ST. CHARLES WOMAN WAS FORTUNATE

It Was a Lucky Day for Mrs. Wiethoelter When She Read About Doan's

"I had such awful cutting pains in the small of my back and hips, I often had to cry out," says Mrs. Ernest Wiethoelter, 550 Madison St., St. Charles, Mo. "The pain was knife-like and I couldn't turn in bed, in fact I was almost helpless. My feet and ankles swelled badly, my hands were puffed up and there were swellings under my eyes. I often got so dizzy I had to sit down to keep from falling and my health was completely broken down. The kidney secretions pained terribly in passage and in spite of all the medicine I took, I kept getting worse until I was a wreck.

Mrs. Wiethoelter

"By chance I read about *Doan's Kidney Pills* and bought some. After I had used half a box there was a change and I continued to improve; the pains, aches and swellings left and my health returned."

Sworn to before me,
WM. F. WOLTER, *Notary Public.*

ALMOST TWO YEARS LATER. Mrs. Wiethoelter said: "I think as highly of *Doan's* as ever. Whenever I have used them, they have benefited me."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Cuticura Stops Itching and Saves the Hair

All druggists: Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. K, Boston."

OLD SORES, PILES AND ECZEMA VANISH

Good, Old, Reliable Peterson's Ointment a Favorite Remedy.

"Had 51 ulcers on my legs. Doctors wanted to cut off leg. Peterson's Ointment cured me."—Wm. J. Nichos, 40 Wilder Street, Rochester, N. Y.

Get a large box for 35 cents at any druggist, says Peterson, of Buffalo, N. Y., and money back if it isn't the best you ever used. Always keep Peterson's Ointment in the house. Fine for burns, scalds, bruises, sunburn, and the surest remedy for itching eczema and piles the world has ever known.

India Needs American Goods.

The fact that the Bombay Electric Tramway company, Bombay, India, recently placed an order for 130 tramtrucks in America on account of the advantageous prices quoted, indicates that there is further opportunity for the marketing in India of this and kindred lines.

ASPIRIN FOR HEADACHE

Name "Bayer" is on Genuine

Aspirin—say Bayer

Insist on "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in a "Bayer package," containing proper directions for Headache, Colds Pain, Neuralgia, Lumbago, and Rheumatism. Name "Bayer" means genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for nineteen years. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Merely Broke.

She—They say Mr. Destyle is financially embarrassed.

He—Well, he's horribly in debt, but it would take more than that to embarrass him.—Boston Post.

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP.

In these days of unsettled weather look out for colds. Take every precaution against the dreaded influenza and at the first sneeze remember that Boschee's Syrup has been used for fifty-three years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis and colds, throat irritation and especially for lung troubles, giving the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning. Made in America and kept as a household remedy in the homes of thousands of families all over the civilized world. Try one bottle and accept no substitutes.—Adv.

Unusual.

"There's just one thing I want to ask you, John?" "Only one, Henrietta? Ain't you feelin' well?"

Cuticura for Sore Hands.

Soak hands on retiring in the hot suds of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove surplus Ointment with tissue paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do. Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toilet purposes.—Adv.

Drop a nickel in the toy bank today and get five cents' worth of exercise trying to get it out tomorrow.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES Night and Morning. *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Condensed News Items

SHORT STORIES TERSELY TOLD FOR THE BENEFIT OF BUSY READERS.

CONGRESSIONAL.

To prevent a flood of German dyestuffs being dumped into the United States after ratification of the peace treaty, the House and Senate adopted a resolution extending government control of dye imports until January 15. The measure now goes to the President.

Avenues of speculation leading many ways were opened up when officials and diplomats turned over in their minds the possible results at home and abroad that are to follow the termination of the special session of Congress without Senate ratification of the peace treaty.

Senator Selden P. Spencer, of Missouri, commenting on the failure of the peace treaty and League of Nations covenant in the Senate, said that the President's letter, which was presented in the closing hours of the fight, was unfortunate for the treaty.

CRIMINAL.

Thirty-eight members of fourteen wholesale sugar firms were arrested at Chicago on federal warrants charging profiteering in violation of the Lever food control act.

A crowd at Madison, Ga., took Wallace Baynes, a negro, from his home and shot him to death after he had killed Kay Ozburn, a railroad officer.

Four bank robbers and citizens of Yorktown, Ia., staged a street skirmish in which one of the robbers was wounded and Rudy Meninger, night marshal, was shot in the eye. The robbers escaped.

Twenty-two alleged members of the I. W. W., arrested November 11 at Centralia, Wash., were indicted by the grand jury there.

Doc Hubble, 65, postmaster at Pilot, Ark, southwest of West Plains, Mo., was found murdered at his home a few minutes after he had left his wife at the barn. His throat had been cut.

Jewelry, clothing and silverware, said to be valued at over $50,000, stolen in a long series of burglaries, was recovered at Detroit.

The grand jury at Winnipeg, Man., returned true bills against eight alleged leaders of the general strike which tied up Winnipeg this spring. The indictments charge seditious conspiracy and the grand jury report declared the men were "public nuisances."

David W. Sullivan, a member of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, was arrested on a charge of larceny. The American Surety Company, which has been working on the case with the district attorney's office, declared that it is believed the arrest will reveal a number of messenger thefts among downtown brokerage offices totaling at least $500,000.

LABOR.

President Wilson has appointed a new industrial conference and called it into session December 1.

A restraining order preventing the strike call of Colorado coal miners was issued by District Judge Frank J. Morley, at Denver.

DOMESTIC.

Embargoes on wheat and wheat flour will be lifted December 15, it was announced by the United States Grain Corporation at New York.

Victor Rosewater, proprietor of the Omaha Bee and the Bee Publishing Company, was fined $1,000 by District Judge Redick after being found guilty of contempt in publishing an article relating to a grand jury case. He will appeal.

The Marquis de Gonzales has been appointed Spanish minister to Mexico. He succeeds the Duke of Amalfi, who recently returned to Madrid from Mexico City.

A certain "Mrs. B." of New York City felt so badly over not paying the war tax of 4 cents on two moving picture show tickets that she sent two 2-cent stamps to the state conscience fund.

Three attempts to prevent enforcement of war-time prohibition and Volstead enforcement acts failed in the federal courts in New York in one day.

Raids on alleged "reds" were renewed in New York when detectives attached to the bomb squad, armed with federal warrants, arrested 22 men in a building on Fifth street.

More than 34,000 gallons of real-kick beer, held by a Minneapolis brewery for some time, with the hope that the prohibition bars would temporarily be lifted, was emptied into the Mississippi River.

Net profits derived by government from operation of railroads in September were $2,391,419, according to final figures for the month made public by the railroad administration.

Official statistics for the first nine months of the present year show that Italy imported from the United States $600,000,000 worth of goods as against $8,000,000 worth exported. Of the exports there were oranges and lemons worth $800,000.

Liquor interests were given another setback when Judge George A. Carpenter handed down a decision in the United States District Court which held that the war-time prohibition act and Volstead enforcement act were constitutional.

Mrs. Gladys Mary Moore, known to motion-picture "fans" as Mary Pickford, was awarded a verdict at New York in a suit instituted by Mrs. Cora C. Wilkening, who alleged that she had obtained a contract for Miss Pickford with the Famous Players Corporation at a salary of $1,080,000 and that a 10 per cent commission was due her.

Advertisers were advised to interest themselves in the editorial policies of the mediums for which they spend their money by L. F. Loree, president of the Delaware and Hudson Company, at closing session of National Industrial Conference Board at New York.

Ernest Dundeen, former congressman from the Fifth Minnesota District, who was scheduled to speak at Ortonville, Minn., against the League of Nations, was taken from the stage by members of the local post of the American Legion, escorted to the railroad tracks and locked in a refrigerator car on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad.

The federal government lost $20,500,000 in the operation of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad during the year 1918, according to the road's annual report.

Coroner H. C. Wright, of Sparta, Ill., held an inquest over the body of George W. McFarland, who died at the age of 110 years, 7 months and 10 days.

Arthur Brisbane announced the sale of the Washington Times and the Wisconsin News of Milwaukee to William Randolph Hearst. The sale price was not made public.

MISCELLANEOUS.

It is reported here that 20,000 of Gen. Yudenitch's Northwestern Russian army have gone over to the Bolsheviki.

Women may sit as delegates in the Republican and Democratic national conventions and vote for the nomination of a candidate for President of the United States, according to an opinion given at Chicago by Attorney General Brundage.

With escape from their rooms cut off, Harry Rickerson and wife and two children suffocated in the fire which destroyed the apartment house a Howell, Mich.

PERSONAL.

Attorney General Palmer was reported on the verge of a nervous breakdown and under orders from his physician to get away from work and take all the rest he needs.

Larry Semon, screen comedian, has signed a contract with the Vitagraph Company for $3,600,000 for three years' work.

Baron Romano Avezzana, recently appointed Italian ambassador to the United States, is a passenger on the steamer Mauretania, bound for New York.

The Prince of Wales received about everything New York had to offer from a royal welcome from hundreds of thousands of citizens and the official freedom of the city to a book of newspaper clippings recording his journeys in Canada and the United States.

FOREIGN.

The Supreme Council at Paris decided to give Poland a mandate over Eastern Galicia under the League of Nations for twenty-five years. At the end of that time the league is to determine the future of the territory.

The Swedish Parliament, summoned to consider the invitation to join the League of Nations, has decided to postpone action until next year. It desires to await America's decision.

A Budapest dispatch lists seven nominees for the Hungarian throne.

The Belgian cabinet has tendered its resignation.

Regardless of the American government's attitude, the peace treaty of Versailles will be put into effect, according to the prevalent view here following receipt of the report that President Wilson might withdraw the treaty from the United States Senate.

From 25 to 27 seats in the Belgian Chamber of Deputies have been gained by the Socialists, according to estimates by the Neutral newspaper Le Soir, which says: "This thrust toward the Left must be taken into consideration."

The treaty of Versailles was approved unanimously by the Peruvian National Assembly.

Five thousand Alsatians were arrested and interned by German authorities during the war, and announcement is made that the German government is pledged to pay to France an indemnity of 25,000,000 francs in reparation.

Gen. Felipe Angeles, the intellectual leader of the Villa rebel movements, has been captured near Parral, Mexico.

Marshal Foch has been offered the nomination for Senator in the Department of Finisterre, according to the Press de Paris, which says he has accepted the nomination on condition that all parties will unite in supporting him.

The bodies of Enrique Hernandez and Francisco Arrilo, secret agents of the Mexican government, were found hanging from a tree 20 miles south of Montezuma, Mexico

SENATE KILLS PACT

PEACE TREATY IS REJECTED AFTER A BITTER FINAL-HOUR BATTLE.

BODY ADJOURNS SINE DIE

Regular Session Convenes December 1, When, Under the Pact's Parliamentary Status, It May Be Re-Submitted and Take Its Turn.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The treaty of peace with Germany was rejected by the senate. On the final vote taken on the Lodge resolution ratification was refused by the vote of 43 to 51.

The senate then adjourned sine die and, the house having taken similar action earlier in the day, the extra session called by President Wilson to consider the treaty came to an end.

Under the parliamentary maneuvering of the Republican majority the treaty was forced into such a situation that it cannot be again considered unless the president should choose to re-submit it to the senate at the session which opens December 1.

If re-submitted, it will again go to the foreign relations committee, where in all probability it will be held for a long time while railroad legislation and other matters are being considered.

Peace Resolution Introduced.

In the meantime, to meet the situation brought about by rejection of the treaty, Senator Lodge introduced just before adjournment a concurrent resolution declaring the war with Germany at an end.

This resolution will be taken up at the beginning of the new session and probably passed.

The defeat of the treaty was brought about by the votes of 38 Democratic and 13 Republican senators. The Republicans who voted against ratification were senators who have been from the very outset of the treaty fight against the document. All of the Democrats except Senator Reed of Missouri were friends of the treaty, but yielded to the request of President Wilson for rejection of the Lodge resolution because of the reservations which it contained.

The Republicans who voted against ratification were:

Senators Borah, Brandegee, Fernald, France, Gronna, Johnson of California, Knox, La Follette, McCormick, Moses, Norris, Poindexter and Sherman.

Democrats who declined to obey the instructions of the president and voted for ratification were Senators Gore, Myers, Owen and Pomerene.

Marshall Overruled Three Times.

Three times in the parliamentary skirmish was the vice president overruled by vote of the senate for decisions he made with regard to the procedure. The crucial test came when Vice President Marshall ruled that the treaty was still before the senate and that the Lodge resolution having been rejected it was in order for Senator Hitchcock to present an alternative resolution.

Upon this ruling the vice president was overruled by the vote of 50 to 43.

During the long debate that followed, Senators Hitchcock, Swanson and others in the administration following made frantic but fruitless efforts to effect a compromise on the Lodge reservations. They conferred with Senators Lodge, Watson, Lenroot and others, but made no progress.

Efforts to Place Blame.

In the speeches that were made while the final vote on the Lodge resolution was pending, senators on both sides made efforts to place the blame for failure to ratify the treaty. Some of the mild reservationists blamed the administration men for not having arrived at the conclusion earlier in the fight that ratification without reservations was impossible and asserted that if they had done so a compromise might have been affected.

In a final effort at conciliation Senator Pomerene at 9:15 p. m. moved to refer the treaty to a "committee on conciliation" consisting of six senators, including Senators Lodge and Hitchcock. This motion was defeated by means of a motion by Senator La Follette to lay it on the table.

Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia then sought to avert the impending rejection of the treaty by suggesting that the senate adjourn over night so that both sides might get together. This motion was defeated by the vote of 42 to 48.

Original Pact Defeated.

After the second vote on the Lodge resolution showed that the treaty stood no possible chance of ratification, Senator Lodge yielded to a request made by Senator Underwood for a vote on ratification without reservations. This was defeated, 38 to 53.

By making a motion to reconsider this vote and then lay that motion on the table, which was carried, Senator Lodge placed the last barrier against any attempt to bring the treaty again before the senate without action by the president.

The great feature of the day's debate was a speech by Senator Borah of Idaho, which was made at a time when it appeared as though ratification might be accomplished. In his speech the senator warned the senate of the results that would follow departure from the policies of Washington and other founders of the republic. His speech, stirring in its eloquence and forceful in its logic, made a profound impression upon the senate.

Result of First Vote.

Ratification of the peace treaty, with the reservations framed by the Republican majority and objected to by President Wilson, was voted down in the senate earlier in the evening, with the administration senators lining up solidly against it.

The ratification resolution, which would have required a two-thirds majority for adoption, mustered only 39 votes to 55 against it. Its supporters were 35 Republicans, 4 Democrats, and its opponents 13 Republicans and 42 Democrats.

A Democratic move to have the treaty referred to a conciliation committee composed of Democrats and Republicans was defeated.

Way Clear for Compromise.

The vote cleared the way for the consideration of possible compromise proposals acceptable to the majority of the Democrats and the mild reservation group of Republicans.

Republicans against adoption were: Borah, Brandegee, Fernald, France, Gronna, Johnson of California, Knox, La Follette, McCormick, Moses, Norris, Poindexter and Sherman.

In order to put the treaty into a parliamentary situation where another vote could be had after efforts at compromise the senate then voted to reconsider its action. The motion was made by Senator Reed, Democrat, Missouri, and was adopted by the vote of the Democrats and mild reservation Republicans.

The vote on the motion to reconsider was 62 to 30.

The effect of the reconsideration was merely to bring the committee resolution back to the same status it occupied before the ratification roll call.

An effort by Democratic Leader Hitchcock to have the senate adjourn at this stage failed, the mild reservationists lining up with the other Republicans against the adjournment motion, which was defeated, 51 to 42.

Senator Hitchcock sought to offer a set of compromise reservations, but a point of order by Republican Leader Lodge blocked him.

Vice President Marshall ruled that the reservations were in order and that the treaty, by the reconsideration, had been brought back into committe of the whole. Senator Lodge appealed from the ruling.

By a party vote of 51 to 42 the decision of the chair was overruled.

The vote having established that the treaty was in the senate itself and not in a committee of the whole Senator Hitchcock offered a resolution of unreserved ratification, against which Senator Poindexter (Rep.) of Washington made a point of order. The vice president overruled the objection and an appeal again was taken.

The senate again overruled the vice president.

Amendments Are Passed.

By a vote of 50 to 43 the senate a third time overruled the chair's ruling that amendments to the Lodge reservation might be presented. Senator McCumber (Rep.) North Dakota, voted with the Democrats to sustain the vice president, and Senators Gore, Reed and Shields voted with the Republicans against it.

Senator McCumber moved to strike out the requirement that the reservations must be accepted by other powers. Senator Lodge made a point of order, which Vice President Marshall overruled, and another appeal to the senate was taken.

With the same lineup as before the senate again overruled the vice president's ruling, thus cutting off the McCumber motion. The vote was 50 to 43.

Still Alive, Says Hitchcock.

Senator Hitchcock said, following the senate's adjournment, that the action of that body on the treaty has not killed it, and that he expects it will be re-submitted to congress by the president at the next session.

"The president can send it back," declared Senator Hitchcock. "I do not, however, know what course he will follow. I have not discussed that with him, and have not been in communication with the president since the action taken by the senate."

Senator Lodge considers the treaty dead, as was shown by his reply when asked his opinion of the present status of the treaty. He said:

"It is dead in this senate. They killed it, just as I told them they would if they voted against it."

Senator Lodge did not deny, however, that the president has the power to re-submit the covenant.

Peacock Cleaned Up Snakes.

Huge snakes infest a farmyard near Llanwrst, Wales, and even enter the farmhouse and outbuildings. Recently an old manure heap, a favorite resort of these snakes, was removed, and next day the farmer was presented with a fine peacock. When taken from its crate the beautiful bird took a curving flight, descending 20 yards away, and simultaneously flinging up a four-foot snake, which fell with a broken neck. Within the next half-hour the bird had killed 17 of these reptiles. The peacock is now cherished as a protector by the farmer and his family.

First Aerial Customs Inspector.

Niagara Falls is the first American border city to have an aerial customs inspector. Lieut. Paul R. Moore, an aviator, has been appointed a deputy collector of customs and will guard against smuggling and the illegal entrance of airplanes from Canada without registering when and where the occasion demands.

MISSOURI FOLKS Tell What They Know

St. Louis, Mo.—"Dr. Pierce's medicines that I have had occasion to use have proved most beneficial. I have taken the 'Favorite Prescription' for general weakness and when run-down and suffering with nervousness, and can truthfully say it has done me more good than any medicine I have ever taken.

"The 'Pleasant Pellets' are very good to regulate the system and aid very much in keeping a person in a good healthy state. —MRS. AMELIA THORN, 4204 John Ave.

What All Say

Jane, Mo.—"I can never say enough in praise of Dr. Pierce's wonderful medicine. Twenty-eight years ago I was in very poor health, having taken the measles when my oldest child was one month old. My blood was out of order and I also had inflammation of the womanly organs and bladder. I doctored with the best doctor I knew of, but gradually grew worse till I wasn't able to do anything. I heard of Dr. Pierce's medicines, so got a bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and one of 'Favorite Prescription' and I immediately commenced to improve. After taking three bottles of each I was able to do light housework and felt like a different person—a very small expense compared with what I had been paying the doctor. Since then I have used these medicines for myself and family, and find they are just as recommended."—MRS. CHAS. SHANKS, Jane, Mo.

Used In Family

Kansas City, Mo.—"For a number of years Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets have been the only purgative medicine I have used in my family. They are no trouble at all to take and will eventually cure the worst case of chronic constipation. I have also taken Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription when in need of a special tonic and it has never failed to give the desired relief." —MRS. MARY K. BOLT, 3111 E. 20th St.

CELEBRATE XMAS THE BRAZEL WAY

Get this Assortment of FIREWORKS Only $2 Safe and Sane within the Law

BOYS! this outfit is prepared especially to enable you to celebrate a real Christmas this year. This wonderful assortment (worth $3.00 at any retail store) meets all requirements of law governing sale of fireworks. Consists of 2 large 4½-ft. paper balloons, 5 packs fun-crackers, 2 colored fire torches, 6 Roman candles, 12 1½-inch Bang Salutes, 1 daygo early riser bomb, 30 Jap torpedoes, 1 colored star mine, 24 pieces night fireworks, 40 sparklers, 12 pieces singer chasers, 12 pieces sun of a gun, 12 pieces grasshoppers, 12 pieces pin wheels, 12 snakes in grass, 1 doz. crazy cracker sticks and 1 bundle of punk. All complete in a neat wood box. A day's fun for the whole family. You can't beat it for variety, quantity, quality and price. Express is slow these days so better order now—don't wait. Our booklet of celebration goods free, send for it also.

BRAZEL NOVELTY MFG. CO.
1909 Ella Street Cincinnati, Ohio

TRY THIS FOR LIVER AND BOWELS

Brew it at home yourself, save money and feel better right away.

If you want a splendid, economical remedy for constipation, sick headache, dizziness and torpid liver, get a small package of Dr. Carter's K. and B. Tea today and drink a cup of your own brewing whenever you need it.

This old reliable vegetable remedy has stood the test of time and is now more popular than ever.

Keep a package in the house all the time and brew a cupful when you feel out of sorts, feverish or bilious. It always helps—promptly—and being mild and gentle, is just as good for children as for grownups.

WANTED WIRE DRAWERS!

We need men to learn wire drawing at our Peoria mills.

Men with good physique, weighing not less than 160 pounds and from 21 to 40 years of age can learn this good trade easily, commencing at 45c an hour for an eight hour day. Only a few weeks experience will enable the beginner to earn considerably more.

Experienced wire drawers can earn $1.00 per hour, and more, at the new rates now in effect.

If you want a good job, write us for further particulars or call in person at our Employment Department.

Keystone Steel & Wire Co.
PEORIA, ILL.

SINCE 1870 **SHILOH** 30 DROPS STOPS COUGHS

Persistent Coughs are dangerous. Get prompt relief from Piso's. Stops irritation, soothing. Effective and safe for young and old. No opiates in

PISO'S