

ITALY'S STAND WILL DEPEND ON ROUMANIA

Will Not Send Troops to Aid Serbians Until She Knows What Other Balkan Nations Will Do.

RUSSIAN HAS PLAN TO SAVE SERBIANS

Allied Troops Are Being Landed at Salonika — Teutons Prepare to Meet Russian Invasion.

PARIS, Dec. 6.—The allies have threatened to send an ultimatum to Greece if the Greek reply to the second note is not satisfactory, it is learned from a high official source.

ROME, Dec. 6.—Italy will delay sending troops into the Balkans to aid Serbia until it is seen what Roumania is going to do.

There was an important meeting of the Italian cabinet at which Baron Sonnino, the foreign minister, communicated to his colleagues the viewpoint of the allies as to the Balkan situation.

The whole military and political situation was canvassed, especially the future possibilities of Greece and Roumania.

It was maintained that the recent conversations between Premier Skouliodis of Greece and diplomatic agents of the allies have put a much more favorable aspect on the political situation in the Balkans.

Premier Brattiano, of Roumania, is expected to issue a statement shortly setting forth the future policy of his government. Italy will wait for an expression from Roumania before she takes any decisive steps to help the allies in Serbia.

Gen. Supelli, the minister of war, in speaking of the situation on the Austro-Italian front, said: "Our position is much improved, thanks to the valor of our troops."

WILL SAVE SERBIA. LONDON, Dec. 6.—Russia already has a plan to "save" Serbia, declared Czar Nicholas in a message telegraphed to Premier Pachitch of Serbia, today.

"In no case," continued the czar, "will Russia tolerate the disappearance of Serbia's independence." All of the Serbian troops that escaped capture or death are now operating on Albanian or Montenegrin soil. A Bulgarian army is reported to have invaded Albania southwest of Pristina in pursuit of the fleeing Serbs.

In the extreme southern part of Serbia, despite the severity of the weather, the Bulgarian assaults against the Anglo-French forces have become much more fierce.

The allies correspondent of the Evening Standard reports that the landing of reinforcements of French and British troops is proceeding at Salonika with the utmost dispatch. This might be taken as a reply to the demand printed by several London papers this that the allies send at least half a million men into the Balkans to combat the Austro-German and Bulgarian forces.

Bulgaria is reported to be sending large forces of men to the Thracian coast to head off any attempted invasion of the country in that quarter.

Athens also reports the movement of the 105th German division to Ruzhuk on the Danube in the eastern part of Bulgaria to oppose any attempt of the Russians to invade King Ferdinand's country by way of the Danube river.

JAPANESE VESSEL ESCAPES TORPEDO

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The following act of an attack against the merchant ship Japanese Prince by a German submarine was given out today through the government press bureau:

The steamship Japanese Prince with a large crew and a considerable number of passengers recently encountered a German submarine. After a struggle of five and a half hours, she succeeded in getting clear but was heavily shelled during the greater part of that time. The captain pluckily stood by his post and as a result of steady cooperation the merchant ship was able to elude the submarine finally and make her way into port. All on board were safe."

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 6.—The British steamship Umeta, 5,312 tons has been sunk by a German submarine.

Bottle Mystery Has Detectives Up in the Air

On Capt. Schock's desk at the police station stands a bottle. Around the neck of the bottle are tied a ladies' yellow glove and a handkerchief of the feminine gender. On the bottle is plainly written the following:

"Dead girl. Regards to Mary." The bottle is keeping Detectives Lane and Diver busy, in fact it was the cause of much disturbance at the police department Monday.

A contractor who is doing some excavating in the alley between Wayne st. and Jefferson Blvd., on St. Joseph st., sent in a hurry call to the station Monday morning and Lane and Diver hurried to the scene. There they found the mysterious bottle.

Numerous theories are being advanced for the solution of the mystery. Among these is one that the contents of the bottle were taken and the drinker then hurried down the alley to the St. Joseph river to drown his sorrows. Other theories are also in the air but there is one thing that is no mystery.

That is that the bottle has a John Barleycorn smell.

CASES ARE CONTINUED

Other Arrests Expected as Result of Street Fight.

Frank Nagey, charged with intoxication and fighting and Jim Agree, charged with interfering with an officer, pleaded not guilty in city court Monday morning. Attorneys for the defendants asked that the cases be continued until Thursday morning as there were two more men to be arrested in connection with the affair. The men engaged in a general free-for-all brawl, according to the prosecutor. Agree was carrying a darkened left eye.

CITY COURT BUSY PLACE

Twenty-eight Cases Are Disposed of in 90 Minutes.

Thirty-eight cases were on the city court docket Monday morning, the largest number for any one day in the history of the police court. Just an hour and a half was consumed by Judge Warner and Pros. Nye in disposing of the cases which included a dozen gambling charges, as many for intoxication, one for trespass, one for assault with intent to kill, two for profanity, another for wife desertion, one for violating traffic ordinances, and five for raffling.

RAN RAFFLING GAMES

Five Merchants Deny Charges When Arraigned in Court.

Five merchants who were arrested Saturday upon charges of operating raffling games pleaded not guilty in city court Monday morning. The merchants charged with the offense are Gus Haslinger, P. D. Gaur, Joseph Cira, Jack Rabin and Z. Driben. It is alleged that the men were operating penny slot machines and other similar gambling devices in their stores. The arrests were made Saturday by Detectives Delinski, Wolters, Dietl and Officer Pallo.

WILL WRITE PAGEANTS

New York Man Secured by Historical Commission.

St. Joseph county's pageant during the centennial celebration next year may be written partly by William Chauncey Langdon of New York city, who has been secured by the Indiana Historical commission to write three pageants. One will be used for the celebration at Indiana university at Bloomington, another for the pageant at Indianapolis, and the third for general use throughout the state.

NAME COUNTY OFFICERS

Dr. Helmen and Frank Gilmer Laid Plans.

Dr. Harry M. Helmen was selected as county physician for the coming year and Frank Gilmer was named as county poor attorney Monday morning at the first December meeting of the county board of commissioners. The appointments take office the first of the year. Dr. Helmen succeeding Dr. H. H. Culvert as county physician and Mr. Gilmer succeeding Otis Romine as poor attorney.

W. E. MILLER TO TALK

Will Address Kaley Civic Club Tuesday Night.

W. E. Miller, judge of the juvenile court, will give a talk on "The Community Center and the Boy" at a meeting of the Kaley school civic club Tuesday night at the school. A play, "A Trip to the Land of Mother Goose," will be given by the dramatic club. Catherine Erehart will sing "A Maiden's Prayer."

SHIP ASHORE

DOVER, Eng., Dec. 6.—The Russian steamer Rakel, bound from St. John for London, has gone ashore near Folkestone and is water logged.

PAPERS MAKE NO MENTION OF RECALLS

Official Circles at Berlin Said to be Intensely Aggravated by Action of United States.

PRESIDENT HOPES TO KEEP CONGRESS QUIET

Does Not Want Lengthy Debate on International Affairs—First Move Made Against Allies.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The report was current in official circles here this afternoon that Germany has replied to the state department's request for the recall of Capt. Boy-ed and Capt. von Papeu, military attache, by requesting a reason for such action.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 6.—The German papers printed on Sunday did not contain any mention of the request of Sec'y of State Lansing for the recall of Capt. Boy-ed and Capt. von Papeu, respectively naval and military attaches to the German embassy at Washington.

It is reported from Berlin that official circles are intensely aggravated over the action of the American state department.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—International affairs were again causing great Wilsonian concern today. Germany is reported as intensely irritated over the demand for the recall of Capt. Boy-ed and Capt. von Papeu. Austria holds a grievance because of the flat charge by the attorney general's office that her consular representatives are plotting against American munition factories. And with the opening of congress today the opponents of the sea policy of the allies initiated a campaign which, administration officials fear, will lead to serious friction with Great Britain and France where a strong sentiment against this country has recently appeared.

May Limit Debate.

In an effort to do as much as possible limit any discussion of international relations by congress, Pres't Wilson will confer soon with the chairman and leading minority members of the senate and house foreign affairs committees. They will be asked to endeavor to hold within bounds any debate dealing with the war. This will be the case in the senate, where a resolution for an executive session always is in order. But in the house it is expected that the debate will have a wide range that may prove very embarrassing.

So far as the status of the German military and naval attaches was concerned this government still is waiting for an expression from Count von Bernstorff. Both officers are here at the embassy, but they have positively declined to discuss their plans in any way. Sec'y Lansing said today that he was still waiting for a request for Capt. Boy-ed's safe conduct and indicated that as soon as it received he will take the matter up with Ambassadors Spring-Rice and Jusserand. No one doubts that both officers will be ordered home as international usage demands that when a nation announces that any embassy attache is personally unwelcome the recall shall take place without debate.

First Opening Gun.

The opposition to the allied sea policy fired its opening gun today when Sen. Hoke Smith of Georgia introduced his proposed resolution directing the senate committee on foreign relations inquire into the legality, under international law of the blockade of neutral ports by the warships of the allies, powers and their interference with American commerce. The resolution at the senator's request will lie on the table until Wednesday or Thursday, when he will call it up to debate it.

LOYAL TROOPS AND MUTINEERS BATTLE

PARIS, Dec. 5.—Heavy firing between loyal Chinese troops and mutineers took place throughout the night at Shanghai, according to a dispatch from that city, many bullets falling in the foreign compounds. A number of rioters were killed and many more arrested. Pres't Yuan Shi-Kai has given orders that the ringleaders of the uprising be executed.

Reinforcements of loyal troops have been moved into Shanghai to strengthen the garrison. An attempt was made to burn the arsenal. The uprising in the city and the mutiny on board the cruiser Chao-Ho is attributed to republican agents who oppose the restoration of the monarchy.

Where Japanese Coronation Took Place



CEREMONIAL HALL AT KYOTO. INSERT—MINISTER MINOURA & WIFE DURING THE CORONATION OF THE JAPANESE EMPEROR TOOK PLACE. THE PICTURE SHOWS A VIEW OF THE "SHISHIDEN" OR CEREMONIAL HALL IN KYOTO, WHERE MOST OF THE CEREMONIES INCIDENT TO THE RECENT CORONATION OF THE JAPANESE EMPEROR TOOK PLACE. THE INSERTS SHOW THE MINISTER OF RAILROADS MINOURA WITH HIS WIFE, DRESSED IN THEIR OFFICIAL COSTUMES, ENTERING THE PALACE GROUNDS AT KYOTO FOR THE CORONATION CEREMONIES.

FOUR CITIES ASK FOR CONVENTION

St. Louis, Chicago, Dallas and San Francisco Want Democratic Gathering.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—High class western hustling was unveiled to Washington's notice today by the delegations from St. Louis, Chicago, Dallas, Texas, and San Francisco, who are seeking the privilege of entering the next democratic national convention. The democratic national committee will meet tomorrow and "enthusiastic boosters" from the four rival cities settled down to the "buttonholing" tactics that will precede the committee on the question.

Railroad facilities, hotel accommodations and other advantages were presented in glowing terms to members of the committee and the "climatic conditions of each one of the cities is absolutely perfect," along about June 19, when the convention is expected to meet, if the various delegations are to be believed. Substantial arguments in the shape of financial attractions were presented. The Dallas and St. Louis representatives each displayed a check for \$100,000. The former also offered an additional \$30,000 for expenses. Chicago and San Francisco were ready to meet the monetary bids of their rivals.

St. Louis was a slight favorite in the preliminary maneuvering today. It was argued that the republican convention probably will go to Chicago, and that St. Louis would be a central point for the gathering of the democratic clans. St. Louis has a convention hall that will seat 14,000 persons. The St. Louis delegation claimed today that they would have a majority of the committee on the first ballot in the contesting votes for the convention's meeting place.

ISSUES STRONG DENIAL

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—A sweeping denial of the charges that German Ambassador von Bernstorff was able to communicate with his superiors in Berlin through the friendly agency of the Swedish embassy here, was issued today by the German embassy.

"Similar charges have been made from inspired British sources often since the war started," it was stated. "It was true that the Swedish office cable bills have jumped since the war started but it was in the course of regular business. There is no foundation for the stories."

Confirm Report of Submarine Attack on American Ship

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Official confirmation of attacks on an American steamer by a submarine in the Mediterranean was received by the state department today. American Minister Droppers at Athens cabled that the Greek government had notified him that a wireless message had been caught from an American vessel, saying it was being attacked. Minister Droppers added that the Greek government sent a destroyer to search for the vessel. Following is the message picked up at the wireless station: "Being fired on by submarine. Position 33.20 north, 24 east." A dispatch from American Consul Mason at Tunis today further clouded the facts surrounding the sinking of the Italian liner Ancona with the loss of several American lives. Consul Mason cabled the department that he had talked with Giuseppe Torrisio, one of the survivors, whose story indicates that he, at least, thought there were two submarines in the attack on the liner. Other witnesses have declared they saw but one. Consul Mason's dispatch said: "Giuseppe Torrisio states he heard shot fall in dining room. Went on deck. Saw periscope submarine to right of Ancona. Heard shot other side Ancona. Crossed deck saw large grey submarine with two cannons. Did not notice flag. Was injured and rendered insensible by life boat falling on boat he was in. Have personally seen four persons wounded by submarine shells. Seriously wounded were not on Ancona."

Late Bulletins

SEIZED SHIPS. WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Ambassador Page at London this afternoon cabled the state department that he had definitely ascertained that the British government has requisitioned the American courts.

INDICT FIVE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—Max Breitling and his five associates in the so-called German bomb plot, who are under indictment on the charge of plotting to destroy ships at sea carrying ammunition to the allies, were indicted today by a federal grand jury.

REPORT UPRISING.

ATHENS, Dec. 6.—Uprisings are reported from several of the Greek maritime provinces as a result of the economic crisis.

URNS DOWN PLEA.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Pres't Wilson again today rejected the overtures of the suffragists to support an amendment to the federal constitution whereby they would have the right of franchise. A delegation of 300 women, members of the congressional union, called on the president at the white house.

TOKIO, Dec. 6.—The Chinese cruiser Chao-Ho upon which a mutiny broke out yesterday is reported to have been sunk by shore batteries at Shanghai.

TWO SQUIRRELS ARE ABOARD PEACE SHIP

Are Christened Henry and William and Are Pets of the Party.

AT SEA (by wireless), Dec. 6.—Optimistic and smiling, Henry Ford, apostle of peace and leader of the little band of men and women who are on their way to Europe to try to end the war, is the soul of the ship. "Even if we don't succeed in putting an end to the great conflict, I am convinced that our efforts will not have been wasted," said Mr. Ford.

The weather was fair today and the ship was making good time. Everyone on board is enjoying himself although there are a few cases of sea sickness.

The two squirrels which some unknown donor presented to the peace party on Saturday as a joke, have been christened Henry and William. Their cage occupies a conspicuous position in the ship's library. Mr. Ford enjoyed the joke as much as anyone else and laughed heartily.

UNCLE SAM WILL NEED MUCH MONEY

Billion and Quarter Wanted to Run Government Next Fiscal Year.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Uncle Sam will need more than a billion and a quarter dollars to cover the expenditures he expects to make in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, according to estimates submitted to congress today by Sec'y McAdoo of the treasury department. The estimates call for a total of 1,285,857,508.16. This includes, however, some \$275,000,000 that is postal service revenues and of the postal expenditures payable out of the postal service revenues, and the requirement for the public debt sinking fund. This leaves a net expenditure of \$908,765,929.16, as against a net expenditure of \$740,934,527.55 during the current year, an increase of \$167,831,401.61.

Practically every department of the government shows a substantial increase in its demands for funds for the coming year. The war department asks for an increase of \$78,000,000, and the navy department for an increase of \$69,000,000, most of which is to go into the beginning of the administration preparedness program and details of which already have been made public. The state department wants nearly \$2,000,000 more than it is spending this year, to take care of the added expenditures in the diplomatic and consular service incident to the European war. The war department asks for \$243,513,645, and the navy for \$226,477,611, and the state department for \$6,123,298. The department of commerce asks for \$15,438,238, an increase of more than \$4,000,000 over its current funds. A large part of the increase is to be devoted to the expansion of American trade abroad.

The treasury department, the interior department and the department of agriculture all ask for about \$1,000,000 more than they were given this year and the estimates for the district of Columbia ask for expenditures of about \$3,000,000 more than the current appropriations.

REPULSE TEUTONS.

CETTINJE, Montenegro, Dec. 6.—A repulse of the German allies is reported in the following official communique of the Montenegrin war office today: "On Dec. 4 the enemy severely attacked our positions on the left bank of the Tcheholina. We repulsed him and took a number of prisoners. Other attacks toward Brodovo, Plentiza and Bredopolje were also repulsed with large Austrian losses."

Prepare for Battle.

The promised fight for a cloture rule, to curtail the ancient, time-honored prerogative accorded every senator of talking at any subject, at any time, and in any language, has hung like a cloud over the opening session. Sen. Owen of Oklahoma was ready to start the first real rules fight of the senate with a cloture resolution and he looked for strong support. Both sides of the chamber were tense in the expectation of the struggle, for it was recognized that in the balance hung the pretentious legislative program of the entire session—military preparedness, ship purchase bill, rural credits legislation, conservation measures, revenue proposals which must be disposed. Unless the cloture fight is disposed of or speedily abandoned, both democrats and republicans are convinced that the session will be tied up in a tangle that will take weeks to unravel.

MEXICAN OFFICIAL IN FLIGHT IS ARRESTED

LOS ANGELES, Calif., Dec. 5.—Jose Juarjado, lieutenant governor of Lower California, and judge of the court of last instance of that Mexican province, was taken from a Southern Pacific train in Arizona by a deputy United States marshal, according to the advices received early today and started back to Calexico to be handed into the custody of Gov. Estaban Cantu. The report said that Juarjado had with him at the time of his apprehension nearly \$50,000 in treasure. The federal officer interrupted Juarjado's eastward trip, it is understood, somewhere between Tucson and Phoenix, and began the return trip immediately.

HOUSE AND SENATE ARE IN SESSION—IMPORTANT QUESTIONS TO COME UP

Democrats in Senate Show Fifty-six to Republicans Forty Members—Nine New Senators Present.

CLOTURE RULE FIGHT TO BE LIVELY ONE

Changes Bring Little Encouragement For Republicans. Elihu Root Will be Missed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Confronted with an internal fight over its own procedure and a mass of vital general legislation, the senate of the United States met today to begin its start in the free-for-all political and legislative struggle which will mark the first session of the 64th congress. When Clerk Banker pounded his desk with the ancient ivory senate gavel at noon today he faced a senate in which the democrats control a comfortable majority. On the democratic side were 55 senators, while the republicans mustered only 40.

The opening of the senate session was more than usually subdued and solemn, even for the senate. The democratic majority faced a winter and spring of legislative maneuvering which will complete the record of the achievements of the Wilson administration that will be one of the controlling factors in the presidential election next fall. The republicans were on hand to make the way clear for reaching the political ground which was lost in the landslide of 1912. Both parties were confronted by a legislative session which promised to be crowded full of every brand of political and law-making trouble.

Nine New Senators.

The crowded galleries that looked down upon the opening scene as Clerk Trimble pounded his gavel, and called the gossipping membership to order, saw many new faces, and many faces which had disappeared for a time, only to return. Where in the last congress the calm, dispassionate conciliatory personality of Oscar Underwood inspired democratic confidence, a new leader appeared. Claude Kitchin, the North Carolina orator, impulsive, vigorous, and vitrolle in debate, assumed the chairmanship of the slender democratic majority. State by state the members of the house were called forward, and as each state delegation gathered in front of the speaker's stand the oath of office was administered, collectively. Meantime the cloakrooms and corridors were crowded with members, renewing old acquaintances, making new ones, and gossiping about the prospects for legislation during the session. A hum of conversation swept the crowded galleries and several times the speaker was forced to interrupt the proceedings to bring order out of the disturbances.

Officers Re-elected.

The session dragged along, constantly disturbed by the hum of conversation, which at times grew to a roar. The democratic officials of the house, Clerk South Trimble, Serg't at Arms Robert Gordon, Door-keeper Simont, and Postmaster Gen. Dunbar were re-elected by resolution. Chaplain Henry D. Couden, the blind spiritual director of the house, was re-elected unanimously, the minority employes were chosen by a resolution proposed by the republicans. Rep. Henry, chairman of the rules committee, presented the usual rules resolution, making the rules of the house (CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE.)

Narrow Democratic Majority Promises to Make Session of House the Liveliest in Years.

FORMER MEMBERS ARE BACK AT THEIR SEATS

Leader Kitchin Notifies Body That President Will Deliver His Message at Joint Session.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The house of representatives today got under way for the strenuous times of fight and furor that will make up the first session of the 64th congress. A narrow nominal democratic majority, and an aggressive, vigorous republican minority that participated in the organization of the house showed clearly the possibilities for legislative and political upheavals in that body that will come before the body. A house membership of 229 democrats, 197 republicans, six progressives, one socialist, one independent, with one vacant seat, was presented on the roll before Clerk of the House South Trimble when he called the house to order for organization today. The democratic majority had provided for a point where the defection of 12 members of the majority party would have thrown control into the hands of opposition. And on the republican side the experienced leader who carried the burden of republican legislation through 16 years of unbroken power in the house, were back in their places after the temporary exile that kept them at home after the 1912 campaign.

New Leader Appears.

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SUFFRAGE PARADE HELD AT CAPITAL

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Following one of the most spectacular street demonstrations yet seen in Washington, participated in by women from every section of the nation, resolutions amending the constitution to give the women the vote were introduced today in the house by Rep. Mondell of Wyoming. At the same time there was placed on file a monster petition containing 500 signatures asking that the resolution be passed. On leaving their petition the women proceeded to the white house, where they were received by the president.

Rep. Mondell has arranged to have his resolution made number one in the records of the house. The monster parade was headed by Mrs. Field and Mrs. Jolliffe, who brought the petition across the continent from San Francisco. (CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE.)