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A VOICE From the Executive Mansion.

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Result of the Elections.

Returns From the Different States Nearly All In.

OHIO HAS GONE DEMOCRATIC.

Campbell Elected Governor by Over Ten Thousand Plurality—The Democrats Secure the Legislature by a Majority of Eight on Joint Ballot—Other States Heard From.



GOVERNOR J. E. CAMPBELL.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 7.—The Democrats of Ohio now realize that they won a bigger victory Tuesday than they thought they had.

"You may say," said he, "that this committee has positive knowledge that nineteen Democrats have been elected to the state senate and seventeen Republicans, while sixty Democrats have been elected to the house and fifty-four Republicans, so that we have a majority in the general assembly of 8 on joint ballot, giving us the United States senator."

Governor Foraker declined to say anything concerning his defeat. He was seen by the United Press reporter immediately after he had sent a telegram of congratulation to Mr. Campbell, and seemed very happy in his defeat, although declining to talk about it.

Chairman Conger, of the Republican executive committee, said he was astonished at the result, and had nothing to say in explanation. It was a surprise to him.

Supreme Court Clerk Hester thinks he is saved from the wreck, as he ran ahead of his ticket in Hamilton county. It now seems certain that Campbell's plurality will run over 8,000, and may reach 12,000.

Col. Conger conceded Campbell's election at about noon. It was a struggle for him to do so, for all night long there had been anxious figuring on the pitiless returns, and with almost pathetic clinging to the last shred of hope.

As soon as the chairman of the Republican state committee had conceded Campbell's election Governor Foraker sent the following telegram to his successor-elect:

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 9. Hon. James E. Campbell, Hamilton, O.: To the full extent that a defeated candidate can do with propriety, allow me to offer my congratulations, and assure you it will give me pleasure to extend recovery courtesy I can show you in connection with your inauguration and the commencement of your administration. J. B. FORAKER.

Mr. Campbell wired the following polite reply from Hamilton:

Hon. J. B. Foraker, Governor of Ohio: Permit me to thank you most heartily for cordial telegram just received. I accept with high appreciation your tender of courtesies upon this occasion, referred to.

JAMES E. CAMPBELL. Campbell's plurality in Hamilton county is 7,648. Schneider and Dunn are the only successful Republican candidates.

Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—Returns from every town in the state except Gosport, which has about twenty voters, give Brackett, Republican, 126,793; Russell, Democrat, 120,313; Blackmer, Prohibitionist, 12,054. Brackett's plurality, 5,979. In 1887, the last off year, Ames, Republican, had 17,000 plurality. In 1888 he had 28,000 plurality.

The state senate will be composed of 29 Republicans and 11 Democrats, as compared with 32 Republicans and 8 Democrats in 1889. There are 162 Republicans and 78 Democrats returned to the lower house, a Republican loss of

eighteen from last year. In some senatorial and representative districts the vote was very close and recounts will be asked.

Nebraska.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 7.—Returns from this state are still very incomplete, but there is no doubt whatever that the Republicans have elected Laws to congress in the Second district by from 3,000 to 3,000 majority, and that the Republican candidate for supreme judge and the regents of the university have from 20,000 to 25,000. Douglas county has elected the entire Democratic ticket with the exception of one commissioner.

Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 7.—Out of one hundred counties in this state, seventy-nine have been heard from. Out of fourteen cities, returns have been received from nine. Every city and county show a gain for McKinney over the vote of 1888. Thus far the Democrats have elected 70 members to the house of delegates, and 29 to the senate. The composition of the last legislature was: House, 63 Democrats, 37 Republicans; senate, 26 Democrats, 14 Republicans. The latest estimate of the vote of the state gives McKinney 30,000 majority.

New Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 7.—Returns from about twenty districts are still incomplete. The complete figures will probably raise Abbott's majority to over 12,000. Ex-Assemblyman Book with telegraphs the state Democratic committee that Gardner, Republican, is re-elected to the senate in Atlantic City by 235 majority. This gives the Republicans control of the senate by 11 to 10. The house is—38 Democrats, 22 Republicans.

The total vote for the Prohibition ticket was not over 10,000, a reduction of about 50 per cent from that of last year.

New York.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 7.—Returns from the various counties in the state aggregating as follows: Democrats 88,582; Republicans 64,931. Democratic plurality 23,651.

The state legislature will stand about as follows, there being one or two districts still in doubt: Senate—Republicans, 19; Democrats, 13. Assembly—Republicans, 67; Democrats, 61. In the present legislature the Republicans have a majority of 39 in the senate and 10 in the assembly.

Iowa.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Nov. 7.—Complete returns from ninety-five counties and the remaining four estimated the same as two years ago, shows that Boies, Democrat, has 5,995 plurality. The official returns will undoubtedly increase this majority to about 7,000. The entire state ticket, lieutenant governor, justice of the supreme court, superintendent of public instruction and railway commissioner is elected. Republicans claim the legislature by 8 majority in joint ballot, but Democrats do not concede more than 3.

Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—Reports of elections from all the counties do not materially alter the estimated figures already announced. Boyer's plurality for state treasurer, according to the latest computation, is 62,351.

All The States Summed Up.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The New York Sun thus sums up the result of the election: In almost every state and city where votes were cast Tuesday substantial Democratic gains resulted. New York state, which last year gave Harrison a plurality of nearly 15,000 over Cleveland, elects this year a Democratic secretary of state by a majority of about 25,000, and diminishes the Republican majority in the legislature. In New York city the Democratic majority is larger than it has been for several years.

New Jersey has elected Leon Abbott by one of the largest majorities it has given in a long time. The Democrats retain the assembly, having made a slight gain there, but they have lost the senate. The prohibition vote, of which considerable sums to have been expected in some quarters, was insignificant.

In Pennsylvania the election of Boyer, Republican, for secretary of state, was a foregone conclusion.

In Maryland Democratic gains are reported throughout the state. The legislature is Democratic by a good margin, insuring the election of a United States senator to succeed Senator Wilson.

In Virginia McKinney, Democrat, for governor, has been elected by a majority of at least 30,000. The Democrats have elected both branches of the legislature, and will have two-thirds on joint ballot.

The Democrats made important gains all over Ohio. The prohibition vote was larger than usual, which was from the Republican party. The Labor party polled a large vote which was a gain to the Republicans. The state is very close. Campbell, Democrat, for governor, ran ahead of his ticket.

In Iowa, the Republicans lose heavily compared with the vote of 1887. The latest returns indicate that Boies, Democrat, for governor, may be elected, but the results are close.

The Democratic ticket was the only one in the field in Mississippi, and it therefore had a walk-over. The returns from Nebraska indicate the usual Republican success by a majority of 15,000 to 20,000.

THE PRESIDENT'S VIEWS.

He Does Not Think the Election Result Admits His Administration.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—An evening paper publishes the following statement which it is understood is authorized: "The president does not regard the defeat of the Republican party in Virginia, Ohio and Iowa as involving the administration. While he is of

course sorry that the result is as it is, he is not surprised. The result in Iowa he attributes to the temperance issue and to the unpopularity of one of the candidates with the farmers. He does not take the responsibility for Mahone's candidacy in Virginia, but holds that whatever assistance and support he gave Mahone was not more than he would have given any nominee of the party. Mahone was in no sense personally his candidate.

He attributes the result in Ohio to the opposition of the voters on general principles to the election of any man to an office for a third term. He regards it a protest against a third term for Foraker and against the idea in general of a third term. He does not feel that the voters were passing a verdict upon the National administration.

Rejoicing in Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 7.—The city was illuminated with bonfires last night and fireworks were plentiful, in honor of the Democratic gains and victories. The shouting was chiefly for Campbell, as there was great interest taken in the Ohio election.

Election Judge Arrested.

PETERSBURG, Va., Nov. 7.—E. A. Goodwyn, Jr., a Democratic judge, of election for the Second ward precinct was arrested yesterday on a warrant sworn out by J. M. Birkson, a Republican judge of election for the same precinct, charging him with stuffing the ballot box. Goodwyn was brought before the mayor, but at the request of F. R. Lassiter, counsel for Goodwyn, a continuance was had.

MAHONE AT HOME.

Further Particulars of the Shooting of Herbert F. Harrison.

PETERSBURG, Va., Nov. 7.—The excitement growing out of the shooting of Harrison has very much subsided. Gen. Mahone spent the day quietly at home with his son and private secretary, examining and tabulating election returns. Many friends called to express regret at his defeat and at the unhappy circumstances attending the close of the day's proceedings. Harrison, the wounded man, is resting comfortably. No anxiety exists as to his condition. Gen. Mahone's neighbors are all Democrats, and though they exchange no civilities with him still they made no outward sign of the joy they feel at his defeat. That quarter of the city was devoid of illuminations and was remarkably tranquil throughout the day.

Romans, who swore out the warrant charging Mahone with shooting Harrison, said: "It was a harmless jubilation of young gentlemen. There were no roughs present nor any drunken men. The order was given that no fireworks were to be thrown into the general's yard or against his house. This order I have every reason to believe was obeyed, but notwithstanding the fact that we were out in the street we were fired on from Gen. Mahone's yard. I saw the three flashes and heard the three reports, and it was not until we had been fired on that I rushed up to the fence and used the language toward the general that I did. I still think Gen. Mahone shot Harrison. The wound was made by a rifle ball, and the general stood in his yard, with a rifle in his hand.

Gen. Mahone still adheres to his statement made before the mayor. In his hearing before the mayor Gen. Mahone stated that his shotgun was not loaded. He tried to load it when the crowd appeared, but the cartridges were too big for the barrel.

R. C. Campbell testified that he was by Gen. Mahone's side from the moment he faced the crowd until he reached the mayor's office, and that the general did not fire a shot.

MASSACRE OF GERMANS.

Fate of Dr. Peters and His African Colonization Party.

ZANZIBAR, Nov. 7.—Information has reached Zanzibar of the massacre of Dr. Peters, organizer of the German-African Colonization society, and the moving spirit of the Vita company and the entire expedition. The party was massacred near Korkoro, on the Tana river. One European, supposed to be Capt. Rust, and one Somali escaped.

The party is supposed to have been killed by Somalis or Gallas, though the Masai are also credited with the butchery. It is unlikely the Masai had a hand in the massacre, as their country is further west. Korkoro is 150 miles from the coast, following the course of the Tana river.

The latter forms the eastern boundary of the British East African company. Dr. Peters, in following the course of the Tana, established German stations on the east bank, to the great disgust of the English, who usually headed him off and followed his example.

Though his ostensible object was to relieve East Africa, he had no opportunity of advancing German interests, and thus gained the enmity of the British East African company and its allies. Korkoro is part of the country beyond British influence, and inhabited by Gallas and Somalis, both warlike tribes.

Dr. Peters knew he was in peril. Berlin, Nov. 7.—The Berlin relief committee states that at last reports Dr. Peters was in the district of Matokio on Sept. 12, with Lieut. Tiedemann and only twenty-five Somalis. He was fully conscious of the dangers threatening him. It is not unlikely that the Somalis joined the Masai.

The National Zeitung says: "Dr. Peters fell honorably as a soldier. He was a victim of his own convictions. Should the German colony develop as hoped, he will always be gratefully remembered as the founder."

The Tagblatt reproaches those who allowed the expedition to proceed while lacking necessary means and in spite of warnings.

An Old Explorer's Views.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—When the dispatch from Zanzibar regarding the

assassination by Somalis of Dr. Peters, and almost his entire party was shown to E. J. Glave, who has been connected with several exploring expeditions in Africa, and is now in this country with Herbert Ward, he said there was little reason to doubt the truth of the report, as the Somalis were exceedingly treacherous.

In addition, the Germans had experienced great difficulty in getting along with the natives of Africa, on account of the strict and overbearing way in which they treated those with whom they came in contact. He said the Somalis had put to death several other explorers who had been in their country.

In speaking of the object of Dr. Peters' expedition, Mr. Glave asserted that, although it was undertaken with the avowed intention of bearing relief to Emin, the real intention was to close in on the north and in the rear the British East Africa company in opposition to the understanding of July, 1887, between the English and German governments. Otherwise it would be remarkably strange that Dr. Peters should have selected a route through the wild and unopened country to the north of the British company's territory to relieve Emin, who really needed no assistance at that time, as Stanley's expedition had reached him, when the traveling would have been greatly facilitated if he had chosen to pass through the German possessions on the south, which were traversed by caravan roads. It was probable, he said, that although Dr. Peters' expedition was not recognized as representing the German government, it received indirect support from the German authorities.

Part of the Expedition Safe.

BERLIN, Nov. 7.—Dispatches from the Emin Relief committee confirm the report of the massacre of Dr. Peters and his party. The European who escaped was Lieut. Tiedemann, a companion of Dr. Peters, who was wounded. Brocher's column did not join Dr. Peters' party.

ARRESTED FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.

A Former Cashier of the Toledo National Bank in Trouble.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 7.—Citizens of Toledo were astounded yesterday to learn of the arrest of E. H. Van Hoesen, formerly cashier of the Toledo National bank, who is charged with embezzling \$58,000 from that institution while acting in the above-named capacity. He was arrested Monday, but the matter was kept secret until he was brought before United States Commissioner Hall yesterday.

J. M. McKee, formerly teller in the same bank, was arrested Tuesday night in Chicago charged with complicity in the crime, and was brought back here, he waiving requisition papers. Bail was fixed at \$70,000 in each case and the hearing continued until Saturday next. The crookedness of Mr. Van Hoesen and his accomplice was discovered about a year ago by Bank Examiner Sullivan, who notified the stockholders that the matter must be fixed up at once, else he would arrest the embezzler. The bank officials were amazed, and at first refused to believe the examiner's story, but were convinced of the facts.

Mr. Van Hoesen begged to be shielded from exposure, and after a couple of days of consultation several of the stockholders made good the deficiency. Mr. Van Hoesen was at once dismissed, Mr. H. S. Young becoming his successor. The matter remained in this state ever since, until within the past few days, when it was determined that the embezzling cashier and teller should be prosecuted. Both parties have been prominent in church society circles and their arrest has caused a sensation.

Steamers Race Across the Ocean.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The steamers Teutonic and City of New York arrived yesterday from Liverpool. The two steamers passed Sandy Hook light at precisely the same time, having raced side by side for some distance. They left Liverpool together, but the Teutonic was delayed twenty-five minutes longer at Queenstown than the City of New York, and she therefore won the race by twenty-five minutes. The time of the trip was six days, six hours and fifty minutes.

Flour Works Burned.

DUNBAR, Ia., Nov. 7.—The Norwegian Flour company's works in this city, the largest establishment of the kind in this state, was destroyed by fire yesterday. The fire caught in the paint shop just as the men were quitting work. The loss is estimated at \$40,000 and is fully covered by insurance, mostly in mutual companies outside the city. The firm employed 125 hands. It will be rebuilt.

Once Wealthy but Died a Pauper.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Robert Nicksa, a well known prestidigitator, once wealthy, died in this city of consumption Monday night. He was without money, and his body will be taken to the Potter's field unless money is sent here to provide for a burial. He has a brother named Alfred Nicksa, who is supposed to be living in Philadelphia.

Six Hundred Feet to Death.

WILKESBORO, Pa., Nov. 7.—Byron Jones, a mine driver, aged 24 years, who had been dependent for some time because of illness and family troubles, jumped into Waddell's shaft during last night, and was killed. He fell 600 feet and the body is terribly mangled. He leaves a wife and child.

Mary Anderson's Death.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 7.—The Grand General Johnson at London in a private letter received here Tuesday states that he recently called on Mary Anderson, who in a long talk said that she had never been in better health and spirits, and Mr. Johnson adds the looks of