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EARLINGTON, HOPKINS COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1898.

NO. 46

NINTH YEAR.

THE CAROLINAS TROUBLES.

The Government Will Not Interfere Except in the Event of a Recurrence of Race Riots.

THE ACTS VIEWED WITH ABHORRENCE.

Under the Circumstances, However, the Government Could Not Feel Warranted in Interfering—Measures Have Been Taken to Keep the Federal Authorities Informed of What is Going On.

Washington, Nov. 13.—Except in the event of a recurrence of the rioting in the Carolinas, it is altogether improbable that the government will interfere by force or otherwise. The attorney general had another conference with the president in regard to the matter, and as a conclusion was promptly reached that as the demonstrations were not directed against the collector of customs in the performance of his duties as such, the government has no authority under the constitution once laws to exercise its federal authority.

Tolbert Was Not on Public Duty. Collector Tolbert was shot while away from his home, and on business entirely disconnected from that of his office, and under these circumstances the government has no shadow of a right to interfere. If the collector had been shot in the discharge of his official duties, and in an effort to enforce the laws of the United States, the case would have been very different, and the duty of the government would have been clear. In the present case, however, it is said, the lawless acts of the mob were not directed against the execution of the laws of the United States, but against the individual. The case would have been the same had Tolbert been shot on the highway by a robber.

No Sympathy with the Rioters. Administration officials have no sympathy with the Carolina rioters, and regard their acts with abhorrence, but up to this time it is said there is no evidence that would warrant any interference by the government. The attorney general, late Friday night, sent the following telegram to the United States assistant attorney at Anderson, near Phoenix, S. C.:

Attorney General's Dispatch. Department of Justice, Washington, Nov. 13.—Ernest F. Cochran, Assistant United States Attorney, Anderson, S. C.—You will not even take energetic steps, incurring necessary expenses, to ascertain the exact situation in Greenwood and adjoining counties, and report the same immediately by wire to me, with a view of advising me whether any such condition of insurrection or disturbance exists as justifies the federal authorities in interfering to suppress it.

To which the following response has been received:

Attorney Cochran's Reply. Anderson, S. C., Nov. 11.—The Attorney General, Washington—My information is much rioting near Greenwood and Phoenix, Tuesday and Wednesday. Several negroes killed and wounded. There was a mob attack on some rioting, but condition quiet. My information is that all is quiet there now, though the community is very much excited. From all information I have, I think federal intervention too late now. It seems the mobs were especially anxious to get the Tolberts, and I am informed they are now safely out of their reach. Intense excitement still prevails there, but no violence now. Will wire further to-morrow.

Ernest F. Cochran, Assistant United States Attorney.

WILL NOT DELAY ACTION.

The United States Will Assume Control in Cuba On or Before January First.

Washington, Nov. 16.—The government has renewed and strengthened its determination that the Spanish evacuation of Cuba and the American occupation shall not be deferred beyond January 1 next. This conclusion has been communicated to the Spanish government within the past few days in answer to an urgent request that the date of evacuation be put off because of the large number of Spanish troops remaining on the island, who, it was represented, could not be moved before January 1.

Not being a subject which could be treated by the commissions at Paris or Havana the request of the Spanish government was forwarded to Washington through the French embassy, which received also and forwarded by cable, the refusal of this government to put off the date of assuming American control.

WILL CERTAINLY NOT ACCEPT.

The Spanish Peace Commissioners Will Maintain Their Present Attitude in Regard to the Philippines.

Madrid, Nov. 16.—According to semi-official statements here the Spanish peace commissioners will maintain their present attitude in regard to the Philippines, and will certainly not accept the conditions of the United States. Further, if the discussion does not return to the limits of the protocol, as viewed by the Spaniards, the Spanish commissioners have decided, in spite of contrary reports, not to sign a treaty of peace.

It is also learned from the same sources that complete accord prevails between the Spanish government and its peace commissioners.

Class Works Started Up After Six Months' Idleness.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 15.—Window glass factories, with a capacity of 8,000,000 pots, have started work, and nearly 10,000 men and boys are earning their first money in over half a year.

Fatal Infatuation.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—On the night of the 14th, at Sausalito, Sunday night, Nick Berg was probably fatally wounded by the Elk. It appears that Berg's infatuation for Elk's wife was the cause of the shooting.

A LETTER FROM DEWEY.

The Admiral Acknowledges the Compliment Paid Him by Chicago by Naming a School for Him.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—Admiral Dewey has acknowledged the compliment paid to him by the board of education in having one of the school buildings named after him. A letter has been received from the admiral in which he thanked the members of the board for what they had done for him, not only in naming a school building after him, but in setting aside a special day in which the children may pay him honor.

Trustee Sherwood wished to have a large portrait of the hero of Manila adorn the school, and asked the admiral to send his photograph. The letter is as follows:

"Manila, Oct. 4.—Dear Sir—The board of education has done me much honor in naming the new school 'The George Dewey School,' and in putting aside a day to be known as 'Dewey day.'"

"Will you have the kindness to extend to the board of education my heartfelt thanks for such an honor, and say that I shall ever appreciate it."

"I greatly regret that it is not in my power to comply with the request for a large-sized photograph of myself, as I have not one single photograph left. But I shall have some taken on my return to the United States, if not earlier, and it will afford me much pleasure to send one to the Dewey school. Sincerely,

"GEORGE DEWEY."

The Dewey school is in the course of erection at Fifty-fourth and Union avenue. By a resolution, introduced by Trustee Sherwood, the first school day in May is set apart for 'Dewey day.'

MAY BE THE LAST.

Peace Commissioners May Agree to Disagree—The Expected Visit of Emperor William to Madrid.

Madrid, Nov. 14.—El Imparcial says the government has forwarded instructions to Senor Montero Rios, president of the Spanish peace commission at Paris, and that to-day's conference may be the last, or the last but one, "unless the American commissioners modify their claim."

According to El Imparcial, a member of the cabinet, has virtually declared as much.

The government has received a dispatch from Gen. Rios, governor of the Visayas islands, regarding the rebellion in the islands of negroes, and announcing the departure from Iloilo of the mail steamer Munoz, with a number of invalided men, whose repatriation has been authorized by the Americans.

The Madrid papers declare that the expected visit of Emperor William is a matter of no political importance, and that the German ambassador's visit to Berlin is no way connected with it.

THREE LIVES LOST.

Terrible Results of a Fire at Ferry, Mich.—Mrs. Charles Taylor, Her Daughter and an Old Man Cremated.

Owosso, Mich., Nov. 13.—The village of Ferry, south of this city, was visited by a terrible fire. Rowe & Co.'s large livery barn, with its contents, was burned to the ground. Charles Taylor, one of the proprietors, and family, lived over the barn. Mrs. Taylor, her daughter and an old man named Clark were buried beneath the fallen roof and burned to death. The building was so suddenly enveloped in flames that they could not escape. Mr. Taylor got out, but he was frightfully burned and cut. Dr. A. L. Compton, a veterinary surgeon, and a boy, who slept in the office, escaped.

VIRDEN STRIKE SETTLED.

The Miners and Operators Have Settled Their Differences and Work Will Soon be Resumed.

Carlinville, Ill., Nov. 13.—The differences between the Chicago-Virden Coal Co., at Virden and Auburn, and the striking miners, have been settled, and the shafts will soon be in operation.

The company agreed to pay the state scale of 40 cents per ton, but did not want to tear down the stockade. Finally, the company accepted the offer of the miners that they would take it down and charge nothing for the labor.

THE EIGHTH ILLINOIS.

Thirty Per Cent. of the Regiment in Hospitals in Cuba—Yellow Fever Among the Regulars.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 13.—Advices received in this city from members of the Eighth Illinois volunteers, colored, now in Santiago province, Cuba, state that fully 30 per cent. of the regiment are in the hospitals. The Twenty-third United States infantry are engaged across the hills from the Eighth Illinois, and yellow fever has made its appearance in the camp of the regulars, and communication between two camps has been forbidden.

The Appeal Must Lie to Spain. Paris, Nov. 14.—At a general meeting of the French holders of Cuban bonds held here Saturday, a resolution was adopted to appeal to the "good faith of Spain" and the spirit of equity of the United States to settle the question of their rights as creditors "in conformity with the rules of justice and law."

Gen. Greeley at San Francisco. San Francisco, Nov. 13.—Gen. Greeley, chief signal officer of the United States army, is in the city. He will inspect the electrical work in the harbor. He strongly favors the establishment of a cable line between San Francisco and Honolulu.

Prospective Military Assignments. New York, Nov. 16.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: Gen. Merritt will resume command of the department of the east, with headquarters at Governor's Island, when he returns from Europe, and Gen. Shafter will go to San Francisco to command the department of the Pacific, which he relinquished when the war began.

Joseph Jefferson Has Pneumonia. New York, Nov. 16.—Joseph Jefferson's illness has developed into a mild attack of pneumonia.

BIG HAUL BY BANK ROBBERS.

The Kirksville (Mo.) Savings Bank Looted by Robbers of Money and Bonds to the Amount of \$32,000.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 12.—A special to the Star from Macon, Mo., says the Kirksville savings bank was entered by burglars and robbed of \$14,000 in government bonds, belonging to Samuel Reed, president, and something in the neighborhood of \$18,000 in gold and greenbacks. Two thousand or three thousand in silver was left, evidently being too heavy, and \$2,400 in the vault was overlooked by the robbers.

Must Have Been Hitting the Pipe. New York, Nov. 12.—A Cuban paper at Majagua says: "It is high time the Americans left. The Cubans have fought three years for liberty, and have finally obtained it. They can hold it against the world. As they have wiped out the Spanish navy, if necessary they can wipe out the navy of the United States, or, for that matter, the navies of the whole world."

Crippled for Life. St. Louis, Nov. 12.—Josie Gillardi, a four-year-old Italian girl, was sent on an errand by her mother, and on her way back dropped a nickel while crossing the car track. While endeavoring to recover the coin a car came along, the horrified motorman lost his nerve and forgot to reverse his power, the car running over the child crushing one of her limbs.

Was a Native of Kentucky and a Prominent Physician. San Jose, Cal., Nov. 13.—Dr. J. Underwood Hall, a prominent physician.

GRAND TRUNK COLLISION.

Eleven Persons Killed and a Number Injured, Some Fatally, Near Murray Hill, Ont.

Express Collided With a Freight. The Accident Occurred at a Place Called Diamond Crossing, Two Miles from Trenton—The Express Ran Into an Open Switch and Dashed Into the Freight Train.

Trenton, Ont., Nov. 16.—A Grand Trunk express train, bound for Toronto, crashed into a moving freight train near Murray Hill, crossing, two miles west of here at 3:30 yesterday morning, and several cars were smashed to splinters. So far as known 11 persons were killed and a dozen or more seriously injured.

The Dead. W. L. Brady, of Belleville; engineer of express. John McDonald, Belleville; fireman of express. James Goodchild, driver of Toronto Unknown child, German. William Lunness, Toronto. John Riley, engineer. Fireman of freight train, name not known.

Two passengers, names unknown. A. Neary, of Coburg. Albert Tracey, of Prescott. The Injured. Three passengers, names unknown.

DEVASTATED BY FIRE.

Fully a Third of the Business Portion of Canonsburg, Pa., Falls a Prey to the Flames.

Two of the Principal Hotels Burned. While the Town was Hurled There were Busy, and Many Who Left Their Homes Unprotected to Watch the Flames' Progress Returned to Find Their Homes Ransacked and Looted.

Canonsburg, Pa., Nov. 15.—This town was visited by a furious fire which, before it could be gotten under control, wiped out fully a third of the business portion, two of the principal hotels, many dwellings, and did damage estimated at \$150,000. No lives were lost so far as can be ascertained.

The Section Devastated. The section devastated included West Pike street and Jefferson avenue. The flames were first discovered in the dwelling house of Reed Williams, and before they could be stopped burned these places: Govers' brick carriage works, Cochins & McEwens' furniture warehouses, three dwellings occupied by Mr. McGowan, W. P. Fulton and H. Langman, Weller & Sons' livery stable, Michael Egan's dwelling, W. P. Fulton's livery stable, Weller & Son's store building, Manufacturers' Natural Gas building, E. T. Beaker's restaurant, Commercial Hotel, McNary & Ken-

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Physicians at Havana Predict another outbreak of fever. Cientuegos, Cuba, may soon be made an open port under American tariff rates.

John K. Adams, an old citizen of Belleville, Ill., died from a stroke of paralysis. The Cuban hospitals are found in a too unsanitary condition for use by American troops.

Fire, supposedly the work of incendiaries, destroyed two business houses at Bunker Hill, Ill. John B. Cuneo and Mrs. Fannie Howell were seriously shot by Mrs. Cuneo in Little Rock, Ark.

The Evansville (Ind.) street fair opened Monday with great crowds of visitors in attendance. Lawyers will predominate in the next Missouri state senate, but farmers will rule the lower house.

The independent tobacco manufacturers and grocers have combined in a fight against the tobacco trust. A convict dug out of jail at Kan-kakee, Ill., and a horse thief also escaped by putting a dummy in his bed. The large store of C. C. Buckner, of Dequeen, Ark., was destroyed by fire Monday. Loss, \$7,000; insurance, \$5,000.

Citizens of Columbia, Mo., are exercised over a project to remove the Christian college from that city to Sedalia. Charles Boughner, aged 75, died at his home near Richmond, Ind. He was one of the wealthiest farmers in Wayne county.

John Crawford, aged 66, one of the

advance was at once followed by the independent sugar refining interests. Col. Casimir Ansel, of the Fourth Illinois regiment, at Savannah, Ga., has resigned, and Gov. Tanner has recommended Lieut.-Col. Edwin Swift, of the Ninth Illinois, to be colonel of the Fourth.

Henry Morris, of Peoria, Ill., was killed while at work at Heider's boat yard. He was helping draw a steamer to the dry docks when the windlass broke. A heavy iron struck him on the back of the head, killing him instantly.

A seat on the New York stock exchange was sold, Monday at \$28.00, the highest price in fifteen years. The advance in the price has been due to the increase in Wall street business and the generally prosperous condition of affairs.

A Victim of Cancer. Springfield, Ill., Nov. 14.—Miss Alice Corneau is dead at St. John hospital of cancer. Her father was treasurer of the Washburn railroad, and she was the sister of Countess Joleand de St. Maurice, Paris, France.

Four Men Killed and a Dozen Injured During a Fire at Hanover, Mass.

Hanover, Mass., Nov. 12.—Fire in the general store of C. A. Stearns was followed by a terrific explosion, which blew out the sides of the building, killing four men.

The Dead. Michael Robert Sylvester. Edgar Adams. C. A. Peterson. C. A. Tolman.

Over a dozen were injured, principally among them being: C. A. Stearns, the proprietor of the store, who had one arm and leg broken, his shoulder crushed and considerable burns about the body.

Mrs. Wallington Booth's Mission. Mont Clair, N. J., Nov. 15.—Mrs. Wallington Booth, wife of the Commander of the Volunteers of America, has gone to Chicago. She goes at the solicitation of Gov. Tanner and the warden of the Illinois state prison, to provide a home for discharged prisoners in that city.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION.

The Result Throughout the Country as Indicated by the Unofficial Returns.

With the exception of Maine, Vermont and Oregon, all the states in the union held elections on Tuesday, and the following governors were elected:

States. Governors. Pluralities. California—Hiram Johnson (rep.) 20,000. Colorado—Charles S. Thomas (rep.) 40,000. Connecticut—John D. Long (rep.) 15,000. Idaho—Frank Steunenberg (rep.) 3,000. Kansas—W. E. Rucker (rep.) 20,000. Massachusetts—Robert Volcott (rep.) 30,000. Michigan—Hazen S. Pingree (rep.) 12,000. Minnesota—John Lind (dem.) 2,000. Nebraska—W. J. Poynter (rep.) 1,000. Nevada—John B. Snyder (dem.) 2,000. New Hampshire—W. W. Rollins (rep.) 1,000. New Jersey—R. B. Meyers (dem.) 1,000. New York—Theodore Roosevelt (rep.) 2,314. North Dakota—B. F. Smith (rep.) 150,000. Pennsylvania—D. B. Folger (rep.) 100,000. South Carolina—W. H. Elliott (dem.) 1,000. South Dakota—Andrew B. Lewis (dem.) 1,000. Tennessee—Benjamin McMillin (dem.) 1,000. Texas—Joseph D. Bayers (dem.) 2,000. Wisconsin—Edward Scofield (rep.) 41,000. Wyoming—E. B. Nichols (rep.) 2,000.

Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, Montana, North Carolina, Ohio and Utah elected minor state officers, with the following results:

Delaware (rep.), 4,000 plurality; Florida (dem.), 20,000 plurality; Illinois (rep.), 35,000 plurality; Indiana (rep.), 15,000 plurality; Iowa (rep.), 50,000 plurality; Missouri (dem.), 30,000 plurality; Montana (dem.), 5,000 plurality; North Carolina (dem.), 10,000 plurality; Ohio (rep.), 60,000 plurality; Utah (dem.), 3,000 plurality.

The following states elected legislatures, and the political complexion is given below:

Connecticut (rep.), California (rep.), Idaho (dem.), Illinois (rep.), Iowa (rep.), Kentucky (dem.), Michigan (rep.), elects United States senator; Minnesota (rep.), Montana (dem.), Massachusetts (rep.), New York (rep.), elects senator; New Hampshire (rep.), New Jersey (rep.), elects senator; North Carolina (dem.), Nebraska (rep.), elects senator; Nevada (rep.), Pennsylvania (rep.), elects senator; South Dakota (rep.), Tennessee (dem.), Texas (dem.), Utah (dem.), Virginia (dem.), Washington (rep.), elects senator; Wisconsin (rep.), West Virginia (rep.), elects senator; Wyoming (rep.), elects senator; Oklahoma territory (rep.).

The following tables show the composition of the next house as indicated by returns:

Table with 4 columns: States, No non-progression, Rep. Dem. Pop. Includes rows for Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, and Totals.

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if dead. He was 85 years of age, and a native of Kentucky. During the war he had charge of the Union hospital at Glasgow, in that state.

Suffocated in a Fire. Wallace, Idaho, Nov. 13.—Gus Enz, night clerk, and John Moor, waiter in the New York Kitchen, were suffocated in a fire in the Idaho hotel, which, with adjoining buildings, was burned.

ILOILO BESIEGED.

The Spanish Governor Declares an Armistice in Order to Transfer Control to the Americans.

Manila, Nov. 14.—The following advice has been received from Iloilo, capital of Panay, one of the principal islands of the Visayas group: "The insurgents have occupied Lingayen, Oton and Pavia, suburbs of Iloilo, and are daily expected to attack the town."

The Spaniards have abandoned the mole and destroyed the connecting bridges. "Business is paralyzed, and the inhabitants are in a state of terror. The mercantile houses of all nationalities have signed a circular asking the commander of the United States cruiser Charleston to remain, as the Spanish authorities are incapable of affording them protection."

"It is reported also that the insurgents have taken the whole of the island of Negros and Zebu of the Visayas group."

"On November 6 Gen. Rios, Spanish governor of the Visayas, is said to have declared a seven days' armistice, in order to communicate with Madrid with a view of transferring control to the Americans."

were fatally injured. Twenty passengers, most of them being in the Pullman cars, were more or less seriously hurt. Among them were:

John Casey, engineer of Brockville. George Paulin, cattle dealer, of Toronto. John McNamara, of Brockville. L. Lebanec, of Montreal. W. Kemmer, of Prescott. A. P. Walker, of Belleville. Fred Cain, of Wickland. James Newman, of Toronto.

A misplaced switch was the cause of the accident, the west-bound train taking the wrong track, on which was the east-bound freight.

The work of pulling out the dead and injured was commenced immediately, but it was late yesterday morning before all the bodies were got out. Some of them were so horribly mangled that recognition was almost impossible. The injured were taken to the hospital at Belleville.

SPAIN'S SOVEREIGNTY.

The Madrid Herald Declares Spain Will Not Give Up Her Sovereignty in the Philippines.

Madrid, Nov. 12.—The Herald asserts that the Spanish government has resolved to maintain Spain's sovereignty in the Philippine islands, and it adds that it has been suggested that Emperor William of Germany, who is expected to visit Cadiz, and Madrid soon, on his way back to Germany from the Holy Land, be asked to arbitrate the questions in dispute between Spain and the United States, in the event of peace commissions of the respective countries, now in session in Paris, failing to come to an agreement upon the terms of the proposed treaty of peace.

nelly's feed and livery stable, the Canonsburg hotel, the two city council buildings and McDowell & Dickson's lumber yard. The approximate insurance is \$50,000.

They Burned Like Tinder. All the buildings but one were frame, and burned like tinder under the force of the wind. The volunteer fire department with bucket brigades could make no headway, and the telephone operator had barely time to raise by wire Washington and Pittsburgh, calling for aid, before being driven from the building by the flames.

Thieves Keaped a Harvest. All the guests at the hotels and the people in the dwelling houses saved some of their valuables. During the progress of the fire thieves reaped a rich harvest in the west end of the town. After the fire a dozen or more families found their homes torn up side down on their arrival, bed clothing, groceries, cheese, in fact almost everything portable being carried away.

Berlin, Nov. 15.—A high official of the German foreign office asserts that no communications or negotiations have occurred between the powers regarding the Philippines question.

Another Shipment of Alcohol for Japan. Peoria, Ill., Nov. 15.—Another train load of alcohol billed to Japan has been sent west. It will be used in the manufacture of smokeless gun powder. There were 11 cars of 65 barrels each or 62,920 gallons.

Prince George Has Started for His Post in Crete. Trieste, Austria, Nov. 15.—Prince George of Greece, the high commissioner of the powers in Crete, has started for the island.

oldest settlers in Sullivan county, died at his home in Milan, Mo., from a stroke of paralysis.

John Hyde, a negro freight brakeman on the Iron Mountain, fell between cars at Walnut Lake, Ark., and was instantly killed.

Three more casualties resulted Monday, from the race war in South Carolina, one of them, a negro, 60 years old, being wantonly shot to death.

Commander Harris, who was in charge of the Maria Teresa when abandoned, has been ordered to go with his men to Norfolk navy yard.

Mrs. J. W. Black, of Cunningham, Tenn., was fatally burned while alone with her babe. Her clothing ignited from the fireplace. She was subjected to epilepsy.

The mail driver between Albertville and Dawson, Ala., was held up by highwaymen, who carried off the mail sack, ripped it open and stole all the registered matter.

Harry Bell, a saloonkeeper of Clarksville, Tenn., shot a boy at Russellville Ky., during an altercation. The bullet passed entirely through the body, producing a fatal wound.

Walter Thompson, a 12-year-old youth, at Arab, Ala., was caught in the revolving shaft of his father's gin. His clothes were torn from him and his arms broken in several places.

All grades of domestic refined sugar were advanced 1/2¢ a pound by the American Sugar Refining Co., and the



"That consarned bird tantalized me once too often!"

Advertisement for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Text: 'Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP Will cure Croup without fail. The best remedy for whooping-cough. Doses small. Price 25 cts. at druggists.' Includes an illustration of a bottle of the syrup.

Advertisement for McGee's 25c Chill Cure. Text: 'McGEE'S 25c CHILL CURE KNOCKS OUT CHILLS AND FEVER. Cures all fevers. Guaranteed to cure or return money. LARGEST SIZE BOTTLE. Sold by George King, St. Charles, Ky.'

Advertisement for Royal Baking Powder. Text: 'The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.' Includes an illustration of a box of Royal Baking Powder.

Something About the Chinch Bug. The United States Department of Agriculture has in press and will soon issue Bulletin No. 15, Division of Entomology, entitled 'The Chinch Bug.' The chinch bug is one of the most destructive insects with which the American farmer has to contend, and the department receives many requests for information about it. This bulletin is intended to meet this demand, and gives many new facts concerning the life, history and distribution of the species, and the whole subject of the practical handling of its diseases in order to assist in its destruction is treated at length. It says few insects have caused such pecuniary losses as the chinch bug, and no other insect native to the western hemisphere has spread its devastating hordes over a wider area of country with more fatal effect to the staple grains of North America. It is widely distributed over the world and hibernates in the adult stage. It is of gregarious habits and migrates in spring, summer and autumn. The bulletin states that it would appear that this pest first made its presence known in this country in North Carolina in 1783, and mentions several serious outbreaks of the bug in the west, the estimated losses from its ravages from 1850 to 1887 reaching \$267,000,0