

Devoted to the Interests of Southeastern Nevada.

PIOCHE WEEKLY RECORD.

Subscribe for it. Read it. Advertise in it.

VOL. XII.

PIOCHE, NEVADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 24, 1892.

NO. 28

HOW PORTERS THRIVE.

Railroads Will Not Pay Adequate Salaries.

So Their Servants Are Compelled to Eject Money from the Traveling Public—The Magical Effect of a Half Dollar.

It is astonishing the effect of a half-dollar deposited with a sleeping-car porter has upon the situation. Like a magic wand it brightens up all your surroundings and makes life upon the wheels endurable. The people who denounce the modern porter as an outrage on the traveling public fare very badly on a sleeper. They are forced to have the feeling that they are being treated like cattle on a stock train, while their more generous neighbor receives the attention of a prince. People who do not fee the porter get their passage and nothing more. In fact, says the Chicago Mail, that is all they pay for. The railroad company does not guarantee the services of a private servant for the price of a passage. The porter is only paid fifteen dollars per month as a rule and seldom more than eighteen dollars. From this meager income he has to board himself at railroad restaurants. As the companies only pay enough to board their porters it is apparent that the traveling public is expected to make up the balance. A half-dollar paid to the porter gives the traveler all the advantages of a private servant. The system of "tipping" the porter gives the traveler who enjoys luxury a chance to purchase it, and permits the man who is satisfied with a plain passage the privilege of dispensing with the little attentions that tend to make life endurable.

A gentleman accompanied by a lady en route for some town in Missouri attempted to board a reclining-chair car the other day that was labeled "only for through passengers."

"The car to the rear," said the porter, politely, as he directed the travelers to a car where standing room was at par, while the one they were about to enter was absolutely empty, as no through passengers had arrived.

"But that is crowded," protested the gentleman.

"Can't help it, this car is strictly—"

At this point the gentleman handed the fellow a half-dollar, when his tone changed, and, finishing his sentence, he said: "But I will look inside and see what can be done."

Entering the car he looked thoughtfully at the empty seats, as though they were full of passengers, and after selecting the best seat in the middle of the car and dusting it off he beckoned the lady to be seated. Before permitting her to do so, however, he took out his handkerchief and cleaned the window at her side. As the gentleman, who was only talking the lady to the train, was leaving the car the colored gentleman said: "Boss, I'll look after the lady and see that she gets off all right."

Without the fifty cents given the porter the lady, as there was no parlor-car, would have been compelled to sit in a crowded car or possibly stand.

At night the same porter will prove even more indispensable to comfort than during the day. The lavatory, which is usually so crowded that it is difficult to enter, is locked by the porter until one at a time of his favorites are permitted to wash privately. When the lady whose husband has contributed the "tip" enters the washroom, she finds everything clean as her own home.

The porter has been before her bringing up the washbasin and providing clean towels. In the morning she finds her clothes nicely brushed and her shoes cleaned, while those of the gentlemen are highly polished. When the bunks are lowered the best seats in the car are reserved, with the footstools, for the contributors to the porter. Many people accept the attentions of the porter and then neglect purposely to pay him.

SWALLOWED A HORSE.

A Marvelous Snake Story That Comes All the Way from Georgia.

Rev. Dr. C. W. Parker, a respected preacher of Bremen, Ga., is authority for the following tale, according to the Atlanta Constitution: "Dr. J. N. Chaney used to practice medicine in Carrollton. He now keeps a hotel in Bremen. He went to Carrollton the other day in his buggy, and while there traded an old debt for a good horse, and started out for Boston in his buggy, leading his new horse. When he was nearing the Little Tallapoosa river bridge at Kingsberry's mill he suddenly heard a roaring among the trees which he supposed to be a storm. Looking up the hill he saw the forest in commotion and the trees falling and bending toward him, and in the midst of it a huge body which proved to be a snake. The doctor put whip to his horse and was quickly on the bridge. Feeling the buggy jerk he looked and saw the snake swallow the horse he was leading and plunge into the river just above the bridge, and as the snake poked his head out on the other bank of the stream, his tail still upon the side of the hill, his body reached clear across the river. The horse, having on new shoes, kicked through the stomach of the snake, and the snake stopped and the stream was dammed, and the water rose and floated the snake to a level with the bridge. The doctor jumped out of the buggy, took out a big knife, and cutting the hole larger where the snake's feet were sticking out and mounted the bridge. The doctor secured him to his buggy and drove on, but by this time the water had backed till the horse had to swim to low ground, but they made their escape."

Rhinoceros Horns.

The horn of the rhinoceros is nothing more than a protuberance composed of agglutinated hair. Cut it in two, and, examining its structure under the microscope, it will be found that it is made up entirely of little tubes resembling hair tubes. Of course, these are not themselves hair, but the structure is the same. The horns of the African rhinoceros sometimes grow to the length of four feet. From them the Dutch boers make ramrods and other articles.

GRINDING OUT MONEY.

A Little Machine Which is Giving Washington Office Lots of Fun.

The treasury officials are having a lot of fun nowadays with a little machine which is now arranged that it has the appearance of grinding out paper money by simply turning a crank. By an ingenious arrangement, which apparently consists of two steel rollers, it receives on one side of the rollers a slip of brown paper and rolls out at the other side a printed and in every way complete treasury note. The secret of it is that these notes are put in the machine and the rolling is begun, and the brown paper is carefully stowed away inside one of the rollers, while the treasury notes are ground out from their secret reservoir, where they have been previously stored. The deception, however, is so complete that to the average individual it looks as though the slip of paper rolled in on one side actually came out a brand new treasury note on the other side.

"I never saw a man so thoroughly fooled and excited," said a treasury official, as he exhibited the little machine on his desk, "as was one of our secret service men the other day. His eyes fairly popped out when he saw it. 'Great heavens!' he said, 'this is the most dangerous thing that I ever saw. Why, it ought to be suppressed at once. There is no telling what quantities of money may be printed with it, and the imitation is absolutely perfect. Why, it even changes the number.' He took up bill after bill that it had ground out before his eyes. The other officials who were in the secret were holding their sides and ready to explode with laughter, as he went on examining the notes as they were ground out one after another, and it was not until he visited New York some days afterwards and brought the matter to the attention of men there that he was undeceived." The department is in receipt of numerous letters calling attention to this machine, carefully discussing the great danger in permitting the existence of a machine which so easily produces such exact representations of treasury notes.

HE KILLED RATS.

Perhaps for That Reason He Is the Next Lord of India.

When the morning came the men used to carry the traps out, on the open midland, attended by three or four adjutants, who knew very well what trout was in store for them. With our binoculars we could see from the house the poor rats let loose and dash off at their best pace toward the stables; but a grim adjutant with his long strides and outstretched wings soon overtook the rat, tossed him in the air and swallowed him. Occasionally, says Longman's Magazine, a very smart rat would double under the leading adjutant's legs; but the rat had little chance to escape, for if it evaded one pursuer it only ran into the mouth of another.

The adjutant may be called a sacred bird; but as this might be misunderstood as it applied to Hindu mythology, I must explain that he is consecrated to municipal duty, and is sanctified by the protection of municipal law. Anyone who kills an adjutant in Calcutta is punishable by a fine of a gold mohur, or thirty-two shillings. I never found this law in the statute books any more than I ever saw that fabulous coin, the gold mohur, in its original gold. But there is no English magistrate in Calcutta who would hesitate to impose a fine of a gold mohur on anyone convicted of killing an adjutant.

RUSSIA'S FEARFUL PLIGHT.

Hundreds of Thousands of People Who Have Nothing to Eat.

How real is Russia's famine is shown in a letter from an English correspondent to the London Daily News, who, writing on Christmas day from Elizabethgrad, in southern Russia, two hundred miles northeast of Odessa, says: "It is now certain that the state of the peasants in the famine districts of the empire is extremely serious, and that only extraordinary measures can save the people from starvation or complete ruin. Fifty-five millions of rubles have already been assigned by the government for the preservation of the hungry, but this sum is exhausted, and a fresh amount is to be given for the seed time of next spring. The offerings of private persons are very considerable. The poorest, as a rule, give the most. In a great many villages in which the crops have been satisfactory the peasants have sent half of them away to the sufferers. Even the Russian soldier, who, as is well known, has very little, gives away a portion of what he receives. In one village, in which I stopped on my way, there were only three families among fifty who had any bread at all, and during one hour these three houses were besieged by two hundred men, women and children, each of whom received something. The givers gave no heed to their own prospects, although they well knew that after a couple of weeks they will themselves have to go begging from one village to another. This act of charity made an impression upon me that will never be effaced."

AN INFREQUENT OCCURRENCE.

A Private of the Regular Army Placed on the Retired List.

The retirement of privates from the regular army is of most infrequent occurrence, says the Washington Post, from the simple fact it is seldom they ever remain long enough in the service to reach the age of sixty-two years. Private Thomas Kelly of Battery K at the Washington barracks, however, has added another honorable name to the list and well-earned his retirement, which has already been announced. He is still at the battery and will probably spend several months in the city enjoying his freedom from soldierly cares. Mr. Kelly is sixty-two years old, but he does not look a minute older than a well-preserved man of forty-five. A robust son of Erin, he came to America to find the people aflame with all the mad passions of war. He landed at Boston harbor, and in 1862 enlisted in Company II of the Thirty-ninth regiment of Massachusetts volunteers. Being hurried to the front his regiment was assigned to the Fifth corps, under Gen. Warren. The first battle that Kelly was in was that at South Mountain and the second was at Laurel Hill, Va., where he was severely wounded. Having been left on the field he was taken prisoner, and that ended his appearance on the field so far as open hostilities were concerned. When he got out of prison the war was over, but he had a tough time of it until peace was declared. The comfortable walls of Libby, Belle Island and Salsbury were made familiar to him, and time and again he thought of how much more convenient it would have been if he had only postponed his trip to America. He received an honorable discharge and returned to Boston, but he had grown used to being a soldier, and in less than a year thereafter he enlisted in the regular army, and has served continuously since. He has seen hard service in fighting the Nez Perces and Cheyenne Indians. For the last six months he has been a member of the battery.

People who receive letters from the Pacific coast in six or seven days admire the speed with which the mail travels across the continent, but forget that the present rate is not so much greater than that of the "pony express" as might be supposed.

The pony express was the first through route from the Missouri river to the Pacific in 1860 by a firm of government contractors, and the termini were San Francisco and St. Joseph. The distance traversed by the pony express was about nineteen hundred miles, and relays of Indian ponies were provided at station houses every few miles. A courier rode from one station to another, taking a fresh horse at each and leaving his tired animal, and when himself was too tired to go further gave the mail to another rider and stopped to rest, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The distance was traversed by the ponies in about seven and one-half days, or at the uniform rate of about twelve miles an hour. It was the first through mail between the Missouri and San Francisco, and although the riders were often chased by the Indians, comparatively few fatalities occurred among the couriers.

CUNNINGTON'S

ELEPHANT STORE.

MINERS' OUTFITTING DEPOT.

Headquarters for all kinds of Miners' Supplies

—AND— Family Groceries.

21 East, First South Street.

Special attention paid to Mail Orders.

P. O. Box, 1466. SALT LAKE CITY.

A NEW TYPEWRITER!

—THE—

International.



A strictly first-class machine. Fully warranted. Made from the very best material, by skilled workmen, and with the best tools that have ever been devised for the purpose. Warranted to do all that can be reasonably expected of the very best typewriter extant. Capable of writing 150 words per minute—or more—according to the ability of the operator. A machine that will manifold more than double the number of sheets than any other typewriter without affecting the alignment in any respect, as on this machine the alignment is indeluctable.

Price, - \$100.00.

If there is no agent in your town, address us on the subject, as we are more liberal with our agents than any other Company in our line.

International Typewriting Co.,
2 Park Square, Boston, Mass.
AGENTS WANTED.

Pioche Weekly Record,

Published Every Thursday.

SUBSCRIBE - FOR - IT - AND - SEND - IT - TO - YOUR - FRIENDS

The "Record" is the only newspaper published in Southeastern Nevada and represents the interests of a vast section of rich mineral country soon to be opened up by a line of railroad.

POST : YOURSELF : ON : ITS : MINERAL : WEALTH.

The Local Department of the paper will receive particular attention and the Mining news and Resources of this and adjacent mineral districts will be full and complete.

Job : Printing : Department.

Call on us for anything in the way of Posters, Hand Bills, Programmes, Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Business Cards, Shipping Tags, Envelopes, etc.

Prices Low and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

(OFFICE IN THE MARION BUILDING, LA COUR STREET.)

A. S. THOMPSON,

—DEALER IN—

Flour, Grain, Hay and General Produce.

Finest Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on Hand.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

UTAH PRODUCE.

A large invoice of Salt Lake Bottled Beer just received. Also Sarsaparilla, Cream, Strawberry and Lemon Soda Water.

Prices on all goods low, and free delivery to any part of town.

Store at Brown's Hall Building,
Main Street.

HIGHLAND BREWERY,

MAX SCHAEFER, Proprietor.

HAVE ON THE MARKET

- - LAGER : BEER - -

SUPERIOR IN MANY RESPECTS TO ANY IN TOWN.

Made from New Fresh Malt
And Sold by the Keg or Bottle
At Prices within the reach of all.

The Brewery grounds at Highland furnish the best place in the vicinity for picnickers or for those desiring a pleasant drive out of town.

Town Depot at Bob Martin's Saloon, where all Orders may be left.

\$66 a week at home \$5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN SHERIDAN.

BOOT and

SHOEMAKER.

First door north of the Odd Fellows' Building, Main Street.

Repairing Promptly and Neatly Done.

GEO. S. SAWYER,

Attorney & Counsellor-at-Law,

Office: Lynch's Block

PIOCHE, NEVADA.

T. J. OSBORNE,

Attorney-at-Law and Notary Public.

Office at the Court House.

DR. H. C. CROWDER,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.

Professional Calls Promptly Attended—DAY or NIGHT.

SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F.

PIOCHE LODGE NO. 23.

MEETS EVERY THURSDAY 7:30 o'clock in their hall on Main Street. Visiting Brothers cordially invited to attend. JOHN SHERIDAN, N. G. JOHN FRIER, Secretary.

A. O. U. W.

PIOCHE LODGE NO. 26.

THE REGULAR MEETINGS OF Pioche Lodge No. 26, A. O. U. W. are held in Odd Fellows' Hall every Wednesday evening, commencing at 7:30 o'clock, sharp. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend. B. C. McDONOUGH, M. W. A. J. CLARK, Recorder.

P. & A. M.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE NO. 18.

MEETS THE FOURTH SATURDAY in each month at Masonic Hall, on a corner street. All visiting Brothers in good standing are invited to attend. W. T. RIVER, secretary.

Application for a Patent

No. 974.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Eureka, Nevada, July 8, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Pioche Consolidated Mining and Reduction Company, by its authorized agent, Samuel T. Godde, whose postoffice address is Pioche, Lincoln county, State of Nevada, has this day filed in the office of the United States Land Office at Eureka, Nevada, a certain application for a patent in and to the following described lands, to-wit:

Beginning at a post marked Post No. 1 U. S. Survey No. 41, where the mouth of the Horn Tunnel bears N 70 degrees 53 minutes, E 60 feet, and thence running 1st course, S 30 degrees 43 minutes, W 281 feet to post No. 2 U. S. Survey No. 41; thence, 2nd course, S 84 degrees 38 minutes, E 185 feet to post No. 3 U. S. Survey No. 41, where U. S. Mineral Monument bears S 63 degrees 11 minutes, W 859 feet and the said 2nd course common to sec. lone 20, 21, 28 and 29, T. 1 N. R. 67 E, bears S 12 degrees 40 minutes, E 1908 feet; thence, 3rd course, S 30 degrees 45 minutes, E to post No. 4 U. S. Survey No. 41; thence, 4th course, S 84 degrees 38 minutes, W to post No. 5 U. S. Survey No. 41, at the place of beginning.

Course expressed from the true meridian with a magnetic variation of 15 degrees and 35 minutes east.

The nearest known locations are the Sunshine, War Eagle and Abe Lincoln lode mining claims.

Any and all persons claiming adversely a portion of said Essential mine or surface ground are required to file their claims with the Register of the United States Land Office at Eureka, in the State of Nevada, during the period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provision of the statute.

J. P. DUNKLE, Register.

It is hereby ordered that the foregoing notice of application for patent be published in the Pioche Record, a weekly newspaper published at Pioche, Lincoln county, Nevada, for the period of sixty days (ten consecutive weeks).

J. P. DUNKLE, Register.

Our Workers ARE BETTER PAID THAN A. L. O. OTHERS; and their money with a greater ease, and are supplied with articles which the people want and will have. Beginners of either sex, young or old, learn the business in a day, and succeed from the start. No special ability required. If you cannot give all your time to the work, we will cheerfully accept your spare moments. Write us immediately for full information, which we shall be pleased to send you free.

GEORGE STINSON & Co.,
Box 488, Portland, Maine.

IT IS A FACT THAT

Our Workers ARE BETTER PAID THAN A. L. O. OTHERS; and their money with a greater ease, and are supplied with articles which the people want and will have. Beginners of either sex, young or old, learn the business in a day, and succeed from the start. No special ability required. If you cannot give all your time to the work, we will cheerfully accept your spare moments. Write us immediately for full information, which we shall be pleased to send you free.

GEORGE STINSON & Co.,
Box 488, Portland, Maine.

It is hereby ordered that the foregoing notice of application for patent be published in the Pioche Record, a weekly newspaper published at Pioche, Lincoln county, Nevada, for the period of sixty days (ten consecutive weeks).

J. P. DUNKLE, Register.

It is hereby ordered that the foregoing notice of application for patent be published in the Pioche Record, a weekly newspaper published at Pioche, Lincoln county, Nevada, for the period of sixty days (ten consecutive weeks).

J. P. DUNKLE, Register.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

United States Government.

President.....Benjamin Harrison
Vice President.....Levi P. Morton
Secretary of State.....James G. Blaine
Secretary of Treasury.....Charles Foster
Secretary of War.....Richard Proctor
Secretary of Navy.....R. F. Tracy
Postmaster-General.....John W. Sherman
Secretary of Interior.....J. W. Noble
Attorney-General.....W. H. Miller
Secretary of Agriculture.....M. C. Cook

State of Nevada.

United States.....John P. Jones
Senators.....Wm. M. Stewart
Congressman.....R. B. Barlow
Justice Supreme Court.....C. H. Bellman
Governor.....R. K. Colcord
Lieutenant Governor.....J. Foulsie
Chief Justice.....J. M. McPadden
State Controller.....John F. Egan
State Treasurer.....O. H. Gray
State Auditor.....J. D. Trosper
Attorney General.....John E. Jones
State Engineer.....J. H. Lohley
Supl. Public Instructions.....Orvis Ring
Superintendent.....A. E. Chesey
Recorder.....Richard M. Blaine
District Judges.....A. L. Fitzgerald
.....G. F. Tabot

Lincoln County.

Judge District Court.....G. F. Talbot
State Senator.....G. S. Sawyer
Assemblymen.....Geo. B. Van Emon
Sheriff.....W. H. McPadden
Assessor.....J. D. Turner
County Clerk.....H. E. Prudden
County Auditor and Recorder.....N. P. Doolley
District Attorney and ex-officio School Superintendent.....T. J. Osborne
Treasurer.....Richard M. Blaine
Public Administrator.....J. O. Galloway
County Commissioner.....L. Hyatt
.....A. A. Conaway

Pioche Township.

Justice of the Peace.....Al. Thomas
Constable.....C. E. Goodrich
School Trustees.....J. M. McPadden
.....John R. Cook

PIONEER

Livery Stable,

MEADOW VALLEY STREET,

Pioche, - - Nevada,

Joseph Cook,

Proprietor.

CONTANTLY ON HAND AND TO LET AT Short Notice

Saddle Horses,

Teams, and

Buggies.

AT LOW RATES.

Stock Boarded by the Day or

Week and Carefully Groomed.

PATENTS

Copyrights and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our Office is Opposite the Patent Office, and we can secure patent in less time than those who send models from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee for one full patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain a Patent," and names of actual clients in your State, country or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Application for a Patent

No. 984.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Eureka, Nevada, August 26, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Pioche Consolidated Mining and Reduction Company, by its authorized agent, Samuel T. Godde, whose postoffice address is Pioche, Lincoln county, State of Nevada, has this day filed application for fifteen hundred (1500) feet of the Sec. to vein, lode or deposit bearing silver together with surface ground two hundred (200) feet in width for the convenient working thereof, situated in the Mining District, County of Lincoln and State of Nevada, and designated by a field note and official plat on file in the office of the United States Land Office at Eureka, in the State of Nevada, during the period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provision of the statute.

Beginning at a post marked Post No. 1 U. S. Survey No. 50 on the northern side of the Panacator Lode claim, U. S. Survey No. 29, thence running 1st course north 71 degrees 07 minutes east, 520 feet to post No. 2, U. S. Survey No. 50, at the northwest corner of U. S. Survey No. 49, Zero Lode claim, whence a corner common to sections 23, 25, 35 and 37 of Township 1 north of range 67, and bears south 83 degrees 58 minutes east, 224 feet east, and thence 2d course, south 31 degrees and 34 minutes east, 960 feet along the southwest side line of U. S. Survey No. 49, Zero Lode claim, to post No. 3, U. S. Survey No. 50; thence 3d course, south 19 degrees and 46 minutes west, 285 feet to post No. 4, U. S. Survey No. 50; thence 4th course north 31 degrees and 34 minutes east, 960 feet to post No. 5, U. S. Survey No. 50; thence 5th course, south 71 degrees 07 minutes west, 520 feet to post No. 6, U. S. Survey No. 50; thence 6th course, north, 19 degrees 46 minutes east, 285 feet to the center line, whence the discovery shaft bears north 71 degrees 07 minutes east, 520 feet to post No. 1, at the place of beginning. Containing 68-1/10 acres.

The courses are expressed from the true meridian, with a magnetic variation of 15 degrees, 35 minutes east. The nearest known claims are the Panacator Lode claim, U. S. Survey No. 29, on the north, and the Zero Lode claim, U. S. Survey No. 49, on the northeast.

Any and all persons claiming adversely a portion of said Pioche Mine or surface ground, are required to file their adverse claims with the Register of the United States Land Office at Eureka, in the State of Nevada, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provision of the statute.

J. P. DUNKLE, Register.

It is hereby ordered that the foregoing notice of application for patent be published for the period of sixty days, ten consecutive weeks, in the Pioche Record, a weekly newspaper published at Pioche, Lincoln County, Nevada.

J. P. DUNKLE, Register.