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### Saves Two From Death.

"Our daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed we saved her with Dr. King's New Discovery. My niece, who had consumption in advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and today she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for coughs, colds, 50c and \$1.00 bottles. Sold by W. C. Whitwell and Edwards, druggists. Trial bottle free.

### Notice to Creditors

Estate of Joseph B. Pattee, deceased: Notice is hereby given by the undersigned executors of the estate of Joseph B. Pattee, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within 10 months after the first publication of this notice to the said executors at Salmon, in the county of Lemhi. Dated September 28, 1904.

Henrietta Pattee, W. C. Smith, Executors of the estate of Joseph B. Pattee, deceased. Date of first publication Sept. 29.

Prof. Humphries, of Eldora, Iowa, has been engaged as superintendent of the Reform School at St. Anthony, at a salary of \$1,200 a year and all expenses. He has had 14 years' experience.

### Mr. Clay's Speech.

WITH EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Hon. R. F. Clay, the democratic candidate for congress, was greeted by a large and appreciative audience at the Opera house last Monday evening. The address covered the range of campaign issues in an impressive style. While the speaker was not eloquent, he was logical and his appeal honestly carried conviction to every hearer.

The republican record in the state on the eight-hour issue was presented in a way that left no possible room for doubt that conditions here are the same as in Colorado. The popular sentiment in this state or in Colorado was demonstrated by a vote for a constitutional amendment in a way that it became a popular demand of the voter for an eight-hour law.

The mine owners of the Coeur d'Alene by a compact with the Mormons forced the republicans of the legislature to override demand and defeat the will of the people. This fact shows that the republican platform expressions and popular vote of the people is held in utter disregard by the republicans, when such demand is not popular with the Mormons and their allies who are joined together to rob the state, enslave the labor class and promote Mormon practices. He cited the fact that the labor class is effectually out of all republican politics to such an extent, that the party this year refrained from any platform declaration on the eight-hour issue. The glaring disregard of the vote on the subject two years ago, would of course have made any such declaration ridiculous.

Then the speaker turned to the sheep question. As Mr. Gooding owns 60,000 sheep, and has been fighting for a law that would give him a monopoly of public ranges of the state for many years, this subject is a glaring campaign issue. The sheep men have prostituted the republican party to their use in this fight for all the grass on all the hills and valleys, as have the Mormon lead mine owners for their especial benefit.

He asserted upon the authority of the supreme court of the state that the sheep men have the cattle men, the ranchers, the prospector and all other classes who wanted grass, forests, and pure water just where they wanted them under the present law. The two-mile limit law has been effectually nullified by the supreme court, so that a sheepman can graze his herd every day past your very door, over every hill and through every dale of the unfenced domain.

The Mormon issue was rightly held up as the paramount one of this campaign. He fixed the alliance of the republicans with the Mormons even to the encouragement of their sins by the national party. He produced record evidence that the Roosevelt managers, through Mr. Clarkson, of Iowa, had pledged the coveted seat in the U. S. Senate to Reed Smoot in consideration of the delivery by the Mormon church of the electoral vote of Utah and Idaho to Roosevelt at the coming election. This compact proves church interference with a vengeance. The Mormon apostles of Utah have bargained, sold and will deliver Idaho's vote for a seat in the U. S. senate for a Utah polygamist. He also gave names and instances to prove that Idaho was locally at the mercy of the Mormon church and that as long as the republicans were in power, men and measures must be acceptable to the Utah apostles regardless of the will of the people of this state. The election of Mr. Heyburn to the U. S. senate was forced over that of Mr. Borah by John Henry Smith, a political missionary from Utah. Mr. Borah was the undoubted choice of the masses of republicans in this state. The sugar bounty is also a Mormon issue. They not only forced the bounty bill through the republican legislature, but they are in a position to prohibit the establishment of factories by any competing company. The sugar trust of New York owns 51 per cent of the stock in Idaho factories and this trust, through the Mormon managers, is ready to use a million dollars to hold this bill. This fact demonstrates the scheme that was proposed to the legislature on the Idaho tax issue. Idaho money goes into the treasury as it should be deducted the bounty. If it should be paid, of one and three quarter cents per pound. The taxpayer of Lemhi county must pay over 7 cents per pound if he buys any of the product of this fostered industry. The speaker pointed out that the bounty was well known to be a steal in the face of law, but that the republicans would deliver the bootle if they can elect a Mormon tool to Mr. Turner's place as State Auditor. Mr. Turner had refused to issue a warrant in payment of the bounty, but this act of honesty disqualified him for re-nomination at the republican state convention at Moscow.

As a phase of the Mormon issue, the speaker referred to the fact that Mr. Parkinson wanted to be appointed Immigration Commissioner, the fund of \$10,000 and expenses with a probable increase to an indefinite sum, is covered by the Mormons. The Mormons have missionaries in every corner of the globe and a state officer in their colonization schemes would be invaluable.

Mr. Clay referred to the exemption of timber that belonged to a syndicate in this state, from taxation, and the demand for an extension of time for the removal of the same from

every voter. This timber stands upon state lands the tenancy of which is very valuable. But the chief value of this occupation exists in the fact that it enables the syndicate to freeze out all individual holders of timber in the great belts that they control through this state privilege. By the extension of the lease on this land and the holding back of the development of the timber interests of the state the syndicate will secure the individual holdings at their own price and thereby rob the people out of millions. The state should not become a party to this two-fold robbery, through the republican allies of this timber syndicate.

### The Sheep Law.

There is a marked difference between the position of the democratic and republican parties concerning the two-mile limit law. The republican party has nominated a man for governor who is a large sheep owner, a member of the Sheep Growers' Association, and who, until he became a candidate, was known to be opposed to the present law. However, after becoming a candidate for governor and after the supreme court had rendered a decision declaring that the law did not apply when sheep are being moved from one place to another, (and they are always being moved), Mr. Gooding boldly proclaims his belief in the righteousness of said law, and says that he would veto any law which repealed or amended it.

It requires no argument to convince any person that the republican party, under Mr. Gooding's leadership, is at heart opposed to any effort to deprive the sheep of the ranges. It is a safe old rule to go by in placing a man on the side upon which his interests lie, and Mr. Gooding is distinctly a great sheep owner.

There is another great difference between the position of the two parties upon this question. The democratic party, appreciating fully what it would mean to a county like Lemhi to have its ranges destroyed, has declared against the repeal of said two-mile limit law and continues as follows: "We favor such legislation as may be necessary to render the same more effective."

If the republican candidate for governor is elected, it is probable that no effort would be made to repeal the present law, for the reason that the supreme court decision gives a construction which greatly reduces its value to the state. Under the construction placed upon this law as it now stands, sheep can be driven from place to place on our foot-hills and the ranges entirely destroyed. If such should be the case, with a representative of the sheep interests as governor, it goes without saying that it would be impossible for legislation to be enacted which would make the law more effective, but the democratic party of this county and state, stands pledged to this course.

If the cattle men of this county make a mistake concerning this matter now, they may soon see the day when they will have cause to regret it. It is a plain business proposition concerning which party lines should not be drawn.

### Died of Heart Trouble.

J. B. Short writes from Jordan, Washington with the request that we publish the following extract from the Spokesman-Review of Spokane, containing a correct account of the death of his brother, Ed P. Short.

"Relatives of Ed Short, who died suddenly while eating his dinner at a boarding house at Saltese, Mont., last week, say that he did not choke to death but that he died from heart trouble.

They offer the following certificate from Dr. Stone: After a careful examination of the body of the late Edmund Short, I can find no evidence of his having choked to death. There is every reason to attribute his death to heart trouble.

Those who were present at the time of the death gave out the story that the deceased choked to death. From his actions they believed that he was choking to death and used the remedies they believed efficacious for a person thus affected."

Mayor Hawley and Sheriff Agnew of Boise, both deny that there is any gambling permitted in Boise, charged by the Statesman.

### Speech of Sheep King.

Mr. Frank R. Gooding, the sheep king, appeared at the Opera house in Salmon Tuesday evening before a large audience and made a plea for votes for governor of Idaho. His speech was largely made up of abuse of Mr. Dubois and bombastic eulogy of the republican party. To comment upon this class of campaigning and at the same time sustain editorial dignity, is a very difficult task.

Judging Mr. Gooding from his appearance and his address, he is the most illiterate man that ever asked for a position of honor in this state. It is a notorious fact that he writes the name of the state he would disgrace with a small "I" and emphasizes his own egotism by the use of two capitals in the name of Gooding a "G" and "D." He must be in the Kindergarten class in statesmanship as he is in oratory and rhetoric. His speech was a sing-song of platitudes without regard to application.

He declaimed Roosevelt's letter of acceptance as his personal statement on national issues. His song was that the only way to make the people prosperous and happy was to tax them more and more. All the beauties of the world were given symmetry and color by a tariff for protection. Mr. French had told us that protection did not benefit us directly, but the speech Mr. Gooding had committed was written for Pennsylvania, the home of the steel trust, and not for the west where the tax that makes Pittsburg great is paid out of the pockets of the farmers, the miners and from the wages of labor.

Mr. Gooding admitted the democrats favored tariff for revenue, and he implied that they only objected to protection that prohibited importations and robbed the country of revenue and put the tax upon the people.

The tariff is not only robbery, but it is an unconstitutional exaction by law, from the people. The steel trust is an example. This trust needs no protection. It pays millions in dividends on watered stock. The stock held by the magnates did not cost them a cent a share. Only the laborers and poor people who hold common stock, paid money for their holdings, and thus were robbed by the magnates who are fostered by protection. The steel trust pays no revenue, but it is protected for no other purpose than to enable it to rob the people of the United States. This trust, which under protection, benefits no one but the magnates who hold free promotion stock, rob every other man, woman and child in the United States. This is a simple, but sad lesson on tariff protection that all may understand. It illustrates the republican policy in a practical way. Is it not robbery?

In concert with his Hibernian "pluggor" Col. Miller, he recited the Rooseveltian bombast about our national progress during the era of republican protection. The fact is

this progress has been largely in states that had no protected industries. Our grains, cattle, hogs, poultry and redeemed lands measure our progress and are the foundation of our greatness. These items are to the credit of unprotected states and to the labor of men who vote the democratic ticket as a class. The highest average wages are paid to democratic voters and republican majorities come from the votes of men who receive less than one dollar per day. The wilderness, the plains and the mineral bearing mountains were redeemed by democrats and contributed to this prosperity which the republicans claim.

The republicans followed the democratic angels of prosperity with the sheep scourge, the beef trust and their silver demonetization, but the democrats found Alaska, Nevada and Colorado and held up the country in spite of the republican angels of destruction and demons of long hours and low wages for labor. There is not an industry of the United States that ever aided in our progress under this unconstitutional protection. Every such industry has been carried as a burden by the people who built this empire of commerce. But we can carry more burdens and grow, as we are carrying Rooseveltism at this time. Idaho can carry Gooding and the sheep scourge. Gooding would disgrace the chair of state and the scourge he represents will continue to rob every other class of people in the state. The sheep are protected and we pay the tax. They rob our hills and dales of trees and verdure, bringing the blight of death for the vegetable and animal kingdom down as they maraud. There is no hope left behind the sheep scourge. Forests, flowers, and pure air and water are sacrificed to this protected industry. But the prospectors and miners will hold up the flag of prosperity. The farmers will fence against the protected sheep and still buy clothes at an advanced price.

Neither Gooding nor Miller had logic or facts to support the republican position on any one state issue. They ridiculed Dubois and dodged and evaded the issue. Mr. Gooding's weak defense of his position on the two mile limit law was a practical confession of the change that it is now null and void and satisfactory to the sheepmen, giving them all the grass in the country. Mr. Gooding undertook to deceive his hearers in relation to the laws against the Mormon crimes. He substituted bigamy for polygamy and rested upon his presumption that his falsehood would not be detected. The fact is no Mormon can be convicted of bigamy because the plural marriages are all performed in the Mormon temples and no proof can be secured for use in the courts. The lewd cohabitation is made a misdemeanor only, which brings all cases before precinct justices for small fines, which are never imposed nor can they be in Mormon

communities. At best the fine would be only nominal in such cases. Mr. Gooding knows that no Mormon crime can be reached under the laws of this state and his flimsy attempt to deceive the public deserves condemnation. He was utterly false in this position.

Both speakers evaded the eight-hour issue. They defended the Mormons and incidentally their practices. This stand, before an audience that has the knowledge of personal experience and observation was most ridiculous.

Col. Miller waved the same shirt he waved 30 years ago. It is not as bloody now as it used to be. He no doubt learned this declamation as a school exercise when he was being taught the English language. He has covered the bloody spots on the shirt with some new patches from Roosevelt's letter of acceptance, which is the only new republican literature of the day. Miller is wise in his own conceit. He thinks he knows all about statesmanship and could give Dubois cards and spades in the game of politics. He was chief clerk of the senate during the "Slippery Seventh" session. He did not know all about that kind of work and he had to call to his assistance a school girl to correct his English and to make his record comply with regulations and customs. But then a man can know all about American statesmanship before he can learn to write the English language.

The writer is unable to find any item in the whole of Miller's coarse address that demands the dignity of a reply.

### Order to Show Cause.

IN THE PROBATE COURT, OF the County of Lemhi, State of Idaho. In the matter of the estate of Frederic Myers, Deceased.

Order to show Cause why Order of Sale of Real Estate should not be made.

H. E. Burnett, the Administrator of the Estate of Frederic Myers, deceased, having filed his petition herein praying for an order of sale of the real estate, of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth.

It is therefore Ordered by the Judge of said Court, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, appear before the said Probate Court on Saturday, the 12th day of November 1904, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court Room of said Court at Salmon in said County of Lemhi to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Administrator to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased as shall be necessary.

And that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in The Idaho Recorder a newspaper printed and published in said Lemhi County, State of Idaho.

George Steel, Probate Judge.

Dated October 10th 1904. 4-w

# Campaign Rally

## Hon. W. C. Whitwell

AND

## H. G. Redwine

Will address the voters of Lemhi County in the Opera House Tuesday Evening Oct. 18.

The arguments made by Mr. Gooding and Col. Miller will be replied to in a fair manner.

## Everybody Invited— Republicans Especially Fine Music and Dancing