



THURSDAY, - - OCT. 17, 1872

For State Senator, 23rd District,

GEN. FIRMIN A. ROZIER,

OF STE. GENEVIEVE.

Particular Notice.

According to the present law there is no provision for voters to register in any district except that in which they live; and further, voters cannot vote in any other district except that in which they live. Every one should bear this in mind.

Senator F. P. Blair.

Gen. F. P. Blair arrived in this city from De Lassus Monday morning. He remained at the residence of Chas. C. Rozier, Esq. where a number of the citizens called upon him and extended the hospitalities of the city. As it had been announced that he would address the citizens at the court house at 1 o'clock, a very large audience was on hand at the appointed hour. Gen. Blair upon being introduced to the audience by Col. Joe Bogy, delivered one of the most effective speeches on the political situation that we have ever listened to. He showed how any old life-long Democrat could most consistently vote for Greeley; because on the issues now before the country, Greeley and they were on the same footing. The true Democrat was opposed always and ever to the centralization of power in the Federal Government, the multiplication of useless offices and extravagance in public expenditures. He believed always in the subordination of the military to the civil power, the equality of the States, and in home Government. A good democrat is in favor of reconciliation, peace, and good feeling among the different sections of the Union, and the encouragement of the productive industries, to the end that the boundless resources of the Republic may be developed and labor obtain full employment and adequate reward. Mr. Greeley's position on all these questions was well defined and thoroughly in accord with the Democracy. His remarks regarding the attitude assumed by the Bourbon democracy, illustrated by the parable of the Good Samaritan was most effective. He said that had Pennsylvania and Ohio given Democratic majorities, every Bourbon would have had his pockets filled with affidavits that he had always been a Greeley man, and that he went to the Louisville Convention to break it up; as it is you hear them regretting that the Democratic convention ever nominated Greeley, and that between Greeley and Grant, he, the Bourbon, would support Grant, as he was the least offensive. In depicting the condition of the South under the Grant rule, he gave the audience a history of the great steam race between Warrmouth and Pinchback, from New York to New Orleans, depicting the condition of the people of Louisiana, in being under the control of two such scoundrels. He concluded his speech by urging upon Democrats the necessity of voting, saying that with a full Democratic vote, Missouri would be carried for Greeley by 100,000 majority, and that she would elect her entire congressional delegation.

It having been announced that the Greeley and Brown club would meet at seven o'clock in the evening at the court house, we repaired thither after supper to hear and see what was up. Upon turning the corner of Merchant and Third streets, we beheld a grand torchlight procession, with transparencies on which were appropriate mottoes, headed by the Ste. Genevieve Cornet Band. Upon being informed that they intended serenading Gen. Blair, we fell into line, and after marching around the city, and after marching around the city, the procession halted in front of the residence of Chas. C. Rozier, Esq., where the band discoursed several very pretty airs, at the conclusion of which Judge Roy, the Grand Marshal of the occasion, informed Gen. Blair that the Greeley and Brown Club would be pleased to have him address them at the court house. Gen. Blair leaving replied in the affirmative, the court house was again crammed. Col. Joseph Bogy then stepped to the audience that Gen. Blair was very tired, but would make them a short speech. Gen. Blair then thanked the audience for the hospitality that had been shown him by the citizens of Ste. Genevieve, and that he would ever remember their kindness on this occasion. After exposing John B. Henderson, the present Radical candidate for Governor's political trickery, giving the audience an insight into rabid states governments, Railroad and Bank stock speculations, defending the action of the late Democratic Legislature in reimbursing the state school monies stolen and squandered by the Radical Legislature, he took his seat. Loud calls were then made for Gen. Rozier, who, owing to lateness of the hour, declined making a speech. After three cheers for Gen. Frank P. Blair and Gen. Rozier, the crowd dispersed.

The latest and most novel temperance movement is by an ingenious Frenchman, who proposes to remove the taste of his countrymen for drink by the propagation of a worm which destroys the vine! After he has spoiled the grapes, he will be forced to devote his energies to absinthe, rye, barley, corn, sugar cane, and a variety of other articles. That man has a great work before him.

Speaking of the climate of the Argentine Republic, Professor Gould says: "A bowl of water left uncovered in the morning is dry at night; ink washed from the inkstand as if by magic. The bodies of dead animals dry up instead of decomposing, and neither exercise nor exposure to the sun's rays produces perspiration."

Firmin A. Rozier.

On Wednesday last the Democracy of the 23rd senatorial district convened at Farmington, St. Francois county, and on the 21st ballot nominated that excellent gentleman and active Democrat, Gen. Firmin A. Rozier, of Ste. Genevieve, to represent the district in the next State Senate. That the choice is an excellent one none who know him will deny, and that he will be elected by an overwhelming majority there is not a doubt. A long personal acquaintance enables us to speak confidently when we say that his presence at Jefferson will be an honor to Southeast Missouri, while his ripe experience in public affairs and his unimpeachable integrity will make him a pillar of strength in the next legislature. A man of large wealth, of fine culture and the highest social attainments, surrounded with a promising family and of all the world's goods that make life enjoyable, we feel assured that Gen. Rozier has not sought the nomination through vaulting ambition or sordid motives, but that he is simply the exponent of the honest democracy of that section, who desire to be represented by an honest and capable man, and in obedience to their call has consented to serve them.

At the Jefferson City convention we met General Rozier, where he was a candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and most probably would have been the choice of the convention had not the office been given to the Liberals. But he was the last man to utter a complaint, and at once gave in his hearty adhesion to the entire ticket, which indicated that he held in too high estimation the principles of his party and the welfare of the State and Nation, to allow any selfish aspirations to paralyze his efforts for the common good. This is a fact which we hope the Democracy of his section of Southeast Missouri will bear in mind, and act with the same honorable spirit as their gallant leader, and not allow petty rivalry and short-sighted jealousy to cut down his majority.

General Rozier is a live, wide-awake, progressive Democrat, fully awake to the demands of the times and supports the Greeley and Brown movement, with that enthusiasm which is characteristic of his generous and noble nature, and is just the kind of man needed at Jefferson to advance the material and social interests of this great commonwealth. He was born on the soil of Missouri, and his ancestors were of those who founded St. Louis, and laid the broad foundations of a grand empire here in the western wilds, and it gives us pleasure to see the people recognize the merits of a worthy son of those sturdy veterans who made the wilderness blossom as the rose.—Herald Times.

It is reported that a scientific Russian has discovered what we have many times heard predicted would be discovered and practiced, a system consisting simply in the exercise of a power to impress upon other people's minds, at whatever distance away, the words and ideas which at the moment occupy his own. He is said to claim that he can teach this system, that it will do away altogether with the telegraph, and is absolutely practical. This Russian is only asserting that he has discovered what many intelligent people have been impressed with the belief will sometime be discovered. And there are singular experiences current going to prove its possibility.

The city of Los Vegas, New Mexico, indulges in bull fights in the most romantic character. The gladiator dances before the bull, brandishes a big cheese knife, until, as the animal rushes at him, he makes a running cut around the neck of the bull, then throws away his knife and turns a handspring as he is again attacked, grips the elevated tail in his descent and with a vigorous twitch brings off the full hide, leaves the bull dead and leaves the ring dressed in the fresh leather of the beast.

Four thousand carpenters struck, in Chicago, lately. The work on many new buildings is entirely suspended. The men ask \$4 a day, an advance of fifty cents over present rates. No trouble has been experienced thus far. The men on the Chamber of Commerce, Tribune and other large buildings to be completed immediately, got the advance and have gone to work. The carpenters have their headquarters in Turner Hall, and await the action of the boss.

Death of Wm. H. Seward.

Our last night's dispatches apprise us of the death of William H. Seward, one of the best known of our public men. He was born in the town of Florida, N. Y. May 16, 1801, of Welsh and Irish descent. He entered Union college at the age of fifteen. In 1819 he engaged himself as a school teacher in Georgia. In 1822 after leaving studied law, he was enrolled at the bar in Auburn, N. Y., which ever after he called his home. In 1834 he was defeated for governor of New York by the Democratic candidate, he running on the Whig ticket. About this time he received the lucrative appointment of agent of the Holland Land company, which gave him influence as well as wealth. In 1848 he was elected governor of New York. In this position he took the side of abolition in the controversies about slavery. In 1849 he was elected to the United States senate, where he became the acknowledged leader of his party, and in the debate on the admission of California he promulgated the "higher law." In a speech at Rochester in 1858 he declared there was "an irrepressible conflict between opposing and enduring forces," and that "the United States must become entirely slave or entirely free." In 1860 he was the most prominent Republican candidate for the presidency, but was beaten by M. Lincoln on the ground of expediency. Mr. Seward accepted from President Lincoln the post of secretary of state, in which he guided the diplomacy of the federal government with consummate industry and enterprise. On the night of the assassination of President Lincoln April 14, 1865, while confined to his bed by serious illness, an attempt was made to take his life by the assassin Paine, who penetrated to the room occupied by Mr. S., and after stabbing his son, inflicted serious wounds upon the secretary, which were at first believed to be fatal, but from which he slowly recovered. Since his retirement from public life he has made a tour round the world, and, by the aid of an amanuensis, was engaged in the preparation of an autobiography up to within a short time before his death. Mr. Seward adhered to the fortunes of Andrew Johnson when he became president, after the death of Lincoln. He was a great man, and had hosts of friends and admirers.—[Mo. Republican, October 11.

Indian Massacre.

The details of another sickening Indian massacre reach us from the Kansas Pacific railway. A gentleman who reached this city yesterday places us in possession of the facts. It appears that several weeks ago two men named Jordan, with the wife of one, and a hired man, left Fort Wallace for a buffalo hunt. They did not return at the anticipated time and fears were entertained that they had met with some disaster. Parties were sent out to find them if possible, and after much diligent search the body of the hired man was discovered on the plains much mutilated. They continued the search, and finally found the body of one of the Jordans. Under his head was discovered a woman's apron, giving evidence that after being wounded his wife had nursed him until torn away. In the body of the man were sticking seventeen Indian arrows, and from their shape it was the opinion of those versed in Indian warfare that they were made by the Pawnees. This was strengthened by the knowledge that a small band of Pawnees had been roaming about that vicinity for some time. Within a short distance of the above mentioned unfortunate man was found the other Jordan, also mutilated. They had with them when they left Wallace four mules and five horses. None of the animals were to be found. Troops have been sent out to scour the country. This sad and hellish deed was committed about forty-five miles south of Monument on the Kansas and Pacific railway. It is thought that the woman was captured and is now with the Indians.

The lightning avenged itself on its tamer, one day last week, by striking E. A. Shingleton of St. Louis, Mo., the meteorological observer at that place. He was walking upon the roof of the signal station at the time, fell senseless, and was only saved from being dashed to pieces on the pavement, eighty feet below, by the narrow eaves trough of tin that runs around the roof.

The attention of all Cash and close buyers is respectfully called to the above.

Fall and Winter of 1872 and 1873.

HAMM & CO., MERCHANT TAILORS

STE. GENEVIEVE, MO.,

Have now in store a Full Assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, of Their Own Make, and offer the same at prices not exceeding Eastern Trade.

A Full Line of White Shirts, Over-Shirts, Under-Shirts, Drawers, Collars, Neck-Ties, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Trunks, Valises, Traveling Bags, &c., &c.

A FULL LINE OF HATS AT ALL PRICES, Cloths, Casimeres, Vestings, St. Charles Cloths,

Beavers Tweeds, Flannels, Cashmerths, Jeans, (all grades Missouri Mills,)

Persons desirous of having CLOTHING made to order can be suited both in style and PRICES.

A great variety of WOOLENS for MEN and YOUTH'S WEAR, too numerous to mention, all of which we offer by the Yard at the LOWEST PRICES.

Keeping only One Line of Goods, viz: For MEN'S WEAR, we are able to Sell as Low as any Retail House in St. Louis.

Being thankful for past patronage, we solicit a continuance of the same. HAMM & CO. (N. B.) We Pay at all times the Highest Cash Price for Wool.

NEW STORE! Edward Seyssler, STE. GENEVIEVE, MO., Has just received a new and complete stock of Fancy Candies, and Fine Crackers. Also keeps Jackson's Celebrated Stonewall Bitters WINES, LIQUORS, AND FAMILY GROCERIES. Produce taken in exchange for goods at the highest Market Price.

Bond & Cissell, STE. MARYS, MO., DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, Shoes, Hats & Caps, Queensware, Hardware, Saddlery, and all Kinds of Farming Implements, and also, AGENTS FOR

The Celebrated Dayton Grain Drills, Produce taken in exchange at the highest market price. 3-m6*

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company. St. Louis, Memphis, Helena, Greenville, and Vicksburg. Pass Ste. Genevieve, down stream: Monday, City of Chester, 10, p. m. Tuesday, Adam Jacobs and Vicksburg packet, 10, p. m. Wednesday, rand Tower, 10, p. m. Thursday, Adam Jacobs and Vicksburg packet, 10, p. m. Friday, Belle Memphis, 10, p. m. Saturday, Adam Jacobs and Vicksburg packet, 10, p. m. Pass Ste. Genevieve, up stream: Monday, Grand Tower, 5, p. m. Tuesday, Vicksburg packet. Wednesday, Adam Jacobs and Belle Memphis, 5, p. m. Thursday, Vicksburg packet, 5, p. m. Friday, Adam Jacobs, 5, p. m. Saturday, City of Chester, 5, p. m. Sunday, Adam Jacobs and Vicksburg packet, 5, p. m. JOHN A. SCUDDER, Prest. W. D. LOVE, Sec'y

FRANCIS C. ROZIER & SON, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS and SHOES, QUEENS-WARE, HARD-WARE, FURNITURE, & C.

Quick Sales and Small Profits is our Motto.

JULES F. JANIS. Wm. F. COX. JANIS & COX, (At the old stand of Janis & Valle.) AGENTS FOR BUCYRUS REAPER & MOWER, —AND— The Barkeye Cider Mill, AND DEALERS IN Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Queensware &c., which they offer to sell low for CASH. 1-y

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE. Farmington to Ste. Genevieve. We are now running a Daily Hack between Farmington and Ste. Genevieve. Our hacks are all new, having been built expressly for the business; passengers can depend on being transported comfortably and quickly, with good protection against rain and sun. Our horses will always be first-class. KASHER & BABE. De Lassus and Farmington. I will also continue to run my hack between De Lassus and Farmington, making close connection with all passenger trains. Fare as low and time as quick as by any other route. By close attention to business I hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage. JOS. E. KASHER. June 3, 1872. 1-y

Gambrinus Hall, Corner Third and Market Sts., (Opposite the Court House.) The very best qualities of Wines, Beers, Liquors and Cigars, always on G. SENAUER. THE Farming community and the public generally, will bear in mind that the "CONE MILLS" always pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for WHEAT and in Cash Only. The Well-known, choice brands of Family Flour "Cone" and "Eloy," and other grades kept constantly on hand for sale, and at the lowest possible figures. Lots of 100 lbs and upwards delivered FREE OF CHARGE. MARTIN MEYER. Ste. Genevieve Mo. June 7-1v.

Sheriff's Sale in Partition. Andrew Mackley and Rebecca Mackley, his wife, plaintiffs against Cynthia Grey and Joe Roof, and Dicey Roof, born Lambert, his wife, the descendants of Harvey Lambert, deceased, whose names are unknown to the plaintiff, and the descendants of Nancy Acord, born Lambert, deed, whose names are unknown to the plaintiff, defendants. BY virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale made by the circuit court of Ste. Genevieve county, in the above entitled cause, and a certified copy thereof dated May 7th, 1872, I will on Wednesday, the 6th day of Nov. 1872, At the court house door, in the city of Ste. Genevieve, Mo., during the session of the circuit court, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, SELL to the highest bidder, at public auction or outcry, the following described real estate mentioned and described in said certified copy of the order of sale, viz: The south half of the south east quarter of section numbered thirty-five, in township thirty-seven, and lot numbered two of the north east quarter (being the north east quarter) of section numbered two in township thirty-six, of range six east, situated in the county of Ste. Genevieve and State of Missouri. TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid cash in hand and the residue in twelve months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security. ROBERT G. MADISON, Sheriff Ste. Genevieve Co., Mo.

BY virtue and authority of a certain fieri facias issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Ste. Genevieve county, State of Missouri, returnable to the November term 1872, of said circuit court, and to me directed, in favor of Georgiana Hume, plaintiff, against Charles V. Danzer, defendant, commanding me that of the mortgaged property in the petition mentioned, I cause to be made the damages and costs I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest and claims of the said Charles V. Danzer, of in and to the following described mortgaged property, viz: All that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Ste. Genevieve, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: The east fractional half of the north west quarter, and the east half of the south west quarter of section number fifteen (15), and the north east quarter of the north west quarter of section number twenty-two (22), in township number thirty-eight north of range numbered seven (7) east, containing one hundred and eighty-six and forty-one hundredths acres more or less, and I will on Wednesday, the 6th day of Nov. 1872, Between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the court house door in the city and county of Ste. Genevieve, Missouri, and while said court is in session, expose to sale at public auction and SELL to the highest bidder all, or so much of the above described real estate for cash in hand as will be sufficient to satisfy such special fieri facias and costs. ROBERT G. MADISON, Sheriff Ste. Genevieve Co., Mo.

Come to us with your Job work.

"Patronize Home Industry!"

CHRISTIAN BAUM, MAIN STREET, STE. GENEVIEVE, MO., Manufacturer and Dealer in BOOTS AND SHOES,

MOSTLY OF MY OWN MAKE.

Gaiters and Slippers for Ladies, Misses, Gents, Boys, and Children.

A Complete and Seasonable Stock always on hand

WE SELL FOR CASH AND HAVE ONLY ONE PRICE! JOSEPH & BOYERIE, (Opposite C. H. Ste. Genevieve, Mo.) Have always on hand a complete and well selected stock of Groceries, Dry Goods and Notions, Hardware, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, and all goods usually kept in a First Class Country Store. As we are AND SELL ONLY FOR CASH, we are enabled to offer greater inducements to our customers than those selling on time. We always pay Cash at the highest market rates for all Country Produce brought in. Our friends and customers will always find in our goods, and in all transactions with us, we will guarantee them full and perfect satisfaction. Respectfully, JOSEPH & BOYERIE.

A. Anderson, MAIN ST., STE. GENEVIEVE, MO., Dealer in

Dry Goods, Notions, & Groceries, Cutlery, Tools, Hardware, Queensware, Iron, Nails, Thimble Shears, Wagon Boxes, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c.

Buying always for Cash I am able to sell as low as the lowest.

Motto. "To avoid a smash, we sell for Cash."

JOSEPH VORST, Dealer in DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, For Family Use; Also HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, Of the best qualities, And at Lowest Rates, FOR CASH ONLY. Produce taken at highest rates. Ste. Genevieve, Mo. 1-y

Sheriff's Sale. BY virtue and authority of a certain fieri facias issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Ste. Genevieve county, State of Missouri, returnable to the November term 1872, of said circuit court, and to me directed, in favor of Georgiana Hume, plaintiff, against Charles V. Danzer, defendant, commanding me that of the mortgaged property in the petition mentioned, I cause to be made the damages and costs I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest and claims of the said Charles V. Danzer, of in and to the following described mortgaged property, viz: All that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Ste. Genevieve, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: The east fractional half of the north west quarter, and the east half of the south west quarter of section number fifteen (15), and the north east quarter of the north west quarter of section number twenty-two (22), in township number thirty-eight north of range numbered seven (7) east, containing one hundred and eighty-six and forty-one hundredths acres more or less, and I will on Wednesday, the 6th day of Nov. 1872, Between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the court house door in the city and county of Ste. Genevieve, Missouri, and while said court is in session, expose to sale at public auction and SELL to the highest bidder all, or so much of the above described real estate for cash in hand as will be sufficient to satisfy such special fieri facias and costs. ROBERT G. MADISON, Sheriff Ste. Genevieve Co., Mo.