

NEWS SUMMARY

Great Chinese military activity is reported in southern Manchuria. Generals Ma and Yuan Shi Kai are increasing their forces.

Samuel T. Rachel, one of the best known real estate dealers and auctioneers in St. Louis, killed himself by shooting at his home.

The house passed a bill creating a Bureau of the Reclamation Service in the interior department, to be headed by a director with a salary of \$6,000 a year.

Operators of mines in the central Ohio district producing 7,500,000 tons annually have unanimously rejected the 1963 scale presented by the miners.

The newspapers of Madrid report that the dormant volcano at Palma, Canary Islands, is showing signs of re-summation. Columns of smoke are issuing from the crater.

Three members of the crew of the British battleship Prince of Wales were killed and four were injured by a boiler explosion while the vessel was undergoing her speed trials.

Antonia Drilleo, aged 34 years, an iron worker, was shot and stabbed to death at his home in New York City. Alphonse Drilleo, 24 years old, a brother of the dead man, is under arrest.

During a free-for-all fight at a railroad camp near Gurley, Ark., which lasted for some hours, following an Easter frolic, between Greeks, Slavs and Italian laborers, two of the Greeks were killed.

Harry Spencer, who was nearly mobbed in Chicago three weeks ago on account of his threats against his divorced wife, last week shot her three times and escaped. She will probably die.

Fire insurance underwriters in New York City variously estimate the insurance companies' losses in the San Francisco fire at between \$150,000,000 and \$200,000,000. Prompt settlements will be made.

Thomas B. Fleming, an engineer on the Queen & Crescent road, died in Cincinnati of bullet wounds inflicted by a negro whom Fleming had refused a ride on his locomotive. The murderer escaped.

A train of seventeen cars, loaded with supplies for the people of San Francisco, was dispatched from Denver Saturday night. Denver and Colorado will contribute \$100,000 worth of food and other necessities.

Ten hours between Chicago and New York on trains operated by electricity and making an average speed of seventy-five miles an hour is the plan of incorporators of the Chicago & New York Air Line railroad.

The United States transport Sheridan has sailed for the Philippines via Honolulu and Guam, with sixty cabin passengers and 500 marines and cannon for Manila. The vessel is fully laden with artillery supplies.

James Surrock of New Mexico has made complaint to the Federal authorities that he has been defrauded by John Alexander Dowie out of a sum close to \$10,000, and that the mails had been used in the operation.

It was announced at the office of M. Guggenheim's Sons in New York City on the 20th that orders have been issued by that firm to proceed as soon as possible with the construction of a \$5,000,000 smelting plant in San Francisco.

Joseph M. Drinkwater of Chicago and his sister-in-law, Mrs. Dora Drinkwater, were arrested in San Francisco on complaint made by Charles Drinkwater, the woman's husband, charging that they eloped from Chicago, taking \$14,000 of his money.

Fire has swept the town of Mariquina, P. E. in Rizal province. Two thousand dwellings are in ruins. The government is rushing assistance to the sufferers. Fire also destroyed Pasil, near the town of Cebu. Two hundred persons are homeless.

Charles W. Cook, a carpenter, killed himself at Ocean Park, Cal., with a revolver. He left a note which shows that he had contemplated the act for several days. Cook was an old soldier and had been out of employment. His widow, a daughter and a son live in Colorado.

Thirteen earthquake shocks were felt in succession on the morning of the 21st in the province of Siena, Tuscany. Several buildings were damaged, including the city hall at Poggibonsi, nineteen miles south of Florence. The inhabitants of Poggibonsi were panic-stricken.

The Boys Protective, a Catholic institution, under the care of the Order of St. Francis, located near Delhi, Ohio, has been burned. Loss \$300,000. About 200 boys were cared for in the institution. Five buildings, including the school, church, dwellings and dairy were destroyed.

Secretary Root and Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, the British ambassador, signed a treaty on the 21st providing for the actual physical location of a part of the northern boundary of Alaska as agreed on in former treaties. The forty-first meridian was agreed upon as the boundary.

Otto Preusser, a bricklayer, shot himself through the heart at Los Angeles. He left St. Louis last November, leaving the girl whom he was to marry. He fitted up a home for house-keeping, but recently received a letter from St. Louis telling him the girl had married another man.

SAN FRANCISCO LIES IN ASHES

Earthquake and Fire Bring Death and Desolation to City at the Golden Gate, the Number of Lives Lost Being Estimated at From 500 to 1,500. While the Monetary Loss is at Least \$200,000,000, and May Reach \$500,000,000—Residents Are Living in Public Parks and on Vacant Lots.

The fire at San Francisco has been gotten under control, but only after the entire business section of the city had been wiped out, but a few buildings on the outskirts being saved.

It is impossible to estimate the loss of life, and the total loss will probably never be known. Various estimates of the number of dead are made, the figures being all the way from 500 to 1,500.

The property loss is estimated at from \$200,000,000 to \$500,000,000. A great many buildings were gutted and much may be saved from the wreck.

No effort has been made to identify the dead, and in fact it is impossible to do so, many bodies being entirely consumed in the flames.

Extraordinary measures for relief have been taken. Congress has appropriated \$10,000,000, while gifts of from \$1,000 to \$100,000 have been sent by leading financiers of the country, and everywhere offers of assistance are made.

Carloads of food are being shipped to the suffering people, and everything possible done to relieve their distress.

The city will be rebuilt. Of that there is no doubt.

San Francisco.—The number of lives lost as the result of the earthquake on Wednesday, April 18, and the terrible fire which followed, will probably never be known, as undoubtedly many bodies were burned to ashes, and many will never be identified.

But it is known that at least 500 are dead as the result of the terrible catastrophe, while scores of unidentified corpses have been dumped into trenches, unknown graves, for the sake of preserving the public health.

The monetary loss as the result of the earthquake and subsequent fire is simply appalling, being placed at \$200,000,000 to \$500,000,000. Rolla V. Watt, western manager of the Royal & Queen Insurance company, and one of the most prominent insurance men on the coast, was asked if he would hazard an estimate on the financial loss. He said:

"My idea is something like \$200,000,000. I have heard other insurance men place the figure at \$500,000,000. We don't know. It is simply too big for any human head to figure at this time."

After four days of chaos and such terrible destruction of property and human suffering as has seldom been witnessed in all the past ages, during which time almost the entire business portion of this great city and many of its most palatial residences were destroyed, either by earthquake or fire, the flames were brought under control in some portions of the city and had burned themselves out in other places for lack of further fuel to feed the hungry maw of the fire demon.

But what vast and terrible destruction. Few of the magnificent buildings of the city are left standing, and not a landmark that made the city famous remains. Nearly every house in the city is damaged.

The work of relief for the sufferers is going forward as rapidly as possible. The homeless are now being supplied with food enough for their pressing needs. Carload after carload of supplies from eastern points and from sister towns of the stricken city are being received and distributed, and it is believed that suffering from lack of food will not be great.

The greatest danger that now threatens the residents of the stricken city is the breaking out of a pestilence, which may be caused from inability to preserve sanitary requirements. But everything that can be done is being done to prevent such an occurrence. Vast armies of men will be put to work at once to formulate measures of protection for the public health.

That the city will be rebuilt, greater and grander than ever, there is not the shadow of a doubt. No sooner have the smoldering embers cooled than an army of men will commence the work of reconstruction. Men like James D. Phelan, Isaac Guggenheim, Herman Olerech, W. R. Hearst, and hundreds of others who have contributed to the upbuilding of the metropolis of the Pacific, have not lost heart, but are ready to make a new and grander city on the ruins of the old one.

The mail service of the city was resumed Saturday. Three hundred and fifty men are at work in the main office at Seventh and Mission streets which escaped serious damage. In inspection by Lieut. George R. Armstrong and Postoffice Inspector O'Connell show that all but fifty bags of mail which went through the fire have been recovered and is now being handled expeditiously. Nine branch offices are in operation.

All trains are carrying mail into the city, and this is being distributed at the postoffice, which was only partially damaged. Branch offices under the co-authority of the postmaster and the military are established throughout the city and the adjacent hills where the refugees are camped.

San Francisco.—A drenching rain fell upon San Francisco Sunday night. From midnight until 3 o'clock it poured and drizzled at intervals, while a high wind added a melancholy accompaniment, whistling and sighing about the ruins of the buildings in the burned district. Five days previous when the fire catastrophe was in its infancy this downpour would have been regarded as a mercy and a God-send. But coming when it did, it could be regarded in no other light than an additional calamity. It meant indescribable suffering to the tens of thousands of people camped upon the naked hills and in the parks and open places of the city.

Few of these were provided with waterproof covering. For the most part their only protection from the wet was a thin covering of sheeting tacked upon improvised tent poles. Through this the water poured as through a sieve, wetting the bedding and soaking the ground upon which they lay. When it is understood that thousands upon thousands of delicately nurtured women and infants in arms and old and feeble people were in this plight, nothing need be added to describe the misery of their condition. The downpour has aggravated the already unsanitary condition of the camps, and will doubtless add great numbers of pneumonia cases to those already crowding the regular and temporary hospitals of the city.

It was feared by many that the heavy rains of Sunday night had weakened the walls left standing in the burned district and further increased the danger of life and limb, but assurance was given at the headquarters of the building committee that the downpour had no such effect. Under the direction of this committee walls are being dynamited before the danger instead of increasing is lessening every hour.

Will Build at Once. Citizens Are Undaunted and Will Begin Life Anew.

San Francisco.—The new San Francisco which will rise from the ashes of the old was in its first stages of rebuilding on Monday. After five days of confusion and almost superhuman effort on the part of citizens of California's metropolis in the great task of sheltering, feeding and otherwise caring for the homeless thousands, complete order has been re-established and attention turned to the future.

Throughout the great business district, where the devastation of the flames was the most complete, walls were being razed, and buildings that had not disintegrated before the intense heat were being inspected with the view to occupancy, and even ground was being cleared for the immediate construction of some sort of building in which to resume business at the earliest possible time.

Chinese Not Barred. Must Be Given Their Share of Assistance from Public Contributions.

Washington.—It is the desire of President Roosevelt that the work of the Red Cross in alleviating distress in San Francisco shall be done wholly and just as much for the Chinese as for any others.

In a letter to Secretary Taft he made this point plain. The text of the letter follows:

"White House, Washington, April 23.—Secretary of War—Sir: According to the newspaper reports the suffering and destitution are peculiarly great among the Chinese. I need hardly say that the Red Cross work must be done wholly without regard to persons and be as much for Chinese as for any others."

"Please wire Dr. Devine at once to see that this is done. Will it not be well also to wire to General Funston to the same effect? I know nothing of the matter beyond what appears in the daily press."

(Signed) "THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Argentine Sorry It Happened. New York.—A cable dispatch to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says: The minister of foreign affairs has had a conference with the president of the republic about the note from the American legation referring to the publication of President Roosevelt's speech. The government, in reply to the protest from Mr. Roosevelt, acknowledges that the speech should not have been published in the official report. The ministry is disposed to give a satisfactory explanation and has also ordered an investigation to determine the responsibility for the publication.

Triplets Born at Presidio. Several Other Little Ones Ushered Into the World.

San Francisco.—On Saturday night triplets were born to one of the homeless at the Presidio, and the same night eight little tots made their first appearance on the reservation at Fort Mason. Six were born in the emergency hospital and two out on the vacant space adjoining the fort, where the mothers had taken refuge. The babies all are reported to be healthy youngsters.

Dowie Did Not Appear. Chicago.—The downfall of Sodam was used Sunday by Deputy Overseer Wilber Glenn Voliva in a sermon at Zion City to describe the fate of John Alexander Dowie, who he said, had "incurred the wrath of God and lost a kingdom." Thousands of strangers flocked to Zion expecting to see Dowie and witness a clash between his followers and those of Voliva. They were disappointed, for Dowie remained at his apartments.

Aged California Woman Perishes Alone. San Rafael, Cal.—Mrs. Marian Delbos, 92 years old, wandered from her home in this city and died from exposure. Her body was found in a creek Thursday morning. She disappeared while her folks were temporarily absent and every effort was made to find the aged woman before she came to harm. But it was without success and the search was futile until Thursday morning, when her dead body was found in a creek near her home.

A DELUGE OF RAIN VISITS SAN FRANCISCO

Additional Horrors Faced by the Survivors of the Terrible Earthquake and Fire in California.

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ATTACKED THE HEART

Swirl Neurogia Case Cured to Stay Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Neuralgia in any form is painful but when it attacks the heart it is frequently fatal. Complicated with indigestion of a form that affected the vital organ it threatened serious consequences in an instance just reported. The case is that of Mr. F. L. Graves, of Pleasant Hill, La., who tells of his trouble and cure as follows:

"I traveled considerably, was exposed to all kinds of weather and was irregular in my sleeping and eating. I suppose this was the cause of my sickness, as any rate, in May, 1906, I had got so bad that I was compelled to quit work and take to my bed. I had a good doctor and took his medicine faithfully but grew worse. I gave up hope of getting better and my neighbors thought I was surely going to die."

"I had something spells that it is awful to recall. My heart fluttered and then seemed to cease beating. I could not lie on my left side at all. My hands and feet swelled and so did my face. After reading about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in a newspaper I decided to try them and they suited my case exactly. Before long I could see an improvement and after taking a few boxes I was entirely cured. I am glad to make this statement and wish it could cause every sufferer to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do not simply deaden pain; they cure the trouble which causes the pain. They are guaranteed to contain no narcotic, stimulant or opiate. Those who take them run no danger of forming any drug habit. They act directly on the blood and it is only through the blood that any medicine can reach the nerves.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Legacy Leads to Death. A legacy of \$10 caused the death of Thomas Archer, a night watchman at Fleetwood. He was found dead in bed on Saturday, after a drinking bout, which he began on receiving the money.—London Mail.

Running Sores on Limbs.

Little Girl's Obstinate Case of Eczema.—Mother Says: "Cuticura Remedies a Household Standard."

"Last year, after having my little girl treated by a very prominent physician, for an obstinate case of eczema, I resorted to the Cuticura Remedies, and was so well pleased with the almost instantaneous relief afforded that we discarded the physician's prescription and relied entirely on the Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Pills. When we commenced with the Cuticura Remedies her feet and limbs were covered with running sores. In about six weeks we had her completely well, and there has been no recurrence of the trouble. We find that the Cuticura Remedies are a valuable household standby, living as we do, twelve miles from a doctor, and where it costs from twenty to twenty-five dollars to come up on the mountain. Mrs. Lizzie Vincent Thomas, Fairmount, Walden's Ridge, Tenn., Oct. 13, 1906."

Modern Vulgarity. We wonder if fashion will ever re-appear to a taste for purity of language? The very people who are continually using, or rather misusing, words would be shocked to hear that their old furniture was spurious, or in their own elegant language "faked," and words surely are as much worth treasuring as chairs and tables.—Country Life.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it is

Beware the Signature of *Chas. H. Peterson* In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Scots Dislike Sweet Corn. Sweet corn is not appreciative in Scotland. All efforts to cultivate a taste for it have had but slight success, and the wholesale canned goods firms have come to regard sweet corn as a negligible article.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE. A powder. It cures painful, smart, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Organ With Three Barrels. The parish church at Tobbing, England, which dates back to the thirteenth century, and was recently restored, possesses a remarkable ancient instrument, a barrel organ which has three barrels and can play thirty-six tunes. It is turned by the usual handle.

USE THE FAMOUS Red Cross Balm. Large 5c. package 15c. The Buss Company, South Bend, Ind.

Carried Piety to Extremes. A Welsh revivalist asked where some grass that had been brought for his horse had come from. He was told that it had come from the football grounds. "I would not insult my horse by giving it grass from such a sinful place," he declared.

When a laxative is needed, nothing can be more effective than GARDOLIN Tea, which is made of herbs. It cures sick headache, constipation and diseases of liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels; it purifies the blood, cleanses the system and clears the complexion.

Cause of Our Ailments. Excess of eating and drinking, the fashion of modern society, is the commonest cause of most of the so-called trivial ailments commencing before middle-life.—Dr. W. K. Sibley, in Strand Magazine.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, cures their colic, reduces inflammation, always brings relief. See a bottle.

In Camera. A bright 10-year-old girl whose father is addicted to amateur photography, attended a trial at court the other day for the first time. This was her account of the judge's charge: "The judge made a long speech to the jury of twelve men, and then sent them off into a little dark room to develop."—Harper's Weekly.

FORTY BODIES TAKEN FROM ONE BUILDING

Many of the Occupants Incinerated, Only a Few Bones Being Left.

San Francisco.—Forty bodies were taken from a building at 119 Fifth street Saturday by the Red Cross service. The structure, which was a four-story wooden building containing three flats of ten rooms each, collapsed during the earthquake. At the time several persons were taken out alive from the upper stories, but it was thought that all the inmates had escaped. The ruins took fire shortly after, and although efforts were made to extinguish the flames the entire building was consumed. The bodies of the unfortunate imprisoned within the ruins were incinerated, only the skulls and a few bones being left.

FIVE HUNDRED BODIES. This Number Had Been Recovered From Ruins Sunday Night.

San Francisco.—The total of bodies recovered and buried up to Sunday night is 500. No complete record can be had at this time, as many bodies have been buried without permits from the coroner and the board of health. The searches of the coroner's and the board of health departments on Sunday found not more than twenty bodies. They were buried immediately.

Few of these bodies could be identified and the graves were marked by numbers. It is impossible at the present time to obtain any sort of death list or even to make a reliable estimate as to the number of casualties. Whenever a body is found it is buried immediately, without any formality whatever, and as many of these burials have been made at widely separated parts of the city by different bodies of searchers, who do not ever make a prompt report to headquarters, considerable confusion has resulted in the estimating of the total number of casualties and exaggerated reports have resulted.

CHINATOWN A MASS OF RUINS. Famous Section of San Francisco Falls Prey to Flames.

San Francisco.—Strange is the scene where San Francisco's Chinatown stood. No heap of smoking ruins marks the site of the wooden warrens where slant-eyed men of the Orient dwelt in thousands. The place is pitted with deep holes and scared with dark passageways, from whose depths come smoke wreaths. All the wood has gone and the winds are streaking the ashes.

White men never knew the depth of Chinatown's underground city. They talked of these subterranean runways and many of them had gone beneath the street levels, two or three stories. But now that Chinatown has been unmasked, for the destroyed buildings were only a mask, men from the hillside have looked on where its inner secrets lay. In places they can see passages one hundred feet deep.

Hundreds of fright-crazed yellow men escape from the flames, carrying with them their opium pipes, their money bags, their silks and their children. Beside them ran the baggy trousersed women, and some of them hobbled painfully.

But these were the men and women of the surface. Far beneath the street levels, in those cellars and passages, were other ones. Women who never saw the day from their darkened prisons, and blinking jailers, were caught like rats in a huge trap. Their very bones were eaten by the flames.

And now there remains only the holes. They pit the hillside like a multitude of ground swallow nests. They show depths which the police never knew. The secrets of these burrows will never be known, for into them the hungry fire first sifted its red coals obliterating everything except the earth itself.

Terrible Strain Begins to Tell. San Francisco.—The terrible strain of the catastrophe has begun to tell on the people. The reaction has come as the result of the awful experiences through which the majority of the people have passed and the suspense over missing relatives and friends is causing serious illness and in some cases insanity. At Central avenue and Oak street a man whose name has not yet been learned became insane and attempted to kill his wife with a cleaver. He had to be taken into custody to prevent him from injuring himself or family.

Monday and Tuesday Holidays. Sacramento, Cal.—Gov. Pardee is sued the following proclamation, declaring two more legal holidays: "In the interest of the public welfare, I, George C. Pardee, Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the power vested in me by the Constitution and laws of this state, do hereby appoint, designate and declare that Monday, April 23, 1906, and Tuesday, April 24, 1906, are public legal holidays."

Not a Case of Serious Sickness at Golden Gate Park. San Francisco.—Major Frank V. Keating, First battery coast artillery, National Guard, in charge of Golden Gate park, has made the following report to General Funston: "Beg to advise you that not a case of serious sickness exists in this park. All rumors to the contrary false and malicious. I will promptly advise you if there is any change or if anything of a serious nature occurs."

Lovers Come to Rescue. San Francisco.—Weddings in great number resulted from the recent disaster. Women driven out of their homes and left destitute have appealed to the men to whom they are engaged, and immediate marriages have been effected. Since the first day of the disaster an increase in the number of marriage licenses issued was noticed by County Clerk Cook. This increase is getting greater. Saturday seven marriage licenses were issued in an hour.

Can Do the Work of 3 or 4 If Well Fed. An energetic young woman living just outside of New York, writes: "I am at present doing all the housework of a dairy farm, caring for 2 children, a vegetable and flower garden, a large number of fowls, besides managing an extensive exchange business through the mails and pursuing my regular avocation as a writer for several newspapers and magazines (designing fancy work for the latter) and all the energy and ability to do this I owe to Grape-Nuts food."

"It was not always so, and a year ago when the shock of my nursing baby's death utterly prostrated me and deranged my stomach and nerves so that I could not assimilate as much as a mouthful of solid food, and was in even worse condition mentally, he would have been a rash prophet who would have predicted that it ever would do so."

"Prior to this great grief I had suffered for years with impaired digestion, insomnia, agonizing cramps in the stomach, pain in the side, constipation, and other bowel derangements, all these were familiar to my daily life. Medicine gave me no relief—nothing did, until a few months ago, at a friend's suggestion, I began to use Grape-Nuts food, and subsequently gave up coffee entirely and adopted Postum Food Coffee at all my meals."

"To-day I am free from all the troubles I have enumerated. My digestion is simply perfect, I assimilate my food without the least distress, enjoy a restful sleep, and have a buoyant feeling of pleasure in my varied duties. In fact, I am a new woman, entirely made over, and I repeat, I owe it all to Grape-Nuts and Postum Coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in page.

CAN'T STRAIGHTEN UP.

Kidney Trouble Causes Weak Backs and a Multitude of Pains and Aches.

Col. R. S. Harrison, Deputy Marshal, 716 Common St., Lake Charles, La., says: "A kick from a horse first weakened my back and affected my kidneys. I became very bad and had to go about on crutches. The doctors told me I had a case of chronic rheumatism, but I could not believe them, and finally began using Doan's Kidney Pills for my kidneys. First the kidney secretions came more freely, then the pain left my back. I went and got another box, and that completed a cure. I have been well for two years."

Sold by all dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

MARRIED PEOPLE LIVE LONG. State of Matrimony Conducive to Good Old Age.

Marriage is an institution highly conducive to the health of both husband and wife, says American Medicine. Statistics prove that among married men over 23 years of age and women over 40 the mortality rate is far less than among those who remain single. Among the widowed and divorced the mortality is exceptionally great. Suicides among the unmarried are much more numerous than among the married. The matrimonial state promotes temperance in every form. Furthermore, the probable duration of life of a married man of 30 exceeds that of his unmarried brother by five years, and the wife may expect to live one year longer than a single woman of the same age.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by social applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional means. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running nose or impaired hearing of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness cured by our method. Send for circular, free, by Mail to Chas. D. Coker, 250 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo. Sold by Druggists. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

True Humility. Humility does not consist in telling our faults, but in hearing to be told of them; in hearing them patiently, and even thankfully; in correcting ourselves when told; in not hating those who tell us of them.—Scottish American.

DON'T FORGET. A large 5c. package of Red Cross Balm Blue, only 15c. The Buss Company, South Bend, Ind.

AMUSEMENT FOR THE EVENING. Writing "Smudgegraphs" Sure to Please the Young People.

Now and again when entertaining young people we need something which will amuse them for an odd half-hour. Making "smudgegraphs" will be found most useful for this purpose. Get your young friends to seat themselves around the table and provide them with sheets of white paper, pens and ink.

The fun consists in making marks or writing names upon the paper and while the ink is still wet, folding the paper and squeezing