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Southeastern Nevada.

# PIOCHE WEEKLY RECORD.

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VOL. XLIII.

PIOCHE, NEVADA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1893.

NO. 13.

## Statehood for Utah.

### The Bill Passes the House of Representatives.

### Rejoicing at Salt Lake Over the Event.

### Preparations for War at Honolulu.

Special Dispatch to THE RECORD  
New York, Dec. 14.—Silver, 69 1/2; Lead, \$3.20.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 13.—The City Council last night received and sustained the vote of the printing ordinance, chose Mr. Loof-borrow to be Mayor pro tem, acquiesced in the proposition to settle with the gravity sewer contractors and void the contract, and transacted much general business.

Chairman Lannan of the Midwinter Fair committee yesterday telegraphed from San Francisco that liberal concessions will be made to Utah at the Fair. The proposition to send the Tabernacle choir down to the Coast seems to have met with unbounded public favor. The Fair managers are extremely anxious to secure the great musical organization and will do all in their power to get them.

A special dispatch last evening from Washington says: "Delegate Rawlins covered himself with glory in his magnificent extemporaneous speech to-day in advocacy of the Utah Statehood bill. He caught the attention of the House in his opening sentences and before he had been speaking ten minutes the lobbies and cloak rooms were deserted and a large audience was gathered around the speaker. He had been preceded by Elijah Morse, the crank Congressman from Massachusetts, who gave a tirade against the people of Utah, whom he denounced without exception as being licentious, brutal, ignorant and largely of foreign parentage. Mr. Rawlins handled the Massachusetts Congressman without gloves and to the great delight of the House, which broke into repeated cheers as the codfish statesman went down under the cleverly rounded periods and stinging invective of the Utah Delegate. His speech was brilliant, impassioned, candid in tone, argumentative, and delivered with telling effect. It created a decided sensation. Senators Shoup and Dubois were both on the floor of the House, working hard to prevent opposition. They explained to many members that conditions had changed in Utah and that the former opposition to Statehood had melted away and they were confident that both polygamy and church domination in politics were things of the past. There is little doubt that the Statehood bill will pass the House to-morrow by a good round majority if a quorum is present.

Chairman Wheeler of the Committee on Statehood called up the bill admitting Utah to Statehood at 1:35 p. m. this afternoon. The reading of the bill occupied twenty minutes. At its conclusion a short debate occurred as to division of the time. Mr. Kilgore of Texas spoke first in favor of the bill, presenting the side of the Committee of Territories. He said there were two questions which divided the Committee, the first was on polygamy, the second upon the concession of lands. The main difference was whether the people of Utah should be compelled to insert in their constitution a provision prohibiting polygamy. Mr. Kilgore eulogized the character of the people of the Territory, their thrift, industry, morality and Americanism. It had territory enough, population and wealth enough, both political parties desired its admission, why not grant it? The only opposition seemed to be as to the enabling act. As Kilgore continued speaking, the House thinned out until scarcely fifty members remained. He continued, that if the Mormons had abandoned polygamy as they had announced, no restrictions should be placed upon them; if they had not, they ought not to be admitted. He did not believe in imposing any conditions upon Utah which hadn't been imposed upon other Territories when admitted to the Union.

Elijah Morse of Massachusetts opposed the bill because of the character and practices of the people. He read a harangue denouncing the Danites, the Mountain Meadow Massacre, the Endowment House and the Priesthood and declared that until the Gentiles were in the majority he would never vote for Statehood. He had no confidence in Mormon professions.

One of the leading Republicans said to-night that the Utah bill was objected to by a great many people throughout the Eastern, Middle and Western States because of sensational reports circulated that as soon as Statehood was assured, the Mormons would re-establish polygamy. Such talk has had effect on some people in Congress. The bill will come up to-morrow, but it may not of a certainty be voted on, but an attempt will be made to pass it. The prevailing belief is that the bill will pass by a considerable majority in spite of the opposition. Dubois said that he had led the fight in opposition to the Mormon church in former years but was satisfied now to have Utah admitted.

Dubois and Carey expect that all the Territorial bills will be passed.  
VICTORIA, B. C., Dec. 13.—The latest from Honolulu is that Hawaii has received the Dictator's ultimatum and is up in arms. Preparations for a war are being rapidly made and all is in uproar and confusion. An army of two thousand men are entrenched behind fortifications, while mas-

smitted to land troops without written consent. The present condition of things in the Islands is said to be the result of Cleveland's outrageous policy. An appeal to Congress has been made.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 14.—Yesterday was a red letter day in the history of this Territory. When it became known yesterday afternoon that the Statehood bill had passed the House, pandemonium broke loose and things were in a joyful state until late in the evening. To-day flags are floating to the breeze on principal buildings in honor of victory in Congress. Nothing else was talked of on the streets and among all classes of society in this city.

The special dispatch received last evening gave the following details of the passage of the bill, which went through without division: "The House of Representatives this afternoon passed the Rawlins bill admitting Utah to Statehood. While the morning was in progress, Rawlins was busily engaged on the floor in person or with members of the House on behalf of the Utah admission bill. He had long conversations with ex-Speaker Reed and Joe Cannon and other Republican members. Senator Dubois was also among his former colleagues earnestly advocating the withdrawal of all Republican opposition. Congressman Mike Harter was the strongest opponent of the bill and early in the day tried to work up an anti-silver opposition of Republicans and Democrats, urging that Utah's admission would mean two more free-silver Senators. This was the plan which it was expected would win. Efforts to secure unanimous consent to proceed to the immediate consideration of the bill failed. It was accordingly 1:40 o'clock before the bill was taken up. Frank Newlands was the first speaker and spoke in advocacy of Statehood. He defended Nevada from the innuendoes of Mr. Harter yesterday. He declared that Nevada was prostrated because of National legislation. Having destroyed silver, they now propose to destroy the wool industry and the borax industry. He assailed New England, much to the distress of the advocates of the bill, who feared that he would make enemies instead of friends.

Jerry Simpson advocated admission on the grounds that the people of Utah were fully qualified for Statehood. Only narrow prejudiced sentiment opposed it and that was brought on by fear of more free coinage votes from the new State. He was willing to let the people of Utah settle these questions, and all others affecting them, according to their intelligence.

Mr. Arnold of Missouri advocated the bill in a strong speech and was followed by Mr. Washington. The latter pledged the country that polygamy was gone; that the church had gone out of the business of politics and that the younger generation had thrown aside the shackles of the priesthood. From personal investigation he felt that Utah should come in without any stigma upon her. She should have full citizenship or nothing. She possessed all the requirements for admission and it should no longer be denied.

Representative Oates said that he had long been convinced of the fitness of Utah, but he felt the proper solution would be to attach Utah to Nevada, provided that it could be done, and he had received information that such action would be perfectly satisfactory to that State, but, if this was not done, he would vote for this bill. Mr. Oates was the last speaker.

At 2:10 reading of the bill by sections was begun. An amendment reserving to the United States the right to prohibit and to punish polygamy, and continue in force all laws against polygamy, was offered by Malone of Penn. A substitute was offered by Powers of Vermont providing that polygamous marriages should forever be prohibited. Mr. Dooliver said that in common with the Republican party he favored prompt admission of new Territories, and now of Utah if the amendment of Mr. Powers was adopted. The amendment, he understood, was acceptable to Mr. Rawlins.

After several votes the amendment was adopted. The reading of the bill by sections was concluded at 3:40; then the bill was reported to the House and the committee rose. The previous question having been ordered, the amendments were agreed to, without division, and the bill was put upon its final passage without division, there being but two dissenting votes, one Republican and one Democrat.

Senator Faulkner feels confident that the bill will pass the Senate. There are indications, however, that a strong effort will be made to substitute a bill attaching Utah to Nevada. It is stated that if Senators Jones and Stewart will advocate this course openly, there is little doubt that the Senate will consent to the change.

## OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Correspondence of THE RECORD.  
WASHINGTON, December 4, 1893.

Mr. Cleveland doubtless feels that his tariff bill needs bolstering up, and that accounts for the space he devotes to it in his message to Congress. It is not for the Democratic members of Congress that he intends his arguments in favor of the tariff monstrosity which he has compelled the Democrats of the House Ways and Means Committee to father, but for the business interests of the country which have kept the telegraph wires hot with protests against the proposed outrage ever since it was made public a week ago. He doesn't mind the opposition from Democratic Congressmen; he knows by experience that a few appointments judiciously placed will silence the majority of that. It is the aroused public sentiment of the country that he fears.

Democratic Senators and Representatives who have been among their constituents since the close of the extra session bring no consolation to the administration; on the contrary, they bring news of the most doleful nature. At a private conference of the administration Democrats held last night it was generally admitted that the next House of Representatives would almost certainly be Republican. Instead of that knowledge making them more conservative, as it would wiser men, it has made them more determined than ever to force the whole administration program through Congress, regardless of consequences.

Republican leaders take little or no stock in the idea that discontented Democrats will aid them to modify the Cleveland tariff bill. They have heard Democratic Senators and Representatives talk one way and vote another too often to place any reliance upon them.

They intend, however, that the debate on the bill shall make plain to the country the full extent of the damage such a law will inflict upon every man in the United States. Owing to the House Rules and that the House Committee on Rules is completely under Mr. Cleveland's thumb, it is certain that the bill will be reroad through the House with but a semblance of general debate. But Mr. Cleveland does not control the Senate, which has rules that will not be exchanged to aid in hurrying this bill through, under which full debate may be had. If Democratic Senators choose they may with the aid of the solid Republican vote, which they can easily get, if they ask for it—it will not be tendered to them—remove some of the ruinous sections of the bill; but few Republicans are counting upon their doing anything sensible.

It is not yet certain when the Cleveland tariff bill will be reported to the House. A resolution adopted by the House just before the close of the extra session provided that the Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee should have ten days from the time they were furnished with a complete copy of the bill to prepare their report against it. If that resolution is to be binding the bill will not be reported to the House until well into next week, as the Republicans have not been furnished a complete bill—the internal revenue part of it has not been finished by the Democrats, and the figures of the Treasury Department showing the estimated effect of the proposed bill on the revenues of the country were only furnished them to-day. The astounding statement is, however, unofficially made that the Democrats will make a separate bill of the internal revenue changes, in order that the ten days may date from last Monday, when the tariff schedule was first made public. To do such a thing would be manifestly unfair.

The reason why the internal revenue part of the tariff bill has not been completed is that Mr. Cleveland and his henchmen willing tools, the Democrats on the Ways and Means Committee, have looked horns over the proposition to include therein an income tax, to which Mr. Cleveland is opposed. Up to this time all efforts to reach a compromise have been unsuccessful, and some shrewd men are predicting that the income tax will be the rock upon which the Cleveland and anti-Cleveland Democrats in Congress will split for good and all. We shall see.

The administration men are talking in a mysterious way about a new treaty with China, which the administration is negotiating. They claim so many things for this treaty that it will perhaps be better to wait and ascertain how much truth there is in their claims. Many statesmen have tried to get the best of the wily Chinese diplomats, but up to date none have succeeded to any marked extent, and Mr. Greaham is hardly the man to make a good job, even if he had a good foundation to build upon.

Ellen Cummings, who years ago was a popular actress and supported Booth, Barrett and other sterling actors, was a prisoner in the Jefferson-Market Police Court, New York City, yesterday charged with the larceny of a diamond pin valued at \$50. Drink has been responsible for her fall, and for the past year she has been almost a hopeless wanderer.

At the last election there were in Nampa 54 Democrats, 70 Republicans, and 68 Populists. Now there are three Democrats, four Republicans and two hundred Populists.—Nampa (Idaho) Progress.

Police Magistrate—Have you ever seen the prisoner at the bar? Witness—

## A TRANSCONTINENTAL LINE.

The Santa Fe Co. Will Commence Work on it Early in the Spring.

The Salt Lake Silver Star is reliably informed that the Santa Fe railway contemplates entering Salt Lake from the west. A branch line is in contemplation now to leave the Atlantic and Pacific about forty miles east of the Needles in Arizona, and will traverse the whole of Utah, passing through Milford, possibly Elmore and Provo, or it might be a connection would be made at Springville or Provo with the Rio Grande Western. When we understand that the Santa Fe owns or controls the Colorado Midland from Denver to Grand Junction, we can readily see their western terminus is not what it should be. We can also understand that the purchase of the Rio Grande Western would be a moderate expenditure for this great company. This would give to Salt Lake a direct transcontinental line, reaching from Chicago to California ports. We understand much of the preliminary work has been completed. Some of the engineers of the Santa Fe have been consulted as to this, but they were of the usual non-committal type and further facts could not be learned, but enough was learned to justify the belief that actual construction would begin in the early part of '94.

Teacher—Do you understand the phrase "rapid succession"? Boy—Yes'm. It's the way folks say their prayers on cold nights.—Good News.

The form prepared and for sale at this office, for taking advantage of the law waiving assessment work on mining claims for this year, is finding general use hereabouts. Orders from outside points will be promptly filled.

In England of the sixteenth century stealing above the value of twelve pence, burning a haystack, killing or stealing a sheep, breaking a dyke or bridge, breaking a bank of a fish pond, cutting down a tree in an orchard, and the malicious tearing or defacing the garments of a person in the street were all capital offenses, and were punished as such.

Letters from South Africa immigrants declare that no more grievous error can be made to leave America at this time for either the Transvaal or Kimberly. Skilled mining engineers and a limited number of experienced amalgamators and millmen get good pay in the Transvaal, but the ordinary miner has an infinitely better chance in California. This class of labor in South Africa is almost exclusively performed by blacks. They will not be supplanted by white labor.

The merchant sat in his empty store and tore his crumpled hair. His teeth were set in his wrinkled face and his eyes wore a glassy stare. "Oh, woe is me," he cried aloud; "Oh, curse me for a chump. A big raw idiot I have been; an eighteen cent gump. I thought the people knew me well, my newspaper ad. I stopped. And now below the average my daily sales have dropped. I've been here years and years, I've grown up with the town, but as soon as I quit my newspaper ad, my sales began to go down. If it's not too late, you bet your life, I now propose to strive, by putting my ad. in the paper again to let people know I'm alive."—Ex.

## PIOCHE Drug Store.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE to the people of Pioche and Lincoln county that their New Drug Store, on Main street two doors north of the Globe Mercantile Store, is now open with a new stock.

Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines

Toilet Articles, PERFUMERY.

HAIR AND TOOTH BRUSHES.

SOAP, SPONGES, ETC., ETC.

NOTIONS and Fancy Articles.

Physician's Prescriptions carefully compounded, day or night, and orders from abroad filled with care and dispatch by a competent druggist.

Dr. J. D. Campbell, PROPRIETOR.

Chemical and Microscopic Examinations of Urine.

CALLS Promptly Attended, Day or Night.

SUMMONS.

In Justice Court Helens Township, of the County of Lincoln, State of Nevada. Charles Garrett & Co., Plaintiffs, against D. Barthol and James Hutchinson, of Barthol Saw Mill Co., Defendants.



S. P. SMITH, of Towanda, Pa., whose constitution was completely broken down, is cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He writes:

"For eight years, I was, most of the time, a great sufferer from constipation, kidney trouble, and indigestion, so that my constitution seemed to be completely broken down. I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and took nearly seven bottles, with such excellent results that my stomach, bowels, and kidneys are in perfect condition, and, in all their functions, as regular as clock-work. At the time I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, my weight was only 129 pounds; I now can brag of 159 pounds, and was never in so good health. If you could see me before and after using, you would want me for a travelling advertisement. I believe this preparation of Sarsaparilla to be the best in the market to-day."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Cures others, will cure you.

## THE SALT LAKE TRIBUNE

is a newspaper devoted to the best interests of the Western slope, and particularly to the development of the intermountain country. For advertising purposes incomparably the best paper between San Francisco and Denver. Daily, 365 issues per year, \$12.00 Weekly, 18 pp. 96 col. per yr. 3.00 Weekly, six months, 1.50 Weekly, three months, .75 Address, THE TRIBUNE, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

## THE PIOCHE Meat Market.

Main Street, Pioche.

WM. J. V. DE FRIEZ, PROPRIETOR.

Keeps constantly on hand THE BEST MEATS obtainable.

Beef, Mutton, VEAL, PORK, Etc.

Reasonable Prices to all and Free Delivery to all parts of town.

DR. A. BJORNSON, Physician and Surgeon.

Office and Residence, at former residence of John Shier, Meadow Valley St.

Pioche, Nevada.

LOUIE KLEIN, AT THE OLD Philadelphia Brewery Saloon

Main Street, Keeps on hand a Better Grade of LIQUORS and CIGARS than any house in town.

CALL AND SAMPLE THE STOCK.

JOHN SHERIDAN, BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.

First door north of the Odd Fellow's Building, Main Street.

## J. EISENMANN

Main Street, Pioche, Nevada, IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

### HARDWARE, MILLING

### & MINING SUPPLIES,

Iron, Steel and Pumps, Belting, Packing and Hose, Machinist's, Blacksmith and Carpenter Tools, Steam Water and Gas Pipe,

Guns, Rifles, Pistols and Ammunition, Outlery of Every Description.

## STOVES AND TINWARE,

Crockery and Glassware, Agricultural Implements and Wagons, Hardwood and Wagon Material, Sash, Doors and Blinds, Paints, Oils and Glass, Prepared Iron Roofing, Pitch, Tar and Resin, Rope and Naval Stores, also a

Complete Assortment of House Furnishing Goods.

HEADQUARTERS FOR Giant, Blasting and Gun Powder, Fuse, Candles, ETC., ETC.

In connection with the establishment is a complete Shop, and am prepared to execute promptly all orders for Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Work, Steam, Air, Water and Exhaust Pipe, Plumbing and Pump Work.

The Stock comprises the Best Grade of Goods obtainable, and Prices are Reduced to a figure that Defies Competition.

ONE PRICE TO ALL!

## HENRY WELLAND

Main Street, Opposite Lacour, Carries a Full Line of

## STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

Miners and Prospectors Outfitted in Every Detail

\* BEDROCK PRICES. \*

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—DEALER IN—

## FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY,

AND GENERAL PRODUCE.

Finest Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR UTAH PRODUCE. Salt Lake Bottled Beer, Sarsaparilla, Cream, Strawberry and Lemon Soda, at Wholesale and Retail. Low Rates and Free Delivery.

Ground Floor, Thompson's Opera House, Main St., Pioche

## FREE TO ALL.

## Camping on the old Corral

AT THE LOWER END OF TOWN.

—UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF—

## GEORGE B. WARREN.

He is now ready to furnish First-Class Accommodations to the freighting public.

He also carries a complete stock of Freighters' Supplies.

GEO. S. SAWYER, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

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H. E. FREUDENTHAL, Notary Public.

Office in the County Assessor's room