THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME VII. MAYSVILLE, KY., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1887 NUMBER 29.

DYSPEPSIA

Is a dangerous as well as distressing complaint. If neglected, it tends, by impairing nutrition, and depressing the tone of the system, to prepare the way for Rapid Decline.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle. Trade Mark

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

—THE BEST TONIC

Quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia in all its forms, **Heartburn, Belching, Tasting the Food,** etc. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and aids the assimilation of food.

REV. J. T. ROSSITER, the honored pastor of the First Reformed Church, Baltimore, Md., says:

"Having used Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia and indigestion I take great pleasure in recommending it highly. Also consider it a splendid tonic and invigorator, and very strengthening."

HON. JOSEPH C. SUTE, Judge of Circuit Court, Clinton Co., Ind., says: "I bear most cheerful testimony to the efficacy of Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia, and as a tonic."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Tutt's Pills

FOR TORPID LIVER.

A torpid liver deranges the whole system, and produces

Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Sallow Skin and Piles.

There is no better remedy for these common diseases than Tutt's Liver Pills, as a trial will prove. Price, 25c.

Sold Everywhere.

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J. JAMES WOOD,

Druggist,

Respectfully invites attention to his complete line of Holiday Goods, comprising a large line of

Brush and Comb Sets,
Odor Cases and Perfumery, large variety,
Bisque Figures in novel designs,
Smoker Sets,
Traveling Cases,
Whisk Broom Holders,
Jewel Boxes, Work Boxes, Pocketbooks,
Companions, Mirrors,
Soaps, Toilet Powders, Shaving Sets,
Lamps, newest styles and various patterns.

I invite inspection and comparison of prices before purchasing elsewhere.

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Sanitary Plumber,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER

Curley's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of

Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe,

Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and Steam Gauges, Force and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Personal attention given to all work and satisfaction guaranteed. T. J. CURLEY, Second street, above Market, opposite Omnibus office, Maysville, Ky. d1y

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BAKER AND CONFECTIONER

Ice Cream and Soda Water a specialty. Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. No. 38 Second street.

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for Agents. Grandest Money Making Business ever offered. A golden harvest for the next two months. $75 per month and Expenses to active men to sell our goods. No capital required. No peddling. Sample case of goods and valuable information and full particulars FREE. No humbug; we mean just what we say. Address at once STANDARD SILVERWARE CO., Boston

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Office Second Street, over Runyon & Hocker's dry goods store. Nitrous-oxide Gas administered in all cases.

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Nitrous-oxide, or laughing gas used for the painless extraction of teeth. Office on Court Street. apl6dly

OUR MINERAL RESOURCES.

REPORT OF MAJOR POWELL, OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Last Year's Production the Greatest Ever Recorded, Especially in Iron and Steel. The President and Cabinet to Attend Mr. Manning's Funeral.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—The United States geographical survey, Maj. J. W. Powell, director, has just issued its fourth annual volume, entitled "Mineral Resources of the United States, 1886."

The report gives primarily the production and value of every prominent mineral substance mined in the United States during the calendar year 1886; and in addition a compact statement of prices, sources of supply and the technical matters which proved important during the year. It appears that the total value of the mineral products, taken as nearly as possible at the points of production, was more than $465,000,000, the largest mineral production yet recorded in any country.

In 1885 the value was about $429,000,000. Many substances shared in this increase, but particularly iron and steel, which alone showed an increase of $30,000,000.

In this connection, the report states: "The production of iron and steel in the United States in 1886 was much the largest that has taken place in any year in the history of the country. Not only was this result attained, but considering the various products as a whole, the increased production in that year over the preceding year was exceptionally and phenominally large. So great was our progress in 1886 that at the close of the year the United States was the first coun- in the world in the production of steel and of manufactured iron, and we had made a great stride in lessening the distance which separates us only from Great Britain in the production of pig iron. There was a moderate advance in prices of all kinds of iron and steel in 1886. The year was one of great prosperity for the American iron trade. It was not a year of excitement and inflation, but of steady and solid progress."

The distribution of the iron industry over the country is carefully treated, including a careful sketch of the southern developments. The historical story of this industry from 1619 to the close of 1886 is compactly told, and there is a table of the world's production of pig iron from 1800 to 1886, showing an increase from 825,000 tons in the former year, to the enormous total of 20,000,000 tons in 1886.

In 1885 bituminous coal was the most valuable mineral product, but in 1886 it was passed by pig iron, which had a higher total value than silver and gold combined. Wonderful progress is shown in the use of natural gas, the consumption being more than double that of 1885 and twenty times that of 1883. It is estimated that the value of the coal displaced by natural gas in 1886 was more than $9,800,000. This is slightly less than half the value of the petroleum.

The report has been under the charge of David T. Day. It is made especially valuable by the work of many prominent authorities on mineral statistics.

The special chapter on iron was prepared by Mr. James M. Swank, general manager of the American Iron and Steel association.

Mr. Geo. F. Kunz, of Tiffany & Company, gives an interesting statement of the production of American gems, including a diamond from North Carolina.

More than fifty industries are considered in the report, and they show that the year was generally prosperous in spite of unusual labor disturbances.

This report, for which there is usually a large annual demand, can be obtained by any one, by sending fifty cents, the cost of printing and binding, to the director of the geological survey in Washington.

Will Attend Manning's Funeral.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—President Cleveland will leave Washington to-night for Albany to attend Secretary Manning's funeral. Col. Lamont and all the members of the cabinet will accompany the president. They expect to return to Washington Tuesday night, reaching here early Wednesday morning.

The members of the New York State Democratic association here, many of whom were subordinates of the late Secretary Manning, and by whom Mr. Manning is most kindly and affectionately remembered, gathered at their rooms Sunday and determinined to pay an appropriate tribute of respect and love for their courageous leader and dear old friend. It will take the form of beautifully engrossed resolutions of tender sympathy to be presented to Mr Manning's family.

Mr. John H. Walsh, of Albany, president of the association, has named the following members of the association, who will be entrusted with this duty: Assistant Secretary Maynard, Fifth Auditor Eickhoff, Chief Clerk E. B. Youmans and T. D. Keleher, all of the treasury department; G. H. Benedict ond P. M. Furlong, of the government printing office; and John Trainor, of New York. These gentlemen will prepare the resolutions, and also represent the association by attending the funeral in Albany.

The Storey Property.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—The Times says: The first steps have been taken in the transfer of the estate of the late Wilbur F. Storey, including the Times, to the people who have purchased it. Mr. James J. West, one of the purchasers, was appointed receiver, as a part of the plan for the ultimate transfer to the Chicago Times company. Mrs. Eureka C. Storey on the one hand, and the heirs-at-law on the other, have conveyed all their interests to Mr. West. The object of making him receiver temporarily was to protect the creditors of the estate under the late receiver until the necessary legal steps could be completed. As soon as an inventory can be made the new owners will finally assume contral of the paper.

Sequel to a Ball Room Row.

WHEELING, W. Va., Dec. 27.—Tobe Kyne, a barkeeper, and Dave Foster, a well known sheet roller, differed at a ball Friday evening, and decided to settle it with bare knuckles. At 4 p. m. the men, accompanied by their seconds and twenty-five spectators, crossed the ice to the point of Wheeling island, where they fought two hot rounds. Kyne was knocked out.

DEATH OF MR. MANNING.

The Late Secretary of the Treasury Quietly Passes Away.

DANIEL MANNING.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 27.—Mr. Daniel J. Manning, the late secretary of the treasury, quietly and gently ceased to breathe at 1:30 Saturday afternoon in the presence of his family. Mr. Manning came to Albany on Tuesday evening December 13 to seek rest. The diagnosis of his case at the time he was stricken down at Washington showed that he was suffering from Bright's disease. This the physicians believed was brought on by close confinement in his private office in the treasury building, which was in a wretched sanitary condition. A large untrapped pipe connected directly with the sewer, allowing the free escape of sewer gas into the office. The first symptoms of the disease showed themselves soon after Mr. Manning began to use the quarters in the form of failure of strength, shortening of breath and bad headaches. After the partial paralysis which occurred in March, 1886, a thorough medical examination resulted in the discovery that he was suffering from chronic Bright's disease, complicated with hypertrophy and degeneration of the heart, and that the paralysis was probably due to a hemorrahage in the brain. There was no recurrence of the paralysis, and his mind remained perfectly clear, to the last.

What Mr. Manning was and the high distinction to which he reached he owed to himself. His boyhood was so hard and short that at nine years of age he was forced to earn a living as office boy in the Albany Argus, where he learned to set type, making his way into William Cassidy, the editor's, good graces. He was a steady, bright-faced, active lad, with a direct, simple way of saying things, that soon made him available as a reporter. In time Cassidy made him city editor and on Cassidy's death years afterwards he stepped into his place. Perhaps the rarest luck that ever befel Daniel Manning was the liking William Cassidy took to him. The editor of The Argus was not only a keen politician, an accomplished scholar, and a brilliaut writer, but he was one of the most highly bred men ever known in Albany society.

From his honest Irish parents young Manning got the rugged constitution and powerful frame that have been to him more than a fortune and a college diploma. But from William Cassidy he learned suave courtesy and easy dignity. It has often been said that no man could associate with Cassidy and not learn to behave like a gentleman. Mr. Manning has been president of a bank, a leader in the enterprise of Albany and the greatest single power in his community. He has great common sense and business sagacity, qualities that made his paper a power, and turned the opportunities it threw in his way into the roads to an honest and handsome fortune.

ROBBERS FOILED

Attempt to Rob a Train Frustrated by the Nerve of the Express Messenger.

ATOKA, I. T., Dec. 27.—A bold attempt at train robbery occurred near this place at a late hour last night. As the south-bound Missouri, Kansas & Texas passenger train was about to leave two men boarded the engine and compelled the engineer to run to a bridge a short distance from the station. Upon arriving the train was stopped. At this point five more men joined the two robbers who had first got on the train. All were armed with Winchesters and revolvers.

The express messenger, John Grimshaw, saw them coming and he locked the door, who happened to be in the car at the time, barricaded the doors and awaited developments. The robbers, thus baffled at the outset, forced the engineer to get chisels and other tools and attempted to break open the doors. All assaults on it were vain, however, and the robbers fired several shots through the car, and then went to the mail car, which was also bolted. They contented themselves with firing through it several times, and then went back to the Pullman and gave it a similar salute without attempting to get in. They finally returned to the express car, where Grimshaw and the baggagemaster still held the fort, and threatened to set it on fire. This failed to frighten the sturdy messenger, and after having detained the train thirty minutes, without getting a cent, the robbers rather sheepishly rode away. No one was hurt. Great credit is given Grimshaw for his coolness.

Two Cents On the Dollar.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 27.—The creditors of William Dresbach and John Rosenfeld, leaders of the "bull" ring in wheat which collapsed a few months ago, to-day agreed to accept the terms of settlement proposed by the committee of the call board. The committee report Dresbach's resources as $219,000 and Rosenfeld's as $159,000, making a total of $378,000. Of this amount the call board creditors received, as per agreement, $182,000, leaving a balance of $196,000 to satisfy all claims. The claims against Dresbach amount to $7,200,000 and against Rosenfeld $2,000,000. By the settlement, as now effected, the creditors will receive a trifle over 2 per cent. of their claims.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 27.—In the county court Judge Bailey gave a boy apprentice at a glass factory one week in which to return to work or suffer sentence. The boy's defence was that he thought he was discharged because he had joined a labor union which had entered upon a strike. Judge Bailey decides that apprentices cannot join a union.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

THE SULTAN ALARMED AT THE ACTIVE WAR PREPARATIONS.

He is Casting About to See if he Can't Raise Some Troops—Russian Demand for Indemnity Arrears Has Something to Do With it—Other Foreign News.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—A dispatch from Constantinople to the Daily News says: "The government is alarmed at its neighbor's war preparations and the sultan is inquiring as to the advisability of calling out 50,000 men for Erzeroum and Bulgaria. It is stated that M. Nelidoff, the Russian ambassador to Turkey, has informed the porte that unless the indemnity arrears, ammounting to £750,000, be paid Russia will be obliged to take pledges in Asia Minor for the protection of her interests.

"The government is hampered for money. A body of marines, whose time had expired, recently tried to force their way into the imperial palace to demand of the sultan their arrears of pay. They were all arrested and imprisoned, and afterward they were paid a small sum each and sent away from the capital to prevent their complaints from reaching the ears of the sultan."

But This Sounds Reassuring.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—The Times correspondent at St. Petersburg says: "Gen. Von Schweinitz, the German ambassador, brought most peaceful and cancilatory assurances from Prince Bismark. Austria, it is declared, will stop sending reinforcements to Galicia. It is hoped Russia will follow Austria's example."

Building Barracks.

VIENNA, Dec. 27.—Classes for the study of the Russian language will be opened in several divisions of the Austrian army in January.

Several contractors conferred with the military officials to-day regarding the building of barracks and the provisioning of the troops in Galicia.

May be a Little Straw.

ODESSA, Dec. 27.—Twelve thousand conscripts of the autumn draft are assembling here for transportation to the Caucases. This is regarded as a pacific sign, as, if there was any probability of an outbreak of war they would be sent to the interior to replace regulars drafted for the frontier.

Anglo-German Negotiations.

BERLIN, Dec. 27.—Count Von Hatzfeldt, the German ambassador to London, will arrive at Friedrichsruhe to-morrow to confer with Prince Bismarck. His visit is the outcome of his interview with Lord Salisbury on Friday.

FOUND DEAD.

Morey Hale Bartow, a Scientist Recluse, Dies Alone in His Room.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—Morey Hale Bartow, a descendant of Nathan Hale, the Revolutionary patriot executed as a spy by the British, was found dead this morning in his room, at 47 Lafayette Place, where had dwelt as a recluse for many years. He made a living by canvassing for religious publications, but spent most of his time in study, and those with whom he had business relations, including Dr. Prime, of the Observer, and others, knew nothing of his private history.

He was a member of the Geographical, Historical, Genealogical and Huguenot societies, and was at one time secretary of the Society for Advancement of Sciences and Arts. He had made valuable researches as to the circumstances of the death of Nathan Hale.

The janitor and janitress of the house where he lived looked out for the old man's comfort as much as he would allow. They were surprised last night when he departed from his usual reticence and for the first time spoke of his relatives. He said that he had at last succeeded in making provision for the comfort of his mother, who was eighty-three years old, and his three sisters, who lived with her. He seemed very happy over this, and soon afterward he went out to supper.

An hour later he came in, staggering from weakness. The janitress ran to assist him. "I'm dying," said the old man. He was helped to his bed and given some brandy, which seemed to help him. This morning the janitress went early to the room and found him dead.

Dr. Prime and Rev. C. A. Stoddard were summond. They searched the room, which was filled with books, but could find no clew to Bartow's history, except a letter signed "mother," postmarked "Logansport, Ind." They sent a telegram to that place announcing his death.

Controlling Interest in "Judge" Sold.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—It was rumored on Park Row that Mr. W. J. Arkell had purchased from the Hart estate sixty out of the one hundred shares of the Judge Publishing company stock for $100,000. A reporter called at the Judge office, in the Potter building, and found that Mr. Arkell had left last night for Canajoharie. Mr. Merrill, his private secretary, said the report was true; that Mr. Arkell had purchased the stock, and that Mr. Arkell can, if he wishes, put his name to the paper as editor and proprietor.

Plymouth Pastorate.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—Much surprise was expressed at Plymouth church Sunday at the non-arrival of the letter of the Rev. Dr. Charles Albert Berry, of Wolverhampton, England, in reply to the call sent him by the church a month ago. A report was published in a weely payer that Plymouth church proposed to call the Rev. Thomas K. Beecher, of Elmira, a half brother of Henry Ward Beecher, to its vacant pulpit. The leading members of the church profess ignorance of such intent.

Distress in Kansas Exaggerated.

WICHITA, Dec. 27.—The first reports of the suffering in the western and northwestern counties of Kansas from the coal famine and the lack of the necessities of life seem to have been greatly exaggerated, and from all that can be learned at this place there is no general distress. Whatever deaths have occurred from exposure were the results of individuals having been caught on the prairies by the late blizzard.

UNITED LABOR PARTY.

It is Almost Certain to Put a National Ticket in the Field in 1888.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The Tribune says: It appears now almost certain that the views of Henry George, Dr. McGlynn and a few of the other prominent leaders of the United Labor party will prevail, and that a National convention will be called before those of the two great parties. Many of the leaders are in favor of holding the convention in Chicago, but the majority seem to think that New York would prove a more desirable place since this city is the party's great stronghold. This question will be settled in a few days.

There is little doubt that the ticket will be headed by Henry George, and that Judge James G. Maguire, of San Francisco, will be the candidate for vice-president. Judge Maguire, it will be remembered, assisted the labor party materially in the state campaign last fall. He is judge of the superior court, of San Francisco, and is known as a self-made man. His parents were poor Irish emigrants. He learned the blacksmith trade, studying law at night, and during his leisure moments. In 1870 he was elected to the California legislature on the Democratic ticket and made a good record as an anti-monopolist. His subsequent election to the judicial bench met with general approval owing to his acknowledged ability and honesty. About a year ago he formally withdrew from the Democratic ranks and joined the party of Mr. George.

DEATH'S MYSTERY.

A Buffalo Woman Found Dead in Her Own Dooryard.

BUFFALO, Dec. 27.—About 1:30 o'clock yesterday morning Coroner Kenney was notified of the death of Mrs. Patrick Brennan at 696 South Division street. Arriving at the house he found the body of the woman lying on the floor in the sitting room with an ugly wound upon the top of her head and a gash over her right eye. The story of the tragedy as told by young Jack Brennan, the nineteen-year-old son of the deceased woman is that he came home about 12 o'clock in the morning and saw his mother lying on the walk beside the door. Supposing her to be drunk he paid no attention to her but went in and sat in the corner in a chair. His father lay on the sofa behind the stove drunk. Jack woke him up and told him that his mother was "lying out there in the yard drunk." The father went out and dragged his wife in and left her laying on the floor. She was alive then and breathing heavily. After some angry words, Brennan and his son made up and the latter went over to his mother and found the body cold.

"Why, she's dead!" said he.

"For God's sake, don't say that, Jack," exclaimed Brennan. Both father and son protest that they do not know who struck the fatal blow, and the affair is shrounded in mystery. Brennan, the elder, is about forty-five years old, and is a section foreman on the New York Central railroad.

Alleged Crooked Montreal Officers.

MONTREAL, Dec. 27.—The evidence so far taken in the detectives' case here has been against the prisoners. Several witnesses, including the baggageman, telegraph operator and newsman, swore they saw the prisoners at the depot on the day of the robbery of the Grand Trunk safe. Detective Wilson, the principal witness in the case, will probably be examined early next week. The prisoners have declined hitherto to make any statement of their side of the case, but Detective Fahey broke the silence to-day by saying to a reporter: "As far as I am concerned, I am as innocent as the child unborn. Of course, the conspiracy is deep, well-laid and finely worked and, so far, all one-sided in the public eyes, but though things look bad for us now, it will all come out in time, and we will change the tone of the affair."

Beheaded By the Cars.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 27.—A distressing accident occurred yesterday evening at the railroad crossing on Eighteenth street, South Side, this city. A workman named James Salomon quarreled with his wife and left the house in anger. His wife followed him, carrying her child in her arms, and their little son ran after, calling to his father to return. Just on the railroad crossing Salomon paused, looked back, was knocked down by a passing train, and his head was cut entirely off by the car wheels, the tragedy occurring in full view of the man's wife. The poor woman, nearly crazed with grief and horror, picked up the severed head, kissing it wildly and imploring forgiveness for quarreling. She was taken home by neighbors.

Killed by a Falling Tree.

MERRILL, Wis., Dec. 27.—George Bessey, living ten miles east of here, in Pine river, was killed in the pine woods yesterday. He was engaged in felling trees, when a projecting limb struck his head, crushing his skull. He dragged himself to his home, one-half distance, on his hands and knees through fifteen inches of snow, but expired while being carried into the house. He was about thirty years old and married.

Robests Gets Two Years.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 27.—The jury in Charles Robert's case, for burglary, after twenty-two hours of deliberation, returned a verdict, giving defendant two years in the penitentiary. This is the third trial, on two former trials jury giving him seven years. He was taken to prison. The jury stood four for acquittal and eight for conviction until a compromise was reached.

Conditional Pardon.

PRESCOTT, A. T., Dec. 27.—Governor Zullick has granted a pardon to Barney Riggs, who is serving a life sentence in the Territorial prison at Yuma, on condition of his leaving the territory. Riggs is the prisoner who assisted in keeping down the insurrection of convicts some time ago and saving the life of superintendent Gates.

Death of a Manager.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Dec. 27.—Word has been received here of the death, in the Inebriate Home, New York, of Dr. L. Richards Fairchild, who owns a handsome residence near here. He was a prominent sporting and theatrical manager, and was estimated to be worth over $500,000.

No Chance of Recovery.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 27.—J. R. Banks, victim of John J. Littlejohn, was resting easier earlier this morning. His physician says there is no chance for his recovery.