The Bee

BEE PUBLISHING COMPANY.
(Incorporated.)

Entered the Postoffice at Earlington as Second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year, strictly in advance	$1 00
Six Months, " "	50
Three Months, " "	25
Single Copies	5

Specimen copies mailed free on application. Correspondents wanted in all parts of the county. Address us for particulars.

THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1896.

HOPKINS THE BANNER COUNTY.

The output of coal in Hopkins county during 1895 was about one-fourth the total output of the entire State. In 1895 the exact output of the State was 3,207,770 tons bituminous and cannel coal. Hopkins County's output was 788,435 tons, all bituminous. This is a gain over the product of 1893 of 27,361 tons, and a loss of 23,323 tons as compared with 1894 which year showed gain over 1893 of 50,684 tons, the result of the "sympathetic strike," during which Hopkins County's miners worked daily.

The total number of employees in Hopkins county in 1895, was 1,887. Aniarls employed 288. Fatalities at mines subject to inspection in State, 8. No fatal accidents in Hopkins.

Total coke produced in Kentucky during 1895, was [redacted] Of this, 25,116 tons were made at Earlington.

Rowell's 1896 Newspaper Directory says:

THE BEE; Thursdays; Republican; four pages 20x26; subscription $1; established 1889; Paul M. Moore, editor; Bee Publishing Co., Publishers.

ADVERTISEMENT—The BEE, official organ of coal interests of Western Kentucky. Only republican paper in Hopkins (republican last election) and fifteen adjoining counties. Published in chief mining town and county of Kentucky. Mining—chief revenue of county's wealth. Miners—intelligent American citizens. Earlington has four months more free schools than State pays for (white and colored). Two public libraries

OUR SUPPLEMENT.

THE BEE this week gives its readers a supplement of fourteen colums, half of which are filled with sound money truths, illustrated, setting forth the financial questions now of so much interest; and the other half filled with short stories, scientific notes and miscellaneous matter.

We expect to continue issuing a supplement of this size throughout this season from time to time, probably once each month, believing that THE BEE'S patrons will fully appreciate our efforts to furnish them all their patronage will allow, and of such character as we propose.

The money question is a live issue, particularly during the campaign of this year. Tell your neighbor about how much THE BEE gives for one dollar and send us their subscription. Don't forget, at the same time, to settle your own subscription.

STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

We take from the Evening Post the following list of counties in which the tax rate has so far been increased. The list gives rate of increase in each instance.

Adair—Increased 8 per cent. on lands, and personalty subject to equalization and 3 per cent. on town lots.

Bullitt—Increased 6 per cent. on lands, etc.; lots, no change.

Green—Increased 20 per cent. on lands, etc.; lots, no change.

Hancock—Increased 4 per cent. on lands, etc.; lots, no change.

Hardin—Increased 20 per cent. on lands, etc.; lots increased 5 per cent.

Harrison—Increased 5 per cent. on lands, etc.; lots, no change.

Hart—Lands and personality subject to equalization increased 15 per cent; lots unchanged.

Henderson—Lands, etc., increased 1 per cent; lots increased 3 per cent.

Hopkins—Lands, etc., increased 15 per cent; lots increased 10 per cent.

Jackson—Lands, etc., increased 7 per cent; lots unchanged.

Hopkins has not been given so severe a sentence as two other counties passed upon, but nearly so. Fifteen per cent advance on Hopkins county's nearly $3,000,000 of lands and personal property will make a neat little sum.

Doubtless this advance, as applied to the lists of many citizens of the county, is eminently just; but the difficulty of the system is that the honest man must suffer for the dishonesty of his neighbor. The system puts dishonesty at a premium and makes all men liars.

THE Lexington Leader says: "The indorsement given Hon. Wood G. Dunlap at Falmouth yesterday was in the nature of an ovation. His reception was comparatively cool, but as he warmed to the explanation of his reasons for not qualifying, basing it upon the fact that his vote could not elect a United States Senator, he captured the convention. He grew eloquent toward the close, as, with tears in his eyes, he fought to regain the ground he had lost because his side of the story had never been given to the public. If he makes the same speech at the State Convention he will be a hard man to beat for delegate-at-large."

Well, in the State Convention, Woodn't probably made the same speech with the exception of the tears, but he wasn't in it for a minute for anything. He was only heard at all because anything was preferable to the howling of Louisville ward politicians and cake walker Lyons.

CHICAGO scientists have been experimenting with the X Rays upon groups of bacilli of various deadly diseases, and believe that the results already achieved will be substantiated by further experiments. They believe that the rays will destroy the germs of pneumonia, cholera, tuberculosis, etc. A guinea pig has been inoculated with the germs of tuberculosis, a dose that will kill in four weeks—and the disease will be allowed to progress half this time. The mysterious rays will then be applied and these men believe the pig will be restoted. It is difficult to conceive such a blessing to the race, but we shall see.

A DISPATCH from Frankfort under date of the 20th instant, states that Gov. Bradley said, in an interview, to Representative Burnam of Madison county, that "the only event in which he would possibly call an extra session of the Legislature would be to secure written pledges from all Democratic Senators agreeing to pass bills providing financial relief for the State." As it is scarcely probable that Democratic Senators would agree to any such sensible measure THE BEE does not expect to have to chronicle the proceedings of na extra session.

REV. FRED HALE, of Owensboro, defines the anti-liquor resolutions thus: "My interpretation of the anti-liquor law is that it effects all those who sell intoxicating liquqr, as a beverage, whether it be a saloon keeper, druggist, or wholesale dealer; also those who rent their property for the use of saloons, or for the wholesale liquor traffic; and all those who invest their money directly in the liquor traffic, whether they get part of the proceeds, as dividends, or whether they get interest on their money hus directly invested."

DR. W. G. HUNTER made a disgusting grand stand play in the State Convention by having the votes of three or four counties cast in his favor for delegate at large and immediately withdrawn. He liked to hear his name pronounced but the hisses that nearly always accompanied the pronouncing of his name were not so palatable.

SINCE Elkton voted "dry," other towns in that vicinity are emboldened to attempt the same result. Hadensville has petitioned the county judge for an election of "wet" or "dry." Guthrie has also petitioned and June 12th is the date set for the election at the last named place.

THE question of the place to hold the Democratic State Convention is being discussed. Owensboro is a most excellent place for a free silver meeting if that is the kind of Convention they want.

DR. HUNTER got a slap in the face, and a vigorous one, from Chairman Charles Blanford, when he appointed N. T. Howard, of Butler, as member of the State Central Committee from the State at large.

DR. A. JAMES was reelected State Senator on Tuesday in the Seventh district by a majority of some 200 votes. Dr. C. J. Walton was defeated in the Thirteenth by a somewhat smaller majority.

MAJOR CRUMBAUGH, of Hopkinsville, although annouced as candidate for delegate at large was not [illegible] nomination.

HOPKINS COUNTY

And the Second District at the State Convention.

The delegates who attended the State Convention from Hopkins County were Dr. T. W. Gardiner, Chas. Ashby and W. H. Ross, of Court House District; Geo. Hill, Nebo District; R. J. Salmon, Geo. King and Walker Franklin, of Charleston District; Marion McCord and Paul M. Moore, of Earlington District.

Three of these delegates, Chas. Ashby, Geo. Hill and W. H. Ross were McKinley men; the remaining six were for Bradley.

Thus the 19 votes of Hopkins were divided in the ratio of 6 to 3, giving Bradley men 12⅔ votes and McKinley men 6⅓ votes.

The vote of each of the counties in which there was a division was thus divided; that is, in proportion as each faction was represented in the State Convention.

When the representation was changed by the desertion of any delegates the proportionate division of the County's vote was likewise changed.

Wednesday night things were not going to suit the McKinley men—when it developed that the Bradley men had the strength of the convention—and Chas. Ashby and Geo. Hill went home. Walker Franklin of the Bradley side also went home, like a dutiful son, because his mother would have been uneasy had he remained longer than he had said.

Thus the vote of Hopkins was changed. There remained 5 Bradley men and 1 McKinley man, and the vote was as 5 to 1 or 15 5-6 Bradley to 3 1-6 McKinley.

The chair ruled out fractions and the the Bradley boys magnanimously gave the other side 4 votes and took 15.

An agreement was entered into on Wednesday evening at the suggestion of some of the boys—who could not stand the heat, you know—that Hopkins' delegates should have the privilege of going out in the city without losing their votes. But it was thoroughly discussed and plainly stated and understood that if any delegate should leave the city he lost his vote.

A part of the Hopkins delegation encamped at the Louisville Hotel — Bradley's headquarters. Some stopped at the Willard, others at Senings.

At a caucus of the delegates of the Second District held at Louisville Hotel Wednesday morning, E. C. Vance, of Hancock, was made chairman, and Paul M. Moore, of Hopkins, secretary. The purpose of the meeting was to select a vice president and members for the Second District to serve on the various committees of the State Convention. G. W. Adams, of McLean, was chosen vice president. The following committeemen were chosen:

Credentials, E. P. McAdams, Hancock; Resolutions, W. L. Hardigg, Union; Permanent Organization, E. G. Sebree, Henderson; Rules and Order of Business, Dr. H. P. Sights, Henderson.

Wednesday night there was a lot of tiresome speech making, tolerated only because anything was preferable to hearing the howls and contentions of the Louisville delegation. It took place while the Convention awaited the report of the Committee on Credentials. Some were good, some miserable, some not at all because the crowd would allow nothing to reach them but jestures.

Woodn't Dunlap was allowed to offer his defense for his failure to take his seat in the late Legislature. It was simply a matter of impatient toleration that he was heard at all, and he would not have been heard under other circumstances.

After several speakers were hissed down without a hearing, Hon. E. T. Franks was called for, but failed to respond. The temper of the assemblege was to hear no one further, and Mr. Franks wisely refrained from speaking.

Webster was not represented on the vote for temporary chairman, but came in with full vote of 11 for Bradley candidates at large.

Christian's full vote of 36 was captueed by Tarelton—Bradley man—candidate for delegate at large, on the first ballot, and came around on second ballot for S. E. Smith—another Bradley man—because he was a colored man. Thus the votes of Christian have not been entirely thrown away in the series of Convention just passed.

Blood purified, disease cured, sickness and suffering prevented, [illegible] is is the record made each year [illegible]'s Sarsaparilla.

Are you a [illegible]ber to THE BEE? You s[illegible]e.

THE CUBAN RESOLUTIONS.

Declaration of Cuban Belligerency Greeted with Enthusiasm by the Peple.

The Cuban resolutions passed by the House of Representatives at Washington in concurrence with the Senate are as follows:—

Resolved, that in the opinion of Congress, a condition of public war exists between the Government of Spain and the Government proclaimed, and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba; and that the United States of America should maintain a strict neutrality between the contending powers, according to each all the rights of belligerents in the ports and territory of the United States.

Resolved, further, that the friendly offices of the United States should be offered by the President of the Spanish Government for the recognition of the independence of Cuba.

The Philadelphia Press says: "Belligerency is a question both of fact and of policy. Mr. Hitt in his speech to the House on the Senate Cuban resolution had no difficulty in showing that belligerency existed as a fact in Cuba and that it was the policy of the United States to recognize it.

Spain, with a force outnumberbering the insurgents three or four to one is unable, as Mr. Hitt pointed out, to exclude the forces of the Cuban Republic from the immediate vicinage of Havana. If the insurgents are in force there, where the Spanish forces are strongest, their occupation plainly extends over the island at a greater distance from the Spanish forces.

Whether an organized and settled administration has been established over the island in insurgent hands, they have excluded all Spanish authority. Belligerent or not measured by European conditions, the precise belligerent condition which they have established matches all the resources of Spain. Belligerency to war, and Spain has in line in Cuba to-day every man who could be armed and placed in the field for war.

These facts are admitted. Of them there is no question. Neither is there any of our past policy under like conditions. Our attitude toward any body of men struggling for freedom and independence for a century has been friendly. Our recognition has sometimes been premature. It has always been cordial. The revolted Spanish colonies eighty years ago received the recognition now proposed for Cuba. While the Cuban insurgents, from 1868 to 1878, never received a belligerent recognition, the despatches of Secretary Fish and later of Secretary Evarts upon the struggle distinctly claimed the right to interfere if the conflict was unduly protracted or characterized by extreme barbarity.

The insurgents to-day occupy a position which they never held then. Their forces are greater and they are moving freely in the western end of the island. Twenty years ago they were confined to the unsettled and mountainous regions in the east of Cuba. The insurgents have a right to the recognition proposed to them by the passage of the Senate resolution, and the instant and immediate effect of of their recognition as belligerents will be to make it difficult if not impossible for Spain to continue to raise money to prosecute the struggle by selling bonds, as the Spanish treasury is now doing, secured by Cuban revenue.

Mr. Wm. Crain, of the Richland vicinity, is a Republican from away back, and names his children after the "Greater Lights" of the "Grand Old Party." He has a son named James Blain, another bears the name of Lincoln, a third is christened Grant Ingolls, and on the 15th inst., another boy advented, which was promptly named Bradley Franks, the late arrival elevated the beam to 12 lbs. Mr. Crain, it appears, is determined to found an animated gallery of political greatness, and when his limited facilities are considered, we think he is having phenomenal success in his undertaking to reproduce great men, should he be favored with sufficient longevity and his present run of good luck, he is certain of howling success.

It behooves every citizen in city, town and country to keep posted on the stirring events that will occur in this country and and the Old World within the next nine months. The results will affect all—personally, directly or indirectly. This nation is on the eve of the most exciting presidential campaign in its history, European politics are in a very complicated state, and scientists are applying their discoveries to many lines that will produce startlingly new things.

To keep abreast with the world one should read, in addition to the local or county paper, a live metropolitan newspaper, such as the Twice-a-Week Republic of St. Louis. It is one of the most progressive journals in the United States, and in each issue it gives the latest political news of all parties in the field, the latest general news of the world and many valuable special features besides. This model newspaper is delivered twice-a-week by mail for only $1 a year, or less than one cent a copy.

The price of the Daily and Sunday Republic has recently been reduced to only $6 a year by mail.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store, I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at T. Bernard Drug Store.

Spring Medicine

Is a necessity because the tonic of winter air is gone, and milder weather, increased moisture, accumulated impurities in the blood and debilitated condition of the body, open the way for that tired feeling, nervous troubles, and other ills. The skin, mucous membrane and the various organs strive in vain to relieve the impure current of life. They all welcome

Hood's Sarsaparilla

to assist Nature at this time when she most needs help, to purify the blood, tone and strengthen the laboring organs and build up the nerves.

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla and have derived great benefit from it. After a very severe attack of the grip last winter I took a bottle and soon regained strength and flesh. It has entirely cured me of dizziness. My whole system was toned and strengthened." MISS ANNIE L. NOURSE, Bardstown, Kentucky.

Purifies The Blood

"I was troubled with inactivity of the kidneys resulting in jaundice, but I have found Hood's Sarsaparilla a cure." J. D. BIBLE, Mossy Creek, Tennessee.

Hood's Pills the after-dinner pill and family cathartic. 25c.

A LITTLE NONSENSE.

—For a long time after he had succeeded in inserting himself through the door, at three a. m., she regarded him in silence. At length she spake. Also she spake at length. — Indianapolis Journal.

—When we are children we brag about our parents; when we get to be young men and young women we brag about ourselves; when we become older we brag about our children. — Boston Transcript.

—"But why have you thrown George over?" "O, I hate him! The other evening he asked me if he might have a kiss, and because I said 'No,' he didn't."—London Sketch.

—Lawyer (drawing will)—"Your estate is much smaller, sir, than is generally supposed." Sick Man—"Yes, but keep that quiet till after the funeral. I want a good show of grief-stricken mourners."—Tit-Bits.

—Dax—"The question of high or low birth doesn't make much difference in a man's misery or pleasure." Max—"Oh yes, it does—on a Pullman sleeper over a poor roadbed."—N. Y. World.

—Their Redeeming Feature.—Mme. Bashleu—"I think Ruskin's titles for his books are so happy." Mme. Smithson—"How so?" Mme. Bashleau—"When you know the title of one of his books, you always know one of the things it isn't about."—American Reformer.

—"That is the prettiest little foot in all the world," said Baby Ruth's father one morning, as he stooped to caress the tiny pink and white foot thrust out from a little white nightgown. "There isn't in all the world another such a pretty little foot as that." "Oh, yes, there, is, papa," was the little girl's reply, and thrusting out the other foot, she added: "Here it is, papa."—Youth's Companion.

Tariff Talk That Hurts.

A higher duty imposed upon any article that we grow or manufacture cannot injure that business. It is the low tariff that hurts, that causes larger imports of goods made by cheap labor, that interferes with the earnings of our own people, creates undue competition and reduces values to a point that is unprofitable to the producer. There was no check to business in 1890 when the McKinley tariff was under discussion, either before or after its enactment. A tariff that will afford greater protection to American interests is always better for the country. It means greater prosperity. It is the low tariff and low tariff discussion that injures our trade, because low tariff benefits other countries.—Springfield (Mass.) Morning Union.

Anything to Get Rid of It.

Grinnen—What are you going to take for that frightful cold you've got?

Barrett—I'll take anything you'll offer. Do you want it?—Chicago Tribune.

Gown Was All Right.

Mrs. Benham—Henry, don't you think my dress is too long?

Benham—No, but the bill is.—Town Topics.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF WHILE USING IT.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of gn eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Curo." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. "Baco-Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

Cured By Baco-Cure and Gained Thirty Pounds.

From hundreds of testimonials the originals of which are on the file and open to inspection, the following is presented:

Clayton, Nevada Co., Ark., Jan. 28 1895.
Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.—

Gentlemen: For forty years I used tobacco in all its forms. For twenty-five years of that time I was a great sufferer from general debility and heart disease. For fifteen years I tried to quit but couldn't. I took various remedies, among others "No-To-Bac," "The Indian Tobacco Antidote," "Double Chloride of Gold," etc., etc., but none of them did me the least bit of good. Finally, however, I purchased a box of your "Baco-Curo" and it has entirely cured me of the habit in all its forms, and I have increased thirty pounds in weight and am relieved of all the numerous aches and pains of body and mind I could write a quire of paper upon my changed feelings and condition. Yours respectfully,

P. H. MARSHALL,
Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per box, three boxes, (thirty days' treatment), $2.50, with iron-clad, written guarantee, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for booklet and proofs. Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass. 10-16-90.

JOB WORK

Will receive prompt attention at this office. Estimates furnished upon application

Anybody Can Trim a Hat, after a fashion, but it takes good judgment and artistic taste to do it in the latest fashion and stylishly. That's what we do.
ST. BERNARD STORE.

W. H. JERNAGAN, Prest. and Gen'l Manager.
O. W. WADDILL, Cashier.

Hopkins County
BANK
MADISONVILLE, KY.
Capital Stock, - - - $50,000.

Transacts a general banking business and invites the accounts of the citizens of Hopkins and adjoining counties.

Has the finest and most secure vault in this section of Kentucky

A LA BELLE JARDINIERE.
L. FRITSCH & SON,
FASHIONABLE
MERCHANT TAILORS
AND
IMPORTER OF CLOTHS AND SUITINGS.
311 Upper First St., Evansville, Ind.

He earnestly solicits the patronage of his Hopkins county friends

Get That Hat Early—now—while the stock is full and fresh. We give you latest styles trimmed in best taste.
ST. BERNARD STORE.

BEN T. ROBINSON,
DRUGGIST
Morton's Gap,
Kentucky

Always on hand a full and complete stock of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, PERFUMERY and TOILET ARTICLES PAINTS AND OILS.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

A. P. T. L.

The American Protective Tariff League is a national organization advocating "Protection to American Labor and Industry" as explained by its constitution, as follows:

"The object of this League shall be to protect American labor by a tariff on imports, which shall adequately secure American industrial products against the competition of foreign labor."

There are no personal or private profits in connection with the organization and it is sustained by memberships, contributions and the distribution of its publications.

FIRST: Correspondence is solicited regarding "Membership" and "Official Correspondents."
SECOND: We need and welcome contributions, whether small or large, to our cause.
THIRD: We publish a large line of documents covering all phases of the Tariff question. Complete set will be mailed to any address for 50 cents.
FOURTH: Send a postal card request for free sample copy of the "American Economist." Address Wilbur F. Wakeman, General Secretary, 135 West 23d Street, New York.

GROVES

TASTELESS
CHILL
TONIC
IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.
WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.
Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
ABNEY, CARR & CO.

TABLER'S BUCK EYE PILE OINTMENT
CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.
A SURE and CERTAIN CURE known for 15 years as the BEST REMEDY for PILES.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Prepared by RICHARDSON MED. CO., ST. LOUIS.

IKE DAVIS,
LIVERY STABLE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FUNERALS
A HEARSE FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE
First-Class Turn-Outs at Reasonable Rates.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO TRAVELING MEN
MY RIGS ARE THE BEST IN THE CITY.
Stable and Office on MAIN ST., near Depot. ISAAC DAVIS.

The ST. BERNARD DRUG STORE
EARLINGTON, KENTUCKY.
DRUGGISTS
AND DEALERS IN
Patent Medicines and Perfumry,
DRUGGISTS' FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES.
Hair, Tooth, and Paint Brushes,
Paints and Oils
Ready Mixed Paints, all colors, in small cans.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

GOLD, SILVER,
AND GREENBACKS,
TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR
Fine Dress Goods,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
OVER COATS REDUCED 25 PER CENT.
Blankets at your own price. Men's, Ladies' and Children's Woolen Underwear, gone the bottom. Calico, 5 cents. Cotton Flannels, 6 cents, and up. We are agents for the TENNENT-STRIBLING SHOE CO.S Celebrated Hand-made Shoes. Eevery pair warranted to give entire satisfaction.
Call and examine.
JAMES CRENSHAW.

W. R. COYLE
HAS JUST RECEIVED A
Splendid Line of Spring Dress Goods
Such as HENRIETTA'S, SERGES, NOVELTIES, Etc.
And is selling at prices never before heard of. Come and see before you buy. You will be surprised.

Barnett & Arnold
EARLINGTON, KY.
LIVERY,
FEED AND SALE STABLE.
FIRST CLASS HEARSE QUICK SERVICE
Number one rigs on short notice.
JNO. T. BARNETT,
Manager.

THE NAME OF THE NEXT
President of the United States.
WILL BE ANNOUNCED IN
The New York Weekly Tribune
OF NOVEMBER 4th, 1896.

Public interest will steadily increase, and the disappointment of the men whose votes turned the scale of the last election, with the results under the administration they elected, will make the campaign the most intensely exciting in the history of the country.

The New York Weekly Tribune,

the leading Republican newspaper of the United States, will publish all the political news of the day interesting to every American citizen regardless of party affiliations.

Also general news in attractive form, foreign correspondence covering the news of the world, an agricultural department second to none in the country, market reports which are recognized authority, fascinating short stories, complete in each number, the cream of the humorous papers, foreign and domestic, with their best comic pictures, fashion plates and elaborate descriptions of woman's attire, with a varied and attractive department of household interest: The "New York Weekly Tribune" is an ideal family paper, with a circulation larger than that of any other weekly publication in the country issued from the office of a daily. Large changes are being made in its details, tending to give it greater life and variety, and especially more interest to the women and young people of the household.

A SPECIAL CONTRACT enables us to offer this splendid journal and

THE BEE
FOR ONE YEAR FOR ONLY $1.25.

CASH INADVANCE (The regular subscription price of the two papers is $2.00)
SUBSCRIPTION MAY BEGIN AT ANY TIME.

Address all orders to, "THE BEE."

Write your name and address on a postal card, send it to Geo. W. Best, Room 2, Tribune Building, New York City, and a sample copy of THE NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be mailed to you

Walter McGary
EARLINGTON, KENTUCKY,
LIVERY AND FEED STABLES.
SPLENDID LINE OF VEHICLES.
GOOD STOCK,
ELEGANT TURNOUTS
HAULING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. HEARSE FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE.
Charges Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed