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NO. 32

RAIN OF SHELLS AT PORT ARTHUR

"High Angle" Bombardment of the Far East Gibraltar Is Reported from Tokio.

ST. PETERSBURG MUCH ELATED

Alexieff Says the Port Is Free Again on the Land Side.

Stories of a Jap Defeat at Sea and Victory on Land—Mikado's Men, Close to New Chwang.

Paris, May 11.—The Matin's St. Petersburg correspondent says it is persistently rumored that there has been a big fight near Mao-Tien-Ling pass between the Russians and General Kuroki's army. The Russians, he says, lost heavily. Lieutenant General Zassaltch being among the killed.

London, May 11.—The Tokio correspondent of The Morning Post, calling under date of May 10, says that a high angle bombardment of Port Arthur is proceeding.

Washington, May 11.—Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, has received a dispatch from St. Petersburg saying that Viceroy Alexieff has telegraphed the emperor that railroad communication with Port Arthur was restored during the night of May 9 and 10, and that the telegraph line is being repaired. This dispatch is in line with a press cable from St. Petersburg that says Port Arthur is again free on the land side, the Japanese having been repulsed in an encounter twenty kilometers from the railway running north from Port Arthur.

Report of a Jap Defeat. London, May 11.—There are sensational dispatches from the seat of war in the Far East. One from St. Petersburg says that a foreign embassy there reports news that the Russian Vladivostok and Port Arthur squadrons have effected a junction after a naval battle in which the Japanese lost three cruisers and the Russians two and one torpedo boat destroyed. No confirmation of this has been received, and it is not believed that such an action was possible.

Report of a Russian Defeat. Another dispatch, coming from Shanghai-Kwan, is to the effect that the first Japanese army corps, followed by Russians retreating from the Yalu river and overtook them twenty miles south of Liaoyang. There an engagement ensued, the Japanese setting some guns into what had been considered an impossible position, commanding the Russians, who thereupon retreated. The same dispatch says that Japanese scouts are within six miles of New Chwang, and that there was only a handful of Russians at that point at the time of sending the dispatch—May 9, 9 p. m.

NEWS GIVES RUSSIANS JOY

To Hear That Port Arthur Is No Longer Isolated—How Was It Done?

St. Petersburg, May 11, 3:05 a. m.—The most important official news from the front up to this hour is that telling of the complete re-establishment of railroad and telegraphic communication with Port Arthur, though how it was brought about, and whether a battle was necessary to accomplish it, are mysteries which Viceroy Alexieff failed to clear up. The elation of the authorities, a natural consequence of this achievement, is sobred by official dispatches showing the activity of the Japanese in eastern Manchuria. Kuang-Gen-Shan [Huang-Tsang-Sai], fifty miles northeast of Feng-Wang-Cheng, was occupied by the Japanese May 5.

This enables an advance along the lead roads to the flank either at Liaoyang or Mukden. The territory between the main road to Feng-Wang-Cheng and the River Pavang has been penetrated by such a strong force of Japanese as to lead to the suggestion that another army has landed at Takushan of which the outside world has not before heard. The activity of the Japanese, however, has been expected and therefore has not diminished the satisfaction felt at the opening of communication with Port Arthur.

The reports of severe engagements, which are unofficially confirmed, probably grew out of skirmishes along the Yalu river before Lieutenant General Zassaltch's retirement. Information which has been received by the emperor set at rest all rumors affecting the Vladivostok squadron. The Associated Press was authoritatively informed that there is absolutely no intention on the part of the Vice Admiral Skrydloff to order an attempt to effect a junction with the Port Arthur fleet. The squadron will use Vladivostok as a base for raids, but will be preserved intact until the Baltic fleet arrives in the Pacific.

The Associated Press is further informed that the garrison at Port Arthur is stronger than heretofore has been stated. "There is no reason to keep the strength of the garrison at Port Arthur a secret," said the informant of the Associated Press. "The Japanese know it because of their perfect information. We have 20,000 soldiers and 10,000 sailors there.

session of our fleet even if they capture Port Arthur. The orders to the commander there are that he shall, when a fall is inevitable, put to sea and engage the enemy. We do not propose for the Japanese to find in the harbor a number of valuable warships which they can seize and add to their fleet."

WAR NEWS FROM LONDON

Explanation of the Change at Port Arthur, Perhaps—Other Matters.

London, May 11.—Thus far no confirmation has reached London of the reported battle near Liao-Yang. One of the explanations of the restoration of the Port Arthur railway suggested here is that the landing of the Japanese at Pitsewo was interrupted by a gale and compelled their temporary retirement to the coast, or that the Japanese are allowing the line to remain open for the removal of non-combatants from Port Arthur prior to a bombardment.

The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Shan-Hai-Kwan under date of May 10 says that the Japanese second army, marching in three divisions in order to co-operate with General Kuroki, has defeated the Russians near Wafang-Tien with great loss. The Daily Chronicle's Tokio correspondent declares that Port Arthur will be bombarded with heavy guns, and that a concentrated assault will be made on a well known vulnerable point in the defenses.

Another explanation of the opening of the Port Arthur railway comes from St. Petersburg via Paris: "It is now certain that the Japanese have not landed more than 8,000 men at Pitsewo. Only a few detachments of the advance guard reached the railway, which they cut in several places. They then received orders to fall back and join the main force, leaving the line free."

HE ROBBED THE RED CROSS

Russian General Whose Defeat Was Made Up by the Czars.

Berlin, May 11.—Die Post publishes a news agency dispatch from St. Petersburg which says that General Schwedoff lost over half a million dollars through speculation in stocks and took the money from the Red Cross treasury. In order to avoid scandal the emperor, dowager, who is the protectress of the Red Cross society, and a friend of General Schwedoff, reimbursed the sum.

The dispatch further says that Prince Galitzin and Count Lansky have also been guilty of irregularities. In connection with the Red Cross management.

PRETTY ENOUGH ON THE JAPS

Paris, May 11.—According to the St. Petersburg correspondent of The Matin a high official of the naval general staff declares that the entrance to Port Arthur is still free and that the squadron went out May 9 as far as Pitsewo, where the torpedo boats sank a number of Japanese transports.

SUGAR BEET STATISTICS

Progress of the Industry Is Shown in a Report of the Department of Agriculture.

Washington, May 11.—A report on the progress of the beet sugar industry in 1903 prepared by the department of agriculture shows that there has been an increase in the number of beet sugar factories in the United States from forty-three at the close of 1902 to fifty-six at the beginning of 1904. According to the report the sugar beet crop of 1903 amounted to a little more than 2,000,000 tons, harvested from 242,576 acres, the average yield being about eight and one-half tons to the acre.

The prices received for beets ranged from \$4.50 to \$5.00 per ton, the average being nearly \$5. The average gross returns were \$42.50 per acre. The estimated cost of growing beets by irrigation is \$40 per acre, and in sections where irrigation is not necessary \$30. The amount of sugar made from the beet crop of 1903 was 240,004 tons, as compared with 218,405 tons from the crop of 1902, and 184,005 tons from that of 1901.

SUBMARINES FOR JAPAN

Newport News, Va., May 11.—From a reliable source comes the information that a contract has been awarded the Newport News Shipbuilding company for the construction of four Lake submarine boats destined for service with the Japanese navy in the war in the Far East.

MUST SPEAK THAT WAY IN SERBIA

London, May 11.—The correspondent of The Daily Mail, it is announced in that paper this morning, has been expelled from Belgrade, Serbia, for his severe comment on the conspirators who planned and executed the assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga.

SCORES ON THE BALL FIELDS

Chicago, May 11.—Following are the base ball scores:
League: At Cincinnati—Brooklyn 7, Cincinnati 9; at Chicago—Boston 7, Chicago 1; at St. Louis—New York 1, St. Louis 14; at Pittsburgh—Philadelphia 0, Pittsburgh 2.
American: At Boston—New York 2, Boston 1; at Cleveland and Philadelphia—Rain.
Association: At St. Paul—Indianapolis 5, St. Paul 14; at Minneapolis—Toledo 2, Minneapolis 5; at Milwaukee—Louisville 6, Milwaukee 7; at Kansas City—Columbus 6, Kansas City 6—eight innings.
Western: At Omaha—Des Moines 7, Omaha 6; at Denver—Sioux City 0, Denver 3; at Colorado Springs—St. Joseph 11, Colorado Springs 7.

ASSAULT UPON ROME

Clerical Delegate to the M. E. Conference Broaches a Very Warm Subject.

HIS PROPOSITION IS SHELVED

Important Resolution on Divorce Is Introduced and Referred to a Committee.

Los Angeles, May 10.—The attitude of the Roman Catholic church toward the public school system of the United States furnished the subject of a sensational debate in the Methodist general conference. While there was a strong disposition on the part of certain delegates to have the conference to adopt resolutions putting it on record upon the subject there was an overwhelming sentiment, as it developed, against any such action, and the entire matter was finally disposed of by referring it to a committee from which it is unlikely ever to be reported.

BEGINS WITH AN ATTACK ON ROME

Rev. D. M. King made a spirited attack in the matter of the Roman Catholic church, and he was on his feet as soon as the convention was ready for business. He commenced by reading an extract from a letter written by Rev. Father Peter Harnett, vicar general of the Roman Catholic diocese of Monterey and Los Angeles, appearing in a local newspaper, and based upon an utterance of the episcopal address read before the conference by Bishop Foss on Thursday last. In this letter Rev. Harnett took exception to the statement in the address that the Roman Catholic church is opposed to the public school system of the United States.

KING CONTROVERTS FATHER HARNETT

Rev. Dr. King made a spirited attack on the Roman Catholic church, and declared that the assertions of Rev. Harnett were contradicted by the facts in the case. He elaborated to some extent upon the statement that the Roman Catholic church did not interfere in politics, and concluded by reading a resolution which declared that the efforts of the Roman church "to control the secular press, its influence in politics and its assaults on the public school system demand the vigilance of Protestants and patriots."

RAISES QUITE A COMMOTION

Many Cries of "No," "No," and Delegates Anxious to Express Views.

When Dr. King finished reading his resolution there was a commotion among the delegates and a hum of conversation and cries of "No, No." There was a score of delegates on their feet in an instant clamoring for recognition from Bishop Fowler, who was presiding. The chair recognized Lay Delegate Chief Justice Lehr, of the Delaware state supreme court, who made a strong speech in opposition to Dr. King's stand.

"In regard to Dr. King's statement upon the Roman Catholic opposition to the public school system in America," said Justice Lehr, "I am with him. But are we to gain anything by any phase of denunciation against any other Christian body? [Cries of "No," "No."] The Roman Catholic church has done a magnificent work in this country. It has taken hold of a mass of people, whom, perhaps, no other form of religion could have molded so well for the well-being of our common land. I feel like putting my hands under every evangelizing agency in this world that helps to uplift men and not pull them down."

This expression was received with applause by the delegates and the galleries, and the matter was referred.

Rev. R. F. Phipps presented a resolution to make certain changes in the discipline that would provide a more simple method of terminating the membership of persons living in "habitual neglect to their obligations to the church." It was referred.

Judge Sibley, of Ohio, offered an important resolution on the subject of divorce. He wanted paragraph 39 of the discipline changed to read as follows: "No divorce, except for adultery, anal desertion or cruelty or neglect such as to compel an innocent partner to separate from the offender, shall be regarded by the church as morally lawful, and none of our ministers or laymen shall solemnize marriage where there is a divorced wife or husband living, unless the divorce was granted upon grounds heretofore specified. But this regulation does not apply in cases where divorced parties are seeking re-marriage." This resolution was also referred.

Several other resolutions bearing upon the subjects of Sunday closing of the Lewis and Clark exposition, the endowment of the American University at Washington, the changes in the wording of various paragraphs in the discipline, and other matters of importance to Methodists, were submitted and referred to several committees.

MURDERER AND FUGITIVE

That Is the Result of the Strenuousness of a Man Who Thought He Owned a Dam.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., May 10.—William Elliot, a deputy sheriff, was fatally shot at Thorapple River dam by J. F. Dietz. Dietz, with his family, armed with Winchester, had been holding up a log drive for two weeks. Judge Parrish granted an injunction restraining Dietz from interfering with the logs, but Dietz refused to recognize it. The sheriff then organized a posse to arrest Dietz.

WISCONSIN INSURANCE CASE CONTINUED

Milwaukee, May 10.—All proceedings in the suit that the Prudential Insurance company has brought against the Wisconsin Insurance Commissioner Host to restrain him from revoking the license of the company to do business in Wisconsin, or prevent it from so doing, have been continued by Judge Senman until the final hearing upon the merits. In the meantime the injunction preventing the insurance commissioner from revoking the company's license stands.

NEW YORK "L" MOTORMAN KILLED

New York, May 10.—A rear-end collision between two trains on the Third Avenue elevated, between Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh streets, killed Motorman Cornell, of the rear train, and seriously injured five passengers.

COLORADO STRIKE TO END

Denver, May 10.—It is announced at the office of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company that the Southern Colorado coal fields strike would be settled by June 1, concessions being made by both the operators and strikers.

ALFONSO XIII TO BE JUDGE

Lima, Peru, May 10.—Foreign Minister Tanso has signed a convention by which all boundary questions will be submitted to the arbitration of the king of Spain.

ULTIMATUM TO EXHIBITORS

Told That They Must Hustle Installing Their Exhibits at the St. Louis Fair.

St. Louis, May 10.—There is now no allotted space in any of the World's fair buildings that is not occupied with the exception of the reservations for exhibits from Russia and Argentine republic. The exposition management was notified by cable only last Saturday that Russia would finally participate with exhibits. It is stated that Russia and the Argentine republic will have their exhibits installed by June 1.

With these two exceptions the ultimatum has been issued that exhibits must either be fully installed, or the exhibitors must show that they are making satisfactory progress in installation by May 12, or the space allotted will be forfeited.

The first load of exhibits to reach the World's fair for installation was the Pennsylvania postoffice car, which was delivered at the grounds on Oct. 29, 1903. From that time until 7 a. m. yesterday 4,833 cars of exhibits had been delivered within the World's fair enclosure. Almost 1,000 cars are yet expected.

NO DEMAND FOR MORE PAY

Columbus, O., May 10.—The executive council and wage committee of the Tinplate Workers' International Protective association has decided not to make any demand for an increase in wages, and will so report to the convention.

HONOR TO WM. M'KINLEY

Methods to Prepare a Memorial—Conference Fills the Pulpits at Los Angeles and Roundabout.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 9.—The Methodist general conference paid tribute to the memory of the late President William McKinley, adopting a eulogistic resolution by a standing vote and referred it to the committee on episcopacy, with instructions to prepare a memorial giving appropriate expression of honor and respect.

Yesterday bishops, ministers and presiding elders in attendance on the conference occupied pulpits in Protestant churches in Los Angeles, Pasadena and all the surrounding cities and towns within a radius of sixty miles and every place of worship was crowded at morning and evening services to listen to distinguished speakers.

REPORT OF THE CAPTURE OF DALNY

London, May 9.—The Morning Post's Shanghai correspondent reports that Dalny was captured Friday, while the Tokyo correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, calling under date of Sunday says: "Dalny was invested yesterday."

CONTINUES THE "BISHOP" CHURCH

Boston, May 9.—The committee of fifteen which was appointed by the national triennial convention of the Episcopal church at San Francisco in 1901 to consider the advisability of changing the legal name of the denomination, has secured an extended report in which the opinion is expressed that any change at this time is inexpedient.

DEATH OF A WISCONSIN FUGITIVE

LaCrosse, Wis., May 7.—Benjamin B. Nealy, a prominent Wisconsin pioneer, is dead at Seattle, Wash., aged 80 years.

FORTY TWO MEN LOST

Two Schooners Disappear in the Depths of the Pacific with Their Crews.

PLAIN PROOF OF THEIR DOOM

One Carries Down Twenty-Three, the Other Nineteen—No Hope for Men Entombed in a Mine.

Portland, Ore., May 9.—A special to the Oregonian from Victoria, B. C., says: The sealing schooners Triumph and Umbrina, Captain Blackstad, of the port, are given up as lost at sea with all hands, owing to the report made by Captain Hann, of the sealing schooner Jessie, which has just returned from her cruise along the coast from California to Queen Charlotte islands. He picked up south of the Columbia river broken sealing boats and canoes, part of a schooner's rail, davit and other tackle belonging to the schooner Umbrina, with which he was in company the middle of March, after which the Umbrina headed for the west coast of Vancouver island to land her mate, who was very ill. Since then she has not been heard of and is long over-due.

TOTAL OF FORTY-TWO MEN LOST

The Umbrina was owned by Captain Peppet, now in eastern Canada. She carried a half white, half Indian crew, twenty-three all told, and was one of the largest of the fleet in Queen Charlotte sound. Captain Hann found a schooner's boom with sail attached, and from indications known to him he believes it belonged to the Triumph, also long over-due, and not amongst the fleet now bound for the Siberian coast. The Triumph carried a white crew of nineteen and was the oldest and largest of the Victoria sealers. The owners have abandoned hope.

ALL HOPS OF LIFE ABANDONED

Shamokin, Pa., May 9.—Rescuing parties are still at work in the Locust Gap colliery, where five men are entombed as a result of the fire in one of the slopes. The miners have been in the mine since Thursday night, and all hope of finding them alive has been abandoned. The fire is burning as fiercely as ever, making it impossible to penetrate the workings. James E. Rodeck, chief of the state bureau of mines, was here conferring with officials of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company. He expressed himself as being satisfied that everything possible is being done to extinguish the fire and determine the fate of the missing men.

SIGNS A BIG WARRANT

Secretary Shaw Puts His Name to a Treasury Paper for the Sum of Forty Million Dollars.

Washington, May 9.—Secretary Shaw has signed a treasury warrant for \$40,000,000 which will be delivered today to J. P. Morgan & Co., of New York, as distributing agents of this government, on account of the Panama canal purchase. The warrant is dated May 9, and will be delivered by Secretary Shaw personally today. This warrant is many times larger than any warrant ever before issued by this government.

The largest sum previously covered by a single United States warrant was for \$7,200,000, paid to Russia in 1898 on account of the Alaskan purchase. The next largest sum was \$5,500,000 paid in 1876 to the British government on account of the Halifax award under the treaty of Washington for infringement of fisheries rights in Nova Scotia waters. The payment of \$30,000,000 to Spain for the Philippines was made with four warrants of \$5,000,000 each.

MISSING GIRL'S BODY FOUND

Keokuk, Ia., May 9.—The body of Miss Cara Marsh of Warsaw, Ill., was found Saturday morning floating in the Mississippi, opposite Canton, Mo. She disappeared from home April 25, following a period of illness. Miss Marsh was a daughter of the late Judge J. W. Marsh, and was a niece of Congressman Marsh of Illinois.

DEATH OF A PROMINENT NEBRASKAN

Omaha, May 9.—Saint A. D. Balcombe, prominent in state and national politics, for eleven years publisher of the Omaha Republican, and for fifty years identified with the development of the west, died at his home in this city Saturday, aged 74 years. He has been, according to his own statement, a Republican for fifty years.

PRESIDENT OF OLIVER COLLEGE RESIGNS

Lansing, Mich., May 9.—President William G. Sperry of Oliver college has tendered his resignation to the trustees. The resignation was accepted, and President Sperry will return to his old home in New England at the end of the college year. It is understood that falling illness is the cause.

NEGRO JUROR GETS DAMNED

Des Moines, Ia., May 9.—While William Humbert, colored, was a member of a jury Mrs. Ed. Crawford, proprietor of the boarding house where the jury staid, refused to set a place for him at table. The court gave Humbert \$50 damages against the woman.

BLOODHOUND AFTER BURGLARS

Earlim, Ia., May 9.—Bloodhounds are on the track of burglars who entered Fry & Packard's general merchandise store and robbed the safe of several hundred dollars. Entrance was secured by breaking a window. The safe was dynamited.

MAY NOT BE MURDER

Cause of the Untimely Taking Off of Edward L. Wentz Is Doubtful.

BULLET SHOT INTO HIS HEART

But Whether Murder, Suicide or Accident Is Not Known—Two Suspects Arrested.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 11.—Warrants have been served on Silas Ison and Tom Wright, prisoners in jail at Tazewell, Tenn., charging them with the murder of E. L. Wentz, whose body was found near Big Stone Gap last Sunday. The two men were being held in jail on the charge of being fugitives from justice awaiting orders from Virginia. These men were first suspected of being the murderers of Wentz because a riding suit similar to one worn by Wentz when he went riding was found in their quarters in the mountains. This suit of clothing had blood-stains on it. A probable cause for the enmity between Wentz and the men was that Wentz was strongly opposed to them running a blind tiger in Wise county, Va., on Wentz's property.

BULLET FOUND IN THE BODY

Bristol, Va., May 11.—The shrunken and decayed body of Edward L. Wentz has been literally taken to pieces by physicians and detectives in the course of the coroner's inquest which was begun in a dark cavern of Black mountain and was closed without a verdict by the coming of night. At 7:30 p. m. the jury was adjourned for the day. The startling feature of the inquest was the discovery of a 32 caliber pistol ball in the body which might have been discharged from the empty pistol of the same caliber found eight feet from the remains. The ball had passed through the fifth rib, entering in front, had penetrated the heart, a back rib, and lodged in the muscles of the back one and a half inches from the spine.

BULLET PENETRATED THE HEART

Several holes were found in the clothing, where other bullets entered, but beneath them the body was intact. The right hand was missing, and was probably borne away by wild beasts. A white pearl button which could not have belonged to the murdered man was found nearby. There is little doubt that the ball penetrated the heart, as the physicians found evidence of hemorrhage in that portion of the body, and a large amount of blood congested back of the lungs. Detectives on the scene made careful examination of the pistol, finding it to be a Smith & Wesson, No. 85-0-50. Two cartridges were on either side of the hammer, but the chamber under the hammer contained an empty shell, as well as the two lower chambers. A loaded cartridge of 32-caliber was found seven feet from the body.

WAS IT A CASE OF SUICIDE?

It has been decided that nothing can be gained by holding the body here longer, and the special train which brought the brothers of the dead man, physicians and detectives to the scene has left, taking the corpse with it. It is stated by persons close to the Wentz family that the question of reward will be settled as to the amount and time of payment after the verdict is rendered. There is a great difference of opinion as to the cause of Wentz's death, whether accidental, suicide or murder. Many believe it was suicide.

PENNSYLVANIA AT ST. LOUIS

In the Democratic Convention Has No Belief End to Serve, Says Committeeman Guffey.

Pittsburg, May 11.—In answer to the various reports published as to his attitude and that of the Pennsylvania delegation to the St. Louis convention, attributing his support to Parker, Cleveland and other possibilities, National Committeeman Guffey authorized the following statement: "Pennsylvania's delegates, unincorporated and governed by the unit rule, will go to the St. Louis convention to do that which in their wisdom seems best for the party and the country. Pennsylvania has no selfish ends to serve, but is absolutely free to join her sister states in the selection of standard bearers who can accomplish the one great object—the success of the Democratic party in the nation; and to this end its delegates will harmoniously act."

NEW JERSEY REPUBLICANS

Trenton, N. J., May 11.—The Republican state convention was held here for the purpose of electing delegates to the national convention to be held in Chicago on June 21. The delegates-at-large chosen are Governor Franklin Murphy, United States Senators Keen and Dryden and State Assessor David Baird, of Camden. The platform adopted is a strong endorsement of the Republican national and state administrations and indirectly favors the nomination of President Roosevelt.

THEBESAN BUTCHER SERVANTS OF THE BRITISH

London, May 11.—The Times this morning publishes a dispatch from Gyantse, Tibet, which reports the butchery of eight servants of the British mission by Thebans.

REGRET FOR SIR HENRY STANLEY

London, May 11.—The morning papers publish editorials expressive of deep regret at the death of Sir Henry M. Stanley.

TWELVE MEN CHOSEN

Will Decide the Question of Guilt or Innocence in the Gillespie Case.

DEMOCRATIC LEADERS GATHER

Parker Said to Have the Bulk of the Delegates—Indiana State Miscellaneous News.

Rising Sun, Ind., May 11.—There is a very large crowd here on account of the trial of James Gillespie, Mrs. Belle Seward, Mr. and Mrs. Barbour for the murder last December of Elizabeth Gillespie, but only a small percentage gained admittance to the court house. Of the jurors selected Monday Hanna and Cooper were excused because they were opposed to hanging women. The defense excused French, Peasley and Elder by challenges, and the state excused James Hulbert. Most of the examinations yesterday resulted in the new men being excused on account of opposition to hanging women. When the panel was again filled by the selection of Henry Kerr and Wade Hampton Rogers the prosecution announced that it was satisfied with the jury. The defense reserved challenges, when a recess was taken.

JURY IS FINALLY COMPLETED

When court adjourned in the afternoon the following jurors had qualified: August Greve, David H. Gibson, W. J. Spalding, William Ward, Albert L. Pate, Hugh French, Oscar Jones, W. J. Powell, David Bailey, H. W. Newman, George Klemm and Martin Scrantom. All are farmers except Ward, a lumberman; Jones, a grocer, and Powell, a wharfmaster. Jones is the only one residing in Rising Sun.

HE HAD CHOSEN ELIZABETH

While most of the eighty who were excused were relieved on account of their opposition to hanging women, there was one excused because of former associations with the Gillespie and Barbour families. He is distantly related to the latter, and had been an old suitor of Elizabeth. His explanation created quite a scene in the court room. Mrs. Margaret Gillespie, mother of the victim and of two of the defendants, sat with her children in court during the afternoon. While her sympathies were always with Elizabeth during the troubles that existed for years she is now doing everything in her power for those who are in trial.

HOOSIER STATE DEMOCRATS

Gathering for a State Convention to Name Delegates to St. Louis—Parker Men to Control.

Indianapolis, May 11.—Democratic leaders are gathering for the first session of the Democratic state convention, which will meet tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock to select delegates and alternates-at-large to the St. Louis convention and presidential electors, and alternates-at-large. An adjournment will then be taken until July 20, when a platform will be adopted and a state ticket nominated. Delegates will meet by districts this evening to select twenty-six district delegates to the national convention. Of the 1,547 delegates to the state convention it is estimated from 450 to 600 are for W. R. Hearst, and the rest for Judge Parker.

The state organization, headed by National Committeeman Taggart, is for Judge Parker, and it is believed the convention will be organized for Parker. The majority of permanent organization committee representing the Parker following will report Alonzo Greene Smith, ex-attorney general, for chairman, while the friends of Hearst will recommend Judge McCabe, of Williamsport, in a minority report. The Parker leaders say the convention will instruct for Judge Parker and will adopt the unit rule. The delegates-at-large according to the organization plan will be Frank Strivley, of South Bend; Major G. V. Menckley, of Mount Vernon; W. H. O'Brien, of Lawrenceburg, chairman of the state committee, and John W. Kern, of Indianapolis.

TROUBLE AMONG THE GLASS BLOWERS

Hartford, Conn., May 11.—Considerable apprehension is felt here because of what appears to be an incipient feud among Belgian and Kentucky glass blowers. Some time ago the colony of Belgian glass workers was broken up, and many of the foremen went elsewhere for employment. Their places were filled by men from Kentucky, since when several fights have taken place. A report is current that both sides are arming.

FEEL FRANK OF TWO BOYS

Richmond, Ind., May 11.—In the police court two boys, each under 12 years, were lectured by the court for an act that almost caused a wreck of a Pan-Handle train from Indianapolis. The boys had piled stones on the track and the engineer who discovered the obstruction had difficulty in bringing the train to a stand in time. The boys said they were playing and thought the train would simply crush the stones.