

ATTEMPTED REVOLUTION UNIFIES RUSSIAN REPUBLIC Limited Women in Suffrage Law Held Unconstitutional

MILK SUPPLY SUSPECTED AS FEVER CAUSE

Sanitary Engineers From Indianapolis Discuss Typhoid Situation With Local Health Boards.

The milk supply of South Bend was one of the chief topics of discussion at a meeting Monday noon at the Oliver of the board of health, members of the waterworks department and John Diggs, sanitary engineer and Dr. William Shimer, both the last named from Indianapolis.

Although Dr. C. S. Bosbury, secretary of the health board, has steadfastly claimed that the milk supply was not to blame for the epidemic, it is very suspiciously regarded by the out of town men, mainly because of the insistence of John W. Toyne, superintendent of the local waterworks, say those who claim to know.

Get Two Telegrams. Indications are that the milk may be to blame. The meeting of the health officials and the visitors was closed to the public, but it is said that the majority of the typhoid cases now raging in the city are those of women and children and older persons. This, according to the men from Indianapolis, may point to the fact that the milk is to blame, since these are the classes of people who use milk the most.

Authorities at a Loss. The local health authorities admit frankly that they are at a loss to know what is causing the large number of typhoid cases. The water situation gives no clue as to the milk theory, there is some evidence to point to a successful termination of the epidemic.

Two local milk dealers, according to Dr. Bosbury, had cases of typhoid fever in their own families, and did not report the fact as they should do under the law. Because of a slip-up in the affairs of the health department, so Dr. Bosbury told the out-of-town men, these cases did not come to his attention until long after it was too late.

Only One Death. Although 25 cases of typhoid fever have been reported in the past 15 days, but one death is due to the disease, according to the health department. Reports that three have died from the fever are incorrect. Death certificates filed show that Mary Washburn died from typhoid, Edward Reesor died from pneumonia, and George Carbinier died from acute nephritis, although all three were at first reported dead from typhoid.

At 1 o'clock Monday Frank Pinter, 14 years old, was reported dead from typhoid, although whether this, like the others, will be supported by the death certificate, is not known. Three new cases were reported up to 12 o'clock Monday, bringing the total to 52.

The supply of drinking water in all the city schools has been shut off. Boiled water is provided in the high school lunch rooms, and every effort will be made to furnish boiled water in all the schools, according to Supt. J. F. Nuner. "The difficulty in handling the water after it is boiled," said Mr. Nuner, "is in the fact that the common drinking cup must be avoided." It is of course impossible to use the "boiling" fountains for the sterilized water.

Will Use Private Wells. As soon as a thorough inspection of the high school water system is completed, the private wells there will be put in operation, furnishing pure water throughout the building. The constant rumors that the boiler of cuts, does, rats, and other animals have been found in the reservoir are absolutely without foundation, according to authorities. "The health department gets tired of (CONTINUED ON PAGE EIGHT.)

Late Bulletins

International News Service: PARIS, Sept. 17.—After a lull of many months in the fighting on the Western front, the Germans suddenly launched a campaign of the utmost violence, following it up by an assault with infantry, the war office reported today. French trenches were penetrated, but before the Germans could consolidate their gains counter attacks were launched by the French and the Germans were driven out. The fighting centered around Apremont forest. The Germans made a surprise attack in front in the Vosges mountains, but it was repelled. Elsewhere on the front there were artillery combats.

EMPEROR VISITS FRONT. International News Service: LONDON, Sept. 17.—Emperor Charles, of Austria, has gone to the Trentino front, according to advices from Vienna today. The emperor arrived at Trentino on Thursday and began an inspection of the Austro-Hungarian front.

There has been a comparative lull on the Trentino front, the heaviest fighting between the Austro-Hungarians and Italians occurring along the Isonzo river and Julian fronts.

U. S. BUILDING DESTROYED. International News Service: WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The American consular agency at Dunkirk, France, was destroyed by a German shell Sept. 7, the state department was advised this afternoon. The archives of the agency and the agent, Benjamin Morel, were uninjured. Morel was a French citizen. The consular agency has been in his family for three generations.

BRITISH FRONT QUIET. International News Service: LONDON, Sept. 17.—Only raiding activities on the Aras front and cannonades in West Flanders were reported by the British war office today. East of Ephe, in the sector of the Aras-Donal road and near Gavrelle British forces penetrated German positions capturing prisoners and two machine guns and destroying dugouts. A number of Germans were killed. East of Ypres the German artillery bombarded British positions all night.

Kaiser Expresses Regret to Sweden Over Cable Affair

International News Service: STOCKHOLM, Sept. 17.—Germany has sent a note to Sweden expressing regret for the disagreeable issues resulting from the transmission of cablegrams from Buenos Ayres. The German foreign office also thanked the Swedish foreign office for its services and expressed regret that the contents of messages from Conn von Luxburg were unknown to the Swedish envoy in Buenos Ayres.

Monster Guns of French Destroy Huns at Verdun

International News Service: PARIS, Sept. 17.—(By mail to New York, Sept. 17.)—Monster French guns, besides which the famous 42 centimetre Krupp howitzers of 1914 would look like playthings, are being used by Gen. Guillaumat before Verdun, according to details of the fighting there which are just coming to light.

The 42 centimetre pieces used by the Germans against Liege, Namur, Maubeuge and Antwerp hurled shells about 17 inches in diameter. It is reported that the projectiles cast by the new French guns exceed this by (deleted) inches. When the German heavy ordnance first thundered demolition on supplies in the first months of the war both France and England set to work casting huge mobile guns. But before this new artillery could be completed trench warfare supplanted the field campaigns.

CONGRESS TO ADJOURN IN THREE WEEKS

Much Important Legislation Yet to be Finished—21 Billions is Total of War Measures.

International News Service: WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Congress will adjourn within the next three weeks unless some development entirely unforeseen at present blocks the administration's program. Rapid work during the past week, and favorable prospects for smooth sailing during the coming fortnight have dispelled the gloom among the legislative pilots who have been trying to steer congress to adjournment.

This does not mean, however, that congress will not have to hustle to clean up its calendar. On the contrary, every effort will have to be put forth by leaders to keep a quorum of the senate harmoniously at work. Here are some of the important measures awaiting final action: The \$11,338,000,000 bond bill. The \$2,500,000,000 war revenue bill. The \$7,000,000,000 urgent deficiency bill.

The trading with the enemy bill. The Webb export bill. The soldiers' and sailors' insurance bill. The alien draft resolution. Most of the measures, however, have gone through a large part of the legislative process. Only the concurrence of the house in several minor senate amendments stands in the way of completing the action on the big bond bill. It is not unlikely that the measure will be sent to the white house before evening.

U-BOATS CAUSE SUGAR SHORTAGE

Entente Allies Must Depend on America to Supply Them With Sweets. International News Service: WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—German U-boats have struck a blow at the sweet tooth of America. The allied supply of sugar, which is to be supplied them with sugar. The usual resources of England, which include Java and Mauritius, have been largely cut off because of the difficulty in shipping, due to the submarine menace.

America must cut down her consumption of sugar, if there is to be sufficient to supply both this country and the entente allies. Present estimates show that England will fall short 1,389,504 tons of her needed supply. France will have a shortage of 240,000 tons and Italy 115,000 tons. There was a consumption in the United States of 3,980,181 tons. It is apparent then that the needs of the allies will demand about 30 per cent of last year's total production.

Sugar exportation and consumption have increased enormously during the past few months. Latest figures show that the stock of sugar on hand at Atlantic ports is 210,884 tons, or 129,029 tons less than the stock on hand at the same time last year.

Food administration officials fear no shortage of sugar. They urge, however, that Americans must conserve sugar supplies, in order that in the event of emergencies there may be no drastic shortfalls. There are now raw sugar products in the Philippines to the extent of 70,000 tons, and in Hawaii to the extent of 643,000 tons. Java also has large supplies as well as other Pacific islands. However, this supply cannot be relied upon as a certain because of the difficulty in transportation, due to the shortage of vessels caused by Germany's submarine campaign.

Superior Court Says Legislature Exceeded Powers

Judge Roehford's decision holding the woman suffrage law unconstitutional does not prevent the further registration of women for the coming fall elections. Women may continue to register pending the decision of the supreme court.

International News Service: INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 17.—The limited woman suffrage law of Indiana was held unconstitutional today by Judge Roehford of the Marion county superior court. He said the qualifications for suffrage are governed by the constitution and cannot be altered by legislation. He suggested an immediate appeal to the supreme court.

The suit was brought by William W. Knight, a lumber man, as a test case. Judge Roehford's decision hinged on article 3, section 2, of the state constitution. The state constitution fixes the qualifications for voters and limits suffrage to males. The suffrage law provided that women could vote for officers not created by the constitution, and woman suffrage advocates held that because of this the law did not contravene the provisions of the constitution. Judge Roehford refused to take this view. The right to vote is inherent, and the legislature has no power to grant it, the decision says.

ITALIANS CONTINUE ASSAULTS ALONG AUSTRIAN FRONT

Heavy Bombardment of Fortified Mountain Positions Precede Final Dash of Victorious Troops.

International News Service: ROME, Sept. 17.—An "isolation movement" against the Austro-Hungarian position on Monte San Daniele is under way along the southern edge of the Bainsizza plateau, and dispatches from the Italian front today reported further progress in that sector. While part of Gen. Cadorna's victorious Italian troops are at work constructing new roads along the mountainside, others are dragging heavy guns up the rocky, battle-scarred slopes of Monte San Gabriele. Meanwhile detachments of picked troops are fighting their way eastward along the heights flanking the Chiappovano valley, to get in the rear of the Austro-Hungarian forces at Monte San Daniele. The capture of this fortified summit, towering 1,800 feet in the air, is expected soon.

Prisoners are still flowing back to the Italian rear, and most of them show traces of the heavy bombardment to which they have been subjected for weeks. Captives taken at Monte San Gabriele stated that at the very opening of the Italian campaign in that sector, the little marble chapel on the very peak of Monte San Gabriele was demolished. It was there that the aged Emperor Francis Joseph went to pray for victory against Italy. Just after this country entered the war.

SEARCH FOR ESCAPED GERMAN PRISONERS

International News Service: CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 17.—Federal, state and military authorities today joined in the search for Carl Hentchell, Gustav Hartwig and Paul Niebaum, three interned Germans who escaped from the prison camp at Port Oglethorpe during a terrific rainstorm. An investigation into the frequent escapes from the camp also has been ordered.

ONE MAN KILLED WHEN EXCAVATION FALLS IN International News Service: CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 17.—Eight men were buried in a conduit excavation this morning when tons of sand and paving bricks slid in on top of them. Rescuers got all the men out alive excepting Samuel Rest, who was asphyxiated.

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FAVORABLE NEWS OF DRIVE

International News Service: WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The Italian military situation continues favorable, according to official dispatches received here today. The Austrians are continuing their attacks against the positions occupied by the Italians on Monte San Gabriele. The situation is such now, say the dispatches, that the Austro-Hungarians have no more dominating positions to regain. Despite this the Austrian command is recklessly sacrificing men and material. Until today 29 Austrian regiments have been launched against the Italian line and now new ones are constantly coming up. The utmost confidence prevails in Italian army circles as to the result of the struggle. The lines which the Italians hold on Monte San Gabriele save them a strong defense, from which they can sweep down on the Austrians as soon as the necessary preparations are made.

KERENSKY MARRIES RUSSIAN ACTRESS.

International News Service: LONDON, Sept. 17.—The alarms of war and revolution mean nothing to Cupid. In the midst of the crisis in Russia that followed the fall of Riga, Premier Kerensky, who is described as "the busiest man in the world," found time to marry. Dispatches received here today from Stockholm described the bride as a beautiful young Russian actress.

Big Field Day of American Soldiers Attended by Noted French Statesmen

International News Service: FIELD HEADQUARTERS OF THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 17.—Warm words of praise for America and the Americans were addressed to the United States troops by former Premier Georges Clemenceau after he had witnessed field to day exercises staged for his benefit on Sunday. It was a real American field day, with athletic stunts and military drills combined. Mr. Clemenceau was the guest of Gen. Sibert and the exercises were staged by the second battalion of an infantry regiment. There were boxing bouts, foot races and a tug of war, among the other things, all of which the former premier enjoyed heartily. Clemenceau Pays Tribute. Luncheon was held in the open air. It was attended by Gen. Sibert, the French officers and the American brigadier general and afterwards M. Clemenceau made a speech in English, saying, in part: "I feel highly honored over this privilege I know your country well, having lived there until 1859. I was with Gen. Grant when he entered Richmond, during the Civil war. America has always had my admiration and I have been greatly impressed by the presence of an American army in France which has come to our shores in the defense of liberty, right and civilization against the barbarians. Soldiers Are Introduced. Afterwards Gen. Sibert introduced M. Clemenceau to a Sammy as one of the greatest men in France. The French statesman addressed the soldier, saying: "You have come here with a disinterested motive, not because you are compelled, but because you desire. Your country always possesses love, friendship and gratitude for France. Now you are at home here and every French house is open to you. You are not like other nations because your motives are devoid of personal interest and because you are filled with ideals."

Nation is Stronger Now Than Before its Recent Troubles Say Officials

EIGHT PEOPLE ARE KILLED IN WRECK

Rear-end Collision on C. B. & Q. Proves Disastrous. Five Injured.

International News Service: AURORA, Ill., Sept. 17.—Eight are known to be dead and one is missing, following a rear-end collision on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad at Earlville early today. Eight bodies were found and searchers were looking for a colored boy, name unknown, who is missing. The dead are: W. D. Dickson, Hamilton, Ia. stockman. Otis McAuley, Kellerton, Ia. stockman. John Walker, Milo, Ia. stockman. Thomas Bender, Fairfield, Ia. stockman. William Foulks, Sheridan, Ia. The bodies of three unidentified dead have been found. Five were seriously injured.

The wreck occurred when a merchandise train crashed into the rear end of a stock train. Both trains were eastbound. The stockmen killed and injured were sleeping in the way car of the stock train when the collision occurred. Fire broke out in the wreck immediately after the collision and is still burning.

HOYNE UNCOVERS MORE OF BIG GRAFT SYSTEM

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Added links in the chain of evidence which State's Atty. Maclay Hoyne declares will bind together graft officials in the most amazing graft plot Chicago has known in years are being forged today as the state's attorney delves deeper into a mass of papers seized in a raid on the office and home of Francis A. Becker, alleged "czar" of the graft system. Establishment of Becker's activities as "go between" for officials of high authority in their graft operations is possible, Hoyne alleges, through the evidence seized. The evidence, Hoyne asserts, blazes a clear trail to headquarters of an alleged graft "triumvirate."

PARTY LEADERS CONFER

International News Service: PARIS, Sept. 17.—Paul Deschanel, president of the chamber of deputies, today conferred with party leaders over certain matters which will be up for consideration when the chamber meets later in the week.

YANKEE CHEERS GIVEN

M. Clemenceau was particularly interested in the boxing bouts, in which two husky Samnites scored knockouts. They were scrumming battles and were fought under a scorching sun. The distinguished spectator laughed loudly at the antics of one fat Sammy who took part in the tug of war. Wedging his feet in the mud, and puffing out his cheeks the soldier pulled until he was purple in the face. Finally he went down and had to be pulled to his feet amidst the cries and laughter of the onlookers. The program included also bayonet drills and firing with rifles and machine guns. At the conclusion the victors were treated with rounds of Yankee cheers.

Chief of Staff Of Russian Army Commits Suicide

International News Service: COPENHAGEN, Sept. 17.—Gen. Alexieff, chief of staff of the Russian army, has committed suicide by shooting himself, according to a Petrograd dispatch to the Sydsvenska Dagblad today. The shooting took place following an interview which Gen. Alexieff had with Premier Kerensky, the dispatch said.

It was Gen. Alexieff who went to Gen. Korniloff's headquarters and put the revolutionary leader under arrest last week. Alexieff was formerly commander-in-chief of the Russian armies.

BIG STRIKE STOPS WORK ON VESSELS

Walkout of Men in Pacific Coast Plants Serious For Government.

International News Service: SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Sept. 17.—Halting work on \$150,000,000 of ship construction for the navy and the emergency fleet corporation, 28,000 or more men employed in the shipbuilding, machinery, foundry and allied industries of the iron trades went on strike today demanding higher wages. One hundred and twenty concerns are affected. The men of 25 unions, including 17 crafts walked out. The largest concern affected is the Union Iron Works, where 10,000 men quit, stopping work on \$100,000,000 worth of government ship construction.

Up to Government. The next move must come from the federal authorities at Washington, said J. J. Tynan, vice president and general manager of the Union Iron Works, speaking for the employers at plants in five counties in the San Francisco bay district. None of the shipbuilding plants attempted to operate today. All closed as soon as the union men quit.

ANOTHER MAYOR ACCUSED OF BEING PRO-GERMAN

GRANITE CITY, Ill., Sept. 17.—Illinois has another "Kaiser" Bill mayor. Prominent citizens charge Mayor Marshall Kirkpatrick, socialist, has "Mayor Thomson-out" the patriotic demonstration here Tuesday in honor of drafted men and refuses to participate. They say he has presided at several recent socialist meetings at which war and conscription were criticized.

STUDEBAKER WATER IS FOUND TO BE PURE

The water from the private wells of the Studebaker corporation is pure and uncontaminated. This assurance was given to officials of the company Monday by chemists of the South Bend laboratory and by the company's own chemists, announcement was made by Mr. Austin. Persons who desire may obtain water from these wells, Mr. Austin announced, by applying at the main factory on the S. Lafayette Blvd. The company will be pleased to supply all who apply.

State Department and Russian Embassy Feel Hopeful of Situation—Russians Are Fighting.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The Russian republic has emerged from threats of counter revolution stronger than ever before. The entire nation has been unified by the attempted Korniloff rebellion. Increasing military pressure against the Germans on the Riga front may now be expected. This is the situation in Russia as outlined in dispatches from Petrograd to the state department and the Russian embassy today. The complete breakdown of the Korniloff movement is confirmed in these cablegrams. The cossack movement has not been quelled in all districts, but it is not regarded as serious by the Petrograd government.

Gen. Alexieff was to have been placed in command of all the Russian armies. No confirmation of the report that he had committed suicide following an interview with Premier Kerensky has reached either the Russian embassy or the state department. New Generals Appointed. New generals have been appointed by the Petrograd war office in an effort to restore confidence among the troops. Stern discipline will be exercised everywhere under orders from Premier Kerensky.

Cablegrams dealing with the military situation assert there are more German troops on the Russian front than ever before, but that the Russians are beginning to exert new pressure against them. On the Riga front the Russians have advanced seven miles in the last five days. Russian diplomats believe today that the Kerensky government may be in position to quickly quell any new uprising. The Korniloff revolt has taught the Russian peasants a lesson that they will not soon forget. That the people were not back of the Korniloff movement is borne out, embassy attaches say, by the fact that troops advancing on Petrograd refused to move farther when they learned the real purpose of their operations.

Kerensky Government Wins. Allied diplomats asserted today that the Korniloff revolt had demonstrated the strength of the Kerensky government and that the result will be to allow Russia again to take an active part in the military operations against Germany.

While Kerensky is working to put his house in order in Petrograd, the armies on the northern front continue their presence against the Germans. It was reported from the Riga sector today that the Russians have pushed the Germans back from four to nine miles. Cossack troops, whose allegiance was suspected at the time of the Korniloff revolt, are pledging their fealty to the government.