

ATTORNEYS FOR THAW GET DELAY FOR THE CLIENT

Rush to Coaticook With Habeas Corpus Writ and Final Hearing Will be Held at Montreal Sept. 15.

ARREST JEROME ON A GAMBLING CHARGE

Thaw Attorneys Express Indignation Over Move—Court of Inquiry Orders Thaw Back to New York State.

COATICOOK, Que., Sept. 6.—Harry K. Thaw will be produced before the full king's bench, appeal side, at Montreal, on the morning of Sept. 15. Meantime he may be detained here or at Sherbrooke, or taken to Montreal on a moment's notice, at the discretion of the immigration authorities.

Two of his counsel, J. F. Green-shields and N. K. Laflamme, obtained a double writ-habeas corpus and prohibition at Montreal Friday and whirled in a special train into Coaticook where a writ was obtained from the immigration authorities had ordered Thaw's deportation from the Dominion.

Counsel for Thaw who had remained in Coaticook had announced that the writ was returnable forthwith and a special train was made up to take the prisoner to Montreal Friday night. A great crowd collected about the station where Thaw was confined and it was not until 8 o'clock that it became known that he might remain here several days because the writ is not returnable until Sept. 15.

There were cheers when the writ arrived and more cheers when Thaw appeared at the window of the detention room. When the special train pulled out for Montreal without Thaw aboard there were cries of disappointment and cheering when the news got abroad that for Thaw the new move meant ten days' delay.

Blocks Deportation. Not only by the writ secured in Montreal but by the action of his attorneys on appeal did Thaw Friday block his deportation. In addition he had the pleasurable knowledge that his old enemy, William Travers Jerome, had been arrested charged with gambling.

If ever a little town produced "sensations," Coaticook did Friday. First came Jerome's arrest and release on bail, then the news that he had played poker Thursday on railroad property with some newspapermen. Then came word that Thaw's lawyers had obtained in Montreal, the writ demanding his production in court there.

Meantime the special board of inquiry ordered Thaw's deportation to Vermont under two clauses of the immigration act, namely, that he had entered Canada in violation of the law within five years from an inmate of an institution for the insane. From both these decisions Thaw's lawyers appealed.

Charter Special Train. The immigration officers, headed by E. Blake Robertson, were powerless, and Thaw remained in the detention room over the Grand Trunk railway station. Finally Thursday, Thaw's original captor, and subsequent petitioner for the writ of habeas corpus which forced Thaw out of jail at Sherbrooke into the hands of the immigration authorities.

Some of the aldermen contend that Boudreau was influenced and acted unwisely in the habeas corpus matter and should resign. Among his opponents is A. A. Hopkins, chairman of the police committee of the council. Hopkins employs in his grist mill Milford Aldrich, the complainant against Jerome. Aldrich says he acted as a zealous citizen and his contention was sustained by J. J. Hansen, joint crown prosecutor, who caused the warrant to be issued.

Shocked at Jerome. "We were shocked," said Hanson, "to see Mr. Jerome bring cards for money in public and it was our duty to arrest him. Little children saw him and were talking about it. We have never had another arrest of his kind here. If Jerome tries to leave this jurisdiction he will be arrested."

Mr. Jerome left town in his automobile Friday afternoon. It was explained that he had "gone for a ride." His case is set for hearing before a magistrate Saturday morning. Punishment on conviction of gambling on railroad property may range, at the discretion of the court, from a fine, amount unspecified, to a prison sentence, the maximum of which is one year.

In finding Thaw subject to deportation—a decision which was rendered after 4 o'clock Friday afternoon—the board of inquiry made this announcement: "This is to certify that Harry K. Thaw of the United States of America, a person who entered Canada at the international boundary line between the state of Vermont and the province of Quebec, on or about the 18th of August, 1913, has been ex-

amined by the board of inquiry at this port, and has been rejected for the following reasons:

Board's Statement. "That he, Harry K. Thaw, did enter Canada at a place other than a port of entry, and that he did not forthwith report such entry to the nearest immigration officer and present himself for examination as required by law.

"That he, Harry K. Thaw, eluded examination by an officer, entered Canada by stealth, contrary to the provisions of the immigration act. "That evidence considered trustworthy by the board has been submitted to the board that he, Harry K. Thaw, has been insane within five years previous to the present date, and that consequently he, the said Harry K. Thaw, comes within the prohibited classes mentioned in section three of the immigration act, which section provides that persons who have been insane within five years previous shall not be permitted to land in Canada or in case of having landed in Canada or entered Canada, shall not be permitted to remain there in."

"And the said Harry K. Thaw is hereby ordered to be deported to the state of Vermont whence he came to Canada."

WAIT THE ARRIVAL OF MEXICAN ENVOY

Nothing New in the Situation is Expected Until Zamacona Inclin Reaches Washington. Coming is Surprise.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Development in the Mexican situation are likely to wait the arrival in Washington of Manuel de Zamacona e Inclan, personal envoy of the Huerta government, to continue with the Washington administration the negotiations begun by John Lind, personal representative of Pres. Wilson in Mexico.

Administration officials had not decided Friday night whether they would receive Senor de Zamacona unless he brought positive assurances of Huerta's elimination from the situation in Mexico and was ready to act upon the other points of the American proposals for the establishment of peace.

Some of the Washington officials feel that the United States has made its position sufficiently clear through the parleys conducted by Mr. Lind, and the address of President Wilson to congress. Further negotiations on the same points they regard as useless.

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SHOOT FATHER IN BACK

Lad Claims His Parent Was Abusing His Mother.

ALBANY, Ind., Sept. 5.—Firing through a kitchen window from the shelter of a woodshed Edward Lock, 15, early Friday shot his father through the back, then surrendered to the town marshal. The boy said his father had been beating his mother and had kept her out of the house all night. He was formally charged with shooting with intent to kill and friends here provided bail.

Bowdoin Colleges Given \$80,000 For New Building By Late Dry Goods Merchant

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Bowdoin college in New Hampshire will receive \$80,000 from the \$503,000 estate of Edward W. Drummond, a wholesale dry goods merchant, according to the terms of his will made public today. A building is to be erected at Bowdoin, to be known as Drummond hall. The Drummond home in Bristol, Me., was left to Mary D. Drummond, Frank Drummond, Helen D. Sewall and Jane Sewall. Frank Drummond was given \$70,000 and each of the three nieces were given \$40,000. Francis D. Dole, of Boston, another niece, was given \$60,000.

FUEL COMPANY OFFICIAL PLANS VIGOROUS FIGHT

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 6.—David C. Norcross ordered to jail for contempt because he refused to produce the books of the Western Fuel company, today made public the vigorous fight against enforcement of Federal Judge Deolings' ruling. The court fined the company \$2,000 for alleged customs weighing frauds, and ordered Norcross, secretary of the company, imprisoned. The Western Fuel company and the Drew Caminetti white slave case led to the resignation of federal Dist. Atty. McNab.

SULZER WILL BE KNIFE AND FORK CLUB FEATURE

Impeached Governor of New York Will Probably Speak in South Bend During the Coming Season, Chairman Bonds Announces.

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON TO BE FIRST SPEAKER

Noted Colored Educator Will Address Club on October 21—McGovern, of Wisconsin, Will Come During the Year Banquets On Third Tuesdays

Gov. William A. Sulzer, impeached executive of New York and now fighting the Tammany Hall gang of New York to retain his gubernatorial seat, will probably be one of the big cards of the Knife and Fork club activities during the season of 1913 and 1914. This was announced Saturday by E. T. Bonds, chairman of the publicity committee of the organization.

Sulzer was to have appeared last May during the closing days of the season, but owing to circumstances arising at the time, he was unable to come, but gave his promise to be on hand during the early part of this season. Just when Sulzer will be on the program could not be announced definitely, but that he will appear is assured.

It is predicted that no matter what the outcome of his present fight with the Tammany gang in New York, it is believed his speech will be a grilling expose of that political organization's work. Sulzer is well acquainted with its tactics. His story is certain to be an interesting one.

Will Get Capital Loan. A play for the big sum of Washington will be the slogan of the club this year, said Mr. Bonds. No stone will be left unturned to get as many of the most prominent men of the capital as possible.

The season's activities begin Oct. 21 at the Oliver hotel, when Booker T. Washington, the Negro orator, will feature the program. What Washington's address will be could not be stated, but probably it will be a plea for his race. Following this, regular meetings will be held the third Tuesday of every month. One of the biggest seasons of the year is expected. The limit list of 400 members is already full, with 20 applicants on the waiting list.

Another big man to appear will be Gov. McGovern of Wisconsin and Rep. Wilson of Oklahoma. Both men are known as wonderful orators and fighters for the rights of their constituents. Congressmen, representatives of the Huerta administration, ordered him to proceed to the United States without awaiting the answer of the American government.

Bulgars May Join Turks In War On Greece if Treaty Now Planned is Negotiated

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 6.—Gen. Savaoff, former commander-in-chief of the Bulgarian army, whose troops defeated the Turks in the first Balkan war, declared today that if the powers would not interfere Bulgaria could rout the Greeks within a week.

It is announced that a treaty between Turkey and Bulgaria will soon be signed. There is much speculation as to its contents. There is good ground for the belief that it is a treaty of alliance and that the Bulgars may soon join the Turks in war upon Greece.

Marriage by Proxy Is Legal.

The business of the world is run on impulse. You would scarcely pass up a story based upon and illustrating these two propositions. So you will want to read Ex Curia, Robert Chamber's latest short story, illustrated, in the Sunday morning edition of the News-Times.

THAW CASE MAY TAKE OVER YEAR ATTORNEYS SAY

Fugitive's Counsel Give Assurance That Long Delay of Decision of Legal Status Has Been Won—Complications Arising.

PROSECUTOR REFUSES TO DROP JEROME CASE

Declares Ex-District Attorney's Offense in Gambling in Public Cannot Pass Unnoticed—Accused Attorney Now in New Hampshire.

COATICOOK, Que., Sept. 6.—About one year's time may elapse before it is legally determined whether Harry K. Thaw, the fugitive from the Matteawan asylum for the criminal insane, is to be deported from Canada, or is to receive the protection of its laws. Assurance to this effect was given to Thaw today by his counsel.

Thaw is certain that he has won a long delay and immediately after breakfast began packing up for the journey to New York on the 10 o'clock train for the supreme court on Sept. 15, when arguments will be delivered on the writ of habeas corpus secured by J. Greenshield and N. K. Laflamme, from Justices Cross and Gervais in the court of appeals.

It had been supposed that Greenshield and Laflamme had withdrawn from the case, seeing nothing but defeat, but their retreat was only a masterly piece of strategy by which the doors may have been opened for a test of the constitutionality of the immigration law.

Thaw Ready to Move. The fugitive was not certain when he would be taken to Montreal but he assumed that no time would be lost and said he was ready to make the trip today. In fact, Thaw welcomed the change of surroundings although he has been touched by the evidences of friendship shown to him here.

Complications have been added to the general aspect of the Thaw case by the events subsequent to the arrest of William Travers Jerome, ex-district attorney of New York on the charge of gambling. Mr. Jerome was to be arraigned before Magistrate McKee at 9:30 this morning, but Hector Verret, acting for the New York lawyer, has asked that the hearing be postponed to a later date.

Has Received Complaints. "I received a great number of complaints about my gambling of Mr. Jerome, and I consider it my duty to push this case against him," said the prosecutor. "He was setting a bad example for the city. Everyone could see him and his companions playing."

This is a sort of puritanical comment on the part of the prosecutor as a serious offense. Thaw had double cause for elation and he showed by act and utterance that he is enjoying the discomfiture of the prosecution.

Thaw's lawyers here are well armed. In addition to the writ of habeas corpus they have two other instruments which open two different channels for the injunction restraining the immigration inquiry from enforcement of any decision in the matter of election of Thaw from the decision of Judge Matthew Hutchinson. The court of appeals will hear arguments upon the appeal from Judge Hutchinson's decision in the Bourdeau habeas corpus case.

Complications are arising today and there are bound to become more and more tangled as the case proceeds. Interesting points of legal argument raised in these appeals are Judge Hutchinson's decision in the Bourdeau habeas corpus proceedings probably will attract most attention. In these proceedings Constable John Bourdeau was placed in the position of trying to free a man whom he himself had arrested.

It was rumored that a warrant charging Thaw with being a fugitive from justice would be issued but no steps had been taken in that direction, according to the crown prosecutor. It is believed by many that the Jerome case will go to the grand jury Monday. Mr. Jerome will have to stand trial in the October term of the King's bench.

CLEVELAND MAYOR'S PARTNER NABBED FOR PASSING BOGUS CHECK

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—On a charge of issuing a fraudulent check for \$1.50 W. D. McTight, former law partner of Mayor Newton D. Baker, of Cleveland was being held by the police here today. McTight disappeared from Cleveland last June when losses in speculating embarrassed him. At the time he left he was executor of a \$100,000 estate left his wife by her uncle, John M. Stewart, who died in Cleveland two years ago. He told the police today that he had attempted to better his financial losses by speculation on the open board of trade. He said he issued the \$1.50 check to buy food. He had been living in Chicago under the name of Henry A. Mellen for the last four months while a nation-wide search for him had been on.

NEW DIFFICULTY STOPS GRAND JURY ACTION ON CARELESS CANDIDATES

An unforeseen difficulty arose Saturday regarding the three men who failed to file their primary campaign expense accounts within the time limit provided by law. The time expired Friday night and three men failed to report their bills. According to statute they were liable to a grand jury investigation.

Saturday morning the prosecutor's office held that it could not take action until notified formally by the county clerk, of the full list of candidates and those who did not file. The law states that the county clerk must notify the prosecutor within ten days of the expired time and the prosecutor must take action within fifteen days after he receives notice.

The county clerk's office asserts it has no official list of the candidates who were in the campaign and cannot supply the prosecutor. The prosecutor holds that he cannot take action until notified by the clerk.

Those who failed to file their expense account according to unofficial report, within the required time are: Elmer Pajor, William Solarek and John H. Clements.

AROUSES THE OF HOUSE MEMBERS

Objection Raised When James A. Emery Charges That Congressmen Often Keep Others Away From Sessions.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—James A. Emery, Washington representative of National Association of Manufacturers, aroused the ire of members of the House today by an indirect comparison of the methods of Martin M. Mulhall, the lobbyist, with those of congressmen.

Following the reading of one of Mulhall's letters in which the lobbyist referred to keeping members away from an important house committee meeting, Emery asked if a private citizen had not as great a right to ask a member to stay away from a committee meeting or avoid a vote on the floor as a fellow congressman had.

Emery's remarks were well known to every man who had served two years in the house that members frequently made requests of this sort.

Rep. Stafford declared that in his eight years of service in the house he had never heard of such a request and Chairman Garrett said that in his opinion a member could do "few things worse" and that such absence would be "an offense against constituents and the public."

CAMINETTI KEEPS HIS CONVICTION CHEERFUL DESPITE

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 6.—F. Drew Caminetti, son of the commissioner general of immigration, convalescing from the white slave law, will not likely appeal his conviction. The young man said that the fact that he was convicted on only one of the four counts, was in a way a vindication.

"I am relieved now that the long strain is over," said Caminetti today. "I am glad the jury did not disagree and that the mess is not to be gone over again. I am proud of my conviction of the white slave law in taking Lola Norris to Reno but I am not guilty of persuading or enticing her away. I am not guilty of anything in connection with the part Martha Worthington playing in the trip to Reno. I hope they will drop the charges of conspiracy against me."

Caminetti, free under a \$10,000 bond practically facing sentence by Judge Van Fleet, was cheerful today. The verdict of the jury made possible the sentence of five years and a fine of \$5,000. Caminetti was convicted of the same charge may be sentenced to 20 years and a \$20,000 fine.

Noted Scottish Divine Who Lectured in United States On Theology Dies, Aged 69

GLASGOW, Scot., Sept. 6.—Prof. James Orr, one of the best known theologians and writers on theological topics in the world, died here today, aged 69. In 1895 he visited America and delivered a series of lectures on German theology in Chicago. He also gave lectures in South Bend to the Morgan foundations at Allegheny and Albany, N. Y., respectively. Two years later he delivered a series of lectures at Princeton university. He had been connected with Glasgow university for many years.

BERRIEN SPRINGS

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Whiteman and grand-daughter, Miss Ruth Whiteman, of South Bend, spent Thursday with friends in St. Joseph.

Henry Weist spent Friday with his son, Arthur Weist, in South Bend. The W. F. M. S. of the M. E. church met Thursday afternoon with Mrs. A. M. Simmons at the parsonage.

Mrs. Edw. Ingelright has returned from a two months' visit with her son, W. E. Johnson, in Omaha, Neb. Alvin Willis, with his Hutchinson band, are in New Carlisle, Ind., this week, furnishing music for the annual home-coming in that city.

Miss Vera Reynolds spent Thursday with friends in South Bend to attend the wedding of her son, Edw. Reynolds, to Miss Helen C. Case, of Niles, is visiting friends here this week.

Samuel H. Colvin was a business visitor in South Bend Friday. Mrs. P. S. Seabrook and friends in Benton Harbor Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Howe have returned from their wedding trip to Winona Lake, where they have been spending the past week. Mr. Rowe returned to his work in South Bend Thursday.

The last band concert for the season was given Wednesday evening. The weekly band concerts by the Berrien Springs band have proven very popular with the people in this village and vicinity.

The C. H. Godfrey Canning Co. of this place, have purchased the entire output of the peach orchard of the Whetstone estate, west of town. In the orchard are nearly 2,000 young peach trees which will average better than a bushel and a half to the tree. Some very fine ones are found one weighing more than ten ounces.

HOT SPRINGS DESTROYED BY \$10,000,000 FIRE

ALBANY, Ind., Sept. 6.—Fires which started in a negro's cabin at 2:30 o'clock Friday afternoon was slowly dying out at the foot of West Mountain, the southern extremity of Hot Springs, at midnight after reducing to a smouldering mass of wreckage an area more than a mile in length and from seven to ten blocks wide in the eastern section of the city. The monetary loss is roughly estimated at \$10,000,000.

Gov. Hays arrived at Hot Springs late Friday night and probably will order a military patrol of the burned district. United States troops also are expected from Little Rock to the aid to the guard on the military reservation.

In the path of the flames were manufacturing houses, hotels, a number of the more pretentious residences and public buildings, which are in ashes. It is estimated that 2,000 persons are homeless.

But few of those whose homes were burned saved any of their household effects and guests of the hotels gave little heed to their valuables and luggage in their efforts to escape the flames.

Starts in Dwelling. The fire originated in a Negro dwelling on Church st. near Malvern av. just east of the Army and Navy hospital, shortly after 2 o'clock Friday afternoon and spread quickly to the south and east. A number of small dwellings, dry as tinder, as a result of an extended drought, were easy prey for the flames which in a few minutes were beyond the control of the local fire department.

From that region the fire spread to a manufacturing section, then to a pretentious residence and hotel district and at 9 o'clock the shifting wind threatened to carry the flames to the main business section. A supreme effort was made to divert the fire toward the suburb of South Hot Springs when it was apparent that efforts to control it would be unavailing.

At 9 o'clock this effort appeared among the buildings destroyed to be meeting with some success. The city's light, water and power plants, the county court house, the Park, Jefferson, Princess and Moody hotels, the City high school, Iron Mountain railroad station and shops, Ozark sanitarium, People's laundry, Crystal and other buildings, were spared a hundred or more smaller business buildings and many residences, including some of the best in the city.

No fatalities had been reported. Beyond Control. Fifteen minutes after the fire started it was beyond the control of the Hot Springs fire fighting force and aid was asked of Little Rock. Special troops were sent from that city, but water, dynamite and every available means of fighting fire had failed to check the flames six hours after the fire started. Firemen at that time endeavored to destroy buildings untouched, but the flames swept over the partially wrecked buildings and broke out in new places.

The fire originated within several blocks of the United States Army and Navy hospital and took a south and east course.

Frail, wooden structures in the negro section about Church st. and Malvern av., where houses started, many more than ordinarily inflammable by an extended drought, burned like tinder. Driven by a high wind the fire spread rapidly. Within 15 minutes it was apparent that the fire was out of control. The fire fighting force of Hot Springs was inadequate and an appeal was made to Little Rock for aid. Apparatus and men were sent but the conflagration was then beyond control.

When it was apparent that water would be of no avail, but this also failed to check the progress of the flames.

Skirts Business Section. The burned district for some distance skirts the business section and several times the shifting winds headed the fire for the principal business section, but each time the fire was turned away from the center of the city. This much was accomplished.

The city at midnight was in darkness except for the glow of the dying fire, which cast shadows over a scene of desolation.

Early in the evening Mayor McClendon ordered all saloons closed and called a mass meeting of citizens at the city hall. Two hundred and fifty special officers were sworn in to patrol the fire swept district. There was no disorder.

All the homeless have been cared for temporarily and plans have been started to systematize their work as soon as possible. Many offers of assistance in fire fighting apparatus, financial aid, food and clothing have been received. It is hoped that outside aid will not be needed.

Business was suspended Friday night except such as was necessary in providing for the immediate wants of those who suffered the loss of their homes.

As a result of the destruction of the water, light and power plants, street car service was abandoned and newspapers and other industries which have depended upon the power generated from the city's plant, are crippled.

SAYS MEXICO WON'T STAND FOR INTERVENTION BY U. S.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—Intervention by the United States in Mexico, either directly or indirectly, will not be tolerated, according to Senor de Labarre, Mexican Minister to France. In an interview today Senor de Labarre said that all Mexicans deeply resent outside interference and would politely reject any proposals from the U. S. no matter how pacific. Mexico has said in fully able to settle her own domestic broils.