

# The Mountain Advocate.

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## SENATE URGES EXTRA SESSION

### Ask Governor Stanley To Issue Call for Taxation Legislation

## LONG SESSIONS HELD

### Closing Hours of General Assembly Finds Solons on Duty Day and Night, Woman Suffrage Put on Shelf.

Frankfort, Ky. (Special)—Without a dissenting vote, the Senate passed a resolution Saturday requesting Governor Stanley to call a special session of the Legislature to pass a revenue and taxation bill. The resolution was offered by Senator Speer, an administration leader who declared that such a bill could be considered and passed in 30 days. A limit of 30 days is suggested in the resolution.

A resolution opposing a special session offered in the House failed to get recognition.

Woman Suffrage won in the Senate when that body passed the Combe equal suffrage bill, 26 to 8. It was killed in the House when the Representatives, by a vote of 46 to 45, refused to adopt the motion of Representative Hobbs to put the bill on its passage. Several efforts have failed in the House to bring the bill out of the committee's hands and it is now certain that this amendment will not pass at this session.

Such incidents as the attempt to split Pike County and the investigation that followed it; the investigation of Representative W. B. Harvey growing out of a chambermaid's allegations and Representative Joseph Phumfrey's charge; the assertion of Representative Harvey that "a distiller had contributed \$25,000 to Governor Stanley's campaign fund"; former Representative Elwood Hamilton's affidavit to the effect that Colonel E. H. Taylor had confided as much to him and Colonel Taylor's very positive denial of Hamilton's statement, and the prohibition and various liquor questions are cited as the reasons for obstructing business legislation at this session by both administration leaders and the so-called insurgents.

All Senate bills that have passed have been given their first reading in the House, which puts the House in a position to consider any Senate bill which has passed before the session adjourns. The Senate has passed about twice as many bills as the House.

### IN THE HOUSE.

Without a dissenting vote the House Representatives passed the workmen's compensation act.

The House concurred in a Senate amendment to the Greene bill appropriating \$5,000 annually for two years to the Kentucky Illiteracy Commission. The Senate passed the bill 27 to 0.

The House resolution, authorizing Governor Stanley to appoint a commission to investigate feebleness among the residents of Kentucky, was adopted, 22 to 0.

Representative Murphy's bill to provide for a Clerk of the Police Court in cities of the second class passed, 72 to 2.

Representative O'Brien's bill to amend Section 694, Civil Code, so that holders of prior liens can bring suit to enforce such liens before inferior liens fall due, passed by a vote of 62 to 2.

Representative T. R. Jones's bill, to require graded school districts to maintain high schools or pay tuition, was passed unanimously.

Representative Hatcher's bill, to provide for school boards of five members in fourth-class cities, passed without opposition.

The bill of Representative E. D. Smith to permit an appeal from Circuit Court annexation proceedings by fourth-class cities was passed.

The House concurred in Senate amendments to White's bill to authorize the Department of Education to employ assistants, and Representative Cook's bill to permit fiscal courts to name bi-partisan commissions to handle road bond issues.

The bill of Representative Frank J. Brown to regulate the fees of Magistrate County Judges and Police Judges was passed, 87 to 2.

The bill of Representative Barrett to license boxing exhibitions under the supervision of an Athletic Board of Control passed without discussion by a vote of 41 to 17. The bill legalizes ten-round non-decision bouts. Clubs desiring to give exhibitions must pay an annual license of \$100. The salaries of the members of the Athletic Board of Control are paid from the funds thus collected.

The House unanimously passed the bill of Representative Murphy to authorize school boards in cities of the second class to create insurance funds. Representative Duncan's bill to regulate the packing and grading of apples also was given a unanimous vote.

Representative Purnell's bill to provide for the collection of delinquent taxes in fourth and fifth-class cities passed unanimously.

Representative Pumphrey's bill to make the inland carrier liable to the holder of a bill of lading for the cargo carried was passed without opposition.

Representative Dorman's bill to compel inland carriers to pay the ten-year payment on their bills of lading also passed with

only five dissenting votes.

The administration suffered a distinct reverse in the House in the defeat of the joint resolution, introduced by Representative Perry, providing for the creation of a Kentucky Tax Commission. The resolution was voted down 49 to 35, after considerable debate. The Republicans voted against the resolution almost unanimously.

Representative W. M. Webb's bill to authorize the guardian of an infant, or the committee for an idiot or lunatic, to lease mining rights passed unanimously.

The bill of Representative Hobbs to appropriate \$3,250 for the benefit of the Normal and Industrial School for Negroes passed the House by a vote of 61 to 17. Mr. Hobbs made the only speech on the bill.

The House passed the bill of Representative Young to authorize regents of normal schools to issue certificates as teachers to pupils.

The House passed the bill of Representative Crowe providing that when corporations filed amended articles they must pay the legal organization tax, if they have not already done so.

The House passed the bill of Senator Helm, giving the State Railroad Commission power to regulate the rates of telegraph, telephone and express companies. The bill has passed the Senate and will become a law when it receives the Governor's approval.

The bill of Representative Duncan to authorize the State Board of Election Commissioners, which is Democratic, instead of the Secretary of State, who is Republican, to designate the newspapers for wide circulation in which the official election returns shall be advertised, was passed, 51 to 33. The bill was amended to provide that the Election Commission shall cause official returns to be published in "such newspapers as are willing to print them free of charge."

Representative Spahn's itinerant merchant bill was passed by a vote of 66 to 11. This measure, which is indorsed by associations of merchants, provides for a license of \$250 on itinerant merchants and requires them to give bond in the sum of \$1,000.

The House passed the bill of Representative McMurray prescribing a uniform form for warehouse receipts.

### IN THE SENATE.

The semi-monthly pay bill, fought for many sessions by the railroads, was pushed through the Senate by Senators Stricklett and Williams by the vote of 32 to 2.

The Senate concurred by a vote of 18 to 17 in the House amendments to the eight-Meysers workmen's compensation bill. These House amendments, restoring Sections 72 and 74 to the bill and making it read as it was originally drawn, were fought bitterly.

Governor Stanley and Attorney-General Logan now have it in their power to enforce the liquor laws in Kenton and Campbell Counties. The substitute for the Greene anti-screen bill, which was requested by Governor Stanley and Attorney-General Logan, passed the Senate, 35 to 2.

Senator Huffaker's bill to provide for the working of convicts on the public roads, in accordance with the constitutional amendments adopted last year, passed the House, 49 to 24.

Senator Robertson's bill to permit non-resident children to appear in stage performances, amending the child labor laws, passed 41 to 16.

Senator Helm's bill to provide for the submission to the voters of any county of the question whether the county government shall be changed to the commission plan at any general election was passed, 45 to 1. Under the present law this question can be submitted only once in eight years.

Senator Huffaker's bill to revive the fire insurance laws of the state passed unanimously.

The "Jim Crow" bill of Senator Knight, requiring street car companies to furnish separate divisions for white and colored passengers, passed, 18 to 12. The bill only applies to cities of the first class.

The House passed a bill appropriating \$15,000 for the Eastern State Hospital at Lexington, to be expended for repairs on the ward for negroes.

An appropriation of \$75,000 is made in the bill for the benefit of the Central State Hospital at Leitchfield. This money is to be used for a sewerage system, the Hospital Trustees having been indicted for alleged pollution of the streams in Jefferson County, caused by an inadequate sewerage system.

Senator Brock's bill to regulate redemption of script and time checks issued for wages passed, 24 to 2.

The bill of Senator Porter to permit combined bank and trust companies to be organized in counties having 20,000 to 40,000 population, with a capital stock of \$20,000, passed, 22 to 5.

Senator Combs' pure food bill passed, 23 to 9.

The bill prohibiting fraudulent advertisements passed, 17 to 2. This bill is now in force in 21 states. The bill was introduced by Representative Perry.

Representative's Radcliffe's bill to require co-operative or assessment life and casualty companies to have a \$100,000 guaranty fund before doing business passed, 21 to 0.

The House bill of Representative Cook to permit fiscal courts to appoint commissioners to handle road bond issues passed the Senate, 34 to 0. The bill calls for the appointment of four commissioners to handle the funds derived from bond issues for improving roads. The board is to be bi-partisan.

An amendment adopted provides that all counties which already have voted bond issues, and where the bonds have not been issued or sold, may operate under the provisions of the act.

The "blue sky" law, regulating investment companies, was passed, 24 to 5. Those voting against the bill were Senators Helm, Huffaker, Speer, Stricklett and Thompson.

The bill of Senator Scott to regulate drainage, which covers a defect in the 1912 act, passed, 21 to 0. The emergency clause was stricken from the bill.

Senator Speer's bill amending the statutes creating an Examining Board of Nurses passed, 32 to 0.

Not a dissenting vote was cast against the bill of Senator Littell to authorize the payment of the bonded indebtedness of the Western Normal School. The school is authorized to apply \$5,000 annually from its appropriation to this indebtedness until paid.

Representative Treadway's bill to pro-

Continued on last page.

J. A. Gregory & Co. have occupied the Nelson store house on North Main St., with a general line of merchandise.

## No. 6232 Report of the Condition of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK At Barbourville, in the State of Kentucky, at the Close of Business on March 7, 1916.

Resources	
Loans and Discounts	261,302.97
Overdrafts	NONE
U. S. Bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	15,000.00
U. S. Bonds pledged to secure postal sav. deposits (par value)	18,000.00
Panama bonds 3,000	
Total U. S. bonds	33,000.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	12,058.18
Total bonds, securities, etc.	45,058.18
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	3,400.00
Less amount unpaid	1,700.00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)	5,000.00
Furniture and fixtures	1,500.00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve bank	8,200.00
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	6,429.52
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	58,742.10
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than included in 10 or 11)	8,000.00
Other checks on banks in same city	378.56
Outside checks and other cash items	358.14
Fractional currency, nickels, and cents	186.50
Notes of other national banks	80.00
Total coin and certificates	15,226.25
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation)	750.00
Other assets, if any cash items	225.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$398,137.22</b>

Liabilities	
Capital stock paid in	25,000.00
Surplus fund	35,000.00
Undivided profits	4,678.03
Res'vd for taxes	410.53
	5,088.56
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	2,266.92
Circulating notes	15,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	232,070.62
Cashier's checks outstanding	17.15
Postal savings deposits	1,871.81
Total demand deposits	233,959.58
Certificates of deposits	86,356.00
Total deposits	320,315.58
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$398,137.22</b>

State of Kentucky, }  
County of Knox, }  
I, Robt W. Cole, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Robt W. Cole, Cashier  
Correct—Attest  
J. M. Robsion  
John M. Tinsley  
C. C. Smith  
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1916.

S. M. Perkins,  
Notary Public.  
My commission expires January 14, 1920.

Don't forget the date Friday, March 24th, 1916, 8 o'clock P. M. High School Auditorium. "As Long as the Hill Stands," a mountain play given for benefit High School Band. Admission 25 and 15 cents. Reserved seats 85 cents.

## Dishman Named Commissioner Of The Court

Judge O. K. Reaves has appointed Judge W. M. Dishman, of St. Petersburg, as commissioner of the circuit court to sit in certain cases which come up during the absence from the county of Judge Reaves and to handle affairs of the court in lieu of the judge. No commissioner had been named since Judge Reaves took office. Judge Roy V. Tellers served under Judge Robles as master in chancery.

Judge Dishman is presiding officer of the municipal court and is a young lawyer who has built up a good practice here in the few years he has been in St. Petersburg. He is now engaged as attorney in several important cases.—St. Petersburg (Fla.) 1.m.s.

## Knoxville's First Trade Trip

The Knoxville Board of Commerce is receiving enthusiastic letters daily from the different Boards of Commerce of the towns and cities to be visited on their First Trade Trip, assuring them of their hearty co-operation in making this trip the decided success the Knoxville organization desires it to be. While this is to the first trip that Knoxville has ever made of this kind, neither pains nor expense are being spared to make it a success in every way.

The purpose of the trip is not altogether for business purposes, or for selling goods, but rather to meet the people of the various towns from whom they buy goods and to who they sell goods, and to bring them into a closer relationship with each other.

In several of the larger towns and cities where the "Special" is to stop for some length of time, preparations are being made to entertain the visitors in many ways; while in the smaller towns where the length of stay will not permit of extensive entertainment, other forms will be provided.

The special will consist of eight all-steel Pullman cars, including two dining cars and one combination baggage and refreshment car.

The train will carry over 100 of Knoxville's leading business and professional men and manufacturers on board. Besides these, there will be a large brass band to help make merry when the visitors arrive in the various towns and cities.

Each member of the party will wear a white hat and carry a striped umbrella in addition to wearing the regular badge.

## Pike Road Bond Money

Much has been said in regard to the way the funds have been spent, and for what purpose they have been spent. I want to make a statement as to the amount of this fund that has been paid out. Up to the present date there has been paid out of the fund for which bonds were sold, to the amount of \$4286.20, this has been paid for the engineering and incidental expenses for the benefit of the road.

I believe that it is due the taxpayers of the county that I give this information. It is here for any one to see. Your servant, Read P. Black, Clerk Knox County Court.

V. C. McDonald is in Cincinnati on business this week.

## No. 7284 Report of the Condition of the NATIONAL BANK OF JOHN A. BLACK At Barbourville, in the State of Kentucky, at the Close of Business on March 7, 1916.

Resources	
Loans and Discounts (except those shown in b)	199,561.34
Overdrafts, unsecured	222.17
U. S. Bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	22,500.00
U. S. Bonds pledged to secure postal sav. deposits (par val)	2,000.00
Total U. S. Bonds	24,500.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	4,426.12
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	3,300.00
Less amount unpaid	1,650.00
Value of banking house (if unencumbered)	7,000.00
Furniture & Fixtures	3,165.00
Real estate owned other than banking house	6,000.00
Net amount from Federal Reserve Bank	8,387.00
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis	3,787.64
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	29,441.37
Net amount due from banks and bankers in the same city or town as reporting bank	84,406.74
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank	237.98
Outside checks & other cash items	338.24
Fractional currency, nickels & cents	588.29
Notes on other national banks	1,260.00
Total coin & certificates	17,120.05
Legal-tender notes	380.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treas.	1,125.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$393,596.94</b>

Liabilities	
Capital Stock paid in	\$30,000.00
Surplus fund	30,000.00
Undivided profits	4,495.49
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	3,074.99
Circulating notes	22,500.00
Individual Deposits sub. to chk 251,346.92	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,074.37
Postal savings deposits	1,314.74
Certificates of deposit	55,940.41
Total deposits	309,676.44
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$393,596.94</b>

State of Kentucky, }  
County of Knox, }  
I, H. B. Clark, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. B. Clark, Cashier  
Correct—Attest  
W. W. Evans  
W. R. Lay  
J. R. Jones  
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of March, 1916.

S. M. Perkins,  
Notary Public  
My commission expires January 14, 1920.

Don't Miss seeing that mountain play, "As Long as the Hill Stands." Better than "Trail of the Lonesome Pine." Special scenery. Barbourville High School, Friday night, March 24th 1916 8 o'clock prompt. Benefit High School Band. Admission 25 and 15 cents. Reserved seats 85 cents.

## JUDGE SAMPSON HERE SUNDAY

### Attended 65th Wedding Anniversary of Parents. Three Weeks More of Court at Williamsburg.

Among those in attendance at the celebration of the sixty-fifth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sampson Saturday, was Circuit Judge F. D. Sampson, who is holding court at Williamsburg. There are three weeks more of the Whitley term of court and in the absence of the regular Judge from the bench, H. C. Gillis, by agreement of party litigants, consented to act as special Judge, thus affording Judge Sampson an opportunity to be present at the very noted and unusual celebration, that of a sixty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of his parents.

The present term of court at Williamsburg is six weeks in length and nearly all of that time is being consumed in trying civil cases and clearing up the docket. There were no important felony cases at this term except one brought from Pulaski county, and fewer misdemeanor cases than usual. Judge Sampson is fast getting the would-be criminals and law violators to see the error of their ways by his firm stand for law and order. The good people of this district are proud of the record he has made, while on the bench, in the suppression of crime. Judge Sampson is popular and in the coming August primary for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Court of Appeals he looks like a winner.

## Spelling Bee

The last of a Series of a spelling Bee given under the auspices of the Ladies Aid M. E. Church and Barbourville High School Band, was given Tuesday evening March 14th at the Court House. The Captains were Mrs. John W. Hughes and Mr. S. T. Steele of this city. A large line of spellers were soon chosen, and every seat in the large room was taken by spectators. The spelling was lively from start to finish, the "blue back" being used exclusively, beginning with the words baker, shady, lady, tidy &c including horse-back abase-ment and all those hard pages that have been studied by many in old time youngster. The line began to grow shorter as many a good speller forgot just exactly now he used to spell then and to take a seat. The contest grew more interesting and the words more difficult until only a few spellers were on the floor at closing time. Mrs. Hughes' side one and Mr. Steele's side three. The book used from which to pronounce was owned by Frances M. Rees, (who is quite a noted speller) and is reported as being the oldest copy in the county and perhaps in the State.

The Ladies desire to thank the town people for their co-operation and liberal patronage.

WANTED—A young man or lady who can attend to our monthly collections for subscription accounts; liberal allowance made and full information given by writing D. C. Cook, Publishing Co., 312 Boston Bldg., Louisville, Kentucky. 3-17. 9t