

WILSON WARMS BREAK IS NEAR

GEN. SCOTT TO SEE FUNSTON ON THE BORDER

Chief-of-staff Will Leave Tonight For San Antonio to Get First Hand Information of Situation.

OBREGON ORDERS ATTACK IF U. S. MEN ENTER CITY

Carranza's Minister of War Says Armed Resistance Will be Offered Pershing's Expeditionary Forces.

WILL ATTACK U. S. TROOPS.

EL PASO, Texas, April 19.—By orders of Gen. Alvaro Obregon, minister of war in the Carranza cabinet, American soldiers will be attacked should they enter any Mexican city or town in the future.

NEW VERSION OF DEATH.

A new version of the alleged death of Francisco Villa reached the border today. It came direct from the war department at Mexico City and was to the effect that a woman had murdered the bandit leader while he was helpless as a result of the wound he suffered in a fight with Carranza soldiers.

CALLS WOMEN AGGRESSORS.

Urguhart was an eye witness of the Parral fight which started in the Parral plaza last Wednesday. He said Mexican women were aggressors in throwing stones and insulting soldiers and that Carranza officers tried to prevent the battle.

CABINET MAY COLLAPSE.

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WASHINGTON, April 19.—The state department was advised this afternoon by Ambassador Gerard at Berlin that its note on the submarine controversy arrived there.

DAVID LLOYD-GEORGE REMAINS IN CABINET

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PROGRESS of the War

AMSTERDAM, April 19.—Immediately upon learning of the capture of Trebizond by the Russians, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German chancellor, summoned the Turkish ambassador to Germany for a conference, says a dispatch from Berlin.

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GERMAN AMBASSADOR CALLS ON LANSLING IN CONSPIRACY CASE

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HOLD THREE MEN FOR ESPIONAGE

HAZLEDEWILLE, S. C., April 19.—Three men, admittedly foreigners, are under arrest here on suspicion of being German spies.

ROAD MAPS AND DUPLICATES OF U. S. DOCUMENTS FOUND ON SUSPECTED SPIES.

HAZLEDEWILLE, S. C., April 19.—Road maps and various documents found in possession of the prisoners are said to be duplicates of the plans being made by the army.

TO SURRENDER PAPERS, BUT HOLD VON IGEL

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Right in the face of a threatened diplomatic break between the United States and Germany, Ambassador von Bernstorff today demanded of Sec'y of State Lansing the return to him of papers seized by federal agents when Wolf von Igel was arrested in New York.

HERE'S COMPLETE TEXT OF PRESIDENT WILSON'S ADDRESS ON SUBMARINE SITUATION

Following is the complete text of the president's address: Gentlemen of the Congress: "A situation has arisen in the foreign relations of the country of which it is my plain duty to inform you very frankly."

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WASHINGTON, April 19.—Wolf von Igel, former secretary to Capt. von Pappen, recalled German military attaché, will be held by the federal authorities on charges of plotting to destroy the Welland canal, notwithstanding his plea that he is immune from arrest because of diplomatic position.

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Here's Complete Text of President Wilson's Address On Submarine Situation

Following is the complete text of the president's address: Gentlemen of the Congress: "A situation has arisen in the foreign relations of the country of which it is my plain duty to inform you very frankly."

The government of the United States earnestly protested. It took the position that such a policy could not be pursued without the practical certainty of gross and palpable violation of the law of nations, particularly if submarine craft were to be employed as its instruments.

Disregard Assurances. "Again and again the imperial German government has given this government its solemn assurances that at least passenger ships would not be thus dealt with, and yet it has again and again permitted its under-sea commanders to disregard those assurances with entire impunity."

Notwithstanding the earnest protest of our government, the imperial German government at once proceeded to carry out the policy it has announced. It expressed the hope that the dangers involved, at any rate the dangers to neutral vessels, would be reduced to a minimum by the instructions which it had issued to its submarine commanders.

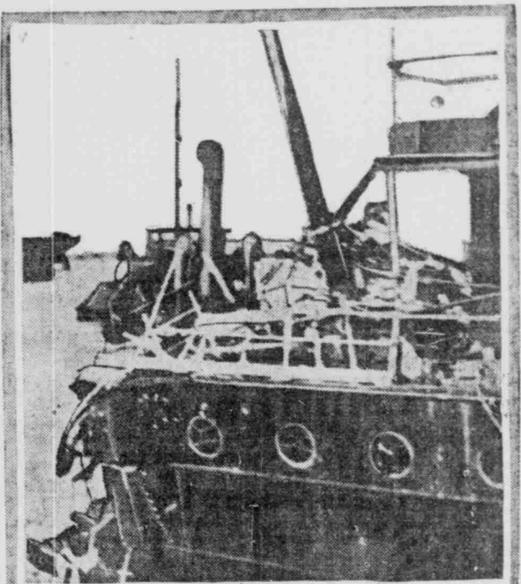
What has actually happened in the year which has since elapsed has shown that those hopes were not justified, those assurances inexecutable of being fulfilled. In pursuance of the policy of submarine warfare against the commerce of its adversaries, thus announced and entered upon in despite of the solemn protest of this government, the commanders of German undersea vessels have attacked merchant ships with greater and greater activity.

Neutral Vessels Attacked. Vessels of neutral ownership, even those of neutral port, have been destroyed along with vessels of belligerent ownership in constantly increasing numbers.

U. S. Has Been Patient. "The government of the United States has been very patient. At every stage of this distressing experience of tragedy after tragedy in which its own citizens were involved it had sought to be restrained from any extreme course of action or of protest by a thoughtful consideration of the extraordinary circumstances of the unprecedented war, and situated in all it said or did by the sentiments of genuine friendship which the people of the United States have always entertained and continue to entertain toward the German nation."

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First View of Torpedoed Sussex Which Brings Latest Crisis to U. S.



SUSSEX AFTER EXPLOSION. First and exclusive photograph of the channel steamer "Sussex" after being torpedoed.

The photograph shows the British channel steamer Sussex on her arrival in the harbor of Belgrade after she had been torpedoed on Friday, March 24. The picture shows the entire forward part of the vessel blown away.

Summary of Submarine Activities Leading to Present Crisis

On Feb. 4, 1915, the German government issued a proclamation declaring the waters around the British Isles a war zone and giving notice that, after Feb. 18, all merchant ships owned by the enemy powers would be sunk.

On May 7, the liner Lusitania was sunk with the loss of about 1,200 lives, more than 100 of the victims being Americans. Six days later the United States sent a note to Germany protesting.

On June 10 the Lusitania was armed and insisted that Germany make proper reparation and promise not to sink any more ships without warning.

MANY ARRESTS IF RUPTURE COMES

Gigantic Secret Service Operating For Germany Will Feel First Blows.

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TELLS WORLD HE DISPATCHED AN ULTIMATUM

President Sharply Indicts Germany For Its Use of Submarines Against Merchant Vessels.

HUMANITY'S RIGHTS MUST BE RESPECTED

Points Out Responsibility of United States as Largest Neutral Nation and Insists on Observance of Law.

POSTION IS SERIOUS.

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