THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME IX. MAYSVILLE, KY., TUESDAY, MAY 6, 1890. NUMBER 140.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

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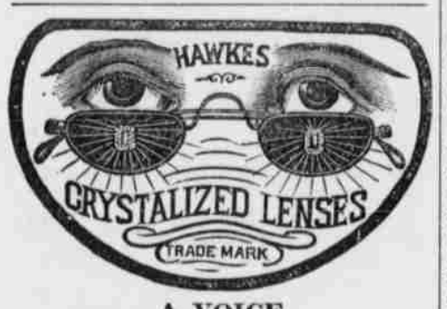

A VOICE

From the Executive Mansion.

MR. A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: The pantiscopic glasses you furnished me some time since give excellent satisfaction. I have tested them by use, and must say they are unequaled in clearness and brilliancy by any that I have ever worn. Respectfully,
JOHN B. GORDON,
Governor of Georgia.

All eyes fitted and fit guaranteed at the Drug Store of POWER & REYNOLDS, Maysville, Ky. s30-ly-1p

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

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And at this time of the year I am prepared to fill all orders for Farming or Plow Harness. Large stock of

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of the best quality. If you need anything in this line it will pay you to come and see me, as my prices shall be the lowest. Thanking you for your past kind patronage, I am respectfully,

GEO. SCHROEDER.

P. S.—I am special agent for a few horse remedies which are guaranteed to cure every case they specify. Invaluable to horse owners. For further information call on or address me for circulars.

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The House and Senate.

Proceedings of Both Branches of Congress.

VERY LITTLE ACCOMPLISHED.

The House Passes Several Bills Under the Suspension of the Rules, While the Senate Does Nothing Outside of Adopting Resolutions on the Death of Senator Beck.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—In his prayer yesterday in the house, Dr. Milburn, the blind chaplain, eloquently and feelingly alluded to the sudden death of Senator Beck. He spoke of the dead senator as a man large in understanding, schooled by work, ripe in experience, dauntless in courage, kindly by nature and habit, whose patriotism was unsullied, his integrity and honor above suspicion. The dedication of whose days and nights, powers of mind and body to the common weal were absolute.

On motion of Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, the senate amendments to the customs administrative bill were non-concurred in and a conference ordered. Messrs. McKinley, Burrows and Carlisle were appointed conferees.

The rules were suspended and the following bills were passed: For the sale of a portion of the navy yard and naval hospital lands in Brooklyn to the city of Brooklyn for market purposes; senate bill to establish two additional land offices in the state of Washington; senate bill authorizing the Arkansas Pass Harbor company to improve Arkansas Pass, and a bill for the removal of the United States court house at Baltimore, Md.

The house agreed to the conference report on the Oklahoma town site.

The formal message having been received from the senate announcing the death of Senator Beck, and inviting the house to be present at the funeral services Tuesday, Mr. Breckinridge offered a resolution, accepting the invitation and requesting the speaker to appoint a committee to act with the senate committee at the funeral.

"I will not," said Mr. Breckinridge, "detain the house except with the announcement of the death of my predecessor and friend. It is a personal sorrow much more than a public sorrow to many of us—more especially, probably, to me, who had been his friend since I was a lad of ten years of age, connected with him by every possibly tie which can connect two men, except blood and relationship. It was in this house he won his first National reputation—a reputation based on the loftiest qualities of a true manhood. His life was one of the most romantic in American politics.

"That a poor Scotch boy should come to the Blue Grass country, should rise to the head of the most brilliant bar west of the Allegheny mountains, should be elected four consecutive times to fill the seat once filled by Henry Clay, should be translated to the senate and receive three consecutive elections, almost without opposition, and should die with the love, confidence and esteem of his entire state; that during sixty-eight years of his manly life no one ever found a flaw in his stainless integrity, in his lofty courage, in his pure, tender, personal friendship and affections, in the noble generosity shown to both friend and enemy, attest that the love Kentucky gave him was deserved; that the confidence she reposed in him was wisely given and was proof that the grief that some of us feel is a natural grief."

The speaker has appointed Messrs. Breckinridge, of Kentucky; Holman, Blount, Bland, Hatch, Wilson, of Kentucky; Banks, Dunnel and Butterworth, a committee to act with the senate committee at the funeral of Senator Beck, and the house then adjourned.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—In the senate as soon as the journal of Saturday was read Mr. Blackburn rose, and in a voice tremulous with emotion, said:

"Mr. President, my colleague is dead. It is not my purpose at this time to speak either of him or of the great services which he has rendered to his country. In the freshness of the sorrow the love which I bore him would blind with its tears. The drapery of his desk furnishes a fitting type of the sorrow which pervades every heart in this chamber. A great commonwealth, with bowed head, to-day puts on the weeds of mourning. At an appropriate time, and in the early future, I will ask the senate to afford to his friends an opportunity to pay their tribute to his memory. I will now ask the senate to consider the resolutions which I send to the clerk's desk.

RESOLVED, That the senate has heard with great sorrow of the death of the Hon. James B. Beck, late a senator from the state of Kentucky.

RESOLVED, That a committee of seven senators be appointed by the president pro tem. to take order for superintending the funeral of Mr. Beck, which will take place to-morrow (Tuesday) in the senate chamber at 1 o'clock p. m., and that the senate will attend the same.

RESOLVED, As a further mark of the respect entertained by the senate for his memory, that his remains be removed from Washington to Kentucky in charge of the sergant-at-arms and attended by the committee, which shall have full power to carry this resolution into effect.

RESOLVED, That the secretary communicate the proceedings to the house of representatives and invite the house of representatives to attend the funeral to-morrow, Tuesday, at 7 o'clock, and to appoint a like committee.

RESOLVED, That invitations be extended to the president of the United States and the members of his cabinet, the chief justice, the associate justices of the supreme court and the diplomatic corps to attend the funeral in the senate chamber.

RESOLVED, As a further mark of respect, that the senate do now adjourn.

The resolutions were adopted unanimously and the following senators were appointed as the committee to superintend the funeral: Messrs. Blackburn, Harris, Vance, Kenna, Dawes, Evarts and Manderson.

OVATION TO STANLEY.

It is Participated in By the Royal Family of England.

LONDON, May 6.—The Geographical society's reception to Henry M. Stanley was held at Albert hall yesterday evening, and was attended by the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke of Edinburgh, the Duke of Cambridge, the Duke and Duchess of Teck, Prince and Princess Von Hohenlohe, the Duke of Fife, the Duke of Argyll, the Count of Paris, and a brilliant assembling of the leaders of all classes of people.

The princes of the royal family headed a triumphal procession which conducted Stanley and his colleagues into the hall. The assemblage, which completely packed the building, rose en masse to applaud.

The president of the Geographical society, in an appropriate speech, presented medals to Stanley. The explorer, on rising to reply, was greeted with an outburst of cheering.

In returning his thanks he said he hoped that the warm personal welcome he had received would be extended to the little that he could tell them. He then proceeded to narrate his adventures, assisted by a huge chart.

The Prince of Wales moved a vote of thanks to Mr. Stanley, and the Duke of Edinburgh seconded the motion. The medal presented to Stanley is of gold, and bears his effigy. Copies of the medal in bronze were presented to his colleagues, including Mr. Bonney, by the Prince of Wales.

In the course of his peech, Mr. Stanley said that carpers had asked what was the utility of the expedition. To this he replied that the gain to humanity was great. The expedition had opened up a new, rich and productive region, and would enable them to teach millions of degraded human beings in the forest that in the vegetable products they would find something of far vaster value than the flesh of their fellow-creatures.

As a Christian nation, he said the English people ought to rejoice that the few thousand pounds lent to this work had rescued 400 persons from slavery and restored 290 to their homes in Egypt, and had delivered Emin from a stagnant state of impossibilities to the active service of a friendly nation.

It was no exaggeration to say that every mile traversed would serve in the future to extend British commerce, industry and enterprise. Finally, they had extended the British possessions to the eastern limits of the Congo, adding territory covering thousands of miles without force of arms.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.

Interview with Several Judges on Its Abolition.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The Herald has interviewed several judges as to the advisability of abolishing capital punishment. The general opinion of the bench seems to be against the abolition.

Judge Barrett, of the supreme court, says: "I have not the slightest doubt that the abolition of capital punishment would result in multiplying homicides to a degree that we have no conception of at the present time."

Judge Cowing, of the general sessions court, says: "Capital punishment, I believe, acts as a great deterrent of murder; and if it is abolished homicides will increase to a great extent."

Judge Daniels, of Buffalo, expresses similar views, and cites the case of a man who followed his victim through several states and finally murdered him in Wisconsin, where capital punishment had just been abolished. He was sentenced to life impressonment, but the people were so outraged by his insolent and audacious crime that they lynched him.

A MAN GREATER THAN A HORSE.

Harriman Has Completed 1,418 Miles on His Walk to San Francisco.

LAMAR, Col., May 6.—J. S. Harriman, who is trying to walk from Wabash, Ind., to San Francisco, within sixty-five days, on a wager of $10,000, arrived here at 7 o'clock yesterday evening. He is now 1,418 miles from the starting point, and 320 miles ahead of schedule time. Since his last rest at Dodge City he has covered in a day and a half 150 miles.

His average has been about seventy miles in twenty-four hours. This is his half-way point, and he is awaiting orders from his manager, whom he left at Coolidge, Kan., to secure fresh horses. Accompanying him on horseback are Messrs. Drummond, Gebhardt and McDonald. Fourteen horses have already played out, unable to stand the strain. His route from here will be via La Junta and Trinidad. He is looking well and shows no appearance of fatigue, although he has lost twelve pounds in flesh since he started.

Texas Overflow Disastrous to Crops.

HOUSTON, Tex., May 6.—The reports of high waters show no change for the better. The Brazos at a number of points above is reported still rising, and the overflow necessitates replanting crops. The break on the Southern Pacific is still unrepaired, and travel is interrupted by transfers. Over a mile and a half of water on the Austin branch of the Central continues. A little more rise will put the high water mark of 1885 out of the record. No loss of life, and but little of property so far, except crops.

ALTOONA, Pa., May 6.—A wreck occurred near Osceola, on the Tyrone and Clearfield railroad last night. The particulars are not known, but as a number of railroad surgeons have been summoned the inference is that it was a serious affair. The impression is that several have been killed and others dangerously injured.

Senator Beck's Funeral

Arrangements All Completed for the Sad Event.

THE BODY NOW LYING IN STATE.

Public Services in the Senate Chamber. The Senate and House to be Represented—The Committees to Go to Lexington—Probable Candidates for His Seat in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—All that is mortal of James B. Beck lies to-day under flowers and flags in the senate chamber of the United States surrounded by a guard of honor. The Kentucky delegation is directing itself to the work of arranging for an impressive funeral.

The committee on arrangements for the funeral met yesterday afternoon and adopted the following program for the services at the capitol: The committee of arrangements of the two houses of congress and the pallbearers will meet at the house of W. C. P. Breckinridge, 213 East Capitol street, at 9:30 a. m. The honorary pallbearers on the part of the senate are Messrs. Morrill, Sherman, Allison, Hale, McPherson, Vest, Pugh and Gibson.

At 10 o'clock the body will be taken to the marble room of the senate and the remains will be viewed by the public until 11:30 o'clock. The public will pass through the reception room to the east door of the marble room, and pass out at the west door of the senate lobby. After the two houses have assembled in the senate chamber the body will be taken there by the pallbearers and the committee on arrangements.

The doors of the senate wing of the capitol will be opento the public at 10 a. m. The diplomatic gallery will be reserved until 12 oclock for the diplomatic corps. The families of the president and vice president will occupy their reserved seats in the east gallery. The reserved galleries will be occupied by the members of families of senators, members of the house of representatives and of justices of the supreme court and members of the cabinet. The reporters' gallery will be reserved exclusively for the members of the press. The remaining seats in the galleries will be open, without discrimination, to all.

At 1 o'clock, upon the announcement of the presiding officer, the clergy will conduct the funeral ceremonies. These will be in charge of Dr. Butler, chaplain of the senate, and Rev. Mr. Bullock, an ex-chaplain of the senate and a personal friend of the deceased senator. As soon as the ceremonies are concluded the funeral procession will form and march to the Baltimore and Potomac station in the following order: The clergy, the committee on arrangements, the family, the senate, the house of representatives, officers of the senate and house and invited guests.

After the arrival at the depot the funeral party, consisting of committees from the senate and house and the entire Kentucky delegation, will leave for Lexington, Ky., where they will arrive Wednesday, and the remains will be interred there on Thursday.

The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers from Washington: W. R. Smith, L. Q. Washington, P. B. Thompson, O. O. Stealey, J. Fletcher Johnston, Blair Lee, Gen. J. C. Breckinridge, Col. R. C. Wintersmith and Judge L. S. Trimble.

At Lexington these gentlemen will be relieved by the following named gentlemen, who will act as pallbearers: Governor Buckner, of Frankfort; Col. E. F. Clay, of Paris, and the following gentlemen from Lexington: Dr. H. M. Skillman, Judge Jerry Morton, Maj. H. C. McDowell, Gen. James F. Robinson, Alex. Jeffrey, Judge R. A. Buckner and Beriah Magoffin.

His Successor in the Senate.

FRANKFORT, Ky., May 6.—Two weeks ago the Kentucky legislature decided by joint resolution to adjourn May 12. This, of course, was before the death of Senator Beck, and leaves but four days for the election of his successor. It is believed now that the resolution of adjournment will be reconsidered and postponed in order that there may not be unseemly haste in choosing a successor to the late lamented Beck.

There will be, in all probability, six candidates for the vacant seat. Representatives Carlisle, Breckinridge and McCreary are members of congress at the present hour who desire to succeed Mr. Beck. Governor Buckner, of Kentucky, has a strong ambition in the same line, while Proctor Knott and Henry Watterson are looming in the purple distance as possible compromise candidates.

SHOT IN HIS CELL.

A Negro Prisoner Riddled With Bullets By an Angry Mob.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 6.—William Leaphart, the young negro convicted of criminally assaulting Miss Rosa Cannon, a white girl of 16 years, and sentenced to be hanged April 11, but who obtained a respite, was lynched in the Lexington jail Sunday night. The accounts indicate that the lynchers succeeded in entering the cell after shooting Leaphart once, and then were almost compelled to continue the shooting on account of his desperate resistance.

Sheriff Drafts, of Lexington, telegraphed Governor Richardson as follows: "Last night about 2 o'clock a posse of men broke down the doors to my sleeping apartments with a large hammer, took the keys from me by force, opened the jail door and shot Leaphart, a number of times. I think several of the posse can be identified. The coroner has empanelled a jury to view the body, and has telegraphed the solicitor to be here to-morrow at 9 a. m., to which time the jury has adjourned."

A witness of the occurrence says: "The men went directly to the jail, after securing the keys, unlocked the main door and entered door after door, until Leaphart's cell was reached. This they could not open with the keys. Leaphart watched the mob, and realizing that he would be killed, seized a long iron rod and awaited the attack. As the lynchers shot through the grating of his cell he fought like a manic, wounding one of the party. Some 500 shots were poured into the cell, and the man was literally riddled with bullets, which were picked up afterwards in the room by handfulls."

Posted on a tree in front of the jail was the following: "Governor Richardson and Judge Wallace are responsible for lynch law in Lexington county. Our wives and daughters must and shall be protected at any and every hazard."

In the cell with Leaphart was another prisoner named Forster, a bogus detective, who got the first wound in the fray, being shot through his arm. Forster shouted out: "Gentlemen, if you don't want to kill us both for God's sake let me out."

Leaphart was once brought here from Lexington because of threats that he would be lynched there, but the people of Lexington rose in indignation, held public meetings, denounced the action as a reflection upon the cummunity, and brought such pressure to bear upon the governor and the judge who had respited the prisoner that a delegation who personally pledged themselves for his safety were allowed to take him back to Lexington jail.

THE LABOR SITUATION.

Progress of the Strikes in Chicago and Elsewhere.

CHICAGO, May 6.—General meetings of the sash, door and blind makers was held in several parts of the southwest side yesterday. The meetings were held for the purpose of strengthening the union now being formed, the men employed at the machines promising their support. It was decided that they would, in a measure, pool their issues with the carpenters, and no union man of the latter organization will handle work turned out by mills refusing to grant the demand for eight hours.

There was no strike at N. K. Fairbanks' works as expected, and the strike of the gas men, which was to take place, failed to materialize.

The expected strike of the dock men on the Western Transportation company's line and the Anchor line did not take place. The reason is said to be that they are not sufficiently organized and that there are too many men ready to take their places.

There is no change in the situation of the carpenters' strike. Negotiations for settlement with the new bosses' association are said to be complete, and the men will resume work in a day or two.

Both Sides Determined.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., May 6.—The strike at the cotton mills continues, both sides being determined to hold out. Yesterday a few weavers went to work, but quit shortly afterwards. Superintendent Beckman says if the weavers do not come back at once he will shut down the whole mill, thus throwing about 600 hands out of employment—mostly women.

Running With Short Force.

DENVER, Col., May 6.—Last Friday's demands of the machine woodworkers and turners for nine hours with ten hours' pay having been refused, the 135 men struck yesterday and were joined by the 250 bench men. Some of the largest mills are affected, but hope to keep running with a short force.

Strike in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 6.—Two hundred and fifty harness makers and one hundred quarrymen went out on a strike here yesterday. The former demand an increase of 15 per cent. and the rectification of shop abuses, the latter $2.25 per day and eight hours.

Striking to Orders.

DANVILLE, Ill., May 6.—The miners of Danville, Vandercrook, Grape Creek and Kellyville held a mass meeting yesterday afternoon, and decided to strike. They have no grievance, but strike in obedience to orders received from headquarters at Chicago.

Miners Out.

IRWIN, Pa., May 6.—The Irwin miners at a mass meeting held yesterday, decided not to work until their demand of sixty-five cents per ton be granted. About 800 men were present and the resolutions were carried by an overwhelming majority.

Jubilant Carpenters.

PITTSBURG, May 6.—The Jeannette, Pa., carpenters, about 200 in number, who have been striking for eight hours, have been granted their demands. The men are very jubilant over their success.

Striking for a Slight Increase.

DECTUR, Ill., May 6.—The 275 coal miners employed at the Decatur coal mine went on a strike yesterday for an increase of five cents a ton for digging. No serious trouble is anticipated.

At Bath, Me.

BATH, Me., May 6.—The joiners' union of this city, numbering 200 men, went out on a strike yesterday for a day of nine hours and a per diem increase in pay of twenty-five cents.

Will Wait for Scott.

SPRING VALLEY, Ill., May 6.—Spring Valley miners held a meeting yesterday and decided to remain at work until the arrival of W. L. Scott, who is not expected before the 15th.

Hung Himself to a Tree.

FLINT, Mich., May 6.—John Reacraft, a wealty farmer, residing five and one-half miles east of Clio, committed suicide at an early hour this morning by hanging himself to a tree near his house. No cause is assigned for the deed. Reacraft was 65 years of age.