

Every Home In St. Joseph County Should Have It

# READ THE NEWS-TIMES BIG SUNDAY EDITION

ALL THE LATEST NEWS AVAILABLE FROM 12:30 SATURDAY AFTERNOON TO 2:45 SUNDAY MORNING; LOCAL, STATE, NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL. SPECIAL FEATURE SECTION WITH INTERESTING DEPARTMENTS TO ENTERTAIN ALL READERS.

## ONLY SUNDAY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN NORTHERN INDIANA

(Free to Morning or Evening Subscribers)

Price Five Cents At All News Stands

### AFTERNOON EDITION

# SOUTH BEND NEWS-TIMES

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY OF THE YEAR AND TWICE ON WEEK DAYS

THE WEATHER  
INDIANA.—Cloudy tonight and Sunday; slightly cooler tonight.  
LOWER MICHIGAN.—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday; slightly cooler in south portion tonight.

VOL. XXXII, NO. 254.

SOUTH BEND, INDIANA, SATURDAY, SEPT. 11, 1915.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## NEW CABINET FOR RUSSIA IS PLANNED

### All Members Resign and Coalition Body Will Be Formed—Polivanoff Will Remain.

## BODY TO BE CALLED "MINISTRY OF WAR"

### Hope Expressed That Change Will Aid in Solving Question of Munitions—Planned by Czar.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 11.—The Russian cabinet resigned today. A coalition cabinet will be formed in its stead. Some of the former ministers will have posts in the new cabinet, but it is expected that M. Gorenkyin, who as president of the council of ministers served as premier, will retire from active service. Gorenkyin was appointed Jan. 30, 1914.

Minister of War Polivanoff will retain his post in the new cabinet, according to reliable reports. Foreign Minister Sazonoff is also expected to keep his portfolio. It is understood that Emperor Nicholas has requested Finance Minister Bark to continue his duties.

According to reliable reports, the reorganization of the cabinet has been planned by the czar for more than a month. The new cabinet will be known as a "war ministry" and it is probable that a minister of munitions will be added to it, as was done in England.

Premier Gorenkyin has always been regarded as a bureaucrat and reactionary. It was his influence that caused the downfall of M. Witte as a power in Russia.

When he was appointed premier one authority said:

"The friends of the premier are now hoping for great results."

Only recently the czar bestowed upon him the order of St. Andrew, highest of muscovite decorations and a mark of signal honor. He is 77 years old and one of the richest men in Russia.

### TO TREAT FURTHER

PETROGRAD, Sept. 11.—White fierce attacks by the Russian troops have given them marked successes in Galicia, it became known today that the present line held by the army of Gen. Pavlov will be abandoned. The main forces of the Russian left wing are already executing a retrograde movement.

Behind this front large industrial centers such as Kieff and Smolensk

(CONTINUED ON PAGE TEN)

## SPY PLOT HINTED IN MAN'S ARREST

### Newport Fisherman is Accused of Trespassing on Federal Reservation.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 11.—Nicholas E. Card, a Newport fisherman, will be arraigned today before Federal Judge George T. Brown, charged with trespassing on the federal reservation, Rose Island, under circumstances which lead to the belief that his arrest will uncover an extensive spy plot.

The specific charge against Card is trespassing, although he is suspected of being either a spy or in the employ of spies. With him in his auxiliary sloop on Aug. 26, the date of the offense with which he is charged, was a woman, heavily veiled in spite of the warm weather, but otherwise dressed in the extreme of Newport fashion.

Card and his mysterious passenger landed on the island and were walking up and down the beach when discovered by the one guard on the island.

This keeper, as soon as he saw the couple on the shore, started across the island to investigate. Before he reached them, Card and the woman passenger jumped into their boat and made off.

Rose Island is a small island, about a mile and a half out of Newport, in Narragansett bay. On the island is a storehouse for high explosives, gun cotton, smokeless powder and torpedo war heads.

The strictest secrecy is maintained in naval circles as to the extent to which this depot is used at present.

### GIRLS ON STRIKE

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 11.—One thousand employees of the National Folding Box and Paper Co.'s factory are out of work today as a result of a strike of 200 girl employees of the factory, whose demands for an eight-hour day and a 25 per cent increase in all piece work wages were refused.

## FACTORIES WILL CLOSE ON FIRST DAY OF FAIR

### Several Plants to Close at Noon. Olivers to Take Entire Day Off.

Following the other announcements of merchants and manufacturers who will close all, or part of next Tuesday, to allow employees to attend the opening of the Interstate fair, the Oliver Chilled Plow works announced that their plant will be closed all day. Wilson Bros. Shirt company will close at noon. The Dodge plant and the Woolen company of Mishawaka have stated that they will close at noon and doubtless many others who have not communicated with the committee will make similar arrangements.

Horseshoeing shops will be closed every afternoon during the fair, according to an announcement by Pres. Schumacher of the Horseshoers' association, Saturday morning.

## THREE HELD FOR THEFT

### Are Accused of Taking Locket From Negro Woman.

Three young negro men were arraigned in city court Saturday morning for the theft of a gold chain and diamond set locket from one Vanity Grady. The locket was said to have been worth \$175. All three entered pleas of not guilty, and their cases were continued until Sept. 17. They gave their names to the desk sergeant at the police station as follows: Eddie Montgomery, 127 1-2 Colfax av.; Clarence Pierce, 118 Polk st., and Harry More 127 1-2 W. Colfax av.

## BURGLARS ENTER HOME

### Get Watch and Handbag at 1075 Riverside Drive.

Burglars entered the home of W. P. Shillington, 1075 Riverside dr., and obtained a gold watch and a handbag containing \$3.50. According to Mr. Shillington's report to the police department at none of the family was at home. Detectives Dietl and Shirk investigated, but as yet have been unable to locate either the articles taken or the thieves.

## FORFEITS HIS \$15 BOND

### Autoist Arrested Does Not Appear in City Court.

H. W. Grover of Chicago, arrested Friday evening for failure to display proper license plates upon his automobile, forfeited a bond of \$15 in city court Saturday morning by failure to appear.

## WILL VISIT AT FORT WAYNE

### Mayor and Park Board Will Make Trip Sunday.

Mayor Fred W. Keller and all members of the park board will visit Fort Wayne, Ind., Sunday, having been in receipt of an invitation from that city for some time to visit and inspect its system of parks. The trip will be made by automobile.

## GOES BACK TO PENAL FARM

### Jim O'Donnell Gets 141 Days When Arraigned in Court.

James O'Donnell, after an interim of less than three days from a former sentence of 141 days at the Indiana penal farm, was sent back to that institution Saturday morning from city court. He was arraigned for intoxication. O'Donnell is one of the most picturesque characters in police circles, having been arrested, according to officials, more times for intoxication than any other man in the city.

## WILL MEET IN OCTOBER

### Social Center Clubs to Take up Winter Work Soon.

Social center work at the Kaley and Laurel school will begin about Oct. 1. The Kaley social center will start its second year, while the residents in the Laurel school district will organize for the first time.

The first meetings of officers for the year will be elected by both organizations. Mrs. O. E. Gelbrich will again take an active interest in the Kaley social center.

## FINALS ARE ON TODAY

### Tennis Players Will Compete on Y. M. Court.

Finals in the Y. M. C. A. doubles tournament which has been carried on for the past two weeks are to be staged this afternoon, weather conditions permitting. Jerome and Smith meet Foster and Elmore in the semi-finals while Sylvanus and Thorward play Hubbard and Warner. These matches will be played at 2 o'clock and immediately following the winners will compete in the finals.

## CARRANZA AT PRESENT TOP OF HEAP

### First Chief Scores Advantage in Play For Position by Announcing Willingness to Discuss Affairs.

## VILLA LOSING CONTROL OVER SOME OF HIS MEN

### American Rancher is Held For Ransom and American Troops May Be Sent to the Rescue.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Gen. Carranza, the first chief of the Mexican constitutionalists has scored a distinct advantage in the play for position in the negotiations to restore legal government in Mexico. By announcing his willingness to "consider Mexican affairs from the international viewpoint alone" and coupling this with the announcement that he is prepared to submit proof that he "maintains a defacto government with all of the attributes necessary for recognition" he has forced the hand of some at least of the South American conferees.

They are on record as insisting that if Carranza could prove his claims that he dominates practically all of Mexico his requests for recognition should seriously be considered. This is just what Carranza now proposes, and asks the conferees either to investigate personally or by committee whether he is telling the truth.

It is expected that another conference between Sec'y Lansing and the Latin-American diplomats will be held next week to consider the replies to the peace conference invitation. Since this was extended the situation has been changed materially through the defeat of Villa at several points in the central states of Mexico with the consequent serious weakening of his power. There is a growing belief in official circles here that the claims set forth by Carranza are so serious that they must be considered seriously.

Meanwhile, the Villa cause has been discredited further by the kidnaping of John Lowenbruck, an American rancher by Mexican bandits from Columbus, N. M. He is reported held for \$2,000 ransom and Sec'y Lansing has sent a peremptory demand to Villa to see that he is turned loose. It is said that if his whereabouts can be ascertained United States cavalry troops may be sent to rescue him even though to do so they would have to cross into Mexican territory.

Confidential reports to the state department indicate that as a result of recent reverses, Villa is losing control of some of his forces and that they are raiding ranches on their own account.

VERA CRUZ, Sept. 11.—Gen. Venustiano Carranza hopes that the signatories to the Pan-American note will look with favor upon his invitation to meet him near the Rio Grande frontier and confer with him as to accomplishing the purposes of the constitutionalists. Carranza believes that if representatives of the United States and Latin-America should meet him in conference he could present facts that would convince the other government should be recognized.

The constitutionalist chief will let the next move come from Washington. Foreign Minister Acuna said today:

"The chief believes he has made himself quite clear and has treated the subject at sufficient length in the statement he sent to Washington."

## MYSTERIOUS DEATH TO BE INVESTIGATED

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 11.—The authorities today are investigating the mysterious death of Alfred C. Ford, an advertising solicitor for an afternoon paper, who sustained a fatal wound Wednesday morning at his home. Just after the shooting occurred, Ford stated that the shooting accident was accidental, the bullet being fired while he was removing a pistol from under his pillow.

Yesterday afternoon, when he was near death, Ford stated that he did not do the shooting, but made no further statement. Some circumstances surrounding the affair seems also to indicate that the wound was not self-inflicted. Ford died last night.

The victim a few months ago came into an inheritance of a substantial amount and afterward married Mrs. Pearl Gottlieb, a pretty maidservant in a downtown barber shop.

## U. S. Soldiers Guarding Bridge At Brownsville



U. S. soldiers detailed to guard the international bridge over the Rio Grande near Brownsville, Tex., making a camp in the dry bed of the river.

## ARTILLERY BUSY ON WEST FRONT

### Resumption of Duel of Big Guns is Announced in Paris Report.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—The great artillery duel between the French and German forces has been resumed at the western end of the battle front, according to today's official communique from the war office. At various other points fighting with bombs and petards occurred during the night.

There was also an artillery duel on the Lorraine front.

The text of the communique follows:

"There was an uninterrupted cannonade during the night in the sectors of Neuville and Rocourt, as well as to the south of Arras. Between the Somme and the Oise the conflict with mines was continually active. In the environs of Faye our artillery bombarded the trenches and works of the enemy."

"In the Arsonne, only fighting with bombs and petards was reported at St. Humbert and at Courtes Chasses. An artillery duel of particular violence occurred to the east of Eparges as well as on the Lorraine front to the north of Arracourt. In the forest of Parroy and to the south of Leintrey."

## PREPARES TO BATTLE

### Villa Forces Have Not Evacuated Torreon.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—State departments advices today indicated that Gen. Villa, instead of evacuating Torreon, is going to make a strong stand against the advancing Carranzistas there. Generals Obregon and Trevino, two of Carranza's ablest generals now in the field against Villa, have gone from Monterey to Paredon to plan the campaign against Torreon, consular advices from Monterey said.

## Never Knew What Was in Message, Says Archibald

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—James F. J. Archibald, the American war correspondent, who carried the letter which resulted in the American demand for the recall of Dr. Constantin Theodore Dumba, the Austrian ambassador has called a full defense of himself from Falmouth, England which he has reached on his return voyage to America. Archibald asserts that he had no knowledge of the contents of the letter.

"The letter from Ambassador Dumba to the Austrian minister of foreign affairs," says Archibald in his cablegram, "was given to me at the foot of the gang plank at the moment of sailing by Dr. Dumba's secretary who asked me to deliver it. I thought it merely was some suggestion to Minister Burian as to granting me privileges at the front."

"There was absolutely no secrecy or suggestion of the letters being confidential. I had absolutely no idea whatever of its contents. Nor did I know what the real trouble was until I read it here in the papers."

"I don't think Dumba thought of the serious position it would put me in. He had already given me several letters of introduction. He probably thought merely it was a chance to deliver a note quickly and directly."

"I simply put the letter with all the rest of my papers and with some personal letters accompanying trifling gifts from persons in New York to friends abroad."

"The fact that I did not hide the letter, which would have been perfectly easy should prove I was unaware of its natural importance."

"I can truthfully say I was absolutely in no way a messenger in any sense—except as nearly every traveler when sailing accepts a note or trifle to be delivered or mailed."

"When I left Berlin last spring I carried letters and packages for Ambassador and Mrs. Gerard and several attaches in exactly the same friendly spirit. I had asked others not to send anything important. But this Dumba letter, coming at the last moment I did not give it any special thought, as it was handed to me in such a very casual manner."

## ARABIC POINTED AWAY FROM SUB WHEN HIT

### Capt. Finch Makes Affidavit as to Position of Vessel When Torpedoed.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—According to the affidavit made by Capt. William Finch, commander of the Arabic before Consul Gen. Lee Washington in Liverpool, the torpedo struck the ship approximately 90 feet forward of the stern on the starboard side directly beneath the wireless house.

When the torpedo was fired the Arabic's course was approximately at right angles to the submarine, the latter being approximately 300 feet distant.

Simultaneously with the discovery of the wake of the torpedo Capt. Finch starboarded his helm with the result that by the time the torpedo reached the ship the Arabic was pointed away from the submarine. Had the Arabic held her course the torpedo would have struck her a direct blow squarely amidships.

As it was the torpedo hit about 200 feet aft of amidships, glancing blow. The course of the Arabic was not changed until the torpedo was actually afloat.

## SHIP FOUND DRIFTING

### Vanlear Black Badly Damaged by Hurricane.

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 11.—A wireless message from American-Hawaiian line steamer Oregonian, New York to Riverplate, received today, states that the American schooner Vanlear Black had been found drifting off the coast of St. Thomas Danish West Indies.

Capt. Davidson was considered so badly hurt that he was taken on board the Oregonian so that the ship surgeon of that vessel could give him medical attention. The Oregonian then supplied the Vanlear Black with provisions and reported her position. The schooner with a cargo of guano was bound for Stamford, Conn., when hit by the hurricane.

## ON SERBIAN FRONT

### LONDON, Sept. 11.—A dispatch from Budapest to the Exchange Telegraph Co. announces that a German contingent has reached the Serbian front and is about to open an attack on the Serb forces.

## RIGHTS GRANTED JEWS IN RUSSIA

### Are Permitted to Own Property and Live in All Cities But Capitals.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Jews have obtained new important concessions in Russia for the period of the war, including the right to dwell and own property in all the cities and towns except the capitals and imperial residences, according to a statement issued by N. M. Rothschilds and Sons. It is based on a telegram from M. Wischenevski, president of the International Commercial Bank of Petrograd and follows:

"Firstly, Jews have received the permanent right to sojourn, with the right to purchase property in all towns of Russia, capitals and imperial residential towns excepted, during the course of the war."

"Secondly, rights of admission for the Jews to governmental scholastic institutions have been largely increased. These have been pointed out as being the principal desires by Jewish representatives who have been consulted."

"The legislative chamber and the government are favorably disposed toward further extension of rights of the Jews."

## BOMBARD TURK CAMPS

### Much Damage is Done by British Destroyers.

ATHENS, Sept. 11.—Dispatches from Mitylene state that English destroyers, cooperating with allied warplanes, bombarded the Turkish camps at Avail on Wednesday and inflicted great damage. Many Turks were killed or wounded.

A second squadron of warplanes successfully bombed the Turkish fortifications at Smyrna.

## BARRACKS ARE BURNED

### Success is Reported in Turkish War Office Report.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 11.—The Turkish war office today officially announced that the military barracks of the enemy at Kala-In-Nidim, on the Euphrates river, in Mesopotamia, have been burned by Turkish troops.

## ACTUAL SLAYERS OF WOMAN STILL FREE

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—After more than two days of work by the New York police department, the actual slayers of Mrs. Elizabeth G. Nichols, wealthy widow murdered by robbers who got away with \$17,500 in jewels, today were still at liberty.

Inspector Faurot, in charge of the man hunt, admitted that his detectives were up against a snag.

Edith Langfeldt, the Nichols maid, who with Talas, is held as a material witness, has added to her first story the statement that one of the robbers, masked, was in the house a considerable time before the robbery and killing.

The man is a friend of Talas, she said, and was frequently in the Nichols servants' quarters.

## PROMISES OF AMBASSADOR ARE IGNORED

### Great Difference in Note From Berlin and Statements Made by Count Von Bernstorff.

## ALL QUESTIONS ARE REFERRED TO BERLIN

### Austria Will Not Act Until She Hears From Germany. Sharp Note May be Sent Kaiser.

By John Edwin Nevin.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Germany rather than Austria, is expected to decide what the future relations between the United States and those two nations are to be. The Berlin government dominates both the military and civil activities of the dual empire. Because of this, state department officials today are coping the differences between the Berlin and Vienna notes are closely dovetailed, it is asserted and either may cause a serious breach in diplomatic circles.

The administration plans no further moves in the Austrian situation pending the reply of Vienna to the recent demand. But unless Germany radically modifies her announced position on the Arabic, a sharp note of protest, rejecting entirely the principles enunciated in it, will be rushed to Berlin. The president, it is said by those who reflect his views, is extremely surprised over the differences in the written words of Berlin and a formal promise of Ambassador Bernstorff.

The suggestion of arbitration is interpreted by him as a matter which the German ambassador already has accepted in his conferences with Sec'y Lansing. And, unable to reconcile the differences, there is nothing left for the United States to do, administration officials say, but to reject emphatically the Arabic explanation. Then, if no further steps are taken by Berlin, the president will follow his original plan and recall Ambassador Gerard.

Back at First Stage.

It is understood that Sec'y Lansing and Pres. Wilson agree that the new Arabic note carries the entire substance of the question back to the conditions prevailing when the last Lusitania was sent. And, in view of the attitude shown in the Dumba action, officials say that there will be no further steps taken until the letter or there will be a sudden end to negotiations no matter what the final consequences. And in the

(CONTINUED ON PAGE SEVEN)

## DUMBA DOES NOT EXPECT SUPPORT

Says Country Could Not Afford to Take Public Stand—Von Bernstorff Silent.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Ambassador Dumba told friends today he does not expect his government would place him with another official of ambassadorial rank. He expects an appointment of one of his staff to act in charge of affairs until the end of the war.

It was accordingly reported by Baron Erich Zwielinek von Suderhorst, counselor, will become head of the embassy.

Dr. Dumba was also quoted as saying he did not believe Washington request for his recall would disturb the friendly relations between his government and the United States. Although Austro-Hungary may support his position in spirit, it does not desire to voice it in official language.

"If she did," said the International News Service informant, "Austria-Hungary would be placed in a position where she could be accused of seeking to interfere with the eternal affairs of this country. Her position, of course, would prove untenable."

Count von Bernstorff refused to discuss the Washington stories that Dr. Dumba might be placed in a position where he might be found "persona non grata" by the Washington government.