

Bobby North, who was not simply nearly, but completely, staggered up the steps at Mrs. Moore's boarding house late one night. There was a sharp cry, a disturbance and the startled roomers rushed out to find North, his hands red with warm blood and Capt. Hauska lying stretched before him on the floor—dead. Did Bobby North kill him? The police thought maybe he had, and locked him up.

And yet—Lawrence Wade had visited the captain that night. They had had words, which others heard. Wade was in love with the captain's lovely wife. Did Wade kill Capt. Hauska? The police thought so maybe, and locked him up. Or did some one else commit the crime. The solution of the Hauska murder mystery baffled the police. And yet it was solved,—through a red button. Watch for the announcement tomorrow.

AFTERNOON Edition READ THE 'WANTS'

SOUTH BEND NEWS-TIMES

LARGEST SWORN CIRCULATION IN NORTHERN INDIANA. AVERAGE DAILY NEWS-TIMES CIRCULATION FOR JUNE WAS 16,722. SOUTH BEND, INDIANA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1913. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE WEATHER INDIANA — Unsettled Wednesday, warmer north portion; Thursday probably showers, light variable winds. LOWER MICHIGAN — Unsettled and somewhat warmer Wednesday; Thursday probably showers; light to moderate variable winds.

GOVERNOR SULZER IMPEACHED, 76 TO 46

LIND RECEIVED BY MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Felt That This is the First Step in American Program to Throw Its Influence For Peace in Mexico.

REBELS SAID TO HAVE LOST THREE THOUSAND

According to Reports at Mexico City Men Were Mowed Down in Torreón Streets by Machine Guns.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 13.—Ex-Gov. John Lind, the personal representative of Pres. Wilson and adviser of the American embassy here, was received Tuesday in an unofficial capacity by Frederico Gamboa, the Mexican minister for foreign relations. The visit of Mr. Lind consumed but a few minutes of Senator Gamboa's time and few persons knew that it had been made. The time selected for the call was when few visitors were at the foreign office and a disposition was shown in the department to cloak it with secrecy. No further steps were taken by Mr. Lind Tuesday to advance the object of his mission to Mexico, and it is believed that there will be no development in the situation before Thursday. Mr. Lind is in communication with Washington and it is not improbable that his movements will be governed by instructions from there, based upon the progress he is able to make here.

In view of Pres. Huerta's note of last week, issued through the acting foreign minister stating that Mr. Lind would not be received officially unless he brought credentials and also official recognition of the Huerta government, great significance attaches to his reception by Huerta's cabinet chief, even unofficially. By some persons, his reception is taken as an indication of the message Mr. Lind bears. Officials high and low, persist in saying that Pres. Huerta will never receive Mr. Lind, especially as Pres. Wilson's emissary, but there is an unconfirmed rumor in circulation that steps already have been taken to bring about a conference between them.

It is the opinion of Mexicans generally that even if Pres. Huerta should receive Mr. Lind, it would be merely to show him a personal courtesy and would not alter the stand the Mexican executive has taken in regard to foreign interference in the republic. It is pointed out also that even should Pres. Huerta be induced to listen to suggestions there remains the rebel element as a bar to the restoration of peace. Rebel sympathizers in the capital and even pro-government men say that rebels are more inclined to permit mediation than is the administration. Mr. and Mrs. Lind will move Wednesday from the hotel at which they have been staying, to the American embassy, where furniture will be installed in a sufficient number of rooms to provide them with a comfortable apartment. Mrs. Lind, who was slightly ill Monday, was inspected Tuesday and personally inspected the rooms to be furnished and made suggestions regarding what should be put in them.

Mr. Lind interested himself this afternoon by driving about the capital and visiting points of interest much like the much ordinary tourist. His figure already has become familiar to the public and he is the object of mild interest wherever he appears. Official reports received Tuesday are to the effect that Torreón, which has been under active siege for some weeks, had been relieved and the rebels defeated with a loss of 3,000 men killed, wounded or taken prisoners. The report said that the rebels, Carranza personally, were permitted to enter the streets of the city as a strategic move, and when they believed that they had won and were rushing toward the heart of the city, they were mowed down by federal rifles and machine guns.

WASHINGTON GETS NEWS. WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—News from Mexico City that John Lind, personal representative of Pres. Wilson, and Frederico Gamboa, Mexican minister of foreign relations, had established unofficial relations Tuesday by a personal meeting, brought encouragement to administration officials here. It was felt by them that the first step in the program of the American government to throw its influence in the direction of a quiet and peaceful settlement of the revolutionary troubles had succeeded.

The incident, however, it was learned from official sources Tuesday night, will not change the procedure previously outlined to Mr. Lind before he left Washington. He will submit all his representations to Charge D'Shaughnessy, who will transmit them in accordance with diplomatic proprieties to the Mexican minister of foreign relations.

TOBACCO TRUST STRONGER THAN IT WAS BEFORE

Dissolution a Joke According to Sen. Hitchcock, Who Would Tax All the Big Consumers, in Tariff Debate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—That the tobacco trust, instead of being dissolved by the decree of the supreme court of the United States, has increased its monopolistic control of tobacco manufactures, was asserted in the senate Tuesday by Sen. Hitchcock of Neb., in discussing the tobacco schedule of the tariff bill. Announcing that he intended later to press his amendment to the tariff bill, which would place a graduated income tax on tobacco production, Sen. Hitchcock, who booted the democratic party caucus on the tariff, said he intended also to discuss the propriety of that caucus in restraining its members from supporting his amendment.

"I wish to call attention," the senator said "to the restraint and monopoly exercised by a few great manufacturers in earning 90 per cent of the production of this country. I suppose to show that four great concerns divided by the decree of the supreme court now owned by the same stockholders, and operating in close accord, exercise a greater monopoly in tobacco trade than ever before."

Reading from statistics furnished by the secretary of the treasury he declared that these four concerns manufactured last year 71 3-5 per cent of all tobacco manufactured in the United States; that three of these concerns manufactured 90 per cent of all the small cigars, and three of them 85 3-4 per cent of all the cigars.

People in Earnest. "If the American people are in earnest, and I believe they are," he added, "they want this monopoly curbed. If the United States senate is in earnest, it ought not to permit any rule of a party caucus to restrain a senator from voting for a measure that will put a stop to this defiance of a judicial decree, and restore a constitutional condition in the world in tobacco manufactures."

The tobacco schedule was approved by the senate without amendment, the metal schedule was completed with the exception of some paragraphs which the finance committee had passed over because of the illness of Senator Ransdell of Louisiana.

Then debate was begun on the agricultural schedule, one of the sections most vigorously assailed by the senators of the minority. Sen. Gronna of North Dakota, opened this discussion and proposed in lieu of free listing cattle, a rate of \$1.50 a head of cattle less than a year old; \$3 a head on cattle valued at not more than \$14 and twenty per cent ad valorem on cattle valued at more than \$14.

Sen. Lane, of Oregon said principal reason for free listing cattle was that there was not sufficient cattle in this country to supply the domestic demand. The committee amendment free listing cattle was sustained 38 to 21. Sen. Thornton of Louisiana, voting with the republicans against the amendment. This was the first time a democrat had voted against the party amendments. All the progressive republicans voted against free cattle.

AMERICAN FLAG IS CAUSE OF SHOOTING

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Aug. 13.—Four bystanders were shot seriously and three others less seriously wounded in a riot on East Second South street Tuesday night when a special policeman waved an American flag in the face of an I. W. W. orator.

Thousands of persons gathered at the scene of the shooting and it was necessary to call out the fire department to disperse the crowd. None of the injured will die. The shooting was done by members of the I. W. W., four of whom were arrested charged with inciting a riot. When the police attempted to clear the streets after the shooting the I. W. W. orators refused to leave their stands and, urged on by the listeners, began calling "free speech," which the police attempted to suppress from the street by several streams of water from fire hose. The police were more than an hour in restoring order.

ELISE FOR REFORM. NEWPORT, R. I.—Miss Elsie Stephens, a debutante, is leading a revolt in society here against heavy veils and diaphanous gowns. She advocates diaphanous veils, too.

GOVERNOR KEPT IN IGNORANCE OF DEALS

According to Rumor Wife Took the Money and Spent it in Wall St. — Detailed Statement May Be Made.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 13.—A declaration attributed to Mrs. William Sulzer, that she had used some of her husband's campaign contributions without his knowledge to invest in stocks because she felt the household needed money and she alone was responsible, was made the subject early this morning of a motion in the lower house of the New York legislature, debating a resolution to impeach Gov. Sulzer. It was the first test of the strength of the democratic organization, which is urging the governor's impeachment, and indicated that the organization lacked three votes of the 76 required to impeach.

Two of the men who voted against the organization, however, were said to be ready to vote for impeachment. The motion, made by Republican Leader Hinman, recited that Mrs. Sulzer's declaration should be properly classed under the head of newly discovered evidence, and warranted postponement of further consideration of the impeachment resolution. The motion was defeated by a vote of 73 to 49.

The first roll call in legislature Monday night indicated that the organization had the votes to carry out its program to impeach the governor before adjournment. One hundred and twenty-two members answered to their names, as follows: Democrats 85, republicans 35, overshadings 2.

Overshadowing in interest even the impeachment proceedings was a sensational story on the lips of many legislators that Mrs. Sulzer, who is said to have handled her husband's checks for years, had made to Sen. Palmer an explanation of the alleged irregularities in Gov. Sulzer's campaign receipts brought out by the Frawley committee.

Of the 85 democrats present, the majority leader was confident that 78—two more than a bare majority—would vote for the impeachment resolution. The roll call was slow and was succeeded by a call of the absentees which added the delay.

Marking Time. At 11 o'clock the assembly had been in session nearly an hour and was still waiting, marking time in silence. Nobody would hazard a guess then as to when a vote would be taken. The prospects were for an all-night session. Independent democrats mustered a handful. Majority Leader Levy let it be known that he would personally reply to most of the anticipated speeches opposing impeachment. Half a dozen lieutenants expected to aid him. Assemblyman Hinman, Schapp and Gibbs were prepared to lead the attack on the resolution. On the first roll call the absentees included six democrats, 19 republicans and two progressives.

DIGGS PAID THE FARES TO RENO

Miss Marsha Warrington Says That Threats and Promises of Marriage Were Used.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 13.—A courtroom crowded from the railings to the doors sat in hushed expectancy today while Marsha Warrington picked her way slowly to the witness stand. It was the climax of the case which the government is presenting against Maury I. Diggs, former state architect, who is accused under the Mann Act of transporting the girl for immoral purposes to Reno, Nev., from Sacramento, Cal., where he left a wife and babies.

Court adjourned with the story at the point where the party of four, consisting of Diggs, R. Drew Cammett, Marsha Warrington and Lola Norris stepped off the train at Reno. The girl swore that Diggs bought the railway tickets and paid for the sleeping car drawing room they occupied. She swore she saw the tickets delivered to the conductor.

Counsel for the defense objected to the introduction of the tickets as evidence on the ground that the witness could not identify them as the tickets that had been given. "The objection is overruled," the court said. "The witness has testified that the defendant bought the tickets and later gave them to the conductor on the train at Reno. That is as near as you can trace them. No closer identification could be made, unless some one had been present at the purchase of the tickets for the purpose of keeping their numbers. Let this matter go to the jury."

Questions and answers preliminary to and following this point dealt with the introduction upon the scene of Lola Norris and Cammett—the latter to be tried later on a similar charge—both of whom were arrested with them at a bungalow in Reno. Left Under Threats. The witness swore that she had left

SENATE MAY REFUSE TO ADMIT CLAYTON

Several Prominent Members Contend That Governor Had no Power to Appoint Successor to Johnston.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Surprise was expressed by democratic leaders of the senate Tuesday night when they learned that Gov. O'Neal had disregarded their advice and had appointed Rep. Henry D. Clayton to succeed the late Sen. Johnston without express authority from the Alabama legislature. "It is my opinion that Mr. Clayton will not be seated," said Sen. Overman, acting chairman of the judiciary committee.

The members of the judiciary committee and a majority of the lawyers of the senate were of the opinion that the 17th amendment to the constitution does not give the governor authority to appoint a senator only under express directions from the legislature. It was predicted Monday night that when Mr. Clayton presented his credentials as a senator objections would be raised immediately and the credentials would go to the committee on privileges and elections for a report.

Before the news of Gov. O'Neal's action reached Washington, Sen. Kern, leader of the senate majority, had sent a second telegram to the governor urging him to call a special session of the legislature to grant him authority to name a senator ad interim. Sen. Simmons, chairman of the finance committee, also had sent a message emphasizing the importance of Sen. Kern's request. Both senators pointed out that it was important there should be no possibility of a contest in the appointment of a successor of Johnston, owing to the slender democratic majority on the tariff bill.

Rep. Clayton, the governor's appointee is chairman of the house judiciary committee and has served 15 years in congress. He is now in Montgomery. Democratic leaders, having lost a vote through the death of Sen. Johnston, now are further worried by the continued absence, on account of serious illness, of Sen. Culberson of Texas. They have endeavored vainly to get some information as to the probability of Sen. Culberson's return in time to vote for the tariff bill. No word, it is said, can be communicated to the senator, who is undergoing treatment in Connecticut.

AUTO CRASHES THROUGH RAILING; FOUR KILLED

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 13.—Three persons were instantly killed and a fourth, a child of six, was fatally injured Tuesday night when a large automobile crashed through the railing of a bridge and fell thirty feet to the bank of a creek at the outskirts of this city. The dead are J. B. Borders, aged 32, an automobile agent; Mrs. J. B. Borders, aged 28, and Abe Paul, 26, a tailor, all of this city. Mrs. Borders, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Borders died three hours later.

TAMMANY WINS FIGHT ON ENEMY

Depsite 11th Hour Plea of Mrs. Sulzer That She Used the Campaign Funds, Assembly Secures Enough Votes to Oust Governor.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 13.—With three votes more than the required majority, Gov. William Sulzer early Wednesday was impeached by the assembly for alleged "high crimes and misdemeanors," in connection with his campaign fund. After an all night session, spent by the majority in filibustering until Tammany absentees could arrive, the vote was taken at 5:16 a. m., resulting 79 for impeachment to 45 against.

The first impeachment of a governor of New York state came close on the heels of the most sensational feature in the Sulzer-Murphy war, when Mrs. Sulzer told certain senators that she was responsible for the Sulzer stock market deals and that the governor knew nothing about it. She sought to shoulder all the blame.

ARREST ANOTHER; ALLEGE LOTTERY

President of Chicago Company Who Came to Help Out Employee, is Taken By Police. Abraham Eisner, president of the United States Diamond Importing Co., Chicago, was arrested Wednesday morning for advertising a lottery. He was released on \$300 bond. Eisner came to South Bend Tuesday afternoon to attend the trial of John Hogan, a collector for the firm, and to deny the charges made against the company by J. O. Dailey, a barber. Both men are now out on bond. The trial will be held Aug. 21. Eisner protested in an interview Tuesday afternoon against his institution being characterized as a lottery. "We have a club into which each member pays dues toward the purchase of jewelry," he said. "As an advertising feature we give away one article of jewelry each week to one of our members."

DIAGNOSIS WILL TOUR WORLD ENROUTE TO JAPAN

VANCOUVER, B. C., Aug. 13.—Gen. Felix Diaz will not sail Wednesday by the "Empress of Russia" for Japan. Instead he will with his party tour Quebec, London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna and St. Petersburg and reach Japan by the Trans-Siberian railway. In explanation the Mexican envoy says that owing to telegraphic instructions from Mexico City he has been forced to change his plans. He will leave for Quebec Wednesday evening. Sacramento under threats of exposure and only on promise of marriage. The narrative of the early acquaintance was traced in detail and the trip to Reno was described minutely. She and Diggs had occupied the lower berth and their companions the upper berth. Other witnesses told of the arrest at Reno and the condition of the bungalow as found by Chief Hillhouse of the Reno police department. Tomorrow Miss Warrington will conclude her testimony and after she has been cross examined Lola Norris will follow her. The only indication thus far of the tactics to be taken by the defense have been attempts to introduce testimony which Judge Van Fleet has repeatedly ruled out. All evidence tending to show that the girls went to Reno willingly and were under no duress while there he holds is immaterial and irrelevant. Whether their behavior showed them care free and happy or dejected is a matter as to which the court is indifferent. That is, as near as you can trace them. No closer identification could be made, unless some one had been present at the purchase of the tickets for the purpose of keeping their numbers. Let this matter go to the jury."

GETS LICENSE TO MARRY. Roy H. Wolfe is named in Dispatch From Chicago. Roy H. Wolfe, of this city, was granted a license to marry Tuesday afternoon in Chicago. The young woman is Miss Addie Riley of Elkhart. Mr. Wolfe is a veterinary surgeon living at 222 Caldwell court. His friends said Tuesday he was out of town, but could not confirm the report of his intended marriage. CLOTHES WERE STOLEN. CHICAGO.—Miss May Leonard, pretty society girl, walked eight blocks wearing only a raincoat, when some one stole her clothes while she was in bathing. She borrowed the raincoat. GOT MARRIED QUICK. GRAND RAPIDS.—Madeline Sullivan, Cleveo, and Buford V. Mott, St. Louis, arrived here on a train that stopped 20 minutes. During that time they sought out a justice and were married.