

NEWS SUMMARY.

Ignacio Rustillas, a Mexican youth, suicided in a ballroom because his sweetheart was waiting with another man.

Thirteen persons were killed and fourteen others injured seriously in a fire damp explosion in the Pluto coal mine at Wlosa, near Bruix.

Private advices announce that Catholic German missionary, Bishop Hammer, was first horribly tortured and then burned alive in Tus Tsen.

Hampton Jackson, a colored deputy sheriff, who was shot in the election riot in Denver, is dead. This is the third death resulting from the riot.

Robert Fitzsimmons has rejected Champion Jeffries' proposition to take him on for another fight immediately or at the close of the theatrical season.

The allied forces razed several boxer villages. The Germans took one at Yang Taung and shot all the boxers captured after a drumhead court-martial.

The number of pieces of mail matter received at the dead letter office last year from all sources was 7,536,158, against 6,855,938 for the preceding year.

The United States transport Sheridan sailed Friday from San Francisco for Manila with 210 recruits. She also carries a large number of civilian passengers.

Baroness von Ketteler, whose husband was murdered by the Chinese in Pekin, is improving slowly at the residence of her father, Henry B. Ledyard of Detroit.

William Sullivan, the murderer of Spencer Gaylord, the watchman of a Tuolumne county gold mine, was hanged at San Quentin, Friday. Sullivan died bravely.

Simultaneously with the passing of the preferred stock dividend by the directors of the American Lined company the company announced a cut of 10 cents a gallon in oil.

It is asserted in Shanghai that the Empress dowager has appointed Sir Robert Hart, director of Chinese imperial customs, to arrange the indemnity question with the powers.

The gelatine mixing house of the Giant Powder company at Sohrante, fifteen miles from San Francisco, blew up Friday. John C. Hoffmeister, foreman, and two Chinese were killed.

Chip Luck, the Chinese murderer of Chief of Police Main of Stevenson, B. C., was hanged Friday morning in the yard of the provincial jail at New Westminster. He confessed his guilt.

Miss Clara Barton and part of the Red Cross society, who have spent several weeks in Galveston managing the distribution of relief among the storm sufferers, have returned to their homes.

An outbreak of bubonic plague is reported among the natives of Sainyoka, near King Williamstown, South Africa. Precautions are being taken to prevent the spread of the disease among the whites.

Persons about the Russian court say of the Emperor's illness that it was merely a mild case of influenza, caused by his well-known carelessness in sitting about rooms with the windows wide open.

Actual work has begun on the laying of the keels to the mammoth iron steamships to be built at the works of the Eastern shipbuilding company at Groton, opposite New London, Conn. They will cost \$5,000,000.

Secretary Long will urge the establishment of a naval reserve to supplement the existing naval militia which is supposed to have outlived its usefulness as is shown by its rapid deterioration since the war with Spain.

It is a unique testimony to the great individuality of President Kruger, says a Paris special, that his voyage to Europe is watched with more interest by the continental press than is the progress of the war in China.

The woman who was found dead in the Boulevard hotel, New York, with Dr. Ahlstrom, was identified as Mrs. Harry Gardner of 100 West One Hundred and First street, the wife of a man who followed the races.

The new Japanese ministry is looked upon with the greatest interest and favor by foreigners, as it is without doubt far more favorably disposed toward the latter than any which has been in power for some years past.

Count von Walderssee, the commander of the allies, is considering the advisability of removing his winter headquarters to Shanghai, and this is taken to indicate that the allies will not endeavor to prolong operations in the north.

The Postmaster-General has designated Postoffice Inspector John B. Harris, now postmaster at Havana, as acting director-general of posts in Cuba, pending the absence of Director-General Fosnes, who is convalescing in New York.

News has reached Canton that rebels are mustered in great force, about 20,000, mostly Hakhas and Tengin men, and in a number of sanguinary fights have repulsed the imperial troops, a great number of the latter being killed and wounded.

The president will submit to congress at the approaching session the claims for indemnification and for other substantial recompense of the British Cable corporation which suffered as a result of the American occupation of the Philippines.

COLORADO RAPIST BURNED AT THE STAKE

Frederic Porter, Who Assaulted and Murdered an 11-Year-Old Girl, Meets an Awful Fate.

Preston Porter, the 16-year-old negro who assaulted and murdered 11-year-old Louise Frost at Limon, Colo., recently, was burned at the stake on the identical spot where he committed the crime, Saturday evening.

The sheriff of Lincoln county started with Porter for the county jail at Hugo, but the train was boarded at Limon by a determined mob of 300 men, who took Porter from the sheriff and took him to the scene of his crime.

An iron stake had been firmly set in the ground, to which Porter was bound with chains after having knelt in silent prayer. Boards were piled around the negro, saturated with kerosene, and when all was in readiness, R. W. Frost, father of the murdered girl, applied a lighted match.

Porter turned his head and an awful expression changed his face. With a sudden convulsive tugging he stretched his head far from the rapidly increasing flames and uttered a cry of pain. "Oh, my God, let me go men, I've got something more to tell you! Please let me go. Oh, my God, my God!"

In terrible screams these words, the first he had uttered aloud, came from the negro. A terrible tugging at the chains, a succession of awful groans and screams, the negro's awful agony was at last breaking down his sullen composure. Not an oath escaped him, but he begged and pleaded to be shot.

No attention was paid to his appeal, and he was permitted to suffer until nature came to his relief.

An inquest was held on the few bones that were not consumed. The verdict was that Porter came to his death at hands of persons unknown.

POPULATION OF HAWAII.

Census Bureau Gives Out Figures Regarding Islands.

The census bureau has issued a bulletin announcing the population of Hawaii by islands and districts. It shows the total population of Hawaii to be 164,001, an increase of 46,981, or 41.2 per cent. over 1893, the last census there. During the last ten years, from 1890 to 1900, or substantially the same interval as for the census of the United States proper, there has been an increase in population of 64,011, or 71.3 per cent.

The total land surface of the Hawaiian islands is approximately 6449 square miles, the average number of persons to the square mile being 23.8. The population of Hawaii in detail by islands is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Island Name and Population. Includes Hawaii (46,843), Kauai (20,563), Nihoa (175), Maui (25,466), Molokai and Lanai (2,561), Oahu (68,594).

All the islands have increased materially in population since 1890, with the exception of Molokai and Lanai islands, which show a combined loss of 11.3 per cent. The largest percentage of increase reported is 87 per cent. for Oahu island, on which the city of Honolulu is situated. The city of Honolulu is co-extensive with the district of Honolulu, in Oahu island, and is practically the only city in Hawaii. Honolulu had a population in 1890 of 22,907, showing an increase from 1890 to 1900 of 16,390, or 71.5 per cent.

Mormon Colony in Mexico Attacked by Indians.

Official reports were received at El Paso, Texas, Saturday, from Casas Grandes, Mexico, 170 miles southwest of El Paso, saying a band of Apache Indians attacked the American Mormon colony of Pacheco, Mexico, Friday evening, and the redskins were repulsed with difficulty after a hard fight.

Twelve Indians were killed and several mormons were killed and wounded, the exact number was not given, although said to be at least four.

The report came to the mayor of Juarez, Mexico, in the shape of a dispatch from the mayor of Casas Grandes. It was supplemented by a request for troops to drive the Indians out of the Boarding mountains, toward which they fled after attacking the settlers.

ORE DOCKS COLLAPSE.

Two Men Are Killed in the Accident.

A section of the Minnesota ore docks in the harbor at Buffalo, N. Y., collapsed Sunday under the weight of 60,000 tons of ore.

Max Tors and Thomas Ford were killed and William Burke was injured. The property loss is estimated at \$150,000. The crash came without warning and 300 feet of the dock disappeared beneath the surface of the water.

TUAN UNDER ARREST.

Governor Hu Hsien is Also Said to be in Custody.

A dispatch from Shanghai says Prince Tuan is under arrest at Nignia, province of Shan Si, that Governor Hu Hsien has been arrested at Pinan near Hsien Fu, and that Sheng, the director of telegraphs and railroads, has memorialized the throne denouncing Yu Hsien. The dispatch adds that an edict is expected condemning Yu Hsien to death.

The Venezuelan Earthquake.

Details of the recent destructive earthquake which visited Caracas have been received. Some 300 buildings collapsed, the tower of the university and several church spires fell and the government buildings were more or less damaged. A large part of the population is now living in tents. The American legation was injured beyond repair. President Castro was in the executive mansion at the time of the disturbance and jumped from a front window, injuring his ankle.

ELECTION IN HAWAII.

Natives Outvote Whites and Elect a Bigamist to Congress.

Robert W. Wilcox, the Independent Royalist candidate, has been elected a small majority over Samuel Parker, the Republican candidate. His strong vote among the natives in the outside districts carried the day against the whites and the intelligent native vote of the cities.

Wilcox was strongly opposed by Republicans and Democrats alike. His canvass was an anti-white canvass, with promises on the part of some of his campaign workers that if he were elected Queen Liliuokalani would be replaced on the throne.

The result of the vote shows the native bitterness over annexation to be still alive.

The Republicans carried Honolulu and the island of Oahu for Hon. Samuel Parker by 219 plurality, the Democratic candidate, Prince David Kawananakoa, receiving only about one-third as many votes as Parker.

The Independent native party has carried the house of representatives by a large majority. They will have fourteen of their men in the house, with nine Republicans and six men who are Independent and Democratic.

In the senate there will be seven Republicans, eight Independents and one Democrat. With the Independents in control, a lively session is expected, as they are against the ruling regime and will give Governor Dole plenty of opportunities for vetoes.

It is likely, as a result of the election, that congress will be asked to establish some limitations on the voting privilege. The natives have won upon a race division, and now many of the whites want a property qualification for voters.

It is argued that in voting upon a simple color line many of the natives have shown themselves unfit for universal suffrage.

It is claimed Wilcox is a bigamist and an attempt will be made to prevent his taking a seat in congress.

GOLD PRODUCT LARGE.

Over \$20,000,000 Comes Out of Northwest This Year.

More than \$20,000,000 in gold dust and bullion came out of Alaska, British Columbia, Northwest Territory, Washington, Idaho and Oregon between January 1 and October 24 this year. H. C. Cherrier, the Chicago agent of the Great Northern Railroad has received from R. C. Stevens, the general western passenger agent of that line, a report from the assayer in charge of the United States assay office at Seattle.

The report showed that 6,208 deposits, aggregating \$1,243,163 ounces of gold dust and bullion, had been handled in the assay office between those two dates, the value of the gold being \$20,166,697. It also showed that \$16,374,488 worth of yellow metal came from the Klondike region, \$2,710,421 from the Cape Nome district, \$467,593 from other Alaskan districts, \$403,116 from the Atlin district in British Columbia and \$125,892 from Washington, Idaho and Oregon.

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Chinese Claim to Have Discovered America.

The report that American officers have unearthed ancient records in Pekin showing that the Chinese discovered America 1,600 years ago and erected temples in Mexico, has aroused the greatest interest among scientific men. The Chinese temples alluded to are in the state of Sonora, on the Pacific coast. The ruin of one of the temples was discovered near the town of Ures, in that state, about two years ago.

One of the large stone tablets found in the ruins was covered with carved Chinese characters which were partly deciphered by a learned Chinaman who visited the ruins at the request of the Mexican government. This Chinaman made the assertion at the time that the ruins were those of a temple which had been erected many centuries ago by Chinese, but his statement was not received with credence.

United States Soldiers Disappear.

The United States training-ship Dixie has been in the harbor at Algiers for some days unable to put to sea, owing to an unusual occurrence. Sixty sailors went ashore Tuesday, and on Wednesday they had not returned. The captain, aided by the police, went in search of them and finally discovered fifteen in the Casbah quarter of the city, leading a life of pleasure. The others are still missing.

SENATOR MORGAN RE-ELECTED.

Tendered Unanimous Nomination for Senator by Alabama.

The joint caucus of Democrats of both houses of the Alabama legislature Thursday night unanimously nominated J. T. Morgan as United States senator. No other name was presented. Senator Morgan was called before the meeting and thanked the members for re-election. The ten opposing members of the legislature in separate caucuses pledged their votes to Morgan.

Boers May Settle in Indiana.

The counties of Lake, Porter, Stark and La Porte, Indiana, within the next year or so may become the permanent trekking grounds of many Transvaal and Free Staters. Owners of land in the Kanakkee valley are reported to have combined for the purpose of sending agents to South Africa and Holland to encourage the settlement of their lands. Some of the Indiana railroads are showing a marked interest in the scheme to colonize the Kanakkee valley.

Eros is Photographed.

Prof. F. P. Leavenworth photographed the asteroid Eros through the telescope at the Minnesota state university observatory Thursday evening. Considering that the diminutive planet is said to be 34,000,000 miles away, it was a long shot. The professor said that the planet could not be seen with the naked eye or through the telescope. By a close mathematical calculation he ascertained its exact location and the sensitive plate caught its likeness, even if it were beyond human ken.

Cremated in Hotel Fire.

Four men were burned to death Sunday in a fire that destroyed the McConigal house at Oswayo, Pa., a three story building, and the opera house adjoining, and several others were injured. The buildings were burned to the ground in half an hour's time. The dead are: Arthur Fletcher, bookkeeper for the Pennsylvania State company; Michael Russell, employee Pennsylvania Tanning company; William Hulsanov, Roxford, N. Y.; Hugh Jameson, Alfred, N. Y.

CZAR OF RUSSIA IS SERIOUSLY ILL.

European Powers Apprehensive that His Death Would Unsettle Peace of the World.

The impression exists in most European capitals that the illness of Emperor Nicholas is more serious than it is reported to be, but this is probably based upon knowledge that the czar's constitution is not strong and is little likely to resist a serious attack.

In Copenhagen the illness is attributed to overwork in connection with the Chinese crisis, and there is also a suspicion that the hygienic conditions and water supply at Livadia may be faulty.

The serious apprehension with which the announcement of the fact that the czar was suffering from typhoid fever filled Europe, emphasizes how much the peace of the world is believed to be dependent upon him. But for the statement contained in the official bulletin that his majesty's malady is taking a thoroughly favorable course the news of his illness would have created nothing less than consternation. It is generally felt at the critical state of international affairs that even a temporary weakening of the influence of so favorable a factor in maintaining the world's peace justifies very grave anxiety, especially as the czar is regarded in Europe as a counterpoise to Emperor William. Public anxiety will, therefore, remain strained until the none too robust monarch recovers. In political circles any other issue of his majesty's malady is regarded as a nightmare.

WHOLESALE GRAVE ROBBERY.

Nine Bodies Removed from a Michigan Cemetery in One Night.

The authorities of Kalamazoo, Mich., have been informed of a horrible case of wholesale body-snatching which took place in the Springbrook cemetery in Newaygo county. Nine bodies, so far as known, were exhumed, and all but one were those of persons who had died within the past year, as follows:

Mrs. Carlotta Eldridge, aged 35; her daughter, Mildred, 9 years old, both of whom died of typhoid fever; Charles James, 60 years of age; Henry Houston, a middle-aged man; Clarence Cole, 17 years old; Don and Bertie Creston, infants; and Mrs. George Bailey, 50 years old.

The ninth victim, which is supposed to have been Mrs. Henry Knowles, although the body is in such a state of decomposition as to be unrecognizable, was discovered in a hedge fence about a quarter of a mile from the cemetery. She died about five years ago.

The cemetery is in an isolated spot, and up to Wednesday there had not been a burial there for nearly three weeks. When Isaac Danton, the sexton, went to dig a grave, the discovery was made that the remnants of the coffins, which seemed to have been knocked apart with an ax, were strewn about the graveyard.

Negro Accused of Assaulting and Murdering Little Colorado Girl Confesses.

After understanding the pressure of the sweat box at the Denver city jail for four days, John Porter, the 16-year-old negro accused of the murder of little 11-year-old Louise Frost near Limon, Colo., last week, broke down and confessed every detail of his crime. The little girl, who was the daughter of a ranchman living four miles from Limon, attended school in town, driving back and forth. While on her way home she was waylaid and assaulted and afterward murdered, her body showing no less than fourteen knife wounds.

Porter dragged her from the buggy and when she resisted him he repeatedly stabbed her with a small penknife. She finally yielded, and afterward, to prevent her from betraying him, he crushed her skull with his heel.

He returned to the boarding car and attempted, by burning some of his clothes and washing others, to remove the evidences of his crime. Later in the week the Porters quit work and shipped their effects to Lawrence, Kan., their home. They went to Denver to draw their pay, where they were arrested.

Mayor Charged with Forgery.

Dr. Frank L. Flood, mayor of Elmira, N. Y., has been placed under arrest by virtue of a warrant issued by Recorder Michael Danaher, upon a complaint sworn to by Alderman Francis McCann. The warrant charges forgery in the first degree.

The action was not surprising as it had been rumored since the arrest of Miss Catherine Loois that she had in an affidavit implicated the mayor in her crime—that of offering for record forged deeds of property belonging to Miss Margaret G. Kennedy of Binghamton.

The society of the army of the Tennessee began its reunion in Masonic temple, Detroit, Wednesday night. General Russel A. Alger, former secretary of war, presided.

Price of Salt Advanced.

The National Salt company has put up the price of common table salt of a fair quality to \$2.50 per 100 pounds. The price before was \$1.70 per 100 pounds for the same grade. The National Salt company controls directly 95 per cent of the salt output of the country, and is able to dominate the remaining 5 per cent of the production. The principal mills of the National company are in Michigan.

Minnesota Law for Cure of Inebriates Enacted.

The supreme court of Minnesota has decided that the so-called "jag cure law" is unconstitutional because it applies only to counties of over 50,000 people, and it is limited in its benefits to a certain number in each county, one per year to each 10,000 of people.

The law provides that in counties of over 50,000 population, indigent inebriates may be treated at a private institution and the expense shall be paid by the county.

Russians Kill Chinese for Revenge.

Writers in Oriental papers say that the massacre of thousands of Chinese near Agium in September, by Russian troops, was in a spirit of revenge. Before the outbreak of hostilities a Russian general called on General Chou and attempted to make a compromise. Chou gave a favorable reply, but as soon as the Russian officer withdrew, fire was opened on the Russians, resulting in a loss of 300 killed. General Chou has since committed suicide by climbing into a coffin and ordering his own troops to shoot him to death.

ALLEGED DYNAMITERS KILLED.

Picked a Row with a Deputy Sheriff and Were Shot Dead.

A dispatch from Gem, Idaho, says that Bill Kennedy, who was shot and killed at Gem Tuesday, was the worst of the dynamiters of the Coeur d'Alene region, and Dan Kildee, who was killed at the same time, was a close second to him as an utterly bad citizen.

Kennedy formerly lived on Wood river, where he was known as a bad man, and where he committed one murder. He was a saloonkeeper there, though he did some mining. In the Coeur d'Alene he also ran a saloon and likewise engaged in mining. He was a leader of the dynamite element, and was regarded as one of the most dangerous men of that section.

The authorities have had evidence showing that he was at the head of the party that so cruelly murdered Fred Whitney three years ago.

He was one of those held in the Warden prison after the riot of 1899 for participating in the crimes of that time. It was hoped that enough evidence would be found to place him on trial for the Whitney murder, but men who knew about the matter would not go on the stand and give the information which they possessed.

Kildee was always with Kennedy, and was one of the dangerous men of that region.

It is supposed they were emboldened by the success of the dynamiters in the county election, to plan to kill Adams, who had incurred the enmity of that class by reason of his activity on the side of the state during the troubles.

Kennedy picked a quarrel with Adams in a dance hall. Later Kennedy and Kildee returned, both heavily armed. They met Adams coming through a doorway, and Harrington raised his rifle to shoot, but quick as a flash Adams sent a bullet through his head. Kildee was drawing his revolver, but a second shot rang out before he could get it into action, and he also fell dead with a ball in the brain.

Adams was exonerated by a coroner's jury called to investigate the death of the men.

MURDERER OF LOUISE FROST CONFESSES HIS GUILT.

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Montanan Wanted a Good Breakfast.

W. F. Millick, who says he is from Helena, Mont., was forcibly removed from the Auditorium Annex, Chicago, Monday, and held pending investigation into his mental condition. Millick has been stopping at the hotel several days. His eccentric actions have attracted the attention of the management. Millick went into the dining-room and ordered a "breakfast for \$200." He became violent when asked for a more definite order, and the police, who were called, only arrested him after a struggle. Millick claims to be a stockman worth \$2,000,000.

President Desires to Retain All Members of His Cabinet.

President McKinley Tuesday announced clearly and forcefully to the members of his cabinet his desire that they should all remain with him during the four years of his coming administration. His wishes were made known in an extended speech at the cabinet meeting. Responses were made by all the members present, and while there were no definite pledges from any of them that they would accept the portfolios thus tendered afresh, there was, on the other hand, no definite declination.

Rich Cripple Creek Ore.

One of the greatest strikes ever made in the famous Cripple Creek gold mining district has just been discovered in the property of the Gold Bond Consolidated Mines company on Gold Hill, of which Charles N. Miller of Cripple Creek is the principal owner. The assay on a narrow streak of the ore body ran as high as \$103,000 per ton, while the vein from which this assay was taken, exclusive of the rich streak, has widened to a depth of four feet and has given an average assay of \$200 to \$300 per ton.

EXPIATORY MONUMENTS.

Stipulation Which China Will Have to Accept.

A semi-official dispatch from Pekin, dated November 12, gives the text of the joint note of the powers to China, confirming the London Times dispatch dated Pekin, November 11. Among the additional stipulations the note requires China to erect expiatory monuments in every foreign or international burial ground where graves have been profaned.

Daly's Anaconda Holdings Valued at Ten Million Dollars.

The New York Journal of Commerce says: Marcus Daly's connection with the copper interests of the country is well known. With J. B. Haggin he owned a controlling interest in the great Anaconda mine until it was turned over to the Amalgamated Copper company last year. The value of his holdings in the Anaconda when the transfer was made has been estimated at considerably in excess of ten million dollars.

W. A. Clark Donates a Story.

Eastern friends of Senator W. A. Clark, of Montana, have called his attention to an extended article which has had wide circulation, to the effect that he is connected with the establishment of an American Monte Carlo at Chesapeake Beach, near Washington. Senator Clark brands this story as "infamously false and malicious." He has wired his eastern attorneys to demand an immediate retraction, instructing them to start proceedings unless an apology is promptly made.

TO GIVE AWAY PIONEER SQUARE

City Council of Salt Lake, by a Vote of 11 to 4, Gives the Square to a Railroad.

The city council of Salt Lake City Tuesday night, by a vote of 11 to 4, passed an ordinance vacating Pioneer square Tuesday night, a preliminary step to granting the park to the new Los Angeles and Salt Lake railroad. The light over the proposition was one of the hottest the council has ever known, the filibustering tactics of the minority prolonging the session to four hours. President Buckle left the chair to conduct the fight against the passage of the ordinance and became conspicuous in the fierce debate which followed. The vote on the passage of the ordinance was as follows: Ayes—Beatty, Cottrell, Davis, Hartenstein, Hewlett, C. R. Howe, Edgar Howe, Reid, Robertson, Thomas, Whittemore, —11. Nays—Buckle, Canning, Fernstrom, Tuddenham—4.

REDUCING WAR TAXES.

President Will so Recommend in His Message.

The cabinet meeting Tuesday was devoted largely to the forthcoming message to congress. Each of the cabinet members furnished a forecast of his annual report, but none of the reports was in shape for formal presentation. It was practically decided that the recommendation in the message on the subject of war revenue taxes would advocate a small reduction, scaling down the total revenue about \$15,000,000. Just where this decrease will be made has not been determined.

Considerable attention will be devoted to the Nicaragua canal in the message, but the President's recommendations are not yet clearly formulated.

Volunteers to Return from Philippines

At military headquarters it is stated that the first installment of the volunteer army now in the Philippines will leave Manila November 1st. From that time until next June the transports will bring home about 25,000 men at the rate of from 4,000 to 5,000 a month. The sick will, if possible, be shipped on earlier transports, that they may travel without crowding.

The various regiments will be mustered out and paid as soon as possible after they arrive here. By this arrangement the camps now established at the Presidio will be sufficient to care for the entire army.

DEADLY GASES.

Manufactories in Which Men Must Wear Glass Helmets or Die.

There is a factory in the south of London where sufficient poison is made every day to kill every one of the 6,000,000 people that inhabit the great city. In this factory is manufactured pure hydrocyanic acid—a drug never placed on the market in its pure state; and even in the chemist's laboratory it is handled with all the care of a poisonous reptile. The man who discovered it was killed by inhaling its fumes. Probably next in importance to this acid is the cyanide of potassium. It has a rather pleasant odor, and it is said at the factory that it has a witching effect on workmen. The finished poison looks like crystallized sugar, and there is a strong temptation to taste it. The fascination is probably much like that which draws a man over a steep precipice. At any rate, the attraction to taste the poison is so well recognized that a workman is never allowed in the room alone. In the mixing room, where the men toll before a huge cauldron of molten cyanide, the scene is like that of some old witch's cave, especially if one knows the nature of the terrible poison that the men are brewing. When it is necessary for the men to go into the room where the fumes are likely to escape, they are provided with a glass helmet, which enables them to see, but not to breathe the atmosphere. Pure air is pumped to them through a tube, and they look much like the divers who explore the sea bottom.—Answers.

MANY ANNIVERSARIES.

September Has Been Big with Fate for the People of Malta.

The month of september is full of anniversaries of great interest to the people of Malta. On Sept. 8, 1565, the great siege of Malta was raised, when the Turks being completely repulsed, Europe was saved from the common enemy. The third or fourth Sunday of the month is always made a feast in honor of Roger of Normandy, who liberated the islanders from the Saracens in 1090. History and the exigencies of an isolated position have accustomed Malta to invasion. Of all the enemies that have overrun the island time