

Special Edition
READ THE 'WANTS'

SOUTH BEND NEWS-TIMES.

LARGEST SWORN CIRCULATION IN NORTHERN INDIANA.
AVERAGE DAILY NEWS-TIMES CIRCULATION FOR SEPTEMBER WAS 16,180.
SOUTH BEND, INDIANA, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1913.
PRICE TWO CENTS

THE WEATHER
INDIANA — Fair and slightly warmer Monday; Tuesday, fair, in south, unsettled and colder in the north, moderate south winds, becoming north-west by Tuesday.
LOWER MICHIGAN — Fair in west, local rains in east Monday.

HOTTEST FIRE ON MURPHY MAY BE IGNITED TODAY

Hennessy, Graft Investigator, Expects to Continue His Assaults and May Make Additional Charges.

INDIANA CITIES HOLD ELECTIONS TUESDAY

Most of the Larger Places Have Further Complicated Matters by Introducing the Citizens' Movement.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Tammany and fusion battling for control of New York city rested Sunday from the campaign and reviewed their forces.

"We will win by 150,000," said Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany hall in behalf of Edward E. McCall, the democratic mayorality candidate.

"We will win by 150,000," said Robert Adamson, campaign manager for John Purroy Mitchell, fusion candidate for mayor.

With these two predictions offsetting each other, the odds of the Wall st. betting ring favor Mitchell.

John A. Hennessy, graft investigator of the deposed governor, William Sulzer, is still a colossus of the campaign, expect of to continue till the twelfth hour his bitter assaults on Murphy, McCall and the democratic organization.

Sunday night the lull was uneasy with rumors that Hennessy had withheld his hottest fire for the last day of the struggle and would deliver it Monday. Hennessy is to speak at many meetings during the afternoon and evening.

Sulzer Enemies Busy. Political enemies of William Sulzer, deposed governor, now a candidate on the progressive ticket for the state assembly, allowed no lull to exist in the campaign in this city of which Sulzer's effort to be returned to public office is an interesting feature.

The mayorality nominees, Edward E. McCall for Tammany and John Purroy Mitchell for fusion, marked time except for one address by Mitchell to German-American citizens, but Sulzer was attacked as an alleged suborner of perjury, and his indictment threatened in connection with certain testimony before the high court of impeachment that convicted him.

State Sen. James M. McLeeland said evidence would be placed before the district attorney of Albany county this week relating to the testimony of Duncan W. Peck, state superintendent of public works, before the impeachment body. Peck said under oath that Sulzer asked him to forget "a certain campaign contribution and told him to deny it to investigators."

Sulzer, when informed of Peck's threatened proceedings up-state said, "I wish they would take such action. It would then afford me an opportunity to go on the stand and testify to some matters and to testify as to some things that were not brought out in the impeachment proceedings."

INDIANA CITIES. Every city and town in Indiana will hold an election next Tuesday to choose city and town officials. The citizens', or so-called good government movement, has become an element in the campaign. From Indianapolis down to many of the smaller cities, citizens' tickets have been nominated. Among the larger cities in the state which will have a citizens' ticket on the ballot are South Bend, Ellettsville, Terre Haute, Ft. Wayne, Muncie and Lafayette.

In Indianapolis, where the political situation was already very complicated, the strike of the street car employees here is more so. There are six candidates for mayor here: Joseph E. Bell, democrat; Charles A. Bookwater, republican; Dr. William H. Johnson, progressive; Dr. C. S. Wood, citizens'; George J. Lehnert, socialist; and Dr. Albert Stanley, prohibitionist. Mr. Bell in his campaign, was aided by U. S. Sen. John W. Kern and Gov. Ralston.

The campaign here and in most other cities of the state was ended Saturday night with big rally meetings by all the candidates.

IN NEW JERSEY. TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 3.—Besides choosing of a governor Tuesday's elections will involve the control of both houses of the legislature. Eight members of the state senate are to be chosen and the full membership of the house.

James F. Fielder, democrat, and Gov. Edward C. Stokes are the nominees.

WILL PICK JUDGES. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—Two judges of the supreme court, who will be elected under a new law on the non-partisan section of the ballot, are the only state wide offices to be chosen in Pennsylvania Tuesday.

Five proposed amendments to the constitution are also on the ballot. The only one to which there is opposition is one which would permit a \$50,000,000 bond issue for state roads.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 3.—Maryland will vote next Tuesday for a United States senator to fill the unexpired term of the late Isidore Rayner, a state comptroller, clerk of the court of appeals and member of the constitution.

In the third congressional district there will be a special election for a successor to the late Rep. George Koenig.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 2.—Complete

pets of municipal offices will be elected in cities, towns and villages in this state on next Tuesday. In addition to this several constitutional amendments will be submitted to the approval of the voters.

Five constitutional amendments, and one proposed law will be submitted to the voters. Keen interest is being shown in the state short ballot amendment, which would make appointive the offices of the secretary of state, attorney general, state auditor and state treasurer, and the anti-liquor shipping bill, drawn to prevent the shipment of liquor into dry territory in quantities of more than one quart.

Other proposed amendments provide for the reduction of the size of the legislature from 158 members to 72, the exemption of public bonds from taxation, and give to women the right to be appointed as members of boards or heads of institutions, having charge of the care of women and children.

IN KENTUCKY. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 3.—Kentucky electors will vote Tuesday for a revision of the tax laws and to abolish contract work in the state prison and permit the employment of convicts on public roads. A large proportion of members of the legislature also will be chosen.

CANDIDATES BUSY. BOSTON, Nov. 3.—In the hope of adding to their following, the four candidates for governor: Gov. E. N. Foss, independent; Lieut. Gov. David I. Walsh, democrat; Cong. A. P. Gardner, republican, and Charles S. Bird, progressive, will continue campaigning during the remaining days.

All state executive officials, eight members of the governor's council and members of the legislature are to be chosen.

Two constitutional amendments are to be voted upon, one allowing women to become justices of the peace, and the other permitting the legislature on the two-thirds majority to refer matters to the people for their approval.

The third congressional district will vote to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Rep. William H. Wilder.

WOMAN IS HELD IN MURDER CASE

Meade Barr, Former Inmate of Indiana Reformatory, Tells of Killing Miss Florence Brown in Dallas, Texas.

DALLAS, Tex., Nov. 3.—Meade Barr, former inmate of the Indiana reformatory at Jeffersonville, Ind., Saturday night confessed before the Dallas county grand jury that he murdered Miss Florence Brown in Dallas, July 28, according to County Attorney McCutcheon. After his testimony the grand jury ordered that Mrs. Ellie M. Lake of Dallas, be held, pending further investigation.

Mrs. Lake, it is alleged, once owned the house in which Barr was held in custody in Indiana on charge of violating his parole.

Prosecutor McCutcheon said Barr related in detail the manner in which he slew the girl. McCutcheon said robbery was not the motive, but declined to state what Barr says compelled him to commit the crime.

The grand jury will be continued on Monday.

Miss Brown's body was found July 28 in the office of a Dallas real estate firm, where she was employed as a stenographer. Her throat had been cut and her skull fractured. The identity of her slayer was a mystery until Barr, while an inmate of the Indiana reformatory, was said to have confessed the crime. He was taken to Memphis this week, where Dallas officers interrogated him. He then denied connection with the tragedy.

Later he was brought to Dallas and was taken before the grand jury.

CHICAGO MAN ENDS LIFE WITH A RAZOR

Edwin P. Allan Thought to Have Been Victim of Melancholy Because of Ill Health. Apparently is Well to Do.

Edwin P. Allan, 941 Windsor av., Chicago, was found in a room at the Oliver hotel with his head hanged from his body, apparently having committed suicide by slashing his throat with a razor. There was nothing found on the body or in the room to explain the man's act, but the police are inclined to think that ill health was the cause.

Allan registered at the Oliver Saturday night, but as guests are allowed to sleep until a late hour, the chambermaid did not suspect anything Sunday morning. In the evening when she went to his room to make up the bed, she was still unable to enter and became suspicious. Investigation revealed the man lying face down on the bed in a pool of blood.

Entrance was effected by the police through a transom. The suicide was apparently of some means, a roll of bills amounting to \$500 being found on his clothes, while cards indicated he was a mechanical engineer. One card bore the name of a Chicago firm of architects, Schmidt, Gardner and Martin.

Foundation for the theory that ill health was the cause of the man's suicide is contained in some correspondence with a Battle Creek, Mich., sanitarian, Coroner T. M. Swartz was called, and will conduct an inquest today. The body was taken to the Harry L. Yerrick morgue.

Chicago authorities have been requested to notify Allan's relatives there.

BUSINESS MEN WILL TAKE PART IN CAR STRIKE

Two Hundred and Fifty to be Sworn in as Special Deputies in Effort to Prevent Trouble at Indianapolis.

GOVERNOR REFUSES TO ORDER OUT MILITIA

Strike-breaker is Killed When an Attempt is Made to Rush Car Barns — Policeman Wounds Striker.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 3.—Two hundred and fifty business men are to be sworn in as special deputies for strike duty Monday by Sheriff Theodore Fortous, who announced Sunday night that he would take a hand in the strike of motormen and conductors, which tied up the street car service here Saturday at noon.

Sheriff Fortous said he had put his deputies on the streets to keep the crowds moving, and this would give the police an opportunity to ride the cars as protection for the crews. The sheriff said he had decided on this course after a conference with Gov. Ralston.

Gov. Ralston, Mayor Shank and Supt. of Police Hyland conferred with a number of business men at the Chamber of Commerce Sunday night, but no definite plans were adopted.

Mayor Shank and Supt. Hyland told the business men that they were unable to cope with the situation. The governor said he did not feel that the presence of the militia was necessary, as he believed, the police, if they did their full duty, could handle the strike.

Cal Wvst, who is here representing the American Federation of Labor, said the question of calling a general strike in sympathy with the street car employees' strike had been considered but that nothing definite had been done. He declared there was a possibility of such a strike unless the trouble between the car men and the company was settled in a short time.

The large crowd on the streets thinned out late Sunday night and no trouble since the attempt early Sunday evening to rush the Louisiana st. car barns, where the imported strike-breakers are quartered, had been reported.

In an attempt to rush the Louisiana st. car barns, where the imported strike-breakers are quartered, James Fleisher, 24, a strike-breaker from Philadelphia, was fatally shot in the neck and died on the way to the City hospital. Fleisher was shot by one of the men in the barn, who was firing into the crowd from a second story window.

The police had the streets around the barns roped and when they let down the rope for an automobile to pass, the crowd rushed through. The strikers and their friends pushed past the police and as they approached the barn, they were met with a volley of shots from the second story windows of the barns. Fleisher fell almost at the feet of Police Sergeant Sanders, whom he was helping to stop the rush. About a dozen shots were fired but Fleisher was the only one hit.

The police mingled with the crowds but made little effort to disperse them except when the crowd surged too roughly around the deserted streets, cars that stand in the downtown streets.

Four policemen turned in their badges and resigned when ordered to accompany the cars in spite of Supt. Hyland's order to arrest patrol wagon loads in order to disperse the crowds, not more than a dozen men were taken to the police station during the day.

Bicycle Policemen Gollnisch and Bastian were struck by bricks and hurt while trying to disperse a crowd of men and boys at Illinois and Washington sts. Patrolman Gollnisch, in charge of the police guarding the Louisiana st. car barns, was struck by a piece of flying wood and had to be taken home.

Bricks were thrown at the streets around the Louisiana st. barns, where most of the imported strike-breakers are held, were crowded most of the day. Late Saturday night bricks were used to break all the barn windows. These were boarded up by the men, however, and the barn made a secure fort, where the strike-breakers spent most of the day.

Only when two cars, filled with policemen and manned with strike-breakers, pulled out of the barns in the morning did the crowd prepare to offer violence. A rock struck the conductor in the face and one policeman who stood with his drawn revolver, fired into the crowd, injuring Johnson. The crowd fell back, but at a curve when the trolley left the wire, the sympathizers packed the tracks so closely the car could not be started until the mounted police rode through them. When the crowds continued to pack around the cars, they were slowly worked back to the barns and the attempts to run them given up.

Almost no men in street car uniforms appeared in the crowds, which were composed mostly of boys and young men.

Start for Barns. The mob then started for the West Washington st. barns, but was met at the Labor temple by Milton L. Clawson, an attorney prominent in labor circles, who pleaded with the crowd to abstain from violence. The trip was abandoned.

One hundred and fifty strike-breakers from Cincinnati were expected to arrive Sunday night.

Attempts to run cars were made Sunday but when notified by Supt. of

Police Hyland that the police would be unable to prevent bloodshed, the cars were withdrawn.

Motorman is Shot. Joseph Johnson, a striking motorman, was shot and wounded by a policeman who fired into the crowd that surged around the first car to be sent out. Two cars were taken out, each filled with policemen, but the crowds packed around them so tightly they could not be moved. Soon after the shooting of Johnson they were ordered back to the barns.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

Gov. Ralston in a statement Sunday night charged that the city authorities are not doing their duty in failing to provide police protection. He refused request of Mayor Lew Shank that he call out the state militia and declared that the mayor has full authority and power to provide sufficient protection to run the cars.

NO BEER, NO WHISKY, SAYS FRED KELLER

Citizens' Candidates Make Strong Denials That Liquors Flowed Freely at Meeting Last Thursday.

Complete denial that any beer or whisky was served as far as he knew at the citizens' meeting at the home of Frank Kitkowski in the west end of the city, or that he or the citizens' committee paid for any liquor during the campaign, or knew of any being purchased, was made by Fred W. Keller Sunday.

The denial was in answer to affidavits of two men who were present at the meeting, that liquor was served free to the men present.

H. D. Warner, citizens' candidate for judge, and H. F. Lang, citizens' candidate for council, who were present at the meeting, joined Keller in the denials.

Their statements follow: BY FRED W. KELLER. To the News-Times: Gentlemen—

In reply to certain questions published in this morning's issue of your paper concerning a meeting held at the home of Frank Kitkowski, will answer the questions as follows: Did you attend this meeting? Yes. I attended a precinct meeting at Frank Kitkowski's house on last Thursday evening, and the only one during the campaign.

Was beer or whisky given away free to those present or any of those present at charged? None was given away free or otherwise during my presence or at any other time to my knowledge or with my consent.

Was the whisky and beer paid for by you or by the citizens' committee? Neither myself or the citizens' committee paid for any liquor at this time or at any other time during the campaign.

Was it paid for by others with your knowledge or consent? It was not. And if not who did pay for it? I do not know of any being paid for by anybody.

BY HERMAN F. LANG. In vindication of the truth, and to refute a very erroneous statement made by the Sunday issue of The News-Times in which my name is prominently mentioned as having attended a beer meeting on Poland st. on Thursday evening of last week. I wish to briefly say:

In company with Mr. Keller, Mr. Warner and Mr. Langel, I went to the home of Frank Kitkowski where we had been invited to come. When we arrived there we found three rooms of the house well filled with men. Mr. Keller and the rest of us spoke to them in turn as to what we termed the needs of South Bend.

We were in the house about one-half hour and during that time there was no beer or whisky served, nor drank and I was in the three rooms where the men were assembled during that time.

BY HERBERT D. WARNER. Together with Fred Keller, Herman Lang and Alex. Langel, I attended a meeting at the home of Frank Kitkowski last Thursday evening. We were there probably 30 minutes and saw that no beer or whisky was served or drunk while I was present and that I have no knowledge or information that liquor of any kind was served before we arrived or after we left.

WATCHING BOAT OFF FOR EUROPE

It's Like Watching a Play in Theater Says Norman, Who Was There.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The hour is close to midnight. The crowd that has poured out of the theaters is flowing through Times square into the restaurants and the subway entrances.

Taxis are snorting, cabmen yelling, the sign-topped roofs are a flashing panorama.

Down along the North river it's different. The huge piers are deserted, office lights glowing watchmen. You can cross West st. without the slightest danger of being run over by nine or ten trucks.

Here and there the bright gleam of a ferry boat's windows breaks the blackness of the Hudson's expanse. The lights on the Jersey shore twinkle across a silent and placid river.

It's quiet along the river, and yet— Where's that band playing? Where are those people laughing? Something doing somewhere near here.

Let's follow this taxi which whirrs down Fourteenth st. and swings across West st. to the pier entrance.

A man and woman get out, in evening attire. They enter the pier, go up in the elevator and walk down the pier floor to a gangway, up which they mount to the deck of a great ship.

The Mauretania is to sail at 1 o'clock. She does this sometimes, instead of leaving at 8 a. m., the departure time of most of the big boats.

There is a great pile of steamer baskets near the head of the gangway. They'll be sorted out and delivered later. The recipients don't care for them now. They're saying goodbye to friends at the tables, where busy waiters rush about; in quiet corners of the deck, where one may have a little privacy. Some are bidding farewell by letter, penning notes in the bright room, which will be taken off by the pilot when he leaves the ship at Sandy Hook.

As the hour of sailing draws nearer the throng grows larger and more hilarious. The Corks pop merrily. There are quite a number of folks who aren't going, but who have come down to have a farewell supper with friends who are.

In fact, you don't even have to be

DON'T PASS BEER WHEN CANDIDATES ARE PRESENT

"We Do Things Quiet," Says Lottie Hazinski, Chairman Citizens' Party, First Precinct, Sixth Ward, in an Affidavit Regarding Some Beer Parties For Which Keller and Other Citizens' Men Contributed the Money—Given \$20

HAZINSKI'S AFFIDAVIT. I swear that the following statement is true, upon oath: On Saturday morning, Nov. 1, 1913, I got twenty dollars from Wm. Szymanski, chairman of second precinct of sixth ward, for citizens' movement. I am chairman for citizens' party, first precinct, sixth ward.

Friday night I bought and paid for one-half barrel beer for \$4.00 at Siptoz' saloon. The beer was taken away to the rear of Siptoz' place and we had 30 or 40 men there. Siptoz' place is at 812 W. Division st. Also bought a box of cigars for \$1.00, and Fred Keller was there himself. Alex Langel was also there and Louis Kowatch. There was lots of speaking. Keller knew we had beer. We do things quiet and don't pass the beer while the candidates are present. I fill the boys up before and after meeting.

Last Tuesday Fred Keller himself gave me \$5.00 at headquarters to get beer for a meeting at 312 S. Laurel st., Thursday night, at the house next door to me. I bought and paid for a one-half barrel of beer with this and also cigars, and the \$5.00 given me by Keller was not enough so I used some of my own money. Keller, H. F. Lang and Herbert Warner were here. Keller knew we had the beer, he knew it well.

LOTTIE HAZINSKI. Subscribed and sworn to this 2nd day of November, 1913.

Lottie Hazinski, citizens' party precinct chairman in the first precinct of the sixth ward, has confessed under oath that he secured first \$20, then \$5 to hold "beer meetings" in the west end for the citizens' party.

The \$20, he says, was given him by William Szymanski, ward chairman for the citizens in the sixth ward. The \$5, Hazinski swears, was given him by Keller himself at the citizens' headquarters.

In both cases he spent the money for beer and cigars for Keller meetings. Keller and Alex. Langel, citizens' candidate for clerk, were at one of these meetings; Keller, H. F. Lang, citizens' candidate for council, and Herbert Warner, citizens' candidate for judge, at the other.

In both cases, Hazinski insists, Keller knew that beer was served. Hazinski is an employe of the N. P. Bowsher Manufacturing Co. and resides at 310 S. Laurel st.

In Sunday's paper the story was told of two men who swore under oath before a notary that they attended a Keller "beer meeting" in the west end at which Keller and Langel were present and made speeches urging the support of Mr. Keller and the citizens' ticket, that beer and whisky was served at this meeting, that no charge was made for the liquor from the men present and that it was the belief of the men who made the statement that the liquor was offered as an inducement to draw people to the meeting and to induce them to vote for Keller and the citizens' ticket.

That was one side of the story—that a Keller beer meeting was held. Late Sunday afternoon evidence was secured that Keller and his ward chairman in the sixth ward, actually

man was sent out to ask Hazinski about it.

Hazinski was at home when The News-Times representative called. "It came to get a report on the money you got from the citizens' party. I'm checking this up from the headquarters," said The News-Times man. "Have you got any left out of that \$20?"

Hazinski thought his caller was from the citizens' headquarters. "I only got \$20," he said, promptly. "Did you spend it all for beer?" "Beer and cigars," said Hazinski. "Keller knows how it was spent. He was there at both meetings." Then he unfolded the whole story. He talked freely about the whole affair. He wanted to be sure that they understood down at headquarters that he had spent all the money given him

Does This Offer Still Hold Good? "And with regard to the use of 'booze' either before or at the primary or since to promote my candidacy or the citizens' cause. No 'booze' has ever been used or authorized by myself or the citizens' committee. Neither has it been employed in any way with our consent or sanction. We do not know that any has been used at all, nor have we heard of any, except in the slurs of the opposition. I will pay \$1,000 for convincing proof that myself or the committee, or anyone acting for us, has with our knowledge or consent or approval, furnished any 'booze' to anyone, or at any meetings having to do with this campaign."

Fred W. Keller at the Lincoln school Oct. 23.

paid out the money for the beer.

The affidavits substantiating the charges are now at The News-Times office, duly signed and sworn to.

About a week ago Hazinski, while talking to fellow workers at the Bowsher plant, drew forth \$15.

"Here is money I got from the citizens' party," he said. "I'm going to get more, too. This is only the beginning."

On Saturday morning he pulled out a \$20 bill and a \$10 bill in the presence of four or five men and said: "Here's some more money I got from the citizens' party. I am going to spend this and get more."

He flashed the money several times during the day, the last time, during the afternoon, remarking: "This will be spent today or tomorrow."

"Do you swear that this is true?" he was asked. "I swear," said Hazinski, raising his right hand.

He