FAIR PLAY.

VOLUME XX. STE. GENEVIEVE, MISSOURI, SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1892. NUMBER 49.

ROSWELL SMITH, president of the Century Publishing Co. of New York, died of Bright's disease on the 19th.

THE national silver committee has decided to call a national bimetallic convention in Washington May 26.

THE house judiciary committee, on the 21st, discussed but took no action on the resolution for an investigation of the Pinkerton detective agency.

IT is said that two American citizens are imprisoned, without trial, at Montevideo, on a charge of attempted robbery and shooting a policeman.

MR. BLAINE is reported as saying to Chris Magee that even if he were nominated against his will and elected, he would not take the oath of office.

SECRET trials at Spandau, Prussia, with a carbonic acid rifle reservoir have proved very successful. It is announced that with one charge, 300 shots can be fired.

A REPORT is current that the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. has bought the Dubois estate, comprising 28,000 acres of coal and timber land in Clearfield county, Pa., for $17,000,000.

IN the New York senate a bill was passed, on the 19th, directing the dairy commissioner of the state to make an exhibit at the World's fair, and authorizing an expense or $3,000 for such display.

THE German papers of Buenos Ayres advocate the formation of a new republic to consist of the Brazilian states of Rio Grande do Sul and Santa Catalina, and to be under German imperial protection.

THE property of Gen. B. F. Butler in Lowell, Mass., was attached, on the 10th, for $50,000, by the Jewett Publishing Co., of Boston, in a suit growing out of the printing of the general's memoirs.

A DISPATCH to the London Times from St. Petersburg says that Mr. Charles Emory Smith, the American minister, accompanied by his wife, has started for America, and will probably not return to Russia.

FRED MAGUIRE, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Amelia Gregory, at Middletown, N. Y., last October, has been sentenced to be electrocuted at Sing Sing prison during the week commencing Monday, June 6.

AN earthquake of unusual severity visited a large portion of the state of California, at 2:45 a. m., of the 19th, badly wrecking several towns and doing damage to an estimated aggregate amount of $1,000,000.

LATER news from the T. A. Ranch in Wyoming shows that four cattlemen were killed before the troops arrived. Col. Vanhorn is still at Fort McKinley with the prisoners, not daring to remove them for fear of an ambush.

A THREATENED strike of the Paris police on May day unless their wages are increased, causes some fears of trouble from the anarchists, but the goverment will use the military to protect the public if the police refuse to do their duty.

JUDGE R. H. MARR, aged 70 years, of New Orleans, one of the best-known jurists in Louisiana, is mysteriously missing, and is supposed to have been kidnaped by friends of Baker and Deschamps, two murderers sentenced to be hanged.

TWO THOUSAND Chinese are distributed along the Washington, Idaho and Montana line awaiting the expiration of the exclusion law on May 6, in order to cross into the United States from British Columbia. They will be disappointed.

THE new census of New York shows that the alien population of New York city is 385,000, while that of Kings county is 150,000. In New York city there is one alien in every five of population. The total population of the state is 6,473,652.

THE London anarchist paper, the Common Weal, seized by the police on the 20th, contained violent articles referring to Home Secretary Matthews and Chief Inspector Melville as monsters and barbarians, and inquiring if such men are fit to live.

IT is estimated that 30,000 boomers made the start at the firing of the noonday signal gun, on the 19th, for the 3,500,000 acres of new lands in the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservation. Much of the land is described as alkali desert that would not even make goat pasturage.

A GREAT crowd gathered in the central criminal court in Melbourne, on the 22d, to hear the preliminary examination of Deeming the murderer; but his counsel, Mr. Lyle, asked for a continuance until April 28, which was granted, much to the disappointment of the spectators.

THE arrangement made with the New York Life Insurance Co. to take all or a considerable part of the proposed $1,500,000 bond issue of Arizona has been declared off by the insurance company because the senate rejected the clause providing for the payment of principal and interest in gold in the house bill authorizing the loan.

AT a special meeting of the New York Clearing House association, on the 20th, the resignation of William A. Camp as manager was accepted, and he was retired on a pension of $7,500 per year. Mr. Camp had been manager of the clearing house for thirty-five years. His successor will be Wm. Sterer, the present assistant manager.

WHILE sending a dispatch announcing the recurrence of earthquake shocks, a Dixon (Cal.) operator suddenly broke off and ended with the statement "I can't stay here any longer, as this building is liable to fall at any moment."

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

IN the senate, on the 18th, a bill to amend the circuit appeals act and the bill increasing the number of judges of the court of claims from five to seven were passed. Most of the remainder of the day was spent in executive session over the modus vivendi in the Behring sea and other matters.....In the house the entire day was devoted to the consideration of the naval appropriation bill, which was finally passed as it came from the committee with the exception of the dry dock at Algiers, La., which was stricken out on a point of order.

IN the senate, on the 19th, the Arizona funding bill was amended by striking out the words "gold coin" and inserting "lawful money of the United States" in the interest-bearing provision of the bill, and passed. In executive session the Behring sea modus vivendi was ratified.....In the house a resolution was passed to vacate the order of general "leave to print" to members who desired to submit remarks on the tariff and silver questions. A resolution was also adopted authorizing the civil service committee to investigate the alleged violation of the civil service law by certain officials in Baltimore. The remainder of the session was devoted to the consideration of the contested election case of Noyes vs. Rockwell, from the twenty-eighth district of New York.

IN the senate, on the 20th, Mr. Teller created a sensation by making an anti-administration free-coinage speech. Mr. Sherman announced that he had been in error in supposing that existing Chinese restriction laws expired by limitation on May 6 next. It was now discovered that they run until July, 1894.....In the house the entire day's session was devoted to a continuation of the Noyes-Rockwell contested-election case. The debate was entirely without incident, the speeches being confined to a technical view of the case.

IN the senate, on the 21st, a general Chinese debate occupied the entire session, and remained the unfinished business at the hour of adjournment.....In the house the Rockwell-Noyes contested-election case occupied the hours. The debate was exceedingly dry, and but little attention was paid to it, the majority of the members occupying their time in chatting and smoking in the foyer and cloak rooms.

IN the senate, on the 22d, an amendment to a private pension bill increasing the pensions of all helpless Mexican soldiers from eight to twelve dollars per month was adopted. After the morning hour the Chinese exclusion bill occupied the entire day, and at adjournment was apparently good for two or more days' further discussion.....In the house, after four hours' debate on the Noyes-Rockwell contest, the house decided to retain Mr. Rockwell in his seat. The principal speeches of the day were made by Mr. Fellows (N. Y.) and Mr. Cockran (N. Y.), who spoke for Mr. Rockwell, and Mr. O'Ferrall, (dem., Va.), who made an earnest appeal for Mr. Noyes, the contestant.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

A DISPATCH from Frankfort says that Herr Jaeger, chief cashier of the Rothschilds, has absconded, after embezzling 1,000,000 marks.

FOUR negroes, suspected of the murder of Paymaster Stevenson and Mail Carrier Payne in the swamps of Florida, were lynched by a mob at Inverness, Fla., on the 19th.

A LARGE number of coal miners, probably sixteen in all, were drowned, on the 20th, in the Lytle colliery, near Minersville, Pa., by the sudden flooding of the mine by the bursting through of the accumulated waters from an old and abandoned colliery near by.

IN a riot between Irish and Italian longshoremen at Woodruff's store, Brooklyn, on the 20th, two Irishmen were shot, three Italians were badly cut and bruised, and eight or ten others on both sides were slightly wounded.

THE Berlin Vorwaertz says sixteen halls have been hired in Berlin for May day demonstrations. The paper advises workingmen not to let the capitalists prevent them from celebrating the day.

THE czar of Russia has presented to Capt. R. W. Sargeant, commander of the steamer Indiana, an enameled goblet in recognition of the part he took in carrying to Russia the flour generously donated by the citizens of Philadelphia for the relief of the people of Russia.

BREVET BRIG.-GEN. WILLIAM M. BURNS, U. S. A., retired, died suddenly at Beaufort, S. C., on the 19th, of apoplexy. The body was embalmed and taken to Washington for burial. Gen. Burns was 66 years old, a graduate of West Point, and was placed on the retired list two years ago.

THE president will issue a proclamation promulgating the modus vivendi and warning all citizens of the United States against its violation. It has been settled that the ratifications of the treaty of arbitration shall be exchanged at Washington, and the secretary of state and the British minister are making arrangements for that formality.

THE correct amount paid by the Searles estate in settlement with Timothy Hopkins has never been stated. Instead of being $3,000,000 it was $4,200,000. This amount may be relied upon as official. It is said that had the case gone on the revelations pro and con would have made some of the most sensational reading ever printed.

MAYOR LANE of Des Moines, Ia., has issued orders that every "hole in the wall," whisky joint and beer resort, and every gambling house and room in the city shall be abolished. Orders were given the police to raid every place of the kind noted, and arrest all persons found in them after a notice has once been served.

THE British ship Tynehead, 3,500 tons, has been chartered and will sail, about the 30th, for either Riga, Reval or St. Petersburg, laden with Iowa grain, as Washington city's contribution to the famine sufferers of Russia.

JOHN R. TANNER, appointed sub-treasurer at Chicago, declines the office provided the president will name Sam R. Raymond, whom Mr. Tanner had previously recommended for the position.

WHILE at work in a field, on the 21st, James Mudie, a farmer who lived two miles from Yale, Mich., was so badly injured by being trampled on by a team of horses that he died soon after.

THE fifth international conference of the Red Cross opened in Rome on the 21st. Delegates were present from every civilized country in the world.

THIEVES stole a mail pouch containing $50,000 in checks, drafts and other papers from a mail wagon in St. Cloud, Minn., on the 21st.

M. M. SCOTT, a prominent dry goods merchant of New Albany, Ind., has disappeared from his home, and all efforts to find him have proved futile. His family suspect foul play, while many of his friends are of the opinion that he committed suicide on account of financial trouble.

MRS. PARNELL has brought suit against twelve tenants on the estate of her late husband for non-payment of rent.

ALBERT H. GABLE, a physician who has been addicted to the opium habit, committed suicide by shooting at Dayton, O., on the 21st. He was unmarried and a protege of the late Mrs. Thomas Ster, sister of the late Gen. Geo Crook.

JOSEPH MASSARI, the Egyptian Jew who, on March 5 last, shot Rev. Dr. H. P. Mendes, rabbi of the Ninth Street synagogue, in New York City, because he refused to give him $100, was, on the 21st, convicted of assault in the first degree, and sentenced to ten years in state prison.

A MAMMOTH organization to be known as the the National Trunk Co. has been formed. It is a consolidation of seventeen manufacturing companies located in Oshkosh, Milwaukee, Racine, Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Cincinnati, Louisville and St. Louis.

THE citizens of Buffalo, Wyo., the center of the cattlemen's rustler war, have sent a long telegram to the president asking him to appoint a time for conference, and also to pledge himself that justice shall be done to the cattlemen invaders.

THE dowager Grand Duchess Alexandrine of Mecklenburge-Schwerin died on the 21st. She was born in Berlin on February 23, 1803, was married in Berlin on May 25, 1822, to Grand Duke Paul Frederick and became a widow on March 7, 1842.

DURING a thunderstorm in New Orleans, on the 21st, Jeannette Bernadet was struck by lightning and killed, and half a dozen persons in his company were prostrated. A horse and mule were also killed.

IN the suit brought by Alexander Stewart, to break the will of A. T. Stewart, and thus secure for himself some of the property, Judge Pryor, in New York, on the 21st, ruled that there was nothing to go to the jury on, and he directed a verdict for the defendant.

R. G. GRIFFIN, a prominent glass manufacturer, claims to have discovered the lost art of casting glass tubes, which is known to have been practiced by the Egyptians. He has interested capitalists in his invention and erected a factory at Pendleton, Ind., and on the 20th made his first cast, with success.

THE fiftieth anniversary of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hoover, of Bloomington, Ill., was celebrated, on the 21st, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Newton, children of the bride and groom. They were married at New Lisbon, O., April 21, 1842. Mr. Hoover is 73 years old and his wife is 68 years old, and both are in excellent health.

THERE is great excitement in Victoria, B. C., over the seizure at Townsend of the steamship Michigan with 708 five-tael cans of opium on board. The United States officials have been working up the case for some days.

EIGHTY-FOUR houses were destroyed, on the 22d, by a fire which devastated the village of Veidenbach-Erfel, Austria.

THE people of Vacaville, Cal., afraid to sleep in their houses, pass the nights in tents sent from Sacramento.

PROF. FRANZ LEITZ, known as the Nestor of German surgeons, died at Munich, on the 22d, aged 81.

THE United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Co.'s steamer Alliance, from Rio Janeiro, arrived at New York, on the 22d, and, having yellow fever on board, was detained at quarantine.

W. B. BOHART, local agent at St. Paul, Minn., for Swift & Co., packers of Chicago, is an absconding defaulter, the exact amount of his shortage being unknown.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

IN the senate, on the 23d, the debate on the Chinese bill occupied the entire day without reaching action.....In the house most of the day was taken up in personal explanations. An hour was consumed in discussing a bill to establish a military post between Burlington and High Gate, Vt., which finally went over without action.

THE Manchester Courier asserts that Prince George of Wales is now engaged to Princess May of Teck, who was the intended bride of the late duke of Clarence. The statement does not create any great surprise, as Prince George has made visits to the Tecks on several occasions since the death of his elder brother, and is reported to have shown a very friendly feeling for the princess. A match between the two would, it is said on good authority, meet with the unreserved approval of Queen Victoria and the prince and princess of Wales.

THE London Standard has received several letters from anonymous writers, threatening to blow the office of the paper up with dynamite because of its severe denunciations of the anarchists and other lawless persons. The police have, therefore detailed ten detectives to guard the building. They are dressed as compositors, and their identity is known to very few.

A RABBIT show is soon to be held in Berlin. The projectors of the affair publish alluring accounts of the great variety and beauty of the "bunnies" that will be on exhibition from all parts of the world. The possibilities of the rabbit as a food will also be illustrated, it is promised, to a hitherto unsuspected degree.

THE Frankfurter Zeitung advises the managers of the projected World's fair in Berlin to go to Chicago and sit at the feet of the managers of the Columbian exposition and learn wisdom, if they expect to make the Berlin exposition worthy of the attention of all powers.

MRS. JAMES G. BLAINE, Jr., sailed for France on the steamer La Bretagne, on the 23d, in company with her cousin, Mr. Charles McAllister, and his wife, of Philadelphia.

HALF the employes of the collieries in Silesia have been dismissed on account of the slack demand for the product of the mines. Much distress prevails in consequence.

THE secretary of state is informed by the United States minister at Peking that the leaders of the riots at Wahu, in 1891, have been beheaded.

THE president has signed the bill to establish a military post near Little Rock, Ark.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Missouri World's Fair Commission.

A joint meeting of the Missouri World's fair commission—seven gentlemen and four ladies—was held in St. Louis the other day.

All the commissioners were present, and the main part of the day was consumed in the transaction of routine business. The committees representing the various departments of the work all reported the most encouraging progress, emphasizing the previous statement that Missouri is ahead of all the other states of the Union in preparations for the Columbian exposition. The reports made by the lady commissioners—Mrs. Patti Moore, Kansas City; Mrs. John N. Edwards, St. Joseph; Mrs. Blanchard Adams, St. Louis, and Mrs. Sam P. Sparks, Warrensburg—were particularly encouraging, as evidenced by the fact that through their exertions six counties have been thoroughly organized for the work. These counties are Buchanan, St. Louis, Jackson, Linn, Johnson and Clay. The commissioners carefully went over the eighteen competitive plans of Missouri architects for the Missouri building at Chicago, and adopted the design submitted by Gunn & Custis of Kansas City. Second, third and fourth prizes were awarded as follows: McClure & Mulligrady, St. Louis; Rosenplenter & Meyer, St. Joseph; Brink & Weiss, St. Louis. Honorable mention was given I. S. Taylor and Peabody, Stearns & Furber, of St. Louis.

St. Joe District Y. M. C. A.

The annual conference of the Young Men's Christian association of the St. Joseph district held a two days' session at Maryville.

The St. Joseph district comprises the counties of Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Caldwell, Carroll, Clay, Clinton, Daviess, DeKalb, Gentry, Grundy, Harrison, Holt, Linn, Livingston, Mercer, Nodaway, Platte, Putnam, Ray, Sullivan and Worth. Among the prominent Y. M. C. A workers in attendance who took part in this conference were: State Secretary F. C. Child, of St Louis; M. K. Adams, of St. Joseph, representing the railroad work of the Y. M. C. A.; Harry Curtis, secretary of the St. Joseph association; Ed E. Yates, of Gallatin, a member of the state executive committee; Prof. L. A. Norick, Brookfield; Prof. J. E. Yester, Stanberry; W. J. Drennan, Hopkins; G. S. Adams, Brookfield; B. F. Young, G. W. Fleming, C. A. Long and Mrs. John Townsend, all of St. Joseph, the latter representing the ladies' auxiliary.

Appointed by Gov. Francis.

Delegates to represent Missouri at the nineteenth national conference of charities and correction, at Denver, Col., June 23—30:

R. M. Scruggs, St. Louis; Louis Fusz, St. Louis; Mrs. C. C. Rainwater, St. Louis; Miss Mary E. Perry, St. Louis; Mrs. Edward C. Sterling, St. Louis; D. R. Wolfe, St. Louis; Frank R. O'Neil, St. Louis; Hon. John Donihan, St. Joseph; Hon. William M. Paxton, Platte City; Hon. William Williams, Boonville.

Delegates to the deep-water harbor convention, at Mississippi City, Miss., May 31.

E. F. Williams, St. Louis; James H. Allen St. Louis; Jerome Hill, St. Louis; John Meeks, St. Louis.

Weather Crop Bulletin.

Weather crop bulletin No. 3 of the Missouri state weather service, for the week ended April 16:

The conditions prevailing during the past week have been such that nearly all veg-stable growers have been injured by either cold or precipitation. Rain was general all over the state mixed with snow and followed by damaging frosts in many places. The temperature and sunshine was below the average. Seeding and planting is not over half done, and all work is delayed. Meadows are flooded in many places, but grass is generally good. Considerable damage was done by the rain and high winds of the 13th and 14th.

To Enjoin Kansas City.

Charles Sooysmith, of New York, claiming to own $25,000 worth of Kansas City property, has filed another suit in the United States circuit court to enjoin the city from issuing and disposing of the $2,000,000 of bonds with which it is proposed to construct new waterworks.

Last December Sooysmith filed a similar suit, but the ordinance authorizing the bond issue at that time has been repealed, and April 5 last the people, at the general city election, voted another issue of 4½ per cent gold-bearing bonds. Sooysmith claims that the ordinance extending the city limits, passed in 1875, is illegal; that the city, therefore, has less than 100,000 inhabitants, and that the charter under which this issue is proposed is inoperative.

Passed the Century Mark.

Jerry Bingham, the oldest man in Pettis county, died of old age, the other morning.

His exact age is not known, but there is no doubt that he was upward of 100 years old. Bingham was born in Virginia, and was the slave of Jacob Bingham. The latter moved from the Old Dominion to prior to the war, and brought Jerry along with him. Jerry was at that time supposed to be upward of 50 years of age. The centenarian had three children, nine grandchildren and three great-grandchildren, who live in Sedalia, the youngest of whom has passed his majority.

Ex-Treasurer Noland's Case Argued.

Ex-State Treasurer Ed T. Noland's case was argued and submitted in Division No. 2 of the state supreme court on the 22d.

Attorney-General John M. Wood made the argument for the state and Hon. W. S. Pope, of Jefferson City, and Chas. T. Noland, of St. Louis, for the appellant. The lawyers were restricted to an hour each, and were granted ten days' time to file additional argument in writing if desired. It is not at all likely that a decision will be reached in the case under four weeks in the ordinary course of business.

To Enforce Sunday Closing.

The ministerial association of St. Joseph propose a crusade against all violators of the Sunday law. Saloons, cigar stores, news stands and other places of business will be proceeded against if they are not closed on Sundays.

A Reception to Mrs. Patti Moore.

A reception was given Mrs. Patti Moore, president of the Missouri Women's World fair commission, in St. Louis, a few evenings ago.

Missouri Wheatfields.

Reports from the wheatfields of Missouri are not very encouraging. Only about 25 per cent. is reported good, the remainder bad.

Killed by a Train.

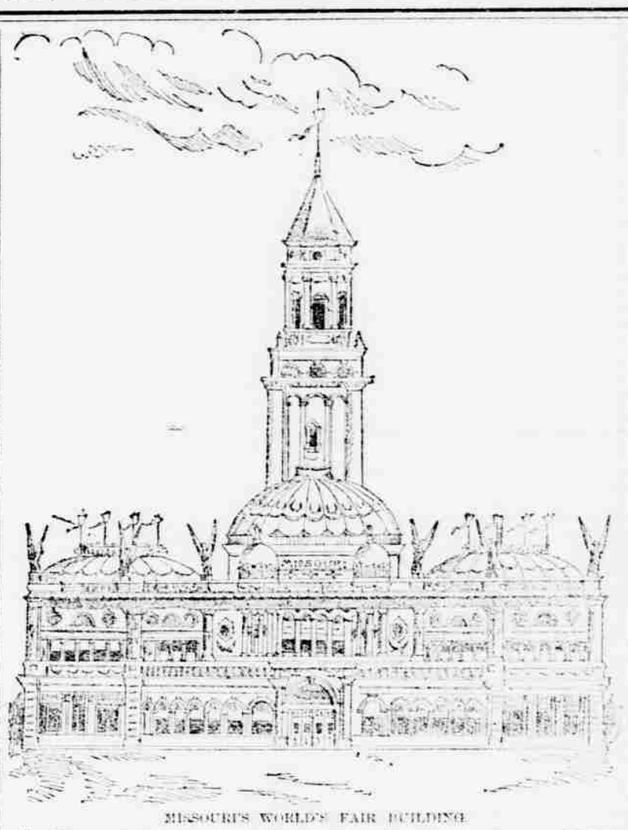
C. H. Duval, of Milo, Vernon county, was killed by a train near Nevada, a few days ago. He was under the influence of liquor at the time.

Closed by the Sheriff.

The Boston store at Springfield has been closed by the sheriff under a $40,000 mortgage. The assets will aggregate, it is said, $60,000.

A Young Highwayman.

John C. Bishop, aged 17, has been arrested in Kansas City on the charge of higloway robbery. He confesses to having robbed ten men.



MISSOURI'S WORLD'S FAIR BUILDING.

The Missouri World's fair commissioners adopted the plans submitted by Gunn & Curtis, Kansas City architects, for the Missouri World's fair building at Chicago. The building will be in full view of and directly opposite the main art gallery. The first floor will contain the rooms devoted to the advertisement of the resources of the state supplemental to exhibit materials; and will also contain the administration parlors and some store rooms for supplies for the state exhibit. The main entrance is a triple one, and will be finished in sandstone, terra cotta and marble. It will open direct into a grand vestibule 24 feet wide, laid in Mosaic style and flanked either side with niches for telegraph, telephone, local post office, and terminating in the main rotunda, which is 70x40 feet in size. From this rotunda direct access is had to all the departments on the first floor, and two grand stairways will lead to the second floor. The main area of the second floor is to be occupied by the auditorium, which will be 40x80 feet. At either end will be reception rooms for ladies and gentlemen respectively. They will be reached by large folding doors by opening which the area of the auditorium may be increased. A portable stage will be provided which will be used in presenting stereopticon views of scenes in the state. Opening from the auditorium by several exits stretch the promenade, affording a sweeping view of two avenues. Owing to the height of the auditorium two balconies are provided, and they open into three suites of domestic apartments. From the balcony an entrance is made to the tower which surmounts the building, and which ends in an observatory.

The building will be constructed of materials native to Missouri, supplemented by a few other things ordinarily used in buildings of a like construction. The four corners of the end pavilions will be surmounted by the heraldic emblem of the state, except it is to be taken from the mines of the state. Assurances of liberal donations of every building material produced in the state have been received.

A NOBLE MAN

A Magnificent Monument Left by a St. Louis Millionaire.

By reason of the generous bequest of the late Robert A. Barnes St. Louis will, in a couple of years, have one of the finest hospitals in America.

The aged millionaire had no children and no near relatives, and in his will donated the bulk of his vast fortune toward the erection and maintenance of an institution to be known as the Barnes hospital. The institution has been most liberally endowed by Mr. Barnes, whose bequests to it all told amount to about $1,000,000. In the conditions governing his bequest, Mr. Barnes has displayed remarkable foresight, and the trustees are not hampered by any restrictions which at any future time might militate against the hospital. Mr. Barnes' act casts a strong side light on the life of a man whose charities during life were a vast but hidden volume. The hospital will be under the control of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, but subject to rules of the trustees. In case of a vacancy in the board of trustees, the bishop of the conference of the M. E. church, south, next preceding the vacancy will appoint the successor to the place. If that bishop can not make the appointment, then his predecessor will do so. If the appointment can not be kept out of court, Mr. Barnes rests the choice in the court having the highest original general jurisdiction of trust estates. His admonitions to that judge are forcible and wise. "I enjoin upon said court," says the will of Mr. Barnes, "that said appointee shall not be selected on account of his politics, but on account of his eminent fitness for the position, by reason of his well-known integrity, responsibility and business judgment."

Mr. Barnes knew from his many lessons in life the delay which sometimes attends the fulfillment of philanthropic bequests. He therefore enjoined upon his trustees the duty to erect the hospital within the year after the close of the administration of the estate.

Mr. Barnes said in his will that he did not want the institution to compete with the city hospital. Any person, he argued, who is able to pay his way when in health ought to be willing to do the same when sick. Such a person should not accept the benefit of a fund intended for the truly deserving. He therefore stipulates that all who can pay a small sum for treatment at the hospital shall be required to do so, while those who are deserving and unable to pay anything are to be cared for free of charge. Thus the institution will care for both free and pay patients.

A strange feature of Mr. Barnes' bequest for a hospital is the apparent favoritism shown to the Methodists. His mother was a Methodist, but he himself was an Episcopalian inaffiliation and he was buried according to the Episcopal ritual. He explains his action in his last will in these words:

"I think that a person ought to invest his money after death on the same principal that he invests it in business during life, where it will bring the largest income; and I think that my fortune will do the most good through the Methodist Episcopal church, because while that is one of the largest of the Protestant denominations, it is the poorest financially."

While he places the Methodists in charge of the hospital, it is to be open to people of all creeds and nationalities.

Mr. Barnes in his will gives to his wife, who died two years ago, a great measure of the credit for his liberal gift to charity. He recites that by his first will the bulk of his fortune was devised to her absolutely, but, at her earnest request, this disposition of his wealth was altered, to have it reposed in her during her lifetime, and the matter to be devoted to the hospital project.

Mr. Barnes gave generously to charity in his lifetime, but he laid upon his gifts an ironclad pledge of secrecy. His first notable donation was a grant of $45,000 to Central college at Fulton. He gave $27,000 to the Methodist Episcopal home a few years ago under the ban of secrecy, and he furnished the funds for divers Methodist churches in southern Missouri, of which the outside public was never informed. In addition to this he had a number of pensioners who have not been forgotten in his will.

Five in One Day.

Five men were sentenced to the penitentiary in one day in Christian county recently. They were immediately taken to the prison by the sheriff.

Martin Irons Again.

Martin Irons, well known in connection with the great southwestern strike, is under arrest at Newport, Ark., for living with a woman not his wife.

Fire at Windsor.

Fire, undoubtedly of an incendiary origin, destroyed $10,000 worth of property at Windsor. The fire was in the business part of the city.

Death of Gen. A. G. Edwards.

Gen. Albert G. Edwards died at his home in Kirkwood.

Gen. Edwards was the son of the first governor of Kentucky, and was born in Elkton, Ky. He graduated from West Point at the age of 23, and served with distinction in the Black Hawk war shortly afterward. He settled in St. Louis in 1841, and was engaged with Mr. W. L. Ewing in the wholesale commission business for a number of years. He leaves a widow and three sons. The latter are Benjamin Edwards, assistant cashier of the Bank of Commerce; Albert Edwards, attorney, and George Edwards of the firm of A. G. Edwards & Sons. In 1861 Gen. Edwards was appointed commander of the St. Louis division of the Missouri state militia under Gov. Gamble with the rank of brigadier general. At the close of the war he was appointed United States sub-treasurer of St Louis, a position which he held for twenty-one years. The signing of his commission was one of the last public acts performed by President Lincoln. He also served several terms as bank commissioner of St. Louis. Since his retirement from the sub-treasury office he has been engaged in the brokerage business with his sons.

Has Faith.

"I believe the recent lead and zinc discoveries in Franklin county are the most promising in Missouri," said Bee Jones, of St. Clair, to a reporter for the Globe-Democrat, while in St. Louis. "The new finds are three and a half miles northeast of St. Clair, near the Meramec river, and require very little development. The lead ore carries an average of 35 per cent. of zinc, and lay close to the surface. A big company is now forming with ample capital to work the new mine, which experts declare is the richest in that lead district."

His Last Stolen Ride.

Willie Harding, 12 years old, was run over and killed by a freight train in St. Joseph. He and other boys were in the habit of jumping on trains and riding some distance and then jumping off. They got into an open freight car, and when the train had proceeded about a mile one of his companions pushed the Harding boy out of the car door. Falling against an embankment, he rolled back under the wheels of the train and was killed.

Died of Lock-Jaw.

John Frayn, a laborer, 40 years old, died at the city hospital in St. Louis of lock-jaw. Almost ten days before he injured the thumb of his right hand. To friends he stated that he had been in a street fight. The wound was trifling, and Frayn wrapped a cloth around it and resumed his work. Cold set in and the hand and arm swelled rapidly, necessitating his removal to the hospital.

Death of Mrs. McKee.

Mrs. Eliza McKee, relict of the late William McKee, died in St. Louis, aged 76.

Mrs. McKee's maiden name was Eliza Hill. She was born in Sullivan county, N. Y. Mr. McKee, who was a native of New York city, and his wife settled in St. Louis in 1841. Mrs. McKee suffered from no particular disease, but rather from the life incident to old age.

Fatally Burned.

Mabel Deckwith, a domestic in the family of J. W. Stone, of Kansas City, was fatally burned while filling a gasoline stove, and died at the hospital. She was 17 years old, and one of a family of twelve orphan children.

Too Weary to Set Up Tents.

WINTERS, Cal., April 23.—Gov. Markham sent a special train from Sacramento Thursday night with tents. There were many who were too weary to set up tents and scores of people were stretched on the ground, too tired to heed the danger of another shock.

Petition Granted.

BOSTON, April 23.—The petition of Thomas B. Beal, receiver of the Maverick national bank, that the bank be included among the creditors against Asa P. Potter and Jonas H. French, has been granted by Judge Nelson of the United States district court.

THE WYOMING WAR.

The President's Reply to the Appeal from the People of Wyoming—The Prisoners Will Be Turned Over to the Civil Authorities to be Dealt with According to Law—Everything Rests with the State Authorities.

BUFFALO, Wyo., April 23.—The following message, in reply to an appeal from the people, was received from President Harrison last evening. The message was circulated among the people and is well received. They feel better now that they know the president and the public are aware they wish an investigation and justice done to all parties. The local authorities will now prove their self-control and submission to law and order.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22, 1892.

To C. J. Harrison and others, Buffalo, Wyo.:

The governor of your state made a call upon me in conformity with the constitution of the United States for aid in suppressing domestic violence and threatened bloodshed.

I could know nothing of the situation except as it was stated by him and could not refuse the aid of the troops to preserve the peace. The prisoners will, as soon as the state authorities are prepared to receive them, be turned over to the civil authorities and our connection with the matter will cease unless further called upon to aid the state authorities in preserving the peace. I do not doubt that the executive and judicial authorities of your state will without fear or favor bring to trial and punishment those who have violated the law by violent methods. Nothing will be done by me to shield any guilty person. My counsel as your fellow citizen is to use every effort to allow settlement, and to proceed in all things peacefully and upon lawful lines. I will of course see any one you send, but you will see that I can do nothing except to act with the state authorities to prevent violence. Everything else rests with the state authorities.

[Signed] BENJAMIN HARRISON.

THE BOOMERS AT WORK.

Filing Claims Flowing, Planting and Building Houses—Rain Wanted.

KINGFISHER, Okla., April 23.—A great crowd of boomers left here yesterday. All the north-bound trains being filled. The crowd in town is, however, not diminished to any noticeable extent, largely owing to the fact that the homesteaders are coming in to file their claims. About 1,000 are in line at the land office, and it will take at least two weeks to attend to those now waiting, and the number increases every day.

The new settlers are beginning work with great energy. They are breaking the ground, planting corn and doing all sorts of farm work. Houses are going up on all sides. Every day sees many new stores and places of business opened. Some of the boomers are selling their claims and there is considerable speculation in this way. The great need at present is rain. Everything is dry and dusty and unless there is rain speedily the settlement of the new country will be greatly retarded.

MORE THAN TWO MILLIONS.

The Defalcation of Cashier Jaeger Foots Up 2,500,000 Marks—No Trace of the Fugitive.

BERLIN, April 23.—The total defalcation of Cashier Jaeger, of the house of Rothschilds, amount to 2,500,000 marks. Two days before absconding Jaeger received for the bank a check for 1,753,000 marks from the Imperial Bank of Germany, drawn in favor of the Rothschilds. Jaeger cashed the check and entered up for the house 53,000 marks which he deposited. Part of the balance he used to pay his most pressing debts, and the rest he is believed to have with him.

The police have been unable to find any trace of him in Darmstadt or elsewhere in Germany, and they are convinced that he is on his way to the United States or Brazil. Since the discovery that he had taken probably several hundred thousand marks with him they have abandoned the idea that he may have committed suicide.

The Rothschilds have offered a reward of 1,000 marks for the capture of Jaeger.

THE WYOMING MILITIA.

The Boys Are Mad and Will Tender Their Resignations.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 23.—One result of the trouble brought about by the cattle war is the probable dismemberment of the Wyoming state militia.

Thursday the officers of companies D and E, of Rock Springs and Green River, turned in their resignations and others are expected. Under the Wyoming law, in the absence of the governor the sheriff may call on the troops for aid.

On March 30 the governor issued an order to the captain of each company commanding them to obey only orders from the adjutant general. This the officers construed as an insinuation that they sympathized with the rustlers, and have resigned. Lieut.-Col. Christmas writes that it is an insult that no plausible apology can remove.

DR. SCUDDER ARRAIGNED,

But Refuses to Plead—Another Will, Supposed to be a Forgery.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Dr. Henry M. Scudder was arraigned in the criminal court for the murder of Mrs. Elizabeth Parker Dunton, his mother-in-law. On the advice of his attorney he refused to plead either way, and a motion was made to quash the indictment. The motion was neither granted nor denied. A day will be set for hearing arguments.

The probate court was for the first time officially notified of the existence of a second will purporting to be the last will of Mrs. Dunton. The document is without doubt a forgery.

The doctor seemed to take keen interest in what was going on, though, still posing as demented.

A Scheme to Defraud Suspected.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 23.—Last week the house of Wm. Radloff, a wealthy rancher near Seattle, was burned, and in the ruins was found a corpse supposed to be that of Radloff, as he was missing. Radloff carried $55,000 life insurance in his wife's favor. It was suspected for a time that Mrs. Radloff and one of the farm hands had conspired to murder Radloff and get the insurance. Today, however, suspicion is strong that Radloff robbed a grave, took the corpse to his house and placed it in the ruins for the purpose of defrauding the insurance companies.