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## DEAL FOR ATLANTA GROUP HAS BEEN CONSUMMATED

It will be good news to many who have been following the progress of developments at Atlanta to know that the second payment on the purchase price of the Atlanta property has been made.

The significance attached to this is that the future of the new gold district is now assured, and unless some unlooked for calamity happens, Atlanta is likely to grow into a camp of great importance in the near future.

It is believed, and there is good ground upon which to base this conclusion, that the new district will take on the proportions of a boom next spring. Atlanta is wonderfully attractive and it is said that the members of the Los Angeles and Salt Lake syndicate which has undertaken the exploitation of the Atlanta group have seen their hopes more than realized.

The work has been conducted under the direction of F. Nugent Cosby, the superintendent, who has exposed some enormous bodies of milling ore. It is reasonably sure, therefore, that early

in the coming year the company will install a new hoisting plant, as well as adequate power equipment. It is likely, too, by this time next year, the Atlanta mine will have facilities through which the metallic contents of the ore will be reduced to bullion.

But the destiny of the camp of Atlanta does not depend entirely upon the successful exploitation of this one mine. The district covers an area extending for many miles along the Spring Valley range of mountains and some are of the opinion that the gold belt continues all the way to Pay, Gold Springs and Statehine.

Pioche is the natural supply point at the present time for the Atlanta district. Ely has been making a bid for it; but the distance and condition of roads favor Pioche. If Pioche business men keep on the alert, they are bound to hold the trade of the new district here. The Pioche Commercial club took prompt action some time ago in giving support to citizens of Atlanta who sought a better winter route between Atlanta and Pioche. Keep your eye on Atlanta. It is going to grow, and grow rapidly.

## SCOTT RELIEVED OF MINE MANAGEMENT

Strange to say, not one of the Salt Lake daily papers contained mention of the result of the stockholders' meeting of the Scott Mines company, held at the Utah capital last Tuesday and Wednesday.

The Record has ascertained, however, that A. W. Scott was voted entirely out of the management; that a board of directors was chosen consisting of: C. C. Parsons, E. L. Godbe, A. L. Hoppaugh, R. J. Graham, H. Frank Cary, R. van Buggenhoudt and Edward Thomason. Later, the board organized by electing C. C. Parsons as president; E. L. Godbe, vice president and R. van Buggenhoudt, secretary and treasurer.

The Scott Mines company is capitalized for 5,000,000 shares of the par value of \$1 a share, out of which 1,948,959 shares have been issued.

At the Salt Lake meeting, 1,502,193 shares were represented; but the tally showed that the number of shares voted was 1,038,872.

Scott, it is said, refused to vote his own stock and, represented by two attorneys, set up the claim that the meeting had been illegally called. His opponents, however, were also legally advised and maintained that the proceedings were regular in every respect. Anyway, the meeting went on and the books and other effects of the corporation are in possession of the new regime.

## GOVERNMENT ISSUES LEAD STATISTICS.

A Washington dispatch says: Although the United States was the leader in the 1908 production of lead, nevertheless, it turned out in that year 17 per cent of the entire world's output. This is the statement in a report by the United States geological survey on the production of lead in 1908. Missouri, the leading producer, showed an increase in the mineral mined, while the next three states, Idaho, Utah and Colorado, showed reduced production.

The geological survey's report on the production of lead in 1908, prepared by C. E. Siebenthal, shows that 396,483 short tons was produced from foreign and domestic ores on a base bullion during the year, or 17,756 tons less than in 1907, when the total production was 414,239 tons.

Missouri, the leading producer, showed an increase in the quantity of lead mined during the year as compared with that mined in 1907. The three states next in rank—Idaho, Utah and Colorado—made largely reduced production. Of the smaller producers, Wisconsin, Nevada, Montana, Kansas, and Oklahoma made gains in output.

The year 1908 opened with lead at 3.60 cents a pound, but the price steadily advanced until August, when it reached 4.625 cents a pound, and then declined steadily to 4.15 cents the price at the close of the year. The price of lead during the eight years from 1901 to 1908 has ranged from 3.55 cents to 6 cents a pound.

The production of lead from foreign and domestic sources from 1825-1908, inclusive, was 8,635,236 short tons, of which 7,091,548 tons was produced from domestic ores and 1,543,688 ton from foreign ores and base bullion.

## MILL FOR POORMAN HAS ARRIVED IN CAMP

Frank & Lamont, who have a lease on the Poorman mine, have received the mill equipment ordered recently and have begun its installation. The plant, it is understood, will have capacity for the treatment of from 15 to 20 tons of ore per day.

Messrs. Frank and Lamont are confident that they are going to make a big clean-up on their lease during the coming year. A large tonnage of low grade ore is already broken in the mine and considerable high grade material has been developed recently out of which they expect to realize a handsome profit.

## Nevada Consolidated.

The Nevada Con. is now shipping an average of nearly 7,000 tons of ore per day, which is more than double the total amount of ore produced by the entire state of Nevada, of which comes from the pit at Copped Flat. This output could easily be doubled if the concentrating plants were of sufficient capacity to handle the ore. In addition to the output from the pit the company could produce 5,000 tons daily from the Veteran and the Ruth mines which are now idle.—Ely Record.

## Ely's Payroll.

The monthly payroll of Ely is now estimated to be approximately \$300,000 per month.

## STORM RETARDS SHIPMENTS OF ORE

The recent storm has had the effect of greatly handicapping shipments of ore from outside mines this week. From the Princeton side of the district, practically no movements have been made, which gives emphasis to the fact that until the railroad is extended around the Ely range, conditions will not be exactly right for mine owners out that way to accomplish satisfactory results during the winter months, or any other time for that matter, when transportation cost is taken into consideration.

The bad weather of late, however, has not retarded progress along development lines. At the Prince Consolidated, the management is pushing work more vigorously than ever before. The big 100-h. p. Fairbanks, Morse engine, which is in addition to the other equipment that has been in use for many months past, is supplying power for all the machine drills that can be conveniently operated. Not only is the company using all of its own available equipment of this sort, but the management has obtained the loan of several machines from the California Pioche and other mines which are not so active right now as the Prince Consolidated.

## WITH USUAL VIGOR

The Golden Prince company is continuing work at its properties with usual vigor, as well as with the usual satisfactory results.

Energy is being expended on the 300-foot level, almost entirely.

## KING IS DOING THINGS

The Pioche King is steadily pushing on to its goal, and judging from late reports from there, everything points favorably to the encountering of some of the big resources of the property at an early day.

## THE DEMIJORN

President Bailey of the Pioche Demijorn mine, is in camp giving his personal attention to the exploitation of this property. Some good shipping ore is being brought to the surface to be sent to the smelter sometime next month.

## CENTENNIAL PIOCHE IS SEEKING PRINCE VEINS

In view of the quantities of ore that have been developed in the Prince Consolidated mine it was inevitable that a search for the network of bedded and fissure veins should be prosecuted to the north and south along the strike of the fissures. To the north the quest has been undertaken by the Pioche King Co., and to the south, or rather the northeast, the Centennial Pioche is making its shaft.

Eleven claims, all surveyed for patent and covering completely the south extension of the Prince ledge, comprise the estate of the Centennial Pioche. The company is incorporated under the laws of Utah with a capitalization of \$500,000, divided into 1,000,000 shares, of which a large proportion were set aside as treasury stock.

Officers of the Centennial Pioche are Charles P. Brooks, president; F. W. Klete, vice-president; M. C. Godbe secretary and treasurer and C. S. Cowan and C. Mantor the additional directors. William Lloyd is mine superintendent. The officials are experienced mining men whose judgment in the matter of mineral prospects is to be relied upon.

## AFTER PRINCE BODIES.

Appearances both on the surface and underground bespeak the continuance of the Prince ore bodies to the southeast. The surface indication, particularly to the Centennial, is the porphyry dike which has been traced through the Centennial claims and the course of this dike being nearer north and south than the Prince fissure will cause an intersection of fissures and dike on the Centennial ground. There has been no radical change in the formation between the Prince workings and the Centennial shaft. The two galloways are within a stone's throw of each other and the intervening

ground almost absolutely level.

Underground the showing is even more favorable to the Centennial Pioche. The great iron vein which seem to be the mother lode of the numerous bedded ore bodies, strikes straight for the Centennial shaft. It makes its best display both as to size and value at the southern limit of its exposure in the Prince. One hundred feet southeast of the Prince's inclined shaft a crosscut on the 200 level cuts the lode for 120 feet and has not reached the hanging wall. The average width of the iron vein in Prince territory is around 150 feet and its tendency is to widen towards the Centennial's boundary. The average value of the ore in the Prince mine, as demonstrated by actual production, is sufficient to net \$8,000,000 with metals at the present price.

## SHAFT DOWN 340 FEET.

The Centennial Pioche has a shaft down 340 feet on the course of the Prince vein and is being continued at the rate of 3 1/2 feet per day.

The Centennial Co., is well financed, and has sufficient money in its treasury to continue the sinking of its shaft to a depth of 800 feet, thereby cutting all the bedded deposits now proven in the Prince; also to thoroughly cross-cut the fissures as well as the intersection of these fissures and bedded deposits with the porphyry dike. From the fact that the strike of the Prince system of fissures is towards the dike on the Centennial ground, and also that the trend of the ore bodies in the fissure is in that direction, together with the dip of the bedded deposits being to the southeast, it is firmly believed that the source of all this ore is from the dike, and that larger and richer bodies of ore will be found in these fissures and beds at or near their intersection with the dike.

## Commercial Club Reception And Banquet A Brilliant Success

That the members of the Pioche Commercial club are right royal entertainers was the verdict rendered by the ladies of Pioche, to the number of at least forty, who with their escorts attended the reception and banquet given in their honor last night.

When the members of the club began to discuss the matter of arranging for the function, which was so pleasantly carried out in every detail, they did not realize that they would achieve the splendid success which has crowned their efforts.

The affair resolved itself into a brilliant social event, the like of which has not been witnessed in this city in many years—if ever at all. It was another distinct triumph for the club; an affair which the guests, as well as the hosts, will long remember and doubtless, at some future time, when Pioche shall have gained a population of many thousands and the city's young but aggressive commercial body has accomplished more good in the advancement and upbuilding of this portion of southern Nevada, they will recall with pleasure the fact that they were present upon the occasion of the club's first attempt at entertaining.

Owing to the limited room in the club building, the committees in charge of the arrangements, found

it necessary to hold the reception at some other place. Accordingly, Thompson's hall was secured for this part of the program. The rendition of "Country Sleighting" and "Betsey Hawkins' Visit to the City," by Mrs. K. Edith Graves, was a distinct treat; while the "De Batin' Society," by Mrs. C. A. Thompson was none the less entertaining. Dancing followed until about midnight when all repaired to the club building where covers were laid for over eighty people.

Every nook and corner in the club room was filled and had the attendance been much larger, accommodations could not have been provided. The catering was done by the Merchants' Cafe and the spread was one which brought forth many expressions of commendation.

As toastmaster, William E. Orr acquitted himself in the usual versatile and pleasing manner; while the responses which he called for from the several speakers were highly entertaining. "The History of Pioche," was briefly, but ably told by Dr. T. O. Duckworth; while the "Future of Pioche," as foretold by Chas. Lee Horsey, is one of exceptional promise. "Our Minerals," was the subject assigned to C. R. Lamont, who explained the resourcefulness of some of the principal mines of the district. Mil-

ton L. Lee told about "Our Neighbors," in an entertaining manner. Prof. M. O. Graves, principal of the Lincoln County High school, who with Mrs. Graves, was among the out-of-town guests, prefaced his remarks on "Education," by telling a few funny stories, which fitted in to a nicety. Jesse Simmons told about the Pioche Commercial club, its aims and purposes and his words were received with enthusiasm. "Our Guests," was the theme of David Lemmon, who handled his subject most admirably.

The club room was artistically decorated for the occasion, Pres't Frountenthal having given special attention to this matter; while with him, the several committees worked faithfully to make the function the big success which it proved to be.

California flowers were in evidence, everyone present having been presented with a bouquet of carnations and violets.

Caddie and Chester Cook, who have been attending school at Los Angeles, are expected home today to spend the holidays.

## Gold Chief Equipment.

The new mill and hoisting equipment ordered by the Gold Chief Mining company for the Panaca mine has arrived at its destination and is now being installed.