as amended passed.

A bill also passed to fix the compensation of fourth class postmasters. It provides that in no case shall there be allowed, to any postmaster of this class, a compensation greater than \$250 in any one of the first three quarters of any fiscal year, exclusive of money order commissions, and in the last quarter of each fiscal year there shall be allowed such further sum as he may be entitled to under the provisions of this act not exceeding for the whole fiscal year \$1,000, exclusive of money order commissions.

Bingham, of Pennsylvania, from the Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads, reported a bill providing that whenever it shall be necessary to increase the speed upon which mail is carried under contract, on any post route, the service shall be readvertised for the shorter schedule required. Also, a bill providing that no bidder for mail service shall be required to furnish, with his bid or proposal, a check or draft.

ELECTRIC SPARKS.

The Treasury Department has purchased 45,000 ounces of silver for the New Orleans, San Francisco, Philadelphia and Carson City mints.

Portland, Oregon, dispatch: A white physician was called by a Spokane Indian, to treat his sick son, on the Klamath Reservation. The boy died, whereupon the father shot the physician dead and fled.

The steamer Lord Gough, from Philadelphia to Liverpool, took out 60 Russian refugees, sent back to England, because the local committee could not provide for them.

Worcester, Mass.: Richard Garland, who recently killed Joseph Addison in a duel, has been held for murder without bail.

Uruguay has acknowledged the justice of the Spanish claims for satisfaction and indemnity, on account of maltreatment of Spanish subjects.

The City of Peking has just brought over one thousand Chinese to San Francisco.

The strike at the Cleveland rolling mills is ended. A number of the strikers notified Mr. Chisolm that they had been driven into striking, and desired to return. Mr. Chisolm said that his Company could not receive them—that the Company did not recognize their union. The mills are running all right now, and all union men returning will have to begin at the bottom.

The citizens of Pensacola, Florida, are greatly excited over the unprovoked murder, Saturday morning, of James Robeson, by Eli James and a woman named Dubose. The murderers are arrested. The feeling against the woman is most intense, and threats of lynching are heard on every side.

Some time ago the Secretary of the Treasury informally decided that under the law restricting Chinese immigration, Chinese could not land at U. S. ports to pass through this country on their way to China. The transportation companies, who hoped to make money by carrying Chinese across the continent, protested against Folger's ruling. He referred the subject to Attorney-General Brewster, who affirmed the decision of the Secretary of the Treasury.

NEW TO-DAY.

Bids Wanted For the construction of a fire-proof warehouse and cellar at Bullion.

For particulars inquire of J. O. SWIFT & CO., Hailey or Bullion.

Notice!

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of School Examiners for Alturas county, Idaho Territory, will hold their regular quarterly meeting at the office of S. B. Dilley, the County School Superintendent, (Probate Judge's office) at Hailey, the county seat, on the first Wednesday of August next, (August 2nd, 1882), commencing at the hour of 9 o'clock. The meeting will be held for the purpose of examining all applicants for certificates to teach in the public schools of Alturas county, Idaho Territory, and all applicants for certificates will take notice and attend said meeting.

The examination will be public, and will be continued from day to day until all applicants have been examined.

S. B. DILLEY, V. S. ANDERSON, Board of Examiners.

NOTICE.

The Philadelphia Mining & Smelting Company,

having started their smelter, are now prepared to receive custom coal, in

LARGE OR SMALL QUANTITIES,

AND WILL...

Pay the Highest Cash Price for the Same.

CHAS. F. MILLER, Gen'l Sup't, Kelso, Idaho, June 22, 1882.

THE DOLLAR COLUMN.

(Advertisements not exceeding 10 lines (or less lines of small type) in length will be inserted in this column for one dollar per week, or fifty cents the first insertion and twenty-five cents each additional insertion—payable in advance.)

Who Wants a \$20 Bargain?

Go to E. A. White's store and buy a new two-drawer Singer Machine, for \$15, cash.

Notice. To Whom It May Concern: I have located and recorded the Gravel Bar or Island in front of Croys' Gulch, for a Mill-site, also the right to divert 5,000 inches of the water of Wood River, according to the Territorial law.

Poll Tax. Poll tax subjects must call on Assessor Dittoe at his office in Bellevue or Hailey, on or before August 1, 1882, and settle. Those who pay up on or before that date get off with \$4.00; after August 1st it costs a man \$5.00.

Notice. D. Harrington, Deputy County Recorder and Auditor, is prepared to file all documents for record, and can supply certified copies of the location notice of all Wood River and Sawtooth claims. His office is on the ground floor of the Woodin & Angell block, corner of Bullion and Main streets. Office hours, from 9 a. m. to 12 m., and from 1 to 4 p. m.

Lost. A bunch of Keys, including postoffice key No. 774. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to this office.

E. A. White Keeps Furniture, Bedding, Lounges, Tables, Stands and Picture Frames; Singer Sewing Machine, with attachments; Brackets and Scroll Sawing; Spring Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Wool Matresses and Pillows; CHAIRS OF ALL KINDS. I buy from the manufacturers, and can sell on less as any one in the same line for cash. July 12

Artistic PAPER HANGING AND DECORATING by J. C. WESTON. Terms very reasonable. Address: 7311 Postoffice, Hailey.

No. 1,000 Main Street. In daily receipt by express and fast freight, California Fruits, Vegetables and Produce; also dealers in Candles, Notions, and Knick-knacks.

Tobacco and Cigars a specialty—all the popular brands of chewing tobacco, smoking tobacco, choice cigars for one price one bit. Call at No. 1,000 Main street. Hailey, July 3, 1882.

Sash, Doors and Redwood Lumber for Everybody. Hall, Cederholm & Co., Main street, Hailey, are in receipt of 50,000 pounds of sash and doors; also 20,000 feet of finishing lumber and rustic; are prepared to furnish native lumber, doors, sashes, wall paper, and all building material that may be required in the erection of buildings.

For Sale or Rent. For sale, a half interest in the best hotel business on Wood River. Price, \$1,000. Proprietor would prefer to rent. Reason for selling or renting: More business than any person can attend to. Address: DAILY TIMES, Hailey, Idaho. July 20-21

First-class Music Furnished For balls, parties, processions, funerals, etc., by Professor GEORGE DELEUS. Orders left at Chas. Behrman's, Bellevue, promptly attended to. July 20

Merchants' Hotel, Only first-class house on Wood River. Travellers, make no mistake! 1076 HERMITAGE, oldest whisky on the river! Hailey, Idaho. July 4

Rupert's Drug Store, Sign of the Big H Corner Carbonate and Main Streets, Hailey, Idaho. July 3

Thomas F. Keown, BLACKSMITH AND HORSE-SHOER. South end of Main street, Hailey, Idaho. A general blacksmithing business done. Prices reasonable. July 3

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL, Main Street, Hailey, Idaho. MRS. A. SPOCHT, Proprietress.

New hotel, new furniture, new bedding. Unsurpassed accommodations for 125 guests. The tables supplied with the best that the market affords.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL Dining-room HAILEY, IDAHO.

RUBIN MENAS, Lessee. The Table is Supplied with the Best that the Market Affords.

The waiters are prompt and attentive. The lessee is an experienced caterer. July 3

W. T. RILEY, REAL ESTATE AGENT, Notary Public & Conveyancer. Office—Over Ridge & Tracy's Drugstore, HAILEY, IDAHO.

Having the original town-plot in my possession as well as the books of the Hailey Town Company and being familiar with the title of every lot and all subdivisions from the first settlement of the town, I am prepared to handle real estate intelligently and satisfactorily. July 3