

WASHINGTON OPERA HOUSE. ONE NIGHT ONLY. Wednesday, January 2.

MR. HARRY TAYLOR has the pleasure of presenting the following dramatic sensation.

"THE WORLD"

In six acts and eight tableaux. \$10,000 for scenery and effects alone. The most realistic, sensational and spectacular melodrama.

MR. J. Z. LITTLE, Supported by a company of acknowledged ability.

Note the Tableaux.

- 1st--The Wharf and Shipping. Homeward Bound. 2nd--The Ship at Sea. Villainy and Wreck. 3rd--The Sinking Ship. 4th--The Raft. Water! Water! All around, yet not one drop to drink. Saved from the Wreck. 5th--The beautiful effect ever produced on any stage. 6th--The Cottage Home. 7th--The Recognition. A Brother's Love. 8th--The Great Revolving Scene. 9th--Magnificent Moonlight Panorama, with the regularly beautiful effect the Moon upon the Lake. 10th--The Lunatic Asylum. The Escape. 11th--The Grand Mountain Scene. The Last Resort. 12th--The Wages of Sin is Death.

NOTE--The public are assured that every scene will be presented or money refunded. Prices as usual.

If you miss seeing the World, you miss the greatest performance ever placed upon the stage.

HENRY COLLEGE LOTTERY \$30,000 FOR \$2.

Regular Monthly Drawing will take place in the Masonic Hall, Masonic Temple Building, Louisville, Ky. THURSDAY, Jan. 31, 1884.

A Lawful Lottery and Fair Drawings chartered by the Legislature of Ky. and twice declared legal by the highest court in the State. Bond given to Henry college in the sum of \$100,000 for the prompt payment of all prizes sold.

A Revolution in Single Number Drawings. Every ticket holder his own supervisor, can call on the number on his ticket and see the corresponding number on the tag placed in the wheel in his presence. These drawings will occur on the last Thursday of every month. Read the magnificent PRIZES.

Table with 2 columns: Prize amount and quantity. 1 Prize, \$30,000; 2 Prizes, \$10,000 each; 3 Prizes, \$5,000 each; 4 Prizes, \$2,500 each; 5 Prizes, \$1,000 each; 6 Prizes, \$500 each; 7 Prizes, \$250 each; 8 Prizes, \$100 each; 9 Prizes, \$50 each; 10 Prizes, \$25 each; 1,837 Prizes, \$10 each.

Whole Tickets, \$2. Half Tickets, \$1. 27 Tickets, \$50. 53 Tickets, \$100. Remit money or send a letter, or send by express. DON'T SEND BY REGISTERED LETTER OR POSTOFFICE ORDER until further notice. Orders of \$5 and upward by express, can be sent at our own expense. Address all orders to J. J. HIGGINS, Louisville, Ky.



The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

Kendall's Spavin Cure.

SANTA ROSA, California, Feb. 9, 1883. B. J. KENDALL & Co., Gentles--I feel it duty to others suffering with the pain and falling of the rectum to write to you. I have had the piles and prolapsus of the rectum for five years, for the past three years I have suffered the most agonizing pain. I tried everything without relief, but after ten days' use of Kendall's Spavin Cure, I have not seen or heard of the piles since. One who has not suffered as I have can not comprehend the great joy that I felt at being cured of this almost worse than death. I had a valuable young horse that had a large bunch on his hind bone. I tried all kinds of treatments and had it out open without any relief. Saw your advertisement and bought a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure and ordered my tender to use as directed. In less than one week the bunch had almost disappeared. I thought that a liniment that would do what Kendall's Spavin Cure has done for my horse might benefit me more. I tried it as a last resort. With grateful and best wishes for your success, I am respectfully yours, J. H. GLENN.

Kendall's SPAVIN CURE On HUMAN Flesh.

VEVAY, IND., Aug. 12th, 1881. DR. B. J. KENDALL & Co., Gentles: Sample of circulars received today. Please send me some with my imprint, printed on one side only. The Kendall's Spavin Cure is the excellent remedy with us, and not only for animals, but for human ailments also. Mr. Jos. Norris, one of the leading farmers in our county, sprained an ankle badly, and knowing the value of the remedy for horses, I tried it on himself, and it did far better than he had expected. Cured the sprain in very short order. Yours respectfully, G. H. THIBAUD.

Price \$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for \$5. All druggists have it on hand. If not, send for it by mail to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors, DR. B. J. KENDALL & Co., Enosburgh Falls, Vt. Send for circular.

THE CHINESE WEAKEN.

BACKING DOWN BEFORE FRANCE. Terms of Settlement Suggested--Foreign Powers Invited to Mediate--Terms of the Proposed Settlement--Chinese Cowardice.

LONDON, Dec. 31.--The Times has the best authority for stating that China wants peace, and if France will return to her original policy in Tonquin and abstain from further hostile action on Red River, a pacific agreement is almost certain. China will abate some of her first pretensions if France will show a conciliatory spirit.

The Government of China, seeing that countries well disposed towards her are desirous of a settlement of the question whether Tonquin is a Chinese dependency, is ready to recognize accomplished facts and negotiate upon the basis of the status quo.

but the establishment of this position involves the cessation of further naval and military movements beyond merely defensive ones, and above all the understanding that Bacinh must not be assailed. So much China is prepared to concede.

If France responds to her well meant concessions she will not stop to consider how far her present attitude may tally with her original position when she insisted upon the full letter of her rights.

The northern bank of the main navigable branch of Red River represents the no plus ultra of Chinese concession. China believes she can secure her rights as effectually with Quang Yen, Bacinh and Leo Kai in her possession as France with Hainan, Haid Zong and Hat-nou. The question of the permanent retention of Sontay should be submitted to arbitration of a third party.

The powers interested should offer their mediation collectively. If there is any hesitation in any quarter on this point the right of the initiative rests in a very high degree with the United States, which Government is bound by the terms of the Burlingame treaty to offer her good offices whenever China requests them. Should Prime Minister Ferry, of France, respond to the wishes of the Chinese Embassy the present occasion will afford an opportunity of giving effect to a stipulation hitherto unenforced.

A CRIPPLED STEAMER.

The Latest Information Concerning the Celtic.

PLYMOUTH, Dec. 31.--An officer of the Hamburg steamer Gellert gives the following particulars concerning the Celtic. The Celtic's main shaft broke December 16, when one day out from New York. The wind, which was blowing very high at the time, prevented her return, and the voyage was continued under sail. On the morning of December 23 she was sighted by the Gellert. The Purser of the Celtic boarded the Gellert and requested Captain Kuhlwein to tow the Celtic. Captain Kuhlwein declared that the state of weather rendered the towing of the Celtic impossible. He offered to remove the Celtic's passengers and mails to the Gellert, if on the return of the Purser of the Celtic to his vessel, he would indicate by showing blue lights and firing rockets that the captain of the Celtic desired the transfer. Soon after the purser reached his vessel, rockets were fired from the Celtic, but no blue lights were shown the Gellert proceeded without further communication. A very heavy sea was running at the time, and the gale, which was accompanied by a blinding snow-storm, was increasing in violence.

The Lloyds state that the Gellert left the Celtic in the track of non-ward steamers, and that she was perfectly safe and seaworthy.

LONDON, Dec. 31.--Before the Gellert brought the welcome news of the safety of the Celtic, the utmost anxiety prevailed regarding the latter vessel. The schooner Rosebud, from Halifax, and the brigantine Pathfinder, from New York, were spoken off Crookhaven, but could give no information of the Celtic. The steam tug Whistler, which had been sent by the White Star Company to search for the Celtic, arrived at Crookhaven, but finding no intelligence there, immediately put to sea again to continue the search. A steamer arrived at Falmouth towing the steamer Rosina, bound from Cardiff for New Orleans, which had lost her propeller, but neither had seen the Celtic. The Arizona, of the Gulf Line, and the City of Richmond, of the Inman Line, arrived at Queenstown, and the officers were surprised to learn that the Celtic had not arrived, as they had encountered no unusual weather on the Atlantic. The agents of the State Line expressed the hope that the Ohio, which was due at Queenstown on Saturday, and had not arrived, had found the Celtic and was towing her in. The Ohio afterward arrived at Queenstown, but had no intelligence of the Celtic. The Germania and Co., Baltimore, also arrived, but had seen nothing of the Celtic, and hope had begun to waver when the Gellert arrived.

OUR HARBOR DEFENSES.

Condition of Our Navy Yards and of Our Coast and Harbor Defenses.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.--The report of the Commission on Navy Yards has been made public by the Secretary of the Navy. The Commission, consisting of Commodore Luce and Chief Engineer Loring of the Navy, and ex-Superintending Architect Mullett, were appointed under the act of August 5, 1883, by Secretary Chandler, to report to Congress upon the advisability of selling any of the navy yards, and upon the condition and advantages and disadvantages of the yards as naval stations, and their value for coast defense. The report opens with some preliminary observations about the uses of navy yards and the conditions of a good site for a navy yard. The United States, the Commission think, would, in anticipation of war, require five naval stations. Dividing the coast into Maritime Departments, the geographical characteristics would naturally place these naval rendezvous at Narragansett Bay, Chesapeake Bay, the Florida Keys, especially the Key West, and San Francisco Bay, and the lakes would contribute a fifth rendezvous. Large and wealthy cities, such as Boston, New

THE RATHBONE TRAGEDY.

FULL DETAILS OF THE SAD AFFAIR. A Mother Gives Up Her Life in Defense of Her Innocent Children--A Terrible Encounter--Explanatory Theories.

HANOVER, Dec. 31.--Though many details of the Rathbone tragedy are concealed from the public, enough is known to show that Mrs. Rathbone sacrificed herself for her children. She is described as untiring in her devotion to her husband and family. Early Monday morning Colonel Rathbone arose, taking a lamp in one hand and a revolver in the other and went to the nursery and demanded admittance. Mrs. Rathbone, missing him, followed calling to the nurse, "Lock the door there is going to be dreadful work." The nurse obeyed and Colonel Rathbone seeing his design thwarted seized his wife, dragged her to his room where the nurse heard a struggle and Mrs. Rathbone crying, "Henry, let me live." Three shots followed. Silence ensued and the door was burst open. Mrs. Rathbone was found on the bed with two pistol wounds in her breast and stabbed through the heart by a dagger. She died in five minutes. Colonel Rathbone, conscious, though having five dagger wounds, called piteously for his wife, and asked "Who could have done this?" Afterward he remembered what he had done, and said he had had no provocation. He evidently is quite irreplaceable, and laboring under the delusion that his children were about to be abducted. Rathbone's condition is good. He has had no fever so far.

THE SWINE QUESTION. Facts Telegraphed to the American Minister at Paris. WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.--Secretary Frelinghuysen has received a telegram from Minister Morton saying that it had been stated in the Chamber of Deputies that Dr. Detmar, who was charged by this Government to investigate the trichinosis question, advised in his official report that all the hogs in the districts where trichinosis had made its appearance should be destroyed. Mr. Morton requested full information on the subject. Secretary Frelinghuysen immediately caused an inquiry to be made at the Agricultural Department, in whose employ Dr. Detmar had been, and telegraphed Minister Morton that Dr. Detmar was quoted incorrectly as saying in 1878-'79 in a report on the swine plague, not trichinosis, that the disease was very prevalent in the West, as I hogs laboring under it were carelessly sent to market. He has since in the newspapers expressed erroneous views on the swine disease generally in the West. Mr. Curtis, a thorough expert, who is investigating trichinosis, reports to the Agricultural Department that there is very little disease of any kind. Dr. Detmar is mistaken. Great care is taken by breeders and packers to send healthy pork to market. The Commissioner of Agriculture entirely accepts Mr. Curtis' statement, and, at a meeting of the Swine Breeders Association, it was unanimously stated that no disease whatever had occurred among swine in Illinois, Michigan, Indiana, Wisconsin and Ohio.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Dec. 31.--A shooting affray occurred at Greendale Station, four miles from Lexington, between Stout Higgins and Thomas Haynes, both wealthy farmers of Fayette County. Haynes and Higgins met at the depot. As Haynes walked into the small office of the depot, Higgins, it is said, caught him by the collar and commenced to draw his pistol. Haynes fired from his overcoat pocket, the ball passing through Higgins' left lung. Higgins returned the fire, shooting Haynes through the body and ankle. Seven shots were fired, only three of them taking effect. Both parties are seriously wounded and will probably die. The difficulty grew out of a slander suit tried at the last term of the Fayette Circuit Court, in which Georgia Richardson sued James Haynes and Stout Higgins were witnesses in this case, and swore to a directly opposite state of facts. They had some words over the matter at the time, which, it is said, threats were made by both parties. Yesterday was the first time they had met since the trial. Both parties are well connected, and the affair is generally regretted.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE CONTESTS.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 31.--During the afternoon and evening efforts have been made without success to concentrate the opposition to Sheard. Roosevelt's friends proposed that he should receive a complimentary nomination, decline and throw his strength to Little John. The proposition was not entertained. This is the nearest approach thus far made toward crystallizing the opposition. It was claimed here that Sheard had lost two counties. Sheard's friends say that these members afterwards voluntarily came to his own room and avowed themselves openly favorable to him. The Erwin strength does not appear to fail, but, on the other hand, shows no marked increase. There is a marked increase in the Roosevelt canvass, which can only be explained on the ground that it comprises a vote which is placed temporarily with him to be used elsewhere when the proper time comes. No one seriously believes that Roosevelt can be elected. The Smyth local fight is apparent in a division of the Albany delegation. Andy Draper is moving about wearily. He has Forsyth and considers Zimmerman safe. Johnson's formal withdrawal follows Cunningham. Barker has been ill all day. An effort will be made to secure a ballot in the caucus. Little John's friends express a preference for that method, in which no doubt he would develop increased strength. Carpenter, of Westchester, is looming up as a candidate for Sergeant-at-Arms.

MORE GABBLE ABOUT O'DONNELL.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 31.--The Knights of Labor, in mass meeting, adopted resolutions denouncing the English Government for executing O'Donnell, and declaring the action of President Arthur in refusing to offer a protest was the work of an inferior mind toadying to the laboring aristocracy of England. The resolutions also declare that should the President be again a candidate for office the Knights assembled would use their organized power to defeat him.

Mangled by a Savage Dog.

READING, Pa., Dec. 31.--Jane Schlenke, aged six years, of Greenwich, this county, was attacked by a savage dog and mangled in a horrible manner. The flesh was torn from both cheeks, her forehead, and her throat. The wounds were sewed up but the physicians say that she probably cannot recover.

THE CELTIC ALL RIGHT.

PLYMOUTH, Dec. 31.--The steamer Gellert from New York, December 30th, for Hamburg, has arrived at Plymouth, England. Her officers report having spoken the White Star steamer Celtic, December 23d, proceeding under sail with her main shaft broken. All on board were well and the vessel was in no danger.

Sergeant Mason.

ZANESVILLE, O., Dec. 31.--Sergeant Mason has signed a contract with a Philadelphia management man to exhibit himself at that city for \$300 a week for a limited period. He left.

Mysterious Murder.

RICHMOND, Ky., Dec. 31.--Howard West, a colored boy, was found dead last evening about a mile from town, with a bullet-hole in the back of his head. There is yet no clue to the party who did the shooting.

PRESIDENT'S NEW YEAR.

Hours at Which the President Will Receive His Different Callers. WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.--The official programme of the President's New Year's reception show that the members of the Cabinet and Diplomatic Corps will be received at 11 A. M., the Supreme Court Judges at 11:15, the Judiciary Commissioners of the District of Columbia, ex-members of the Cabinet and Diplomatic Corps at 11:30, the Army and Navy officers at noon, the heads of bureaus, commissions, surveys, etc., at 12:30, the Association of Veterans and oldest inhabitants and the Grand Army of the Republic at 12:45 and the public reception of citizens continuing from 1 until 2 p. m. The President will be assisted at the reception by the wives of all of the Cabinet, and by M. C. Carlisle and the wives of Senator Logan, Jones (Nev.), Pendleton, Miller, Frye, Cullom and Healey, the wives of several Representatives and by Mrs. Waite, Mrs. Blaine, Mrs. John and Mrs. Robeson, Mrs. Beale, Mrs. McMichael and Mrs. Bottwell. The introduction will be made by Marshal McMichael and Colonel Rockwell.

The State Department is informed that the next session of the International Congress of Hygien will be held at The Hague, Netherlands, in August, 1884, and the delegates from any Government, State, or school will be recognized.

Mr. Bret Harte, United States consul at Glasgow, Scotland, reports to the State Department that although 1883 has been a successful year from a commercial standpoint, the outlook for 1884 is discouraging, and a decrease of trade is predicted.

ENGLISH LABORERS.

Arrival of a Mysterious Squad at Castle Garden. NEW YORK, Dec. 31.--There arrived at Castle Garden Sunday over twenty English laborers bound for the Pennsylvania coal regions. They all declare that they are going to work for a stipulated pay which is perfectly satisfactory to them. Many say that certain luxuries have been promised them. The men refuse to say on what terms they were secured in England, or whether they have signed any contract, either for money or of term of years. William Garrills, who seemed to be recognized by the men as a sort of head man, when asked, "Who are you?" said "That's nobody's business." One of the English emigrants, in a fit of confusion told the reporter that he expected a good home from a coal mining company, near Pittsburg, should be prove a good workman after a trial of two months. He refused to say who made him the promise, but admits they were made by a man who visited his house in Lancashire.

O'DONNELL'S EXECUTION.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.--English papers of December 31st, just to hand, have the following: "The hanging of O'Donnell was the subject of interest in the United States. In proof of this is the elaborate arrangements made by news agencies in America to obtain the earliest possible news of the execution. One of the smartest American news agencies, the United Press Association, by the employment of special signallers and laying private wire, was able to hand an account of the execution to the direct United States Cable Company a few seconds after the drop had actually fallen. The words were flashed to New York in less than one minute, and long before the ordinary newspapers in England had a telegram announcing that the execution had taken place, journals in the United States had before them the cablegram giving information of the fact. Owing to the difference of time between England and the United States, every morning paper published the information on the morning of the execution."

The Fitz-John Porter Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 31.--The House Military Committee has agreed to report the bill for the relief of Fitz-John Porter as it passed the Senate last year. There were two negative votes, with Messrs. Slocum, Morgan, Wolford and Laird absent. The chairman was also authorized to report a resolution calling upon the Secretary of War to furnish a report of all courts-martial resulting in the conviction of commissioned officers from 1867 to 1871, with any mitigation by executive clemency or restoration by act of Congress, with a like report for the year of 1877 to 1881, with a view to the ascertainment of the effect upon the general discipline of the army.

Baltimore Cereal Traffic.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 31.--A comparative statement of receipts of cereals at Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York has just been issued by the Corn and Flour Exchange in this city. Taking the aggregate of wheat and corn received at New York in 1883, and compared with 1882, there is shown a decrease of about 1,000,000 bushels, whilst a comparison of the same aggregate at Baltimore show an increase of about 8,000,000 bushels.

Buried Alive.

WAKEFIELD, Mass., Dec. 31.--At an early hour Monday morning while the night gang of Italian laborers was at work upon the tunnel for the Lynn Water Works, in North Saugus, the embankment caved in, burying nine of the men. They were dug out as soon as possible, most of them badly bruised, and one, the foreman, is probably fatally injured.

A Minister Assassinated.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 31.--An Indian Territory special to-day says that on Sunday, in the Cherokee Nation, forty miles west of Fort Smith, Samuel Andrews, a local minister, while on his way to fill a religious appointment, was shot and instantly killed by unknown parties. Cause, an old feud.

Irish Troubles.

DUBLIN, Dec. 31.--The Gazette announces that three Baronies in County Tyrone, including Dromine and Omagh, where Nationalists meetings are announced to be held, have been placed under the arms act.

Joco Gives Up the Ghost.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 31.--Joco, the orang which has figured so conspicuously in museums throughout the country, died Monday morning at the Dime Museum in this city.