

MARSHALL COUNTY DEMOCRAT.

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PLYMOUTH, INDIANA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1858.

[WHOLE NO. 151

THE MARSHAL DEMOCRAT,
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
BY
McDONALD & BROTHER.

TERMS:
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Each additional insertion, 25
Column three months, 5 00
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J. E. BROOKE, DEALERS IN PURE
Brooke & Bro.,
DEALERS IN PURE

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, SASH, GLASS & C.
And general agents for the best Patent Medicines of the day—No. 3 Corbin's block, Michigan st.,
July-33ly PLYMOUTH, IND.

BANK OF THE STATE OF INDIANA,
BRANCH AT PLYMOUTH, IND.

H. S. ORGAN, Pres. | H. EARLY, Cashier.

EASTERN EXCHANGE, Drafts on Cincinnati and Chicago, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Money and Land Warrants

BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Deposits Received and Money Loaned.
Attention given to Collections, and
General Banking Business Transacted.
June 23, 1858. 31

SHAVING, HAIRDRESSING AND SHAMPOOING SALOON,
One door south of the Edwards House, up stairs, where the subscriber is ready at all times, during business hours, to do up Shaving, Hair-cutting &c. in the best style than ever before known in this vicinity; and he hopes that hereafter, by a strict attention to business, to merit a liberal patronage from the citizens generally.

ALFRED BILLOWS.
Aug. 5, 37-4f.

EDWARDS H & E,
SOUTH PLYMOUTH, IND.

G. B. STEDMAN, Prop'r.

At this beautifully located building, containing a large number of airy and well ventilated rooms, the proprietor is now prepared to accommodate boarders and the traveling public, on reasonable terms.
Oct 22-1858.

REEVE & CAPRON,
ATTORNEYS & NOTARIES
Plymouth, Marshall County, Ind.,
Practices in Marshall and adjoining counties.

CORBIN & PACKARD,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
and
Western Collection Agents,
PLYMOUTH, IND.

Refer to
ASBURN, BONNETT, & CO., N. Y. City;
JOHN LIVINGSTON,
TOWN, SMITH & SHIELDS, Detroit, Mich.;
Steele, Benda & Co., Toledo, Ohio;
M. H. NORTON & Co., Chicago, Ill.;
Hon C. A. STRAY, Tecumseh, Mich.;
Hon THOS S STANFIELD, South Bend, Ind.
Feb 25-51f

D. R. SAMPLE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
PLYMOUTH, IND.

Special attention given to cases in Marshall and Stark counties.

I am permitted to refer to
JOHN L. WESTERVELT, Plymouth,
mar 26-19ly.

DR. A. O. BORTON,
SURGEON DENTIST,
HAS located in Plymouth where he will be prepared at all times, (Mondays and Tuesdays excepted) to perform all operations pertaining to the Dental profession. Special attention given to cleaning the teeth. Diseases of the mouth treated with success.

Satisfaction will be given to all who may favor him with a call.
Office in Pershing's building, up stairs—entrance first hall door.
may 20-26f.

DR. A. MATTINGLY,
Physician & Surgeon,
WILL devote special attention to OBSTETRIC PRACTICE, diseases of Women and Children, and chronic diseases of the Eye, Lung, Liver and Spleen.

OFFICE—Michigan street, west side, one door north of H. Pierce's Clothing Store.
Plymouth, May 13th, 1858—25ly.

J. VINALL, M. D.,
HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN
Particular attention paid to OBSTETRIC PRACTICE, and
CHRONIC DISEASES OF WOMEN,
AND
Diseases of Children
Office over C. Palmer's Store, corner of Michigan and LaPorte Streets, where he can be consulted at all hours.

JOHN M. SHOEMAKER,
DEALER IN
WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY,
Plymouth, Ind.,

KEEPS constantly on hand Clocks, Watches, BREAST PINS, EAR RINGS, FINGER RINGS, LOCKETS, &c., &c.
Repairs in the best manner possible.
Jan 7 '58 7-4f.

TIPPECANOE FLOUR,
ARRANGEMENTS have been made to supply the Plymouth market with this flour, and the genuine can be found at Patterson & Cleveland's and Palmer's.
N. B. & P. S. ALLEMAN & Co.
sept 24-185f

PARKER HOUSE,
H. M. HOPKINS, PROPRIETOR.
LAPORTE, INDIANA.
V. W. AXTELL, CLERK. July 33ly

J. H. CASE,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
HAS removed his office up stairs over Pierce's Clothing Store, near the Democrat printing office, on Michigan street, where he will give prompt attention to all claims entrusted to him for collection, either as Justice of the Peace or in higher courts. Tax paying &c., promptly attended to.
Plymouth, Ind., Sept. 9, 1858-43f.

WALL PAPER
C. L. HILL
Has a large stock of
Wall & Window Paper, all qualities
at wholesale or retail; also window Shades and Curtain Fittings. FORT WAYNE, IND.
mar 26-19ly.

Vinnedge House:
(Within two minutes walk of the Depot),
and near the River Bridge—
SOUTH PLYMOUTH, IND.

The Proprietor of this Establishment respectfully informs the Traveling Public and others, that he is now prepared to entertain them in a manner that he trusts, will give entire satisfaction. His TABLE will be furnished with the best that this Market affords—and his BARN always filled with good Proverand—and attended by an attentive Hostler.
Public patronage respectfully solicited.
J. C. VINNEDGE.
June 10, 1858

"Baldwin House,"
REMOVED!

A. BALDWIN,
HASING removed his tavern stand from the south side of the river, to the building lately occupied by R. Corbally as a residence, nearly opposite the Edwards House, is now prepared to accommodate his old customers and the traveling public generally. His stabling and all other conveniences, shall not be inferior to any stand in Northern Indiana. Charges reasonable.
mar 11-16f

J. F. LOOMIS'
Steam PLANING Mill,
AND
Sash, Door & Blind Factory,
ROCHESTER, IND.

Sashes, Doors, and Blinds, of superior quality, constantly on hand, or made to order. Scroll Sawing and Turning. Contracts for building taken on favorable terms.
47ly.

SALOON AND EATING HOUSE.
THE subscriber has opened an establishment of the above kind, in Platt's new building, west side of Michigan street, and trusts, by strict attention to business, to merit a liberal share of public patronage.
Farmers, and others, visiting town, will find every accommodation of a
First-Class Saloon and Eating House!
P. S.—Connected with the above is a BILLIARD ROOM, kept in the best order, for amusement only. Betting and gambling prohibited by strict orders.
J. G. JELLY.
June 17th, 1858-30f.

MAY & BIDDLE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
LAPORTE, IND.

WILL give special attention to the securing of LAND WARRANTS and EXEMPTIONS—Practice in Marshall and adjoining counties.
Office over L. Rose & Co.'s Drug Store, corner East and South Main streets.
Laporte, August 12-38ly.

WARSAW MARBLE WORKS!
W. R. UNDERHILL,
(Successor to Underhill & Co.)
Manufacturer and dealer in American & Italian
MONUMENTS, TOMB-STONES,
Counter Stands, Bureau Tops, &c.,
WARSAW, IND.

Orders from a distance will receive prompt attention, and satisfaction guaranteed.
mar 11-16f

Books and Stationery!

C. L. HILL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
BOOKS & STATIONERY
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION!
Calhoun Street, Ft. WAYNE, IND.

Book Bindery!!!
C. L. HILL
Would inform the citizens of Plymouth and vicinity, that they are prepared to manufacture
Blank Books, of every description;
RE-BIND BOOKS, PERIODICALS, &c.
County Officers are especially requested to give them a trial.
mar 26-19ly.

FOR SALE CHEAP
And on Credit:
Town Lots, and Lots with buildings; wild and improved Lands, Bonds & Stocks, Wagon, Carriage, Harness, and Household Furniture.
Call at my office in Plymouth, opposite the Post Office.
C. H. REEVE,
Attorney & Notary.
feb 5-13f

For Sale!
DOORS AND WINDOW SASH!
At the Clothing Store of H. PIERCE & Co.
June 17-30f.

BUTTER and Soda Crackers, by the barrel, at
[Apr 29-23]

**I HAVE two new and superior Family CARRIAGES—white seat—which I will sell on the most reasonable terms. Call and examine them.
July 15-34 M. A. O. PACKARD.**

The Reward of Courtesy.
A TRUE ACCOUNT.

A few years since on a radiant Spring afternoon, two men, who appeared to be foreigners, stopped before the gate of one of our large work shops in Philadelphia, for the manufacture of locomotive engines.—

Entering a small office, the elder of the two men inquired of the superintendent in attendance if he would permit them to inspect the works.

"You can pass in and look about, if you please," said the superintendent, vexed apparently, at being interrupted in the perusal of his newspaper. He then scanned the two strangers more closely. They were respectably but plainly clad, and evidently made no pretensions to official dignity of any kind.

"Is there any one who can show us over the establishment and explain matters to us?" asked Mr. Wolfe, the eldest of the strangers.

"You must pick your own way, gentlemen," replied the superintendent, "we are all too busy to attend to every party that comes along. I'll thank you not to interrupt the workmen by asking questions."

It was not so much the matter as the manner of his reply, that was offensive to Mr. Wolfe and his companion. It was spoken with a certain official assumption of superiority, mingled with contempt for the visitors, indicating a haughty selfish temper on the part of the speaker.

"I think we will not trouble you," said Mr. Wolfe, bowing; and taking his companion's arm they walked out.

"If there is anything I dislike, it is incivility," said Mr. Wolfe, when they were in the street. "I do not blame the man for not wishing to show us over his establishment, he is no doubt annoyed and interrupted by many heedless visitors, but he might have dismissed us with courtesy.—He might have sent us away better content with a gracious refusal than with an ungracious consent."

"Perhaps we shall have better luck here," said the other stranger; and they stopped before another workshop of a similar kind. They were received by a brisk little man, the head clerk apparently, who in reply to their request to be shown over the establishment, answered "Oh, yes! come with me, gentlemen. This way." So saying he hurried the area strewn with iron bars, broken and rusty heaps of iron, and fragments of old cylinders, into the principal workshop.

Here, without stopping to explain any one thing, he led the strangers along with the evident intention of getting rid of them as soon as possible. When they paused where workmen were riveting the external casting of a boiler, the clerk looked at his watch, tapped his foot against an iron tube; and showed other signs of impatience. Whereupon Mr. Wolfe remarked—

"We will not detain you longer sir," and with his friend took leave.

"This man is an improvement on the other," said Mr. Wolfe; "but all the civility he has is on the surface; it does not come from the heart. We must look further."

The strangers walked on for nearly a half a mile in silence, when one of them pointed to a picture of a locomotive engine with a train of cars underneath. It overtopped a small building, not more than ten feet in height, communicating with a yard and a workshop. "Look," said the observer, "here is a machinist whose name is not on our list. Probably it was thought too small a concern for our purpose," said his companion. "Nevertheless let us try it," said Wolfe.

They entered and found at the desk a middle aged man, whose somewhat grimy aspect and apron around his waist, showed that he divided his labors between his workshop and counting-room.

"We want to look over your works, if you have no objection."

"It will give me great pleasure to show you all that is to be seen," said the mechanic, with a pleased alacrity, ringing a bell and telling the boy who entered to take charge of the office.

He then led the way, and explained to the strangers the whole process of constructing a locomotive engine. He showed them the various parts of the machinery were manufactured, and patiently answered all their questions. He told them of an improved way of tubing boilers, by which the power of generating steam was increased, and showing with what care he provided for security from bursting.

Two hours passed rapidly away. The strangers were delighted with the intelligence displayed by the mechanic, and with his frank attentive and unsuspecting manner. "Here is a man that loves his profession so well, that he takes pleasure in explaining its mysteries to all who can understand them," thought Mr. Wolfe.

"I am afraid we have given you a great deal of trouble," said the other stranger.

"Indeed, gentlemen, I have enjoyed your

visit," said the mechanic, "and I shall be glad to see you again."

"Perhaps you may," said Mr. Wolfe, and the strangers departed.

Five months afterwards, as the mechanic, whose means were quite limited, sat in his office meditating how hard it was to get business by such large establishments as were his competitors, the two strangers entered. He gave them a hearty welcome, handed chairs, and they set down.

"We come," said Mr. Wolfe, "with a proposition to you from the Emperor of Russia."

"From the Emperor? Impossible?"

"But gentlemen," said the now agitated mechanic, "what does this mean? How have I earned such an honor?"

The mechanic visited St. Petersburg, and soon after moved the whole establishment there. He had imperial orders for as many locomotive engines as he could construct. He has lately returned to this country, and is still receiving large returns from his Russian workshops. And all the prosperity grew out of his unselfish civility to two strangers, one of whom was the secret agent of Czar of Russia.

"Simply by your straightforward courtesy and frankness, combined with professional intelligence," said Mr. Wolfe. "Because we were strangers, you did not think necessary to treat us with distrust or coldness. You saw that we were in earnest in acquainting ourselves with your works and did not ask us, before extending to us your civilities, what letters of introduction we brought. You measured us by the spirit we showed, and not by the dignities we could have exhibited."

Wouldn't Marry any Mechanic.

A young man commenced visiting a young woman, and appeared to be well pleased. One evening he called when it was quite late, which led the young lady to inquire where it was he had been.

"I had to work to night."

"What do you work for a living?" she inquired in astonishment.

"Certainly," replied the young man; "I am a mechanic."

"I dislike the name of a mechanic," and she turned up her nose.

That was the last time the young mechanic visited the young woman. He is now a rich man, and has one of the best women in the country for his wife.

The lady who disliked the name of a mechanic, is now the wife of a miserable fool; a regular vagrant about grog shops; and she verdant, silly, miserable girl, is obliged to take in washing to support herself and children.

You dislike the name of a mechanic, eh? You whose brothers are but well dressed loafers? We pity any girl who has so little brains, who is so verdant, so soft, as to think less of a young man for being a mechanic—one of God's nobleman—the most dignified and honorable personages of heaven's creatures. Beware young lady, how you treat young men that work for a living, for you may be mental to one of them yourself.

Far better discharge the well fed pauper with all his rings, jewelry, bracelets and pomposity, and take to your affections the callous handed and industrious mechanic.

Thousands have bitterly regretted their folly, who have turned their backs to honesty. A few years have taught them a severe lesson.

SUCCESS TO THE STEAM FLOW.
The State Board of Agriculture of Illinois offered a premium of \$5,000 for steam plows. It was expected that three different inventions would be exhibited and tested at the State Fair, but only one was on the ground. That was Fawke's locomotive steam plow, Lancaster, Pennsylvania, which excited great interest among the prairie farmers, and performed well. The machine and apparatus, with fuel and water, weigh only about seven tons, and by the use of a drum or a barrel shaped driver for propelling the locomotive, the difficulty of moving in soft soil, and slipping on hard, smooth ground, is over come. The steam plow is easily managed, and is described as a cross between a locomotive and tender, combining the essential elements of both, mounted on two guiding wheels and a huge roller. The prairie ground on which it was tried, was baked as hard nearly as a brick, but the engine turned six furrows side by side in the most workmanlike manner. The excitement of the crowd was beyond control and their shouts and wild huzzas echoed far over the prairie.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Example.

Every man, in whatever station, has, or endeavors to have, his followers, admirers and imitators, and has therefore the influence of his example to avoid not only crimes, but the appearance of crimes, and to practice virtue, but to applaud, countenance and support it; for it is possible, for want of attention, we may teach other's faults from which ourselves are free, by a cowardly desertion of a cause which we ourselves approve, may pervert those who fix their eyes upon us, and having no rule to guide their course, are easily misled by the aberrations of that example which they choose for their directors.

Mr. Thiers and his School-master.

M. Thiers has been entertaining his friends with an anecdote of himself. In the course of a journey he stopped one evening at the little town of Luxemburg. The burgomaster came forward to do him honor, and by the way of complimenting him, mentioned that an aged man, a Marcellais, had performed the duties of school-master in the town for above twenty years.

Thiers asked the name of the old man, and was answered Margas. The ex-minister desired to be introduced to him, when the following dialogue ensued. Thiers commenced:

"Do you know me?"

"No, sir."

"You don't remember little Adolphe Thiers, one of your scholars at Marcellais?"

"Wait; wait; I do not recollect such a name; a sly little monkey who used to play such pranks."

"Just so?"

"And is it you? I am very glad to see you. Have you made your fortune?"

"Sufficiently so, I thank you."

"So much the better. I am an old man, and cannot return to my country; but when you return to Marcellais, take my compliments to all who know me."

Thiers promised the old man he would, and then enquired in a homely way, how he was getting on.

"Not very fast; scholars are rare."

Thiers slipped a few pieces of gold into his hand, and was about to retire, when Margas said:

"Pardon my curiosity; I should like to know what you have been doing. Are you notary, merchant, or banker?"

"I have retired from business, but have been Minister."

"Protestant?" cried the old man.

"And such is glory!" said Adolphe Thiers, when he had terminated his anecdote.

Smart Boy—"Well, whose pigs are those?"

"Old 'sow's' sir."

"Who 'sow' is it?"

"Old man, sir."

"Well then, who is your old man sir?"

"If you'll mind the pegs I'll run home and ask the old women."

"Never mind, sonny. I want a smart boy—what can you do?"

"I can milk the geese, ride the turkeys to water, hamstring the grasshopper, light fires for the flies to court by, cut the buttons off dad's coat when he is at prayers, keep tally for dad and man when they scold at a mark—old women is alwa ys ahead."

"Got any brothers?"

"Lost of 'em—all named Bill, except Bob; his name is Sam. My name's Larry, but they call me Lazy Lawrence for shortness."

"Well you are most too smart for me."

"Travel on, old-dick-in-the-mud, I shan't hire you for a boss to-day."

The Spirit of '76.

When the news of the fall of Ticonderoga reached Exeter, John Langdon, who was Speaker of the Provincial Legislature of New Hampshire, then in session, seeing the public credit exhausted, and his compatriots discouraged, rose and said:

"I have a thousand dollars in hard money; I will pledge my plate for three thousand more; I have seventy hogheads of Tobago rum, which will be sold for the most it will bring. These are at the service of the State. If we succeed in defending our firesides and homes, I may be remunerated; if we do not, then the property will be of no value to me. Our friend Stark, who so nobly maintained the honor of our State at Bunker Hill, may be safely entrusted with the honor of the enterprise, and will check the progress of Burgoyne."

It is well known that from this noble offer sprang the gallant little army of Stark's that covered itself with glory at Bennington. These were the deeds that make our history venerable, and consecrated the Revolution.

AN EDITOR'S LIFE.—We have sometimes thought that we had a busy time of it but we "knock under" to the editor of the Occula (Fla) Companion who gives the following account of his labors:

HARD WORK FOR HOT WEATHER.—During the last three weeks the Editor of this paper has set all the type, made up the forms, worked press, folded the papers and mailed them, and attend to all his editorial duties, superintending the getting out of timbers, and shingles for two houses, putting up 220 feet of palings, and regularly conducting the business of a general commission merchant.—Whew! how hot it is!

EDITORS, clerks and others will learn with pleasure, that to take ink out of linen, you have only to take a piece of tallow, melt it, and dip the spotted part of the linen into the melted tallow; the linen may be washed, and the spot will disappear without injuring the linen.

The Postmaster General has ordered that all persons employed either as clerks in post offices or as mail carriers, shall hereafter take the oath of office, and that no one be admitted to serve in either capacity under sixteen years of age.

MODESTY.—There was a meeting of the flowers, and a judge was appointed to award the prize of beauty.

"Who will win the prize?" asked the rose, rushing forward in blushing beauty, in full assurance of its winning worth.

"Who will win the prize?" asked the rest of the flowers, as they came forward, each conscious of its attraction and each equally sure of receiving the reward.

"I will take a peep at the assemblage," thought the violet, not intending to make one of the company, "and see the beauties as they pass."

Just as it was raising its modest head from its humble and retiring corner, and was looking in upon the meeting, the judge rose to render his decree.

"To the Violet," said he, "I award the prize of beauty, for there is no trait more rare—none more enchantingly beautiful than Modesty."

It's a solemn thing to be married," said Aunt Barbara.

"Yes, but it is a great deal more solemn thing not to be," said her niece, a lovely girl of seventeen.

If a person complains of the town in which he lives, the presumption is that he is despised in it.

Loquacious mouths are like badly managed banks—they make large pretensions on no solid capital.

"You always lose your temper when you are in my company," said an individual of doubtful reputation to a gentleman.

"True, sir, and I should not wonder if I lost every thing else about me."

The Cincinnati papers contain advertisements of 'Christian' boarding houses, and 'professing Christians' who desire situations as clerks, &c.

A man who allows himself to use vulgar or profane words has not only shown that there is a foul spot on his mind, but in the utterance of them, he extends the spot and inflames it, till, by indulgence, it will pollute and ruin the whole soul. Be careful of your words as well as your thoughts. If you can control your tongue so that no improper words be pronounced by it, you will soon be able to control the mind, and save it from corruption.

A correspondent of the Lewiston Journal, writing of the Oldtown Indians, says: "A young lady of the tribe one day in the cars, was asked by a rowdy if she would not like to marry a white man?"

"No," was her ready reply, "because a good white man does not want to marry me, and a poor scamp like you I won't have."—The rowdy left at the next station.

The Boston True American says: "We have a carrier connected with our office, who is between the age of thirteen and fourteen, who occupies a seat in the highest class of our public schools, has the geography of the country at his finger's ends, and who can cypher around a bevy of schoolmasters, and in two and a half years more (which will make him sixteen,) he will probably read Cicero and Homer to boot. But in addition to his acquisitions at school, he has \$300 in the Savings' bank, drawing five per cent interest, and is daily adding thereto; all gathered together by selling newspapers between school hours."

No man should be delicate about asking for what is due him. If he neglects doing so, he is deficient in that spirit of independence which he should observe in all his actions. Rights are rights, and if not granted, should be demanded. The selfish soul is little inclined to give one his own unless he have the manliness to ask it. The lack of the proper fulfillment of this principle has lost to many fortune, fame and reputation.

LAKE COUNTY.—A gentleman from Lake County, who carried over night with a friend in this place, states that Mr. Colfax's prospects for carrying Lake County are daily on the decrease.—Col. Walker's prospects are becoming brighter and brighter. Keep the ball in motion. The skies are brightening, the dark clouds are disappearing, and the clear sky shows the Walker star in the ascendant. If you desire to shout victory with Walker's friends, do your whole duty, and that privilege will be yours.—Rochester Sentinel, 23d ult.

The law for abolition of imprisonment for debt in Canada, came into force on the 1st of September.

Several of the creditors of the Ohio Life and Trust Company, holding claims to the amount of nearly a million of dollars, have commenced suits against its Trustees, personally, on the ground that they have made themselves liable by violations of their charter.

The Philadelphia Gazette mentions a case of a female pickpocket in that city, who has accumulated \$25,000 by her profession and has accumulated conviction, though frequently arrested.

Faibanks & Co., of St. Johnsbury, Vt., have received an order from China for security of their Platform Scales. Hurrah for Yankee manufactures.

A bill is now being prepared for the British Parliament, by which no couple in England will be permitted to marry, without giving security to keep the peace towards each other.

Gen. Houston announces his intention to press his Mexican Protectorate resolutions upon Congress next winter.

The whaling schooner Watchman, of Newburyport, Mass., on her last voyage, captured a Sperm whale in Siam Bay, which yielded eleven barrels of oil valued at \$450. Six hundred pounds of ambergris were obtained from its carcass, which sold in Boston the present week for \$1,000—making the value of the whale \$10,450.

A coquette may be compared to tinder, which lays out to catch sparks, but does not always succeed in lighting a match.

An idle dandy, was one day boasting of his ancient family; a farmer's boy present, remarked: "So much the worse for you; as we ploughmen say, the older the seed the worse the crop."

A man advertises for a 'competent person to undertake the sale of a new medicine,' and adds that 'it will prove profitable to the undertaker.'

We do not know when we have heard of a more appropriate marriage than a recent one in Ohio of Miss Kirk to Mr. Burkirk.

A lady named Walsh, was saved from drowning last week, at New Brunswick, by her 'expanded skirts' bearing her up until relief reached her.