

ROUMANIAN FORCES ARE AGAIN ON THE OFFENSIVE

STUDENTS TO SEE WILSON ON ARRIVAL

Permission to Attend Meeting Will be Given All Public School Children Who Request It.

AMERICAN FLAGS TO BE SUPPLIED THEM

Portable Platform to be Placed Near Tracks From Which President is Scheduled to Give Address.

Several thousand pupils in the public schools, along with the citizenship of South Bend will greet President Wilson upon his arrival in South Bend at 9:24 o'clock Thursday morning. Announcement was made Wednesday by Supt. Nuner of the public schools that all pupils who wished to hear and see the president when he stops here will be granted the privilege and will be excused during the time the nation's chief executive stops in the city.

Arrangements are being made by the democratic headquarters here to supply every school pupil who goes to the Lake Shore depot with an American flag. With the seeing of the president and the flag demonstration it has been pointed out by school officials that an effective patriotic impression will be made upon the Young America of South Bend. All plans are being made to give the people of South Bend and the school children ample opportunity to hear and see the president when he stops here. Necessarily the stop will be of short duration but the president is expected to make a short talk from a portable platform which will be placed at the intersection of Lafayette and the New York Central tracks.

Affair Non-Partisan.

The purpose of the platform is to enable the president to be in a better position to address the great throng which is expected to be at the train when it arrives and to give the people of South Bend the rare opportunity of looking upon their president. Every effort is being made to make the affair non-partisan as President Wilson is insisting upon this point in his campaign.

Mayor Fred W. Keller will head the committee which will meet the president's train at Elkhart. This committee will act as an escort for the president to South Bend. A short stop will be made in Elkhart and another in Goshen while the Laporte people have been trying to make arrangements to have the president talk there for a few minutes. It is believed that this plan has failed and as a result reports indicate that there will be a big delegation here from that city.

Will Send Delegations.

Mishawaka, North Liberty, Walkerton, New Carlisle and other towns and communities in the county will send delegations here tomorrow morning. As the event will be more in the nature of a patriotic demonstration and in honor of the nation's chief all plans are being devised along these lines.

Ample police protection and order has been promised by Mayor Keller and Chief of Police Millard F. Kerr. The throng at the station is expected to begin to gather shortly after 8 o'clock and one of the biggest patriotic demonstrations in history is being anticipated.

President Wilson is already enroute to South Bend and is making speeches along the way at various meetings. After leaving here he will go to Chicago where he will address the Chicago Press club at 1:30 o'clock and later in the day will speak before the New Citizenship alliance at the stock yards. "Americanism in its Broadest Sense" is the subject of the address to be delivered there by the president.

Samuel Gompers Coming.

A probability developed last night that Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, will be in South Bend before the end of the campaign, to speak in behalf of the re-election of the president.

A telegram was received Tuesday by the Central Trades council stating that Mr. Gompers would speak here the night of Oct. 27, but that being the night set aside for the big John A. M. Adair rally, efforts are being made to get him here either at an earlier or a later date. Mr. Gompers, when he comes, will

FLOUR AT \$10.50 AND WORST YET TO COME.

International News Service: CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—"Flour at \$10.50 a barrel, and it may go higher."

This was the warning which Chicago dealers flashed to customers today. Wheat rose six to seven cents a bushel on the board of trade yesterday, and opened slightly higher again today.

Tendency of the producers and shippers to give the better grades of wheat to export business and dump the lower grades on the local market generally was assigned as the reason for the advance.

JAP DESIRE FOR WAR IS A MYTH

Bishop Tucker Says People Are Sensitive and Would Resent Discrimination.

International News Service: ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 18.—Japanese aggression and desire for war with the United States is a myth, according to the Rt. Rev. H. St. George Tucker, bishop of Klotz, who spoke before the joint session of the two houses comprising the annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal church here.

"In my work in Japan," declared Bishop Tucker, "I have come in contact with Japanese of all classes, and not once have I heard an expression for other than the most cordial relations with America."

The Japanese, however, Bishop Tucker said, are sensitive and would undoubtedly resent any action on the part of this government which they regarded as discriminatory—such as the Burnett immigration bill.

"Japan has acted in good faith with the United States by restricting her immigration under the gentlemen's agreement," said Bishop Tucker.

Missions occupied today the chief place on the convention program. Tonight a great pageant will be given the convention visitors by St. Louis Episcopalians. The pageant, which was designed by the Rev. George Long of London, presents the history of the Episcopal church in nine episodes, beginning with the "day of Pentecost" and ending with "the church of the ages in modern America."

LUSITANIA DEMANDS ARE MET BY GERMANY

Announcement That Case is Closed Expected to be Made Soon by Lansing.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Official announcements that the demands in the Lusitania case have been met and the case is closed is expected to be made shortly by Sec'y of State Lansing. The announcement is expected to accompany the making public of Germany's last note on the Lusitania.

Sec'y Lansing heretofore has declined to permit publication of the note, although it was announced when it was received on Feb. 16, that the United States and Germany were "substantially in accord."

Complete settlement of the case at that time was prevented by the German order for submarine commanders to sink armed merchant ships without warning after March 1. This order was rescinded, however, in the German pledge to this government in the Sussex case. No explanation has been made as to why the Lusitania case was not then officially closed.

OPEN CONVENTION, BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Oct. 18.

The national convention of the Ladies' auxiliary to the Knights of Father Matthew opened here today with delegates present from all parts of the country.

Strikers Refuse To Accept Terms

International News Service: BAYONNE, N. J., Oct. 18.—Standard Oil strikers, whose walkout has been accompanied by widespread violence and bloodshed, today voted to refuse to return to work under present conditions. The vote was taken at a mass meeting. No further rioting had been reported up to noon.

The federal government has now entered the situation. John A. Smyth and John A. Moffett of the federal board of mediation and conciliation arrived here today and immediately went to the Standard Oil plant for a conference with the officials.

The strikers are demanding a wage increase, declaring that they cannot exist on their old pay sched-

RIOTING BREAKS OUT IN GREECE; KING MAY FLEE

Anti-entente Demonstrations Result From Seizure of Nation's Navy.

International News Service: ZURICH, Oct. 18.—French and Italian marines who are policing Athens, have arrested a number of the ringleaders in the anti-entente riots, according to a dispatch from the Greek capital today.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The throne of King Constantine of Greece is still empty. Civil war threatens the Hellenic kingdom.

The Athens correspondent of the Daily Chronicle reports that the king's advisers have counselled him to abdicate and flee. The seizure of the Greek navy and the landing of strong forces of French and Italian sailors and marines in Piraeus and Athens have brought about a situation more dangerous than any other that has existed in Greece since the war began.

It is believed that Gen. Sarrahl, the commander-in-chief of the Anglo-French armies in the Balkans will establish powerful military posts in Athens and the other chief cities of Greece at once.

Intermittent rioting has been in progress in Athens, Piraeus and other cities during the last 48 hours.

Recent anti-entente demonstrations have been carried out. Vice Admiral Fournet, commander-in-chief of the Anglo-French fleet in the Mediterranean, received a hostile greeting when he visited Athens. Crowds also gathered in front of the British legation shouting "Down with England."

The United States flag has played an important part in the demonstrations. Four thousand Greeks, some of them carrying the United States flag, marched to the United States legation, to make formal protest against the entry of foreign soldiers into the country.

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BERLIN'S REPORT OF DAMAGE DONE IN RAID

More than 100 buildings destroyed or damaged. Four hundred soldiers killed. Three warships hit. Ammunition factories and railway stations wiped out. Heart of London bombarded.

BERLIN TELLS OF RESULTS OF RAID

International News Service: BERLIN, (via Sayville wireless) Oct. 18.—More than \$10,000,000 damage was done Sept. 23, in the last Zeppelin raid over England, the Overseas-News agency stated today. Bombs fell in the very heart of London. Many heavy explosive projectiles fell in Regent st., one of the main arteries of London traffic.

The information is based upon accounts by "eye witnesses," the agency states.

Four hundred soldiers were killed at Grimsby when the barracks were hit. It is stated. Two warships that were anchored at Hull were damaged. A cruiser, anchored in the Humber river, also was hit.

More than 100 buildings were destroyed or heavily damaged. Near the London and Brighton railroad station, in London, 10 houses were completely demolished by three heavy bombs. An ammunition factory was blown up in a suburb south of London.

Liverpool st. station, in London, was shelled and the railroad tracks damaged. Seven benzol tanks on the banks of the Thames were exploded. At Hull buildings were destroyed, only the walls remaining standing. Heavy damage was done at Leeds, where there are many ammunition factories.

The alcohol factory of Pink and Sons, at Portsmouth, and the sheds of Elkers and Fyffe were destroyed.

WOMAN SHOTS MAN NAMED IN DIVORCE SUIT

Spectators in Court Room Thrown Into Panic—Broke Up Her Home.

International News Service: CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Spectators in the court of Judge Poell were thrown into a panic shortly before noon today when a black-gowned, heavily-veiled woman suddenly rose and fired three shots at Jacob Klaus, seriously wounding him.

The woman was Mrs. Katherine Marek, whose husband was suing her for divorce, naming Klaus. The woman was quickly overpowered by court attendants, but not before there had been a general rush for exits in which several persons were seriously shaken up. Klaus is a brother of a Chicago alderman.

Mrs. Marek held a baby in her arms when she fired.

"You will not try to ruin my home again," she screamed as Klaus turned to the floor.

"This man broke up my home," she told the police, without a trace of emotion. "I had a nice home—four children. He came to me and won my love and then betrayed me. I have lost my home, my children, everything. So I shot him."

Marek accused Klaus of being the man who wrecked his home in his bill of complaint. Today Klaus was to have taken the stand to testify against her.

Two of the bullets hit Klaus. The other buried itself in the judge's bench and narrowly missed hitting him.

WALL STREET'S SCHEMES FOR CENTRAL BANK BUT SLEEPING

Sec'y M'Adoo Declares Justice Hughes Would Have Nothing to Do but Repeal Acts.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, today at noon before a throng that filled Cohan's Grand opera house, ripped into the wispy-wispy stand taken by Mr. Justice Hughes in his race for the presidency and branded the former supreme court justice as the candidate of Wall st. and all that that implies with its aims to undermine the firm financial foundation upon which this government now stands as the result of legislation brought about under Woodrow Wilson.

The secretary was cheered time and again as he asked what Mr. Justice Hughes would do in regard to the federal reserve law, the farm loan law, and climaxed his charges with the Roosevelt statement that he would have seized German ships in our waters when the Lusitania was sunk. This, the secretary said, would have meant war.

Mr. McAdoo pointed to the republican platform as it touched the farm loan law and said there is nothing for Mr. Hughes to do if elected but to repeal the act that

REFUSES TO FIGHT VILLA

Just Whom Gen. Trevino Supports is a Question.

International News Service: WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Reports reached Washington today that Gen. Trevino, commanding the Carranza garrison at Chihuahua, had failed to accept Francisco Villa's challenge to fight. As caused renewed speculation as to whether Trevino still supports the cause of the de facto government.

Trevino is one of the Carranzista high class generals. It has been rumored many times that he will be one of the leaders in the new revolt being organized in northern Mexico.

APPEALS TO ENGLAND

PARIS, Oct. 18.—An appeal to England to save Roumania is made by the newspaper Victoire. In discussing the critical situation of the Balkan kingdom the paper says that England, with strong forces in Egypt, should not leave Roumania in the lurch.

TWO DRIVES BY GERMANS ARE HALTED

Teuton Forces Advance Along Somme But Are Soon Driven Back Again by the French Soldiers.

PAY DEARLY FOR GAIN ON CARPATHIAN FRONT

International News Service: LONDON, Oct. 18.—Developments in Greece within the last 48 hours overhauled news of fighting. A state of affairs bordering on anarchy exists in Athens as a result of the landing of blue jackets and marines from allied warships and news of the abdication of King Constantine would not come as a surprise. Constantine is still resisting the demands of the entente and Rome reports that the pro-German propaganda is gathering fresh momentum.

The attempted counter offensive of the Germans on two fronts has failed to gain them any decisive advantage. On the Somme front the Germans gained some first line trenches from the French, but were immediately ejected. On the eastern front the Austro-German forces secured an advantage in the Carpathians, but lost heavily in the fighting.

Roumanian forces are attacking the Austro-Germans all along the line. South of Kronstadt von Falkenhayn's troops were forced back along the Transylvanian border.

BRITISH CAPTURE 2 BREMEN SUBS

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The New York World today prints a story which it declares was obtained from English sources, saying that the British have captured two German submarines named Bremen. It was stated by the World's informant that a third Bremen now is on its way to this country.

The first Bremen, it was said, was captured in the straits of Dover, while it was zig-zagging under English warships. Nets ensnared her so completely, it was stated, that it required two days to get out the crew, of whom five were dead and the others close to final exhaustion. Many important documents were said to have been captured with the U-boat, which now is at Catham.

A second Bremen was captured some time later, claims the World's authority, but no details are known.

WILL RENEW PROPOSAL FOR A WORLD CONGRESS

American Federation Prepares to Take Up Matter With British Workers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor today took up the question of renewing at an early date a proposal to which the British Trade Union council for a world's labor congress, at the time and place of the peace council at the end of the war. Members of the council practically were unanimous in the opinion that the executive council would again urge the presentation of such a proposal at the next annual convention of the federation which begins in Baltimore on Nov. 12.

The suggestion first presented to the British labor organization at Birmingham, England, last August, was rejected on the ground that the state of public feeling in the British empire then would not countenance peace overtures of any sort.

The British were willing to enter such a federation if the central powers were excluded, however, and officials of the American Federation believe that eventually the world organization can be effected.

Raid on Coast Closed Incident

CHICAGO WILL LEAD

More Voters There Than in New York City.

International News Service: CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Chicago will cast more votes in the coming presidential election than any city in the United States. This was ascertained today when final registration figures were submitted showing 808,614 persons qualified to ballot. New York has only 728,719, but women do not have the ballot there.

WAR SURE IS—

International News Service: VIENNA, Oct. 18.—An order prohibiting the sale of more than one cigar daily to the same customer will be issued in a few days by the Hungarian tobacco monopoly which controls the sale of tobacco in Hungary.

"AMERICA FIRST, AND AMERICA ALWAYS" OR IS IT "REPUBLICANISM FIRST, AND REPUBLICANISM ALWAYS," THAT IS OUR MAIN STREET CONTEMPORARY'S GOSPEL?

Thank you! The Tribune, stung to sensibility by the following criticism published in The News-Times this morning, that paper comes out this afternoon, in a brief editorial, and following what it said previous to the arrival of Mr. Hughes, checks itself into saying that the public should turn out to honor the nation's executive. Our criticism, however, on the basis of the original reason for it, still stands:

For a specimen of the infinitesimal smallness of republican politics, even as it permeates the republican press; as witnessing its snakelike policy of hiding whatever comes along that might tend to throw a different light on the things that it is contending for, while exaggerating whatever looms in its apparent favor—we commend you, gentle reader, to the miniature publicity given by our Main st. contemporary Monday, to the announced coming of the president of the United States for a brief stop in South Bend. It amounted to a measly nine-line item, hidden inside the paper, followed yesterday without mention,—characteristic, indeed, of a party, and a party organ, so much more partisan than patriotic, and afraid to be frank, open, and even respectable, in the face of its lack of real issues, toward the nation's executive.

It makes no difference that Pres't Wilson is a candidate for re-election—he is president of the United States. It would make no difference if he were coming to make a political speech, which he isn't. In the same issue of our contemporary, it has it on the front page,—what we had carried in the morning,—they, under glaring headlines, that "Hughes will be in Niles Wednesday," but that the president is coming to South Bend, is hidden. Are the republicans afraid to let the public see or hear Pres't Wilson, even on a non-partisan subject, for a small ten minutes? It is a tacit admission that they are; same as their organ's failure to report anything in particular said by John Sharp Williams or Evan B. Stotsenburg, in their speeches here, and then hiding what they did report, was a tacit admission of their fear to let the public know what was said.

When The News-Times becomes so weaselly narrow in its partisanship, and when its party has become so unprincipled in its advocacies, that it is afraid to let its readers know what the opposition is saying, or that a representative of the opposition is coming to town; well, it will either suspend publication, turn independent, or else go over to the opposition. There ought to be some conscience, some promotion of public intelligence, even in the newspaper world. There ought to be some respect for the chief executive of the nation even among "copperhead" republicans. We do not presume to tell our contemporary what it should regard as valuable, or valueless news. That is a matter for their own estimation, but their estimation in this case is too patently based upon what they regard as political expediency, permitting it to override every vestige of patriotic or Americanized sense, to admit of any other construction than an un-American political cowardice.

Such lack of respect, of interest, of consideration for the head of the nation, is a splendid example, isn't it, for a news-

paper to set in the midst of its preaching of "Americanism" to the "new American," in a city in which the new American is so numerous? For proof of its unprincipled, worse than damnable hypocrisy, with respect to its "Americanism" preaching, this action is sufficient to anyone save an equally unprincipled republican bonehead.

"America first!" No, not with them. It is "republicanism first, and republicanism always," that is their motto; let the broader sentiments of Americanism, of respect for authority, of a decent regard for men high in public life, be hanged. Differing with a president's opinions and policies is one thing. Attempting to crucify him by lies, misrepresentation and calumny, and then because he don't down, bury him alive, is quite another thing.

A president of the United States is deserving of the highest respect, and his approach and presence deserve to be heralded, out of respect for the nation, to inspire the young, encourage patriotism, and make Americanism the more secure; this, wherever he goes, and regardless of his political faith or breeding. Even a candidate for president deserves a larger respect, for this same purpose, than our Main st. contemporary in its narrow partisanship, has afforded the president. J. Frank Hanly, at the high school auditorium, last night, only coming, was heralded more loudly, by our contemporary, than is the coming of the president.

Perhaps it is not for us to say of our contemporary, but we would say it of ourselves as well, that the newspaper which through such an un-American partisanship, fails to fill its mission in this regard; tiling it for American patriotism's sake; regardless of partisan expediences, say nothing of comparative news values, forfeits the respect of the community that it serves. It is the next thing to gloating over the assassination of a president, of whose opinions and policies it does not approve. Perhaps that is putting it a trifle harsh, but the difference is one of degree and not of kind.

We call attention to the fact that when Mr. Hughes came to South Bend, regardless of advertising and editorial comment carried regarding his contentions or presence, the news columns of The News-Times were wide open to tell of his coming, and what was done while he stayed. And a similar policy has been pursued with respect to every republican speaker that has visited the city. They have had fair and courteous treatment in the news columns, regardless of what you may think of our editorial criticisms. News is news, and the importance of news, from every standpoint—save that of our contemporary's—is always measured by the prominence of the parties involved, and comparative probable effect upon the public mind.

And even our contemporary seems to have had a regard for that measurement—fearing the possible effect of the presence of the president on its party's local destinies. Assured as we are from the recent presence of former Progressive National Chairman Dye, pleading almost on his knees for a larger progressive support even to the point of offering rewards, and this supported by evasive admission from the local republican chairman, that the party locally is skating on thin ice,—it requires no occult powers to demonstrate what the republican organ, in its excessive partisanship, is afraid of.