

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XII.

MAYSVILLE, KY., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1893.

NUMBER 294.

FINALLY REPEALED.

The Sherman Silver Purchase Law Now No More.

IT IS WIPED OUT OF EXISTENCE.

The House Votes on Voorhees' Measure, Indorsing It by 191 Yeas to 94 Nays. Cleveland Will Sign It and Congress Adjourn.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—There were but comparatively few spectators in the galleries when the house met, but the attendance of representatives showed a large majority present.

Edward B. Bagby of Virginia, the newly elected chaplain, was sworn in by the speaker.

At 12:12 house bill No. 1 (the Wilson repeal bill), with the Voorhees amendment, was laid before the house and the amendment read by the clerk.

Immediately Mr. Wilson (Dem., W. Va.) moved that the senate amendment be concurred in and on that motion demanded the previous question.

An effort was made to secure the yeas and nays on a motion by Mr. Bryan that when the house adjourned it be until Friday; but only 28 members rose—not a sufficient number. Another motion by Mr. Ryan to adjourn was voted down—23 to 185.

Mr. Bland said he had hoped that the bill would be permitted to proceed under the rules without asking for the previous question.

Mr. Wilson of West Virginia said that the reason he felt compelled to ask that the previous question be now ordered was that if he permitted the bill to go to debate the way would be open for all sorts of amendments, and that he would lose control of it.

The weary round of motions to adjourn to a certain day and to take a recess continued until 1:15, when the speaker took the reins in his hands and put the motion on the demand for the previous question and declared it carried.

Then Mr. Bland, taking a stand in the center of the Democratic side, presented his amendment to revive the act of 1837, providing for free coinage, which was read at the desk. He said that the moneyed interests of the country, to force the pending legislation, had precipitated a panic.

The Democratic party, in previous contests, had stood almost solidly in favor of limited coinage of silver. He offered the amendment as the platform upon which the Democratic party of the west and south would make its fight in the future. With the revival of free coinage prosperity would return, and we can afford to wait. All the legislation forced before congress, Mr. Bland asserted, had been a stock jobbing operation; and it was but right, in his opinion, that the stocks should fall as the result of it.

Messrs. Tracy (Dem., N. Y.) and Wilson (Dem., W. Va.) closed the debate.

At 1:53 the speaker put the question on Mr. Bland's motion to recommit the bill, with instructions to add his amendment reviving the free coinage act of 1837, resulting: Yeas, 109; nays, 174.

The motion was then put on concurring in the senate amendment, with the result noted above.

The detailed vote on the concurrence in the senate and the final passage of the repeal bill by the house is as follows:

Ayes—Adams, Alderson, Aldrich, Apsley, Avery, Babcock, Baker of New Hampshire, Baldwin, Barnes, Bartlett, Barwig, Belden, Beltzhoover, Berry, Bingham, Black of Georgia, Black of Illinois, Blair, Brawley, Breckinridge of Arkansas, Bretz, Brickner, Brookshire, Brosius, Brown, Bunn, Bynum, Cabanis, Cadmus, Caldwell, Campbell, Cannon of California, Caruth, Catchings, Causey, Chickering, Clancy, Clark of Missouri, Cobb of Missouri, Cochran, Cogswell, Compton, Coumbs, Cooper of Florida, Cooper of Indiana, Cooper of Wisconsin, Cornish, Covert, Crain, Cummings, Curtis of New York, Daniels, Davey of Louisiana, DeForest, Dingley, Donovan, Draper, Dunn, Dunphy, Darborow, Edmunds, English, Erdman, Everett, Fellows, Fielder, Fitch, Fletcher, Forman, Gardner, Geary, Geissenhainer, Gillett of New York, Goldzeit, Golman, Gresham, Grout, Haines, Hall of Missouri, Hammond, Harmer, Harter, Haugen, Henderson of Iowa, Hendrix, Hines, Hitt, Holman, Hopkins of Illinois, Houk of Ohio, Houk of Tennessee, Johnson of Indiana, Johnson of North Dakota, Johnson of Ohio, M. Kiefer, Kribbs, Lapham, Layton, Lefever, Lester, Lilly, Linton, Lisle, Lockwood, Lynch, Loudenslager, Magner, Mahon, Marshall, Martin of Indiana, Marvin of New York, McAleer, McCall, McCleary of Minnesota, McCreary of Kentucky, McDannold, McDowell, McErick, McGann, McKaig, McNaig, Mercer, Meredith, Meyer, Montgomery, Moon, Morse, Mutchler, Oates, O'Neil of Massachusetts, Outhwaite, Paschal, Patterson, Payne, Paynter, Pearson, Pendleton of West Virginia, Phillips, Pigott, Post, Powers, Price, Randall, Ray, Rayner, Reed, Reilly, Reburn, Richards of Ohio, Richardson of Michigan, Ritchie, Rusk, Russell of Connecticut, Ryan, Schermerhorn, Scranton, Settle, Shaw, Sherman, Sickles, Sipe, Sperry, Springer, Steven, C. A. Stone, W. A. Stone, Stone of Kentucky, Storer, Strong, Swanson, Talbot of Maryland, Taylor of Indiana, Thomas, Tracey, Tucker, Turner, Turpin, Tyler, Van Voorhis, Wagner, Warner, Washington, Waugh, Weadock, Wells, Wheeler of Illinois, White, Whiting, Wilson of West Virginia, Wolverton, Woomer, Wright of Pennsylvania. Total, 191.

Nays—Aitkin, Alexander, Allen, Arnold, Bailey, Baker of Kansas, Bank-

head, Bell of Colorado, Bell of Texas, Blanchard, Bland, Boatner, Boon, Bowser of North Carolina, Blanch, Broderick, Bryan, Burnes, Cannon of Illinois, Capehart, Clark of Missouri, Cobb of Alabama, Cockrell, Cooper of Texas, Crawford, Curtis of Kansas, Davis of Kansas, DeArmond, Denson, Dainmore, Dockery, Doolittle, Ellis of Oregon, Epes, Fithian, Funston, Fyan, Grady, Hainer of Nebraska, Hall of Missouri, Harris, Hartman, Heard, Henderson of North Carolina, Hermann, Hilborn, Hopkins of Pennsylvania, Hudson Hunter, Hutcheson, Ikert, Jones, Kem, Kilgore, Lane, Latimer, Livingston, Lucas, Maddox, Maguire, Mallory, Marsh, McCulloch, McDearmon, McKeighan, McLaurin, McRae, Meiklejohn, Money, Morgan, Moses, Pence, Richardson of Tennessee, Robbins, Robertson of Louisiana, Sayers, Shell, Sibley, Smith, Snodgrass, Stallings, Stockdale, Strait, Sweet, Talbot of South Carolina, Tarsney, Tate, Terry, Wheeler of Alabama, Williams of Illinois, Williams of Mississippi, Wilson of Washington. Total, 194.

The following were the pairs: Abbott with Walker, Brattan with Hager, Bankhead with Gear, Lawson with Taylor of Tennessee, Luter with Northway, Breckenridge with O'Neil of Pennsylvania, Coffeen with Lacey, Page with Pickler, Conn with Childs, Goodnight with Stephenson, Lawson with Tawnes, O'Ferrall with Hepburn, Russell of Georgia with Bartholdt, Enloe with Boutelle, Simpson with Gillette of Massachusetts, Wise with Strong, Ellis with Dalzell, Brattan with Dolliver, Graham with Van Voorhis of Ohio, Hatch with Consins, Hare with Loud, Hooker of Mississippi with Grosvenor, Hayes with Bowers of Colorado, McMillin with Burrows, Woodward with Henderson of Illinois.

Repeat Bill a Law.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—At 4:20 p. m. the repeal bill was handed to President Cleveland. There were present with him Secretary Carlisle, Attorney General Olney and Private Secretary Thurber. The president read the bill aloud and, at 4:25, signed it.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

One Man Tries to Kill Two Others but Falls in His Attempt.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Nov. 2.—Edward Cool, a farmhand employed by Trustee Arnold of Washington township, went to Buck Creek village, six miles north of this city, yesterday, and attempted to assassinate Luke Lowe and Obediah Halle. He entered Lowe's house, and without a word of warning shot at Lowe, the bullet striking a rib just below the heart. Mrs. Lowe was so close to the assassin that her dress caught fire from the pistol-flash.

Cool then walked out and started for Halle's saloon, passing his father on the way, who asked "What are you doing with that revolver?" With the remark, "Let me alone," he entered the store and fired at Halle, the ball striking a rib. Halle clinched with Cool, and with the assistance of a bystander handed Cool over to Constable Connell.

By this time a crowd had gathered, and the constable fearing violence to the prisoner, started to take him to a place of safety, but had not proceeded far, when Cool drew a knife and made two vicious jabs at his throat, but failed to cut either the jugular or windpipe. Medical aid was rendered and Cool was brought to this city and locked up. His wounds are not dangerous. Lowe's injuries are not serious, but Halle's are of a dangerous nature.

GLASS FACTORY DESTROYED

Fire Causes a Heavy Financial Loss With But Little Insurance.

ELWOOD, Ind., Nov. 2.—One of the most destructive fires in the history of this city occurred yesterday. An alarm was turned in at 4 o'clock, when the Elwood, a window glass factory, employing 300 hands was discovered to be burning. The immense plant was situated outside the limits of the water works lines and could not be reached by the department. The fire originated in the mixing room and in 20 minutes after being discovered the whole building was ablaze.

The plant is a total wreck and its employes are thrown out of work just in the beginning of winter. The property loss will amount to \$50,000 with only \$6,000 insurance on the buildings. Ten thousand dollars' worth of glass was destroyed. This was one of the leading factories of the city and has only been in operation two years. The factory came here from Bellaire, O., and was owned by Rodefer, Hoffman & Sons, and will probably not be rebuilt.

Searching For the Truth.

WASHINGTON, Ind., Nov. 2.—Mrs. Bud Stone, wife of the Wratten murderer, was taken to Jeffersonville yesterday afternoon by Deputy Prosecutor Hastings, as it is believed that she may influence her husband to tell a straight story concerning the inhuman crime he committed. There is no doubt in the minds of anyone now but that Stone has lied on the others and is guilty himself of the murder, but they will not be released until the matter is thoroughly sifted.

Struck by a Train.

NEWPORT, Me., Nov. 2.—As J. H. Young, his wife and daughter Jennie, aged 18, of Corinn, were crossing the Dexter railroad with a double team yesterday, at Young's crossing, one mile north of the village, they were struck by the Dover train going south. Miss Young was instantly killed. Mrs. Young was fatally injured and Mr. Young had a leg and several ribs broken. The horses were killed.

Public Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The public debt statement shows that the net increase in the public debt during October was \$5,141,058. Cash in the treasury, \$729,447,014.

SOLEMN AND IMPOSING.

Funeral Services Over the Remains of Carter H. Harrison.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—With the solemn pomp and imposing ceremonies befitting the interment of the former chief magistrate of the world's fair city and his pitifully dramatic fate, Carter H. Harrison's body was escorted to Grace-land cemetery Wednesday by an immense throng of sorrowing citizens. Tenderly the remains were borne from the black draped and flower-scented corridor of the city hall, where they had rested in state and placed in the funeral car. Through the great crowd that had gathered to see the murdered mayor's last leave-taking of the scene of his ardent labors in behalf of the city he loved, the black car slowly passed and took its place in the waiting procession.

Out from the center of the city the great procession marched across the river and to the beautiful Church of the Epiphany, near the late executive's home. All along the line of march the people, with sad faces and bared heads, watched the sombre column and about the church a throng as great as that which had been about the city hall had gathered.

From the time the mayor's body was placed in the city hall Tuesday a continuous procession has moved through the corridor and past the bier. For 24 hours the line remained unbroken, and when the corridor was of necessity abruptly closed to the public a great crowd still remained in line awaiting a last look at the features of the dead executive. When the corridors were closed it was estimated that fully 100,000 people had filed past the vast body.

MAN CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Part of a Bridge Falls With Disastrous Results.

HAMILTON, O., Nov. 2.—William Scheid, a bridge hand employed on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Indianapolis Miami river bridge at this city, received fatal injuries. An inch and a quarter rope which held a 300-pound bridge "strut" in position, broke and the huge metal affair came crashing down upon the unfortunate man. Scheid was knocked from his position on a lower part of the bridge and sent whirling to the bottom of the river, over 25 feet below. In the fall Scheid was caught partially between the falling "strut" and another part of the bridge and further mangled.

Scheid was taken in the police patrol to Mercy hospital and Dr. George Trusie called, who pronounced the injuries fatal. Scheid's head is crushed, hip broken and shoulder contused. The bridge reconstruction had so far progressed without accident and would have been complete in a few days. Scheid lives at the corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets in this city, is 20 years of age and single. His parents are prostrated because of the affair. Only last night Scheid was the gayest of the gay at a large masquerade party at the Hamilton music hall and is a very popular young citizen of this city.

The Last Sad Rites.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Nov. 2.—The funeral services of the late Very Rev. Edward Sorin, founder of the university of Notre Dame and superior general of the Congregation of the Holy Cross, will occur at the Church of the Sacred Heart, Notre Dame, Friday forenoon. The office of the dead will be said at 9 o'clock, followed at 10 by solemn requiem mass with Right Rev. Joseph Kathmacher, bishop of the Fort Wayne diocese, as celebrant, assisted by the prominent priests of Notre Dame. The sermon will be delivered by Archbishop Elder of Cincinnati. The remains will be interred in the community cemetery, between those of the late President Thomas E. Walsh and Father Alexis Granger.

Precautions Against Smallpox.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 2.—The new strict order of the state board of health, regarding vaccination of school children, has caused commotion in boards of education, and Secretary Probst is overwhelmed with inquiries about it. He says the rule has been enforced in all the large cities for several years. The board is simply extending it to the towns. Several towns ask what is to be done in case a parent refuses to permit children to be vaccinated. They can not be arrested under the truancy law, they say, if they send their children to school and they are not received. But Dr. Probst holds that they can be arrested under the truancy law under these circumstances.

A Young Woman Leaps From a Train.

DECATUR, Ind., Nov. 2.—As Chicago and Erie passenger train No. 8, due here about 8 o'clock p. m., passed through here two hours late, Mary Baughman, the 18-year-old daughter of County Recorder Baughman, jumped from the train as it was crossing St. Mary's river. The train was running at a high rate of speed, and the woman rolled down a 30-foot embankment. She is fatally injured. The cause of her act at self-destruction is unknown.

Told His Wife Who Did It.

CORYDON, Ind., Nov. 2.—Gus Marsh was shot from ambush while riding along a public highway in Heth township Monday night. He is yet alive, but his face and head are full of shot and he cannot live. The assassin used a shotgun and fired both barrels. Marsh told his wife who did the shooting, and instructed her not to divulge the names until he either died or recovered. Marsh is a lawyer.

PERU, Ind., Nov. 2.—A terrible case of fiendishness comes from Bunker Hill, this county. Drunken loafers poured coal oil over the clothing of James McDonald, an old man, and igniting it, burning the old man nearly to death. His condition is critical.

THE PURCHASE OF SILVER.

An Englishman Says London Has Prayed For Us to Stop.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—A Washington special to a morning paper gives an interview with Moreton Frewen, the English bimetalist, who is now a guest of one of the members of the British legation. Mr. Frewen says: "If the price of silver bullion falls, as I expect will be the case, that drags down the exchange rates with the far east, which are already at a snapping point, and we shall have a panic before the new year, a panic you will feel in every corner of this continent."

"Then you don't favor the view that the repeal of the act will bring buying orders from London to Wall street?"

"No. London will be a seller for a long time to come. We are in great trouble in Australia and in India. Our export trade with China, Singapore and South America is already paralyzed by the fall in the rates of silver exchange. London has been praying that you will stop your silver purchases, thinking that then your stock market may recover so that she may send you home your securities realized at higher prices. We are in no position to buy; the great English manufacturing fortunes have suffered terribly. When we in England have financial troubles, times are bad and prices are depressed, so that your exports to England fall off and your imports remaining the same, gold leaves you. To borrow gold in England and to bring it here inevitably turns the balance of trade against this country. It would turn it even in the face of a great harvest; so that the gold begins to flow back again on the nearest ship. Austria is trying to get gold and hold it in this way. Weckerle, her finance minister, is an intelligent man, but knows nothing whatsoever about the theory of the foreign exchanges. Mr. Goschen told him three years since that, while Austria could borrow gold, that she could never keep it except under lock and key, and it is still all under lock and key, but gold is already at a premium in the dual monarchy. Unlock the treasury doors and it will disappear at once. And you here will discover also that, with wages and prices in England falling by leaps and bounds to try to bring British gold here, is merely to pour water in a sieve."

ATMOSPHERE SPREADING.

Several Cranks Discovered at Wheeling, West Virginia.

WHEELING, Nov. 2.—The atmospheric or other conditions which are inflicting the cranks of the country have struck this city. Monday it was only good luck that prevented two murders by this class of usually "harmless lunatics." Tuesday "Mag" Robinson, a negro, entered Dr. Stillyards' office and asked for treatment. The doctor turned his back a minute whereupon the woman drew a hatchet from under her cloak and struck him on the head. Fortunately it was a glancing blow, and a lump like a billiard ball was the result. The doctor disarmed the woman and turned her over to the police. She explained her act by saying that she was the spook of a woman Dr. Stillyard had poisoned two weeks ago. The doctor had never seen her before.

A week ago a dynamite cartridge was found in the city hall, and but for the forethought of the janitress would have blown the building sky high. The police have been looking for the dynamiter and yesterday arrested George Hoehe, another harmless lunatic. Hoehe was fired out of the White House at Washington twice, once while trying to see Mr. Harrison and again while hunting Mr. Cleveland. Within a week he has written to every city and county official, every pastor and several policemen, threatening all with death.

Tuesday Rev. Dr. Swope received a letter saying he could preach one more sermon, and if it was not satisfactory the writer would blow up the church. A letter to Officer Moran threatened to cut his throat on sight. These letters caused Hoehe's arrest while he was prowling about Moran's house. He will be sent to an asylum.

POTTER PALMER'S GIFT.

The Ladies Went Fairly Beside Themselves When They Heard of It.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Potter Palmer has given \$200,000 to build a woman's memorial building on the lake front. This fact was announced by his wife as the crowning end of the closing ceremony in the woman's building at the fair. The gift so completely nonplused the board of lady managers that for more than a minute the audience was hushed.

Then the enthusiasm broke out with a wild huzza. Those on the stage rushed to Mrs. Palmer and grasped her hands and fell upon her neck. The scattering men cried "Bravo!" and for five minutes the sepulchral sadness of the funeral occasion was loudly broken with cheers for the benefactor and shouts for his wife. It has now become quite the fashion to be princely generous toward the people and the Chicagoans are beginning to cry long live the commercial kings.

The Midwinter Exposition.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—Governor Markham is beginning to receive responses to his invitation to the governors of all states to publicly notice the California midwinter exposition. Governor Pattison of Pennsylvania writes that the people of his state will gladly co-operate in contributing to the success of the exposition, and Governor Richards of Montana says he will recommend a liberal attendance on the part of the Montanians. The main buildings at the fair grounds are rising with astonishing rapidity, and the whole coast is more enthusiastic than ever over the project.

BUSINESS BETTER.

The Dry Goods Trade Begins to Look Up.

IMPROVEMENT ALL AROUND.

The New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Advertiser Give a Very Encouraging Review of the Dry Goods Trade—The Passage of the Repeal Bill Having Its Effects.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, in its weekly review of the dry goods trade, says:

The week closes with an improved all around tone. The passage of the repeal bill through the senate has put an end to many weeks of anxiety and weary waiting, and the relief felt, although confined to sentiment as yet, is expected to express itself from now forward in a gradual expansion of business.

This is less likely to be seen in the balance of the fall trade than in making provision for spring requirements, as there have been many indications of late that a considerable amount of buying has been held back.

So far as the past week's business is concerned, the only new feature of importance has been the greater reticence on the part of some of the most confident buyers to place orders for spring lines, and an increased business for future delivery has been done in cotton and woolen and worsted dress fabrics.

Staple cottons have continued in little better than hand-to-mouth demand for home trade, but export grades have sold well. In clothing woollens business has proved quite as disappointing as in any recent week. Prices of cotton goods are generally steady and quotations have remained unaltered. The general financial condition of trade is favorably reported upon.

Collections on all hands have proved decidedly satisfactory, and a marked abatement of uneasiness in the woolen goods department regarding accruing liabilities is noted. Business in staple cottons is generally reported fully equal to the preceding week, but rarely is an increase thereon recorded.

A DYING PEOPLE.

Traveler Brigham Prophesies the Future of South America.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Nov. 2.—Edward M. Brigham, the traveler and lecturer of this city, has returned from an extended trip through South America. The object of his trip was archaeological and ethnological study and an investigation of the old civilizations and the social and political conditions of both the present and the past people of the countries.

He visited Peru, Bolivia, Ecuador and down the Napo river to the Amazon and thence to the Atlantic. One result of his observation from this and previous trips through South America is that the descendants of the Spaniards are a degenerated and decaying race, and will die out in time. He says that the only race that is successful in the struggle of life is the Anglo-Saxon and it will take the Anglo-Saxon to redeem and develop the countries of South America.

EIGHT HOURS.

Boston Carpenters Finally Win Their Battle.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—On and after today the 4,500 carpenters of Boston will work but eight hours per day. The eight-hour day has been in controversy between the carpenter builders and the union carpenters of this city since May 1, 1886, during which time there have been two strikes of several weeks in each instance.

Throughout the entire contention the union carpenters have never lost hope of ultimately securing their object. In February last the carpenters took up the issue for a third time, and instead of preparing for a strike, all their energies were devoted to securing recognition; also, a conference with representatives of that organization. On July 16 the concession was made and went into effect today.

PLUNGED INTO THE RIVER.

Five Persons Drowned in an Electric Car Casualty.

PORTLAND, Or., Nov. 2.—An electric car plunged off Madison street bridge into the Willamette river. A heavy fog was prevailing and the draw was open for the passage of steamboats. The car contained about 15 passengers, 10 of whom escaped by jumping, but the remaining five were drowned. Two of the bodies that have been recovered have not yet been identified. The president of the road, conductor and motorman are under arrest.

Called on Extra Force.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Because of the great crowds down town to view the funeral procession of the dead mayor, Sheriff Gilbert became alarmed for the safety of Murderer Prendergast and, fearing the vengeance of the throngs, asked for additional guards for the jail. A large number of officers were detailed.

Claims Self-Defense.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Lieutenant Many, who killed Captain Hedberg at Fort Sheridan, will have his case tried by the criminal courts. The testimony makes out a case of self-defense.

A Wolf Story.

TACOMA, Nov. 2.—Private advices just received here state that 20 men were eaten alive by wolves at Shenai Oct. 14 and 15. Wild animals overrun that district.