INTELLIGENCER

LEXINGTON, MO.
WEDNESDAY.....NOVEMBER 13, 1872

LOCAL RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY AND NORTHERN

LEAVES LEXINGTON

For Kansas City and St. Joseph.....5:15 A M
.....6 .50 P M
For St. Louis and Ottumwa.....7:00 A M
.....6:50 P M

ARRIVES AT LEXINGTON

From St. Louis.....7.00 A M
.....8:30 P M
From Kansas City and St. Joseph.....8:30 A M
.....8:30 P M

All persons going East, West or South from Lexington, should avail themselves of the superior accommodations of the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway. The safest, best and quickest Railroad in the State.

MISSOURI PACIFIC—LEXINGTON BRANCH

ARRIVES AT DEPOT, LEXINGTON,

Mail and express.....11 A M
Accommodation and freight.....11 P M

LEAVE DEPOT, LEXINGTON,

Mail and express.....6 P M
Accommodation and freight.....5 A M

Arrival and Departure of the Mails.

St Louis mail, via N Mo R R, arrives at 7 A M; departs at 6 P M Via Pacific R R, arrives at 11 A M; departs at 5 30 P M—Daily.

Western mail arrives 9 A M; departs 6 P M—Daily.

St. Joseph mail arrives 7 A M; departs 6 P M—Daily.

Sedalia mail arrives 11 A M; departs 5 30 P M—Daily.

Warrensburg mail arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday 6 P M; departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 7 A M

Waverly mail arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday 4 P M; departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 7 A M

Independence mail arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday 6 P M; departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 7 A M

Pleasant Hill mail arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday 11 A M; departs same day 12 M

Eastern Way mail, via N Mo R R, arrives 7 A M; departs 6 A M.

Office hours daily (except Sundays), from 7 A M. to 6.30 P M; Sunday, from 9 to 9 A M.
GEO. W. MCKEAN, P. M.

TO LOCAL ADVERTISERS.

Persons advertising in the local columns, except those having standing "ads," will be charged 15 cents per line for first insertion, and 10 cents per line for each additional insertion, and to those having standing "ads," 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

☞ Positively no deviation from this rule.

CASH—Paid for Lard, Tallow, Grease or fat of any kind.
A. A. & J. O. LESUEUR,
Cor. Main and Pine streets.

LADIES AND MISSES,

Don't fail to call on Davis & Allstadt when you want to purchase the handsomest shoes in the city very cheap sept-tf

EQUAL CHANCES TO ALL.

Don't fail to notice the great closing out sale of H. J. E. Ahrens, of this city. He has determined to wind up business, and to accomplish this, he sells his large stock of Dry Goods, and everything else in the store, at cost, and will continue to do until all is sold. He has just received a new supply of the latest and handsomest styles in calico, also a variety of hosiery, and a good many other leading articles, all of which will be sold also at cost. Such a splendid stock will be only made in leading articles, in order to accomplish it in the shortest possible time. This last clearing out sale of H. J. E. Ahrens, near the market house. tf

PIANOS AND ORGANS—Persons desiring to purchase either instrument can obtain better bargains of Messrs. Viele & Mills, General Agents for the celebrated Arion and Parlor Gem Pianos and Estey Cottage Organs than any dealer in the West. Call on them or send for their circulars, No. 214 North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo. All instruments fully warranted. [14-1y

ATTENTION! READ!

Davis & Allstadt are receiving the largest stock of boots, shoes and hats ever brought to this market. They warrant their goods in every respect, and sell cheaper than the cheapest. Call early and get bargains at
Sept-tf No. 120 MAIN STREET.

CHEAP! CHEAP!

E. EASTER & CO.

SUCCESSORS TO P. C. PATTERSON & CO

	SELL
SALT, per bbl	—
10 lbs good SUGAR for	1.00
4 lbs good COFFEE for	1.00
COAL OIL, per gallon	40
7 lbs WHITE SUGAR for	1.00

BOOTS AND SHOES, CHEAP.

KENTUCKY WHISKEY, CHEAP.

GROCERIES, ASSORTED, CHEAPEST.

FLOUR, MEAL AND BRAN, CHEAPER AND

CASH PAID FOR WHEAT.

Goods delivered free. aug7tf

FOR A GOOD BED—clean room, and a square meal, go to the Lindell Hotel, Kansas City.
J. H. BAGWILL,
my31-ly Proprietor.

99 MAIN STREET

Is brimming full and running over with all kinds of new and seasonable goods, consisting of new styles dress goods, velveteens, lace collars, trimmings, ladies' silk neck-ties, perfumeries, chignons, braids, switches, corsets, yarns, &c. Our prices cannot fail to please every one. We guarantee everything we sell not only to be first-class, but as cheap as anybody else can sell it. Come and see. MCCAUSLAND & BEDFORD.

FOR RENT.

A large two story brick hotel just completed located at the flourishing town of Higginsville, on the Lexington and St. Louis Railroad. The building contains 13 rooms, with out houses, cisterns and all necessary conveniences of a Hotel. A good landlord can get the building cheap by applying to Higgins & McMeekin, Higginsville, Mo. oct23tf

DAVIS & ALLSTADT

Are selling heavy boots cheaper than any house in the city. sept1f

MULES WANTED.

We want to purchase a number of good fat mules, for which we will pay the highest price in cash. The mules must be over fifteen and a half hands high.
nov9tf RUSSELL, YOUNG & CO.

MULES WANTED.

I want to buy two pair of well broke matched mules, 15 to 16 hands high. J. C. MCGRAW.

JOHN H. CLOWSDLEY
COLLECTOR.
Office at Clowdsley & Wotawa's carriage shop on Main street. oct23tf

REASONS WHY

THE ARION PIANO-FORTE IS SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

The ARION PIANO-FORTE has Greater Power than any other Piano-forte manufactured. IT WILL STAND IN TUNE LONGER, and, in its mechanical construction, it is more perfect, and therefore more durable, than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame, SURPASSES ALL OTHERS. The use of a bar (which is a part of the iron frame), on a line with the heavy steel stringing, gives GREAT STRENGTH where most needed, and in this respect all other Pianos fail

The construction of the West Plank, into which the Tuning Pins are inserted, is such, that it is impossible for the pins to become loosened, or the West Plank itself to split, as is too often the the case in other Piano-fortes. THE EXTRAORDINARY EVENNESS throughout the Scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the LENGTH AND PURITY OF VIBRATION, all go to prove what we claim, viz: that THE ARION PIANO-FORTE IS THE BEST INSTRUMENT MANUFACTURED.

NOTE.—For full description of the patented improvements used in the Arion Piano, see descriptive circulars. VIELE & MILLS,
No. 214 N. 5th st., St. Louis, Mo. Gen. Agts.

THE INTELLIGENCER.

The sudden and awful death of the senior editor and co-proprietor of the INTELLIGENCER, has left an apprehension in the minds of some of our friends that it might have the effect either to stop or suspend the business of the establishment. While we may have to claim the forbearance of our friends and the public for a week or two for lack of editorial interest, and while we never expect to see Mr. Groves' place completely filled, yet the publication of the paper and the business of the concern will go on without interruption. If the people of Lafayette county will stand by us in the future as they have done in the past, we shall endeavor to maintain their interests, as the INTELLIGENCER has always done, regardless of blandishments, threats or violence.

AULLVILLE.

The Caucasian of last week contains an article headed "Moboracy," which were it true, would be a sad commentary on the state of society in our county. The purport of it was that Gen. Jo. O. Shelby, Mark L. Bell, Mr. Inskip, Mr. John Wilson and others, residents of Aullville, had been ordered to leave their homes, or suffer death as a penalty. We believed from the first that this was a fabrication, based on idle rumors. We accordingly questioned several Continuen from that locality, and were assured that there was no truth whatever in the reports. We were fortunate enough yesterday to meet Capt. Bell, one of the parties concerned, who confirmed these statements, and said that no such warning had been given. In the name of peace and good order let us have a cessation of these idle stories. Let as one and all so act and talk as to convince any persons disposed to lawlessness, that they will have no aid or comfort from any decent citizens. We cannot afford to right wrongs by other wrongs. We cannot afford to tamper with mob law or riot No hell conceivable would be worse than a state of anarchy, that would be brought about by letting loose the passions of men. No, we want peace and quiet. We must have peace. And the first step to secure this end is to stop the publication of slanders on the community. Let rumors such as the above be well weighed before they are given to the world as truths. "It is a foul bird that defiles its own nest," and it is time enough to say that these things exist after they really do exist and not before. It ill becomes a paper which flies at its mast-head such mottoes as "Republication—this is liberty," "Down with the fifteenth bedamndment," "the rights of the States or another Rebellion," and which some months since had an article styled "a dernier resort," with a derringer pistol as an emphasizing line, advocating the assassination of President Grant should he be re-elected—it ill becomes such a paper to hypocritically lament a state of violence when it does not exist in fact, and does not exist merely because such papers have not had influence enough to convince anybody that violence or republication are either practicable or desirable in this country.

JUSTICE.

We notice in the St. Louis Republican of the 9th, and in the Democrat of the 10th, dispatches from this place, in regard to the killing of Mr. Groves, which are calculated to create a wrong impression on the public mind. We had thought that the grave would shield this brave and honorable gentleman a little time from the shafts of his enemies; and we sincerely regret to see so little charity extended from them towards his memory. The idea which is tried to be conveyed is that Mr. Groves had made a cowardly attack upon Mr. Turner at some prior time, and that a fight resulting, Mr. Groves was killed. There was no fight. Mr. Groves was quietly walking toward his office, passed Mr. Turner without noticing him; Turner after he had passed, called to him and before Mr. Groves could face him he fired at him, advanced on him rapidly, cocking his pistol, and just as Mr. Groves faced him fired the second time, the ball entering at the left nipple, and killing Mr. Groves before he could draw his pistol. Mr. Groves had for some days said that he was ready to meet and fight any gentleman who considered himself aggrieved by him. Sheriff Taubman, with whom he had a misunderstanding, which was amicably settled, understood this fact, and speaking of Mr. Groves said that Mr. Grov s need not fear that he would take advantage of him—*that he (Taubman) was a assassin.* Mr. Groves was a gentleman, the son of a gentleman. He knew what was due from one gentleman to another. He did not abuse Mr. Turner, but it was under serious provocation. He would have been less or more than a man to have been slandered as he was, and let it pass unnoticed. The whole truth is that Mr. Turner and the Caucasians were rather too light weights in a politics contest with Mr. Groves, and they resorted to violent personal abuse and the vilest calumny. Even these weapons he shivered as glass, and personal violence was the "*dernier resort.*" We wish to do no one injustice and as far as the Register is concerned, we believe, as Mr. Groves himself said, had Col. DeMotte been at home that paper would never have used such instruments. There are some men whose souls are so small, that they do not appreciate how mean and contemptible a thing it is to try to blacken the fair fame of an honest gentleman. The scourge of society should be applied to all such. They should be taught how vile and low their natures are, by the contumely of every decent citizen. Let justice be done though the heavens fall. If there was a fight between these men, then was this crime no murder; but if, as all the witnesses whom we have spoken to say, Mr. Groves was fired on before he had fairly turned round, and his coat goes to confirm this position, and if the second shot was fired before Mr. Groves had an opportunity to defend himself, in God's name call this thing what it is—
A MURDER.

BOSTON FIRE.

Insurance Agency
OF
E. WINSOR & SON.

"OLD HARTFORD."
CHICAGO, ILL., November 12th, 1872.
E. WINSOR & SON, Lexington, Mo.: Boston losses under SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, ($600,000 00) and will be PROMPTLY PAID, as Chicago. Present assets TWO MILLION, THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS ($2,355,000 00). Business proceeds uninterruptedly. THE HARTFORD NEVER SURRENDERS
G. F. BISSELL, Genl. Agent.

STATE INSURANCE CO. }
HANNIBAL, MISSOURI. }
E. WINSOR & SON, Lexington, Mo.: State all right. Total loss in Boston less than Fifteen Thousand Dollars. Advance rates, and roll up business.
J. N. STRONG, Secretary.

Parties holding ÆTNA, HARTFORD and STATE and IMPERIAL Policies, need have no fears as to their security. These companies have ample means to pay all losses, and will go ahead with renewed vigor.
E. WINSOR & SON.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11th, 1872.
TO THOS. B. WALLACE, Agent: All safe. Cannot lose half our surplus fund in Boston, Increase rates and do business.
WM. F. HKINS,
Pres't, German American Ins. Co.

The Great Industries of the United States.—PRICE. $3.50.
For sale at McKEE & AUSTIN'S.
nov13-tf Successors to Pigott.

ARE THE SCENES OF '66 TO BE REHEARSED?

A systematic effort is being made by certain parties to place the people of Lafayette county in a false attitude before the world. For a week past the St. Louis Democrat has been publishing telegrams and communications from various points, but all evidently prepared here, to the effect that Lafayette county was in a condition of anarchy, and that the lives of citizens were in jeopardy every hour from mob violence. In all these communications the county court has been held up as composed of men of the highest probity and honor, who had for years been sacrificing themselves for the good of an ungrateful people. Thus the endeavor is made to create an outside sympathy to bolster the falling fortunes of the unprincipled clique, which has been ruling and ruining us for years. It is the same clique which, when in danger in '66 of losing its hold on the reins of power, procured the "Bacon Montgomery militia," (an epithet as significant of villainy as "Kirk's pet lambs," familiar to every student of English history,) to be sent into our midst, whose atrocious acts will never be forgotten. By unparalled forbearance the people succeeded in relieving themselves of the dire curse of military rule, and in '67 and '68 the prospects for the county looked bright. Then came the railroad schemes of what the Democrat is pleased to term certain "shrewd men," which consisted in gulling the people into giving one dollar towards building roads and putting three into the pockets of these same "shrewd" men. Within a short time our county debt from nothing swelled to the enormous amount of at least a million and a half dollars. During all the while this fearful burden was being created Geo. H. Ambrose presiding justice of the county court was also president of that Railroad company which has taken the lead in despoiling the people, a circumstance which shocked the moral sense of the people everywhere, as the duties of the two seemed incompatible. Yet he remained in that position, and still holds the office of Judge, in face of the fact that the people regard him as the chief author of their misfortunes, and in face of their organized expression of their utter lack of confidence in his official integrity. The Farmers' Club, an organization composed of the very best men in the county, some weeks ago by a committee urged upon him to resign, as an act that would restore confidence and allay dissatisfaction among the people. This he flatly refused to do, and his organ here thought it a proper subject for jeers and ridicule. We understand, although we have no personal knowledge with reference to the matter, that he has since been notified that his personal safety depends upon his resigning his office, and it is also understood that he agreed to file his resignation to take effect the 1st of January next. This was all the people wanted, and this only. Yet gained, our difficulties in that direction were regarded as at an end. But it would seem that this was only a ruse to deceive the people and that Judge Ambrose never intended his resignation should take effect. He has been absent from the city for some time, and as we said, in connection with his friends and co-workers here, is working up a tremendous bagaloo, in order, we suppose, to renew in our midst the evil days of '66. There are many rumors around to the effect that Government troops were to be sent here. Now we regard this as all bosh! No doubt many hereabouts would rejoice to have the aid of Federal bayonets in visiting their spite upon our people, but Grant is not such a fool, and if he were, his advisers are not, as to send troops into Missouri during a time of peace, unless at the request of the Governor, as the Constitution directs. It is all very easy to talk, and there is a great deal of talking being done to frighten people, but there is not the slightest danger that the Government will interfere with our domestic concerns, and for the simple reason if there were no other, that no occasion whatever exists for any such interference. We say it without hesitation, that the people of Lafayette county are as law abiding and orderly as any in the State. No people have been slower to take matters in their own hands, in order to execute vengeance upon law breakers. While in the neighboring county of Johnson and other counties, scores of men have been lynched for stealing and murder within the last six years, not more than three or four cases of the kind have occurred here. Yet the action of the people of the former county was countenanced by the very class who now seek to make a handle of similar occurrences here, in order to bring our people in conflict with the State or national authority. It has been insinuated, even charged, that this paper was the "organ of the mob." We denounce the charge as false and slanderous. This paper has, on the other hand, deprecated any attempt of this kind, to violate the laws, in the severest terms, as all who have read it will bear witness. At present, Judge Ambrose is away from his home, and as we think, is away foolishly. We do not believe there is any design on the part of the people to do him injury. Several of our citizens in the interest of peace and good order, went to Washington township, supposed to be the head quarters of the "mob," and interviewed several of the more prominent men whose names have been mentioned in connection with the threats against Judge Ambrose. They all say there is little or no foundation for any of the many rumors that have been so industriously circulated, and that they are willing to become personally responsible for the safety of Judge Ambrose against any mob from Washington township. The people want Judge Ambrose to resign, and he knows, or ought to know it. But whether he resigns or not, he can come home, and if he behaves himself, live unmolested. We trust we have heard the last of mobs and soldiers in this county.

THE ORGAN KING.

THE WORLD RENOWNED, Estey organ has added new laurels if possible to its popularity. It was awarded the first premium at the Kansas State Fair at Topeka, for the best organ for church and parlor use, and for the organ producing the greatest orchestral effect; also at the Expositions at Edwardsville and Belleville, Ills., and at the great St. Louis Exposition over all competitors. The name of Estey has become a household word and secured its strong hold on the affections of the people by strictly first-class workmanship, and the combination of the greatest variety of valuable improvements. 5,000 are now made yearly. Viele & Mills, at 214 N. 5th st., St. Louis, are the general agents, who will supply organs or circulars on application.

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

The following township officers were elected November 5th, 1872.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Lexington Township—James E. Hollis.
Middleton—Wm. S. Beck.
Davis—D. Y. Prigmore.
Washington—John Browning.
Freedom—M. F. Price.
Snis-Bar—I. N. Bledsoe.

CONSTABLES.

Lexington—Chas. R. Clayton
Dover—Lewis Ligon.
Davis—J. B. Santmeyer.
Clay—John E. Arnold.
Washington—Barry Barton.
Freedom—N. B. Prince.
Snis-Bar—A. Phillips.

REGISTRARS.

Lexington, East—Thos. B. Clagett. West—Lucien B. Wright.
Dover, North—Levi Talbott. South—W. A. Page
Middleton—Chas. Patterson, Sr.
Davis, East—B. F. Coffey. West—James Pettibord.
Clay, Greenton—W. S. Drummond. Wellington—Chas. Mitchell. Napoleon—Cyrus Osborne.
Washington, North—Benj. F. McElroy. South—W. F. Tracy.
Freedom, East—A. R. Stillington. West—G. W. Ennis.
Snis-Bar, East—R. S. Williams. West—S. J. Andrews.

GONE.—Our young and generous friend, Edwin Bowman, left this morning on the 7 o'clock train for Lexington, Kentucky, which place he intends making his future home. We are sorry that we have to let such a valuable young man leave our city, but we predict for him a pleasant future. May peace, prosperity and happiness attend him, and may he prove as great an ornament to society there as he did here. Farewell, Eddie.

MITCHELL VINDICATED.

Honor to Whom Honor is Due.

It is with pleasure we, as supporters of Mr. Mitchell in his strenuous efforts as our Representative in the last Legislature to secure the reorganization of the County Court, are able to refer the citizens of Lafayette county to the decision of the Supreme Court at October term, 1872, in case of the State ex rel. Jaiffes Robbins, appellant, vs. the County Court of New Madrid, respondent, wherein the authority of the Legislature in its discretion to pass a special act, and its constitutionality is fully sustained, its action in the premises precluding the courts from passing on the question as to whether a general law would have accomplished the end aimed at. What must be peculiarly gratifying to Mr. Mitchell as a lawyer, is, that he assumed the championship of a constitutional question, which it is to be adnitted was then a questionable matter, and had no been reviewed by our own State Courts. His position was sustained by a bare majority of the judiciary committee including his own vote as a member of that committee, and was overruled by a decided majority in the House on the grounds of the unconstitutionality of the measure, but the highest tribunal of the State now comes to the relief of Mr. Mitchell, not only sustaining his professional views in every particular, but adopting the same train of argument and citing every authority referred to and cited by Mr. M. in his argument before the House, thus passing no doubtful compliment on Mr. M.'s professional ability, in which achievement he has our hearty congratulations.

Communicated.

MARRIAGE.

ANOTHER GALLANT CONFEDERATE (A MEMBER OF THE IMMORTAL BLEDSOE BATTERY) SURRENDERED.

Married, by the Rev. J. A. Quarles, Tuesday, Nov. 12th, at the residence of Major J. T. Ryland, brother-in-law of the bride, Captain WM. G. STEELE, to the beautiful and accomplished Miss MAGGIE C. FINDLAY. Attendants, Miss Eva McCoy, Kansas City, Mo.; Miss Annie Neill, Warrensburg, Mo.; Misses Fannie Winsor and Laura Barnett, Lexington, Mo.; Mr. James Aull, Frank W. Trigg, Eugene Ewing and Ryland S. Findlay. After an impressive ceremony by the worthy and beloved President of the Elizabeth Aull Seminary, Rev. J. A. Quarles, and after the numerous guests, relatives and friends had warmly congratulated the happy pair who had so truly, so sweetly and with such faith and love, joined hands and hearts, and blended their lives forever, and joined together to tread the flowery path of peace and bliss, or shelter each the other's loving heart from all the cruel shafts bitter fortune perchance may hurl, all partook of a sumptuous feast of the luxuries and delicacies so delectable to an appreciative palate, prepared under the care and supervision of the amiable Mrs. Major John E. Ryland. Marriage, supper, guests, bride and groom, the genial host and wife, vieing with each other to make all glad and happy, were in perfect and pleasant harmony, and the scene was one long to be remembered. Truly has W. B. Steele, the gallant soldier, the true friend, and the whole-souled and talented gentleman, wooed and won and surrendered his heart and laurels to one of old Lafayette's fairest and purest gems, brightest and most beauteous jewels, in the person of Miss Maggie C. Findlay. In each both have found a treasure rare and pure, a love, a trust, which through time and eternity will endure. Shielded in each others, love and shielded in the love of God, may their footsteps find a sweeter, safer path than mortal feet have ever trod.

GRAND ATTRACTION.

HARMONIA HALL,

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, NOVEMBER 15TH AND 16TH. GRAND MINSTREL ENTERTAINMENT BY THE LAFAYETTE SILVER CORNET BAND, ASSISTED BY THE PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF LEXINGTON, MISSOURI, AND J. D. CONNER OF WELLINGTON, MISSOURI.

On account of the awful tragedy enacted in the street, and the excitement consequent thereon last Friday evening, the concert did not take place last week as advertised, but will certainly be given on Friday and Saturday evenings of this week.

The Band wish to raise money enough to pay their set of new instruments, and to attain that end will give a series of concerts, commencing as above, consisting of Comic and Sentimental Songs, Ethiopian Jokes, Burlesques, Walk Arounds, &c., &c. The performance will be perfectly chaste in character.

COME ONE, COME ALL! AND HELP THE "BOYS" OUT!

CORRECTION.—In a hastily written notice of Tuesday's election certain expressions were used concerning Mr. Taubman, which we see are calculated to do him injustice. The impression was not attempted to be conveyed that Mr. Taubman made use of money to bribe voters at the polls. As regards the matter of the personal solicitation of votes the animadversion was general. Mr. Taubman was certainly, as far as our observation went, guilty of nothing in this regard, not in accordance with usage long established. We wish to do no man injustice, some bitterness of feeling was engendered during the campaign, which we have no disposition to keep alive, now that the fight is over, by unkind or ungenerous remarks.

The above article was handed in for publication by Mr. Groves on Friday afternoon—the very last editorial act of his life—and it shows the spirit which animated him after the election more clearly than anything we could say in regard to it.

A TREAT.—Lexington at last can boast a first class restaurant. We speak advisedly. In compliance with a kind invitation, the editorial corps of the Intelligencer was feasted upon "quail on toast" at the restaurant of Mr. W. Powell, on Main street, on Thursday night last, and a more delicious morsel it was never our good fortune to roll under our tongue. Our lips are yet smacking at the recollection of the savory dish. Powell's is the place to get the worth of your money, sure!

Thomas B. Clagett, Esq., has purchased the queensware business of George S. McIrew & Co., on Main street, and will be pleased to see all his old friends and the public generally who may have need of goods in his line. He sells for cash only.

Mr. H. J. Fouts has opened a new saloon under the Emmet House, on Pine street, where he proposes to keep the finest wines, liquors, cigars, &c. He gave a splendid free lunch on Friday, to which the INTELLIGENCER was invited

The reunion at the Christian Church closed on Sunday evening. Several ministers were in attendance, and much interest was manifested in the meetings throughout the season.

BAPTIZING.—The colored people of the Baptist persuasion have had a revival, and six converts to the faith were dipped in the turbid Missouri on Sunday, Elder Smith officiating—five women and one man.

Mr. John Ricketts has laid upon our table a book entitled "The Young Clerk's Guide," printed in London in 1682, a clean and neat specimen of typography in the early days of printing, and a curiosity to the bibliographer.

The Independence Daily Herald is a good looking, sprightly sheet of good size, and well filled with interesting reading matter. Published by M. M. Langhorne & Co., M. M. Langhorn and H. H. Hughes), at $6 per year, 25 cts. per week.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Nov. 11th, 1872.
AULL, STANDISH & WILSON, AGENTS HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK.
Home's entire amount at risk in Boston district don't exceed Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars. Our cash assets exceed four and half millions dollars. Our business will suffer no interruption whatever and our Boston like our Chicago losses, will be paid promptly. Push business prudently. Moderate losses and advanced rates.
C. J. NORTON, Gen'l Agt.
Home Insurance Co., New York.

WELLINGTON ITEMS.

OFF TO CALIFORNIA.

William Durham, of California, and Joseph Baker, Thomas Seawell and Nathan Cox, of this place, all left here last Wednesday evening for California.

SAD NEWS.

Mrs. E. A. Jacobs of this place received a letter a few days since, containing the sad news of the death of her daughter, Mrs. Sallie Elkin, wife of Stephen Elkin, of Santa Fe, N. M.

BENEFICIAL.

The Excelsior Lyceum, or "debating society," instituted for the improvement, and composed exclusively of boys, meets every Friday night at the school house. Any boy of good moral character, between the ages of twelve and twenty one years can become a member.

We advise all the boys who desire to improve themselves in oratory, to become a member of this honorable institution. Question for the next meeting:

RESOLVED, "That the hope of reward is a greater incentive to action than the fear of punishment."

HO! FOR SALT RIVER.

You may not be aware of a certain little matter that is going on in which several of your citizens and others are interested, and as we don't intend anything to be done "under the hat" up this way, you are first in possession of the following facts and information for the benefit of all whom it may concern.

As you are already aware, the good (?) steamboat Radicalism is going to start on a trip from our county soon up Salt river, and that several persons from our county are going to take passage thereon.

You have no doubt been somewhat surprised at her departure not having been noticed in any of your city papers, and disappointed at not seeing her at your wharf ready rigged for the trip.

As some of the aforesaid passengers are somewhat chagrined at having to take the trip and do not wish their embarkation made public, and would feel somewhat embarrassed and humiliated to get aboard at so public a place as your wharf, they have devised and are about carrying out their departure "kinder" secretly, or in other words are going to "steal away between two days." In order to carry out their departure upon the above secret plan they have got the steamboat Radicalism now moored in a very secluded place not frequented by man or beast in the "out off" or slough behind the island just opposite the mouth of the Big Sni-a-bar creek, a short distance below our little city, and intend starting from there in a few days, so if any person having to take the trip don't know "the ropes" they will know from the above where to find said boat and crew.

From one who is posted and up to the trick it has been ascertained that the boat will be officered for the trip as follows:

As the office of captain requires a man of some money to give the boat credit financially, Chas. B. Scott is assigned that position, and will have full command. He having been treasurer of our county several years, at a salary sufficient to enable him to lay by several thousand dollars, it is thought there will be no questioning the boat's credit or solvency in foreign waters.

The office of pilot being a very responsible one, and one on which depends the safety of the boat and crew, requiring a man of some experience in steering through snags and sandbars, Mark L. DeMotte is given that position, he having more experience in running and steering the boat Radicalism through snags and over sandbars in our county than the balance of the crew put together.

First clerk Robert Taubman. He is assigned that position on account of his experience in receiving and paying over money and correctness in book-keeping.

Second clerk, Walker R. Tobbs. There was considerable trouble in Taubman getting the first clerk, the second clerk wanted that position himself, but after much "circumlocution" and "animadversion" and considerable discussion, the difficulty was finally amicably adjusted by a compromise, viz: that the first clerk pay the second clerk $1,000 a year out of his salary. It has been hinted at already that the second clerk is not physically qualified for the duties of the position, and we are entertained to that he will not prove very acceptable to the passengers and crew, and that the first clerk would like to get rid of him, but "its no go" he claims the $1,000, whether he renders service or not. It is thought, however, that the first clerk will "stick to the bargain" but present upon the second clerk to remain at home and not take the trip at all.

As the essential requirements and prerequisites to a first class mate consists of a man who "cares for nobody, fears neither man nor devil," and one who can curse which the case requires it and frequently when it won't, and one who uses much slang and abusive language to his inferiors, Pete Donan has that position. There was considerable opposition at first among the crew to his appointment, but after more mature reflection and a speech or two from some of the crew, and, whereas, it is believed by some that he has been of much service to the Radical party of our county, and had given valuable assistance to the first clerk in our late county canvass, and being possessed of more than any half dozen men of the essential requirements and prerequisites first mentioned, he was unanimously elected by acclamation by the crew to the honorable office of mate.

The office of engineer being also one of much responsibility, requiring "one skilled in mathematics and mechanics," and who has some nerve and sound judgment, knowing how and when to "let on" and "shut off" steam, Byron Bliss, possessing these qualifications, is assigned the position of first engineer.

Samuel P. Bascom, bar-keeper. None but the best of liquors and best brands of chewing and smoking tobacco, and cigars kept at the bar.

Robert Taylor, chief cook and steward being a man "very fond" of good eating and having had some experience in that line the wants of the crew will not be neglected at the table.

John Dougherty, carpenter; J. M. Thompson, Eli Adams, C. M. Oliver, roustabouts.

For freight or passage, apply on board or at the office under the Big Sni bridge. Said office you will readily recognize by a big Lt 'possum hung up by the tail over the entrance.

☞ No ticket "genuine without the possum imprint"—all others spurious.

DIED.

In this city, Nov. 6th, 1872, Mrs. MARY F. JONES, daughter of Granville Clayton, Esq., aged 29 years.

MARRIED.

In this city, Nov. 11th, 1872, by Rev. F. J. Boggs, Mr. WILLIAM F. NEALY, of this city, to Miss JENNIE MORTON, of Sedalia.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary upon the estate of Rebecca Graham, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate court, of Lafayette county, on the 18th day of June, 1872.

All persons having claims against said estate, are required to exhibit them for allowance to the Executor, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within three years from the date of said letters, they will be forever barred.
BENJAMIN MARSHALL, Executor.
oct23-4w

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss.
LAFAYETTE COUNTY, }

In the Probate Court of Lafayette county, Missouri—October term, 1872.

NOW at this day comes Hiram M. Bledsoe, administrator of the estate of John C. Bledsoe, deceased, and presents to the Court his petition, praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such cases; on examination whereof it is ordered that all persons interested in said estate be notified that application is aforesaid has been made, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this Court, to be held on the first Monday in January, 1873, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is further ordered that this notice be published in some newspaper in this State for four weeks before the next term of this Court.

A true copy, attest:
JOHN F. BURDEN, Clerk.
HATHAUN & GRAVES, Attorneys.

GARDENING LANDS.

80 ACRES Gardening Lands for sale, in such lots and on such terms as will suit purchasers. Said lands situate one mile south of Lexington, of easy access to city, market, &c. For particulars apply to
sept13-tf ZACH. J. MITCHELL.

COMMERCIAL.

LEXINGTON MARKET.

Wool—30 to 35 for combing.
Butter—Choice yellow, readily from 20 to 25; fair to good, 12½; white and common, 10 to 15.
Eggs—12½ to 15.
Beeswax—Prime yellow, 30 to 32; medium and common, 25 to 28.
Provisions—S. C. hams, 15 to 16½; country 12 to 13½.
Sides—clear, 10 to 12.
Shoulders—7 to 8.
Lard—7 to 10.
Flour—choice XXX 5 00 do bbls 9 00; good second rate 4 00.
Corn meal—60 to 75c.
Salt—Kanawha, 3 50.
Groceries—Brown sugar 10 to 14; Ex. C. 13 to 14; A. 13½ to 13; crushed 14½ to 16.
Tea—60 to 2 00.
Coffee—choice, 25 to 27, fair 21 to 23; O. G. Java, 22 to 23½.
Syrup—sugar leaf, $1 00 to 1 10 golden, 90.
Molasses—S. H. 75; common 50.
Rice—10 to 12½.
Cheese—N. Y., 13c to 25c; English Dairy 20; Young America 23.
Pepper—30 to 35; pure ground, 40c.
Alspice—25 to 30.
Honey—15 to 20c.
Tallow—7 to 7½.
Feathers—prime, 50c.
Beeswax—25.
Coal oil—40c per gal.
Grain—No. 1 wheat, 150 to 160.—No. 2 1 20 to 1 40.
Oats—25 to 30.
Corn—Old, 1 00 to 1 25.
Seeds—Timothy 1 00 to 2 00.
Apples—dried, bu. 1 00 to 1 50
Peaches—dried, 6 to 7c.
Potatoes—40 to 50c.
Beef—on foot 4 to 5; qrs 8 to 10; cut 10 to 12½.
Hogs—on foot 3 20 to 3 40.
Dry floors—packed 8½ to 10½.
Shoulders—heavy 4-4 bro., 15 to 16; second do. 12½; fine brown 4 15 to 4 20; 10-4 sheeting 40 to 50; trash, 12½ to 20.
Cotton—bleached, 12½ to 20.
Canton Flannels—16½ to 25.
Ticking—20 to 50.
Table linen—50 to 1 50.
Jeans—35 to 1 00.
Cassimeres—1 00 to 2 00.
Paper cambrics—15.
Spool cotton—60c; 1 00.
Corsets—75 to 2 00.
Hides and pelts—dry hides 16 to 17c; green hides 7c.
Sheep pelts—75 to 2 00.
Deer skins—dry, per lb. 12@30c.
Mink—prime, 50 50.
Otter—$20@4.
Coon—prime, 35c.
Muskrat—8 to 10c.
Skunk—20@50.
Lumber—clear pine, 18 inch, $65; same inch, $55; a stock board, 50; b stock board, 40; sash saw board, dressed 35; fencing, 30; clear flooring, 50; 2d rate do. 35; clear siding, pine, 40; 2d do. 25; 3d do. 21; joist and scantling, 30; 2d clear scantling, for frames; 30; a shingles, 3; 2 No. 1 do. 4 00; laths, 5 00. Native lumber, son, 15 50, hard 22 50.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

MONDAY, November 11th, 1872

There has been but little change in the local money market of the past week. The banks generally report a considerable money market, but are not willing to enlarge their discount lines, and are confining themselves as much as possible to their regular customers. Collections from the country have been coming in quite freely, and the profits also have been greater. These two facts have tended to increase the supply of money beyond what the present demand is calling for. There is also no big outside demand for currency from the country just now.

The dry goods market of the past week has shown but little change, though the general market has been more active than the preceding one. The trade has been only moderate, with about the same range of prices running from day to day. The demand for all kinds of woolens and cotton goods has been but fairly free; all other goods dull and tedious, with scarcely any demand.

In wheat the market has been dull, forwarding the demand has been very light, the millers buying very little who, the week before, had been quite active in purchasing. There has been a decline in price in all grades. In winter the holders and buyers have been wide apart in their views, consequently there was but a very limited business. In the later inspections there was quite a number of good lots offered, with few buyers. Corn, following the tendency of the other markets, showed no little variation in the early part of the week, but grew slow and drooping toward the close for all grades, except mixed and yellow, the latter being in good demand at drug rates. New has been coming in quite freely, and lots of good condition have commanded nearly, if not quite, the same prices as old.

Cattle.—The market for the upper grades of native cattle has shown a fair degree of firmness, with a pretty ready though not urgent demand. Hogs.—The heavy receipts of hogs naturally gave packers a good supply for the week, and they have been quite liberal in their purchases, and good sales have consequently somewhat restricted, but, however, there continued a pretty fair demand and movement, but prices inadmissibly ruled low. We give the following as being nearly the ruling and closing prices for the week. Extra choice grades, $1 20@1 25; good do., $1 15 to $1 10; fair do., $1 00@1 05; feeders, cows weights.

HORSE AND MULE MARKET.

Dealers very generally continue to report a tolerably good and quiet market for both horses and mules. The demand and movement during the past week has been rather moderate. We quote the following transactions: Sales of Daniel McCown: 13 mules, 15 to 16 hands, $135@150; 28 m