

SENATORS SAY STORY IS FALSE

Nelson and Clapp Deny Mulhall's Story.

WATSON SLATED AS PRESIDENT

Indiana Congressman Said to Have Received Retainers From National Manufacturers' Association.

Washington, July 22.—Senator Knute Nelson of Minnesota told the senatorial investigators of the Mulhall charges that references made by Mulhall involving him in a friendly intercourse with Mulhall were false. Senator Nelson's statement was backed up by his colleague, Senator Clapp, whom Mulhall had said in one of his letters was present at a conference between himself and Senator Nelson.

This is the first time Colonel Mulhall has been confronted before the committee by one of the men he has brought into the controversy. Senator Nelson said he had no recollection of ever having met Colonel Mulhall.

He had no recollection of ever having conversed with Colonel Mulhall in his private office or having invited him therein, he said.

With a satisfied smile and a humorous twinkle in his Norse blue eyes Senator Nelson sat down and smiled blandly over the committee. Then Senator Clapp arose. The latter was even more positive than Senator Nelson. He denied ever having met Colonel Mulhall.

More References to Watson. Aside from Senator Nelson, Mulhall's letters dealt largely with what the National Association of Manufacturers were going to do for former Congressman James E. Watson of Indiana toward getting him a place in President Taft's cabinet and of how the association began work for a tariff commission.

"I believe that Mr. Watson was employed by the commission of one hundred of the tariff committee when it was created," he swore, "and paid a certain amount of money per week for his services while he was here in Washington for that commission."

"I know at that meeting here this arrangement was made, they set a price on Mr. Watson of \$500 for a retainer. Mr. Emery set that price by appealing to Mr. Kirby and the rest, and \$50 a week for Mr. Watson while he was here working in that work, and said \$10,000 if he got the bill through at the end of the campaign."

"Mr. Watson at that time was not a member," suggested Mr. Reed. "Yes, he was a member of congress."

SAYS MULHALL IS PERJURER

Candidate McClave Testifies at Lobby Probe. Washington, July 19.—S. Wood McClave, Republican candidate for congress in a special election to be held in the Sixth New Jersey district next Tuesday, came to Washington and told the senate lobby investigating committee that Martin M. Mulhall, late "lobbyist" for the National Association of Manufacturers, had perjured himself in his testimony before the committee.

McClave denied emphatically that Mulhall had raised or spent money for him, had managed his campaign or had been his close companion and associate during his fight against William Hughes for the Sixth district nomination in 1910.

LOCKOUT IN CHICAGO ENDS

Thirty Thousand Members of Building Trades Return to Work.

Chicago, July 22.—Construction of \$40,000,000 worth of improvements was resumed with the return to work of 30,000 members of building trades unions. They were locked out more than a month ago by contractors in an attempt to stop the calling of petty strikes which frequently tied up work on large office buildings.

The unions and contractors' associations have signed an agreement to arbitrate future differences.

Poison Dog; Then Steal. Chicago, July 22.—Thieves tossed poisoned meat to a savage dog guarding Lande Bros.' store on the North Side last night, and when the animal became helpless they broke into the place and obtained goods worth \$800. A watchman crawled through a window left open by the burglars and stumbled over the body of the dead dog.

Forty Die in Sulphur Pit. Palermo, Sicily, July 18.—A sulphur mine near Castel Termini caught fire while many miners were at work. There was a terrible struggle to escape from the deadly fumes, and it is estimated that forty of the men were killed.

UNITED STATES EXTENDS CONTROL

Nicaragua Under Complete Domination.

Washington, July 21.—A new policy toward Nicaragua involving the virtual control of the affairs of that republic by the United States trust protectorate, similar to that now exercised over Cuba, was outlined by Secretary Bryan at a private conference with members of the senate foreign relations committee.

This plan for the extension of the protecting wing of the United States over Nicaragua has become the absorbing topic of diplomatic and congressional consideration.

While official utterances have not been given of the purpose of the administration to outline a general policy toward Central America, members of the senate evince a growing confidence that the principle to be applied to Nicaragua is one that the Wilson administration would be glad to see extended to the other Central American republics.

"BANKING BY MAIL" LATEST

Postal Saving System Introduces Innovation.

Washington, July 18.—"Banking by mail" is the latest innovation entered into by the government in connection with the postal saving system. Hereafter deposits may be made by mail and withdrawals likewise effected through the same agency.

When the postal savings system was first put in operation postmasters were forbidden to permit deposits by such persons as were not patrons of the postoffice in which they sought to bank.

This was found to work a hardship on a certain class of depositors and Postmaster General Burleson accordingly abrogated the rule.

SHIP AND CREW DISAPPEAR

German Sailing Vessel and Twenty Men Believed Lost.

Hamburg, July 22.—The German sailing ship Kilo, with her crew of twenty men, has been given up as lost by her owners.

She sailed from Talcahuano on July 11 for Mejillones and is believed to have gone down on the coast of Chile.

DETECTIVE SLAIN IN AMBUSH

Supposed Sluith Shot in Tama Yards.

Tama, Ia., July 22.—Joseph Taylor, twenty-five years old, ostensibly a restaurant keeper here but said to have been an operative for an Eastern detective agency assigned on an important case, was shot and almost instantly killed in the Northwestern railroad yards. The identity of the murderer and the motive of the crime are mysteries.

Railroad men who were at the coal chute heard five shots fired. They ran in the direction from which the reports came. They found Taylor dead. One bullet had penetrated his heart.

Taylor was supposed to have carried a large sum of money. When his clothes were searched only a small amount in change was found. A valuable watch and a diamond pin he had were not stolen.

Bloodhounds were tried but were unable to follow the trail of the murderer.

Not much is known here concerning Taylor. The report that he was a detective and posed as a restaurant owner for cover, could not be verified by the police.

COW EATS NAILS

Ault, Colo., July 22.—An appetite for nails killed Elmer Andrews' cow. A post mortem revealed a pint of tennypenny nails, screws, broken glass and a screwdriver in the cow's stomach.

BANKERS FREED BY WILSON

Texas Capitalists Sentenced for Five Years Pardoned.

Washington, July 21.—President Wilson pardoned T. F. Baker and John Wisard, convicted at Abilene, Texas, April 13, 1912, of violation of the national bank act and each sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

No portion of the sentences had been served. The president's action was based on the ground of innocence.

CHIROPRACTIC (KI-RO-PRAK-TIC)

The new method of adjusting the physical cause of disease. Investigation costs nothing. See E. E. COLBY, CHIROPRACTOR, Thompson Block, Cresco, Iowa.

BRITISH MINISTER SCORES BALKANS

Asquith Calls Action of States "Repellent."

FERDINAND APPEALS TO KAISER

English Premier Sounds Warning to Ottoman Empire—Bulgarian King is Anxious for Peace—Invasion of Capital Will Not Be Resisted.

Birmingham, Eng., July 22.—The prime minister characterized the spectacle presented by the Balkan states as "disheartening and repellent" in a speech at the Chamber of Commerce centenary banquet here.

On the one hand, he said, were the Balkan states drenching with another's blood the territory their united efforts had freed from Turkish rule; on the other hand was Turkey disregarding the treaty of London and taking advantage of the differences between her late enemies to recover her lost territory.

The powers, continued Mr. Asquith, were doing everything possible to bring the disputants to a peaceful conference. Today it seemed likely that such a conference would take place.

"We believe," he added, "that it must result in the immediate suspension of arms and a speedy settlement upon the terms of which, with a view to what has happened the great powers must and will preserve their own judgment."

The prime minister warned Turkey that if she were ill-advised enough to set the provision of the treaty at London at defiance she must be prepared for the introduction of questions which it would be by no means to her interest to bring into the debate.

Appeals to Kaiser.

London, July 22.—It has become known that in his anxiety to bring about peace King Ferdinand of Bulgaria appealed to the German emperor regarding Roumania's action. The nature of the emperor's reply has not been disclosed.

A semi-official dispatch from Sofia says that even should the Roumanians invade the capital no resistance will be offered.

Weather Crop Bulletin.

For the week ending July 20, 1913. Des Moines, Iowa.

The first four days of the week were excessively hot; the daily maximum temperatures ranged from 100 to 104 degrees, over the southern counties on one or more days, and as the rainfall was inappreciable over the larger part of the state, late crops are beginning to feel the effect of the dry, hot weather. Late oats, potatoes, garden truck and pastures have already been damaged to some extent by the intense heat and lack of moisture. In some localities, corn on light sandy soil is beginning to curl during the day, but corn on good soil and in well cultivated fields is holding up remarkably well and making rapid growth. All of the early planted corn is in tassel and is earing nicely. Most of the haying is finished and the crop has been secured in excellent condition. Nearly all of the winter wheat and rye has been cut and much of the early oats, barley and spring wheat and some late oats is in shock. Threshing is progressing in southern counties, and the early reports indicate more than an average crop of winter wheat of extra good quality. Some fields yield from 40 to 50 bushels per acre, but the average will be about thirty bushels. Rain is needed for all growing crops.

Geo. M. Chappel, Section Director.

For Sale.

Modern 8-room house, near High School, 3 blocks from the Post Office. House is practically new, and in good condition. Will be sold for less than it cost to buy the lot and build. 474

LUERS & CLARK LAND CO., Selling Agents, Cresco, Iowa.

Farmers Take Notice!

We request you to bring in your old wheat and have it ground before new wheat comes in—this will insure good flour. Bring it to us.—THE TURNER RIVER VALLEY ROLLER MILL, JOHN BERNATZ, Prop., Spillville, Iowa. 47

The Cuts, Burns and Bruises.

In every home there should be a box of Backlen's Arnica Salve, ready to apply in every case of burns, cuts, wounds or scalds. J. H. Polanco, Del Valle, Tex., writes: "Backlen's Arnica Salve saved my little girl's cut foot. No one believed it could be cured." The world's best salve. Only 25c. Recommended by P. A. Clemmer.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Cures Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough.

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